

MOULTRIE COUNTY NEWS.

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NO. 41.

PEACHIE IS BECOMING FAMOUS

This famous little pacing mare owned by Dr. A. D. Miller of this city is rapidly achieving a name and a record that is bringing her owner many expressions of congratulations at what she has already accomplished as well as what she may confidently be expected to do in the future. While only five years old and with but two seasons work on the track, yet she has been able to reach a record of 2:12 1/2.

She is a Wilkes bred, her sire being Bowerman Wilkes, he by Barron

year, meeting some fast steppers, winning three firsts and closing the season with a record of 2:17 1/2 on the Champaign track.

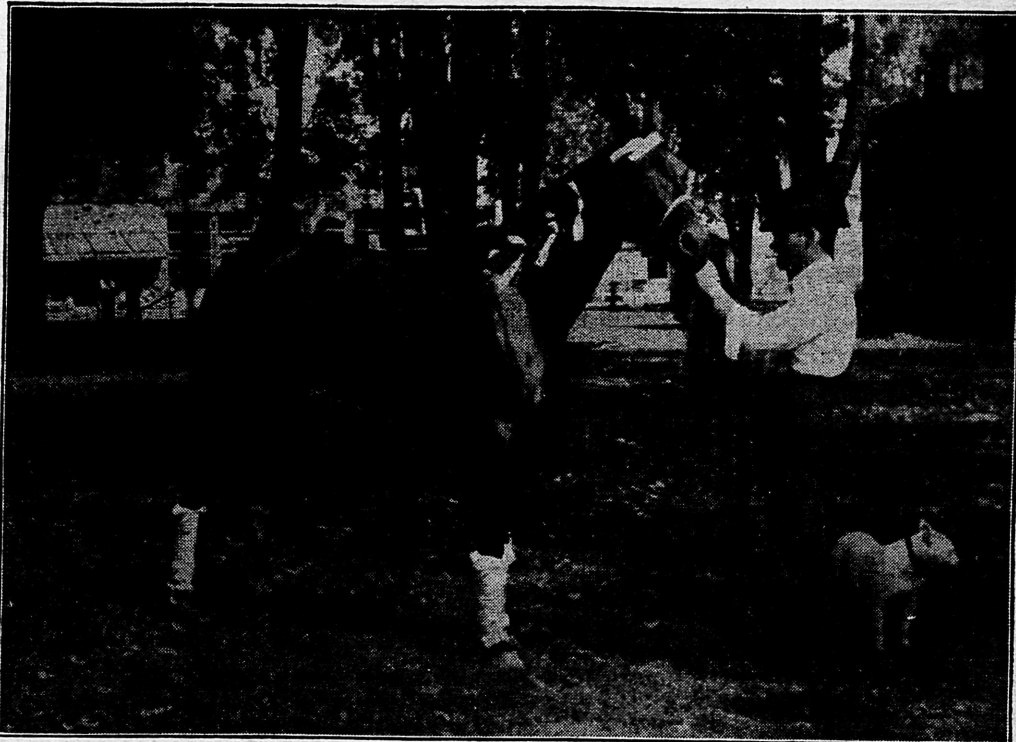
This season she was started in the 2:18 class and has been in nine races, all of them exceedingly warm ones. At Le Roy she lowered her last year's record in a winning race and at Champaign she was able to lower it one second, also winning the race.

Her final and best work of the season, however, was reserved for the state fair at Springfield last week

close of the season with absolutely no ill effects as the result of her track work.

She has already added nearly \$800 to the doctor's bank account above all shipping and entrance fee expenses, and barring future unforeseen contingencies it is quite safe to predict that this amount is really but a beginning. Her value is, of course, well up in the hundreds, but it is not to be supposed the doctor is ready yet to name the exact amount.

While Dr. Miller is a great admirer



PEACHIE AND HER TRAINER, OTE GREGG.

Wilkes. First dam by George Gould, by Jay Gould. Her second dam by Mammoth, thence seven thoroughbred on dam's side. She was raised by W. M. Perry of Todd's Point and retained by him until a yearling when she was bought by Dr. Miller, her present owner. She received some little training when a two-year-old and at the age of three was given her first touch of actual race work on the track at Shelbyville, where she easily won second place, her first laurels. She was entered in nine races last

where she won a five-heat race receiving a record of 2:12 1/2. She has been in nine races this season, where some of the work was very fierce and strenuous, yet she has captured five firsts and was but once unplaced.

It is confidently expected that she will continue to show improvement and there are many flattering predictions regarding her probable work of the succeeding season.

Her training has been under the personal charge of Ote Gregg, who has handled her with the utmost care and skill and brings her to the

of a good horse, one that has "go" in him, yet he is in no sense a sport as that term is generally used, and he has never placed. The result of Peachie's efforts on the track. What time and money he may have expended on her has been done along natural channels and requirements, with practically the only purpose in view being a pleasant diversion and the gratification of his natural regard and love for the horse and to see all his better qualities brought to a greater degree of perfection.

A SUCCESSFUL STREET FAIR.

A Week of Holiday Festivities Attended By Thousands of People.

The carnival and street fair have practically been the absorbing thought of the people of Sullivan during the present week. The weather conditions at the opening were extremely unfavorable, Wednesday morning bringing a heavy down pour of rain, which not only lessened the attendance for that day, but also served to check the hopeful spirits of all who had been instrumental in promoting the success of the fair.

The Wright Carnival company arrived here Sunday afternoon from Frankfort, Ind., on a special train and from the general appearance of the outfit it was at once apparent that the aggregation fully merited the many commendations that had previously reached here regarding it. All day Monday was consumed in locating the different attractions and preparing them for exhibition.

Tuesday, the opening day, there was very little done except at night when all the show opened up for business. Wednesday had been designated as the day for the floral parade, but on account of the unfavorable condition of the weather it was postponed until Thursday, which proved to be an ideal day and there was a corresponding increase in the size of the crowd in attendance.

The floral parade took place at 11 o'clock, the column being headed by Pett's band followed by a carriage containing the members of the city council. The decorated carriages appeared in the line as follows: A diminutive Shetland pony with appropriate sized carriage trimmed in red, in charge of Miss Leota Banks with her brother, Herald, as attendant.

A buggy trimmed in white and green with white roses; drawn by white horse driven by Miss Minnie Wright, with Miss Emma Green attendant.

A carriage trimmed to represent a mammoth basket filled to the brim with red carnations; Miss Daisy Boone driver with Miss Gladys Ellis attendant. A tandem waster Harold Pogue, Willie Wand attendant. Carriage effectively trimmed in purple and white, harness same.

A Stanhope profusely decorated in dark red, in charge of Mrs. S. W. Johnson, with Mrs. Isaac Hudson as attendant.

An attractive carriage, body trimmed in white, festooned at the top and fringed in white, with decorations of pink chrysanthemums, was in charge of Miss Grace Reimond, attended by Misses Charlotte Baker, Edna Bean and Stella King. The judges were Mrs. Opha Tichenor of O'Fallon, Miss Rachel McGuire of Bethany and Dr. Ratliff, the optician. The task of deciding to whom the prizes should be awarded proved to be somewhat difficult and the carriages were required to pass twice around the square before the judges were able to reach an agreement. They finally announced that the first prize of \$15 would be given to Miss Grace Reimond, second of \$10 to Master Harold Pogue, third of \$5 to Miss Minnie Wright.

The general character of the entire floral display, as exhibited in the parade, was the subject of much favorable comment and in point of general excellence would have been exceedingly creditable at any time and place.

The display of farm products, while not extensive or great in variety, yet nevertheless included some exceptionally good specimens of the different lines shown. The show of corn was surprisingly good, both in quantity and quality and would have attracted marked attention at any agricultural fair. There were several samples of double-eared stalks, exhibited by County Clerk Scott, and taken from his tract in the east part of the city. The ears were remarkably good to be grown on one stalk and the field is said to contain a number of them.

There were also some mammoth pumpkins, showing the possibilities of Illinois soil. The live stock department was well filled, the show of horses, cattle and hogs being large and all of excellent quality. W. B. Womack exhibited three draft mares and one road horse. Lawrence Purvis showed three Percheron stallions, one French coach horse and one standard bred trotter; also five mares and colts. Armond Newbould exhibited two Norman mares and W. M. Ray one stallion.

There is a good display of ladies' handiwork, many of the specimens shown being of exceptionally high merit. There is also a very tempting array of pastry products. There was a very creditable show-

ing of cattle, B. F. Rork having fifteen head of Polled Angus, Hostetler & Humphrey of Lovington ten Short Horns. D. C. Frantz exhibited his pair Brown Swiss, a breed that is quite a novelty in this part of the state.

There were two herds of Duroc Jersey hogs, one shown by H. B. Lilly of Allenville the other by A. D. Humphrey of Lovington. Each contained some choice specimens of this most excellent breed. There was also a small showing of Chester Whites.

S. P. Lilly exhibited a herd of ten Angora goats that attracted considerable attention.

There were three free prizes awarded Tuesday to lucky ticket holders. A sewing machine, parlor lamp and set of kitchen ware. Mrs. J. L. Harvey held the ticket that drew the sewing machine, Mrs. Nancy Mainard received the parlor lamp and Ray Warren the set of kitchen ware.

In the drawing Thursday Master Henry Smyser held the ticket that secured the couch, Ed Murray the clock and Mrs. Marion Cunningham the set of dishes.

The entire carnival and fair as a whole is far above the average of what has usually been seen at many of these autumn festival exhibitions.

The management is to be congratulated at having been able to provide such a variety of wholesome pleasure and enjoyment and the people have shown their appreciation of their efforts by an attendance that has seldom been equaled here. There are no features to which the most fastidious could take exception and with the continued smiles of the weather man good crowds can be assured the remainder of the week.

Hughes-Lee.

Oscar Hughes and Miss Esma Lee were married at the home of the bride in Bruce Wednesday evening at six o'clock, the ceremony being performed by Elder J. W. Mathers of this city. The following day they went to Effingham county where they will spend a week with relatives. They will reside in Sullivan for the present, but may eventually go to Allenville where Mr. Henry Lee, some member of the family of Henry Lee and a young lady of many excellencies of character while the groom, who is the senior member of the firm of Hughes & Sickafus, real estate and insurance agents, is recognized as one of the most progressive of the younger business men of Sullivan. They have the best wishes of all.

Death of Mrs. Edward Stables.

Mrs. Edward Stables, who was recently injured by a fall while visiting her son at Claremont, died at her home in Bethany last Saturday, aged eighty-three years. She was a native of England where she was married to Edward Stables June 20, 1844. Before coming to America she was an active member of the established church of England, but since her residence here she has been affiliated with the Presbyterian church. She was the mother of ten children, six sons and four daughters. Her husband, four sons and two daughters still survive her, Mrs. Paul Thunemann of this city being one of the latter.

The funeral services were held at the family residence in Bethany Monday morning at 10 o'clock, the interment following in the Bethany cemetery.

The October American Boy.

Football plays a prominent part in the October American Boy. The front cover shows two strong American boys in action on the football field and makes a striking picture. "Football at Yale" and a football story, "A Bit of Red ribbon," will interest lovers of the game. Surely no menu for a boy's mental feast could be more attractive than that spread out in the 32 pages of the paper before us, and the good thing about it is that there is not a word of it all but will prove helpful to the boy. Boys ought to appreciate having such a splendid publication to represent them as The American Boy. Single copies 10 cents; annual subscription \$1. The Sprague Publishing Co., Detroit, Mich.

Purchases Abstract Stock.

Walter Eden, who has been at the head of the Sangamon County Abstract company, is securing control of the Abstract Title and Guaranty company. The assignment of 400 shares has been made, whereby H. C. Latham, R. L. McGuire and others dispose of a majority of their interests.

It is understood that the company back of the Sangamon County Abstract company is also at the back of the movement to secure control of the Abstract Title and Guaranty company.—Springfield Journal.

CHARLIE HESKETT MEETS DEATH

Was Fireman on Illinois Central Freight Running South of Decatur.

The Illinois Central had a wreck at Assumption Saturday forenoon in which one man was killed and another injured perhaps fatally. That such wrecks occur is no surprise to railroad men but that in broad daylight two of them should be injured because they did not jump is what mystifies the men who have had years of experience in railroading.

It was a rear end collision and the engineer on the second train did not jump until the last moment and the fireman did not jump at all. The fireman was instantly killed and the engineer suffered such injuries that his death may result.

The accident was witnessed by a large crowd for it occurred within the village limits of Assumption.

Train No. 171 with Engineer Lynch, Conductor Abrell, was in the yards at Assumption and was in the act of slowly moving forward to get out of the way of a passenger train almost due, when the second freight train came into the yards. That was an extra, also south bound, with engine 453, Engineer Metz and conductor Steger.

The persons on the station platform waiting for the passenger train saw the second train coming at a fast rate and there was some speculation as to what the engineer would do—that is if he would get his train stopped in time to avoid a collision. Assumption is in a little sag and the track conditions were against the possibility of the second train making the stop. When the engine of that train was only a few car lengths from the caboose of the first train, Engineer Metz was seen to jump. He had waited too long and was caught in the wreckage and his right leg was so badly crushed that it was amputated above the knee. The injured man was brought to Decatur and taken to St. Mary's hospital, where Drs. Will Cheneworth, John Miller and Tyler Meriwether performed the operation.

The fireman on the second train was Charley Heskett. He had been the Illinois Central freight house and at the Wabash shops in Decatur. He was a brother of Mrs. O. G. Bushart of Decatur. He was 22 years old and not married.

The railroad men marvel that the engineer did not jump in time to clear the wreckage. They say that they can easily understand that the engineer might have misjudged the distance and had his train going at a higher rate of speed than he imagined and that when he got on the down grade was unable to stop. Such mistakes are not uncommon. Then there is something that they cannot understand in the fact that the fireman did not make any attempt to jump. There is a straight track there and they do not understand how it was that he did not know of the danger and jump in time to clear the wreckage. If the affair had happened at night there would have been nothing to wonder at.

The engine of the second train plowed through about eight cars of the first train and scattered them in kindling wood to either side of the track.

The men near rushed forward and at once made efforts to release the bodies of Metz and Heskett.—Decatur Herald.

The funeral services were held at the residence of his sister, Mrs. O. G. Bushart, in Decatur Monday morning at nine o'clock, Presiding Elder Horace Reed officiating.

The body was brought here on the midday train for interment in Greenhill cemetery beside that of his mother, who died about three years ago.

The remains were accompanied here by Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Bushart of Decatur, Miss Bessie Heskett of Chicago and Mrs. J. Ross Wilson, who was summoned here from New York state where she and her husband are connected with a theatrical company.

Surprised Her.

When Mrs. Alex Withers returned from Sullivan last Friday to her home near Stewardson she found her house filled by the neighbors and friends who had assembled there to remind her of her 59th birthday, which her husband and Miss Emma assisted by some friends, had planned in her absence.

The surprise to her was complete. There were forty-five guests present. Refreshments were served and the evening was pleasantly spent by all. The guests departed at a late hour wishing her many more happy birthdays.

Pratt's food is the best. For sale at Pate & Co's.

WEEKLY CROP BULLETIN.

Reported by the Illinois Weather Bureau For The Week Ending Oct. 5.

The temperature has averaged above normal, with summer-like conditions obtaining the latter part of the week. The rainfall was ample and well distributed. The soil is in excellent condition, and plowing and seeding have progressed rapidly.

Corn has matured beyond expectations. The crop is in shock in some localities, and cutting is well advanced in many sections. While some estimates are made of decreased yield, the general outlook is for a nearly average production. The crop is practically safe, only 10 per cent of the entire crop remains subject to injury by frost at this time.

Pastures are in excellent condition. Some hay in stack has been damaged by wet weather. Clover hulling was hindered on account of frequent rains. Broomcorn and cowpeas are being harvested, with average yield.

Stock is generally in fine condition, and will enter the winter season in good form.

Many complaints are made of potato rotting. The outlook for apples is unfavorable. The fruit continues to drop, and it is mostly of inferior quality.

The Month of October.

The corn is cut and in the shock, the seed is on the hollyhock, the summer girl has changed her frock, and also wears a heavier sock.

The housewife counts her cans of fruit, the hunter sallies forth to shoot, the foot ball fiend begins to root, and legislators think of loot.

The buckwheat cakes will soon be here, and sorghum 'lasses, too, will cheer, and o'er the children's faces smear its sticky mess from ear to ear.

The apple butter stews and biles, the thrifty housewife stirs and smiles as she reflects upon the piles of fruit she's canned in different styles.

Now put away your peek-a-boo, the open work we've rubbered through, or autumn winds will charge on you and turn your tender pellets all blue.

Farewell straw hats and open hose,

farewell my gauzy underclothes, the winds begin to nip my nose, to tell the truth I'm nearly froze.

Bring out the heavy winter wear, with moth balls nestling here and there, polluting the surrounding air with smells to make a preacher swear.

The watermelon's had its day, the ice cream freezer's put away, the oyster stew is now at bay and we are ready for the fray.—Montgomery County News.

From Pulpit to Stage.

The Herald, published at Los Angeles, Cal., has the following to say concerning Edwards Davis who was pastor of the Christian church here a few years ago.

"It will be interesting to see how the role of rural comedy rests on the shoulders of the erstwhile preacher, Edwards Davis. Ten years ago this gay Lothario was known as Cador Davis and was a long winded, long tailed, long haired, sanctimonious clergyman leading the sinner where he dare not tread, while he was bent on saving souls—more especially pretty girls. His lengthy visit to a private sanitarium, "way down east" partook somewhat of the character of the famous Dan Juan in the girls' boarding school. If he did not borrow all the savings of the too confiding young nurses who shall blame him? He of course "needed it in his business" and besides was he not coming back on the swiftest wings of love to marry two or three of them? His loveletters were things to conjure with, and the arrival of the newspapers containing pictures of himself dancing a two-step in his pulpit caused a thrill through the peaceful wards. Since then a bon a fide marriage with a charming lady has been added to his strenuous curriculum. And now we are to see him at the Mason in "The Dairy Farm" on Monday night and if he can make love as successfully before the footlights as he can in the green room his performance ought to be a success.

Looping the Loop an old Attraction.

There is nothing new under the sun. That apparently up-to-date method of illustrating centrifugal force known as "looping the loop" was practiced, it seems, as long ago as the first half of the last century. A French journal ascribes its invention to M. Claviere, of Havre. At first the car that did the "looping" bore nothing but bags of sand, but soon a passenger made the venture, and in 1850, the sport was a prominent feature of the performance at the Paris Hippodrome. Apparently, however, it was reserved for this country to throw the sport opened to the public, as was done at Coney Island, and later, to produce a performer daring enough to make the trip on a bicycle. In spite of this long record, the feasibility of the loop trip with a car running on rails was denied several years ago in a technical journal, on the ground that the necessary initial speed would not be obtained.—From Success.

Gentlemen, you can get a good cigar at Pate & Co's.

When you are in town stop at Pate & Co's drug store.

A Chance for our Missionary Workers.

The citizens of Bethany have always prided themselves on living in a Christian community where great things were done in the way of missionary work, etc. We have in our city a family where the wife and the only child in the family have been suffering with typhoid fever for three weeks and only two have called to relieve the faithful husband and father from his day and night vigil at their bedside.

The case we refer to is the family of John Smith who lives in the south part of town. Mr. Smith is a hard-working man and has tried in vain to hire help. The family are entirely worthy of any aid they may receive.

Men are useless in a case of this kind and it is a blot on the name of our town as a Christian community that such conditions should exist. Let the people take hold of this matter and do a little missionary work at home and let China and other foreign countries take care of themselves for a week or two.—Bethany Echo.

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All the best cold tablets and cough syrups can be found at Pate & Co's.

MOULTRIE COUNTY NEWS

W. G. COVBY, Publisher.

SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.
WEEK'S NEWS RECORD

Tom Horn, the notorious cattle rustler awaiting death for murder at Cheyenne, Wyo., will be his own executioner. The sheriff has let a contract for the building of a scaffold which will be self-operating, similar to that formerly used in Colorado.

Donald Cameron, wife and two babies were struck on the Big Four crossing in Springfield, Ohio, by a belated passenger train. The older child was killed outright and the father and younger child died an hour later. The mother is seriously hurt.

The boiler in the hosiery mill of Turner Birkhead at Beverly, N. J., exploded, killing John Stuckey, the watchman, and damaging the plant to the extent of about \$10,000. The boiler and dyehouse were demolished and one end of the main mill was wrecked.

In a southwest gale on Lake Superior the schooner Pretoria broke away from the steamer Sultana off Cooper Harbor. The Pretoria was drifting across Lake Superior when she was sighted by the steamers Boyce and Gratwick and towed to an anchorage under Manitowish Island. There she was found by the Sultana with her sails blown away, her anchor and anchor chains gone, her wheel chains parted and her windlass broken. The Sultana succeeded in bringing the disabled ship to Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

The London Daily Mail says Jacques Lebaudy, the French millionaire, who is supposed to be scheming to establish an empire for himself on the west coast of Africa, in reality is planning a great state to be peopled by negroes from the United States. He desires first to obtain the consent of the European powers, who claim to have influence over the territory on which he has designs, to establish an empire along the northwest coast of Africa an empire larger than Rhodesia, to be entitled the United States of Liberia. Here he proposes to found a negro state, peopled by negroes from America, especially from the Southern States, who would receive grants of land and be encouraged to found a country of their own.

NEWS NUGGETS.

Cases of bubonic plague have been discovered at Campos, State of Rio Janeiro.

A report sent to Washington recommends \$1,500,000 improvements at the Brooklyn navy yard.

Two men wounded, one fatally, and one man under arrest is the outcome of a clash between anarchists and socialists at Barre, Vt.

William T. Baker, ex-president of the Chicago Board of Trade, died at his summer home in Highland Park. His death was sudden.

The iron works and marine railways of John Bourke & Co. of Savannah, Ga., were preparing to smuggle a package of cartridges into a building alleged to be the headquarters of highlanders.

The Western Virginia conference of the United Brethren Church voted unanimously for forming a union of the Congregational and Methodist Protestant churches.

Stephen P. Hearty, a member of the St. Louis fire department, was shot and killed by Riley C. Wallace, a carpenter, following an altercation about the payment of rent.

A remarkable exposition which has closed at Dawson proves that the Yukon is self-supporting in grains and vegetables and farming has become an established industry.

A street duel between two police officers and several negroes in St. Louis resulted in the probably fatal shooting of Patrolman Edward Rice and Samuel Newby, a negro.

The police of Middletown, Conn., arrested N. H. Ward, whom they claim to be a clever burglar. It is said he used a yacht and bicycle to carry on his work. Several trunks of plunder were found on the yacht.

Wilson S. Bissell, former Postmaster General, died at Buffalo. The end came easily and peacefully. Mr. Bissell suffered from complications thought to be akin to Bright's disease, although not well understood.

Dashing over an embankment in their automobile, Herbert Bowen, publisher of Richmond Hill, L. I., his wife Agnes and their 5-year-old son, Herbert, Jr., were seriously hurt while descending a hill in East New York.

The quick work of Engineer Daniel Flynn in applying the air brakes before running into an open switch saved the New York and Boston limited train of the Big Four Railroad from a probable bad wreck at St. Louis.

At Niagara Falls, N. Y., John Phillips, aged 50 years, of Lestershire, N. Y., leaped into the river from Prospect Park. A friend caught him in an eddy. Phillips fought like a tiger before he was pulled ashore by several men.

George Warner, aged 16 years, a son of George Warner, now in the Louisville, Ky., jail on a charge of murdering Pulaski Leeds, a Louisville & Nashville railroad official, died in Logansport, Ind., of grief over his father's crime.

Mrs. Minnie Brown-Phillips-Harris-Cummings, convicted of the murder of her late husband, Dennis Cummings, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment by Judge Douglas in St. Louis. The usual motion for a new trial was overruled.

Ed. McCollum, a negro, was taken from the county jail in Sheridan, Ark., by a masked mob, tied to a tree in the court house yard and shot to death. The negro shot and seriously wounded Constable Crutchfield of Davis County while the officer was attempting to arrest him.

John D. Rockefeller defeated J. Pierpont Morgan in the battle for supremacy in shaping the policy of the United States Steel Corporation, the directors announcing a cut in the dividend on common stock in accordance with the demands of the Standard Oil Company interests.

EASTERN.

Willis, Fred and Burton Van Wormer, brothers, were electrocuted in the prison at Dannemora, N. Y., for the murder of their uncle.

There is a probability of a congressional investigation of Prof. Langley's alleged use of Smithsonian Institution employes on his airship.

George Vanderbilt will shut up his palatial home, Biltmore, for a year, and perhaps longer, because he is disgusted with the speculations of his employes.

The entire plant of the People's Lumber Company, with the exception of the office, at Monessen, Pa., was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$50,000, with an insurance of \$13,000.

The dry goods firm of S. E. McGear & Brother of Bridgeton, N. J., has assigned, with liabilities of \$67,000 and assets of \$60,000. They are the oldest dry goods firm in New Jersey.

George B. McClellan was nominated for Mayor of New York by the Democratic city convention; Supreme Court Justice Gaynor was put forward by Brooklyn, but defeated 434 to 210.

Ruth Bryan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Jennings Bryan, was married to William Homer Leavitt of Newport, R. I., at Fair View, the summer home of the Bryans near Lincoln, Neb.

Checks in a mail pouch lost from a Pennsylvania train have turned up altered in Philadelphia. Postal authorities have two men under suspicion, and believe a big fraud will be unearthed.

Mrs. Marie L. Johnson, New York, secretary of United States Playing Card Company, is accused of embezzling \$50,000 from her employers for stock speculation. Her husband is a prominent physician.

Every third class man, as he reports at the Annapolis Naval Academy, is now at the academy to sign a pledge that he will not do anything. Superintendent Brownson is investigating recent acts by upper class men.

A family reunion party, composed of about a dozen persons, was run down by a passenger train at Sharon Hill, Pa., on the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad, and five were killed and three injured.

Prolonged suffering from sciatica drove Henry L. Maxey, manager for Alfred H. Post & Co., shipping brokers, to take his own life in New York. He was for several years in charge of the Chicago branch of Post & Co.

W. A. Gaston has been nominated for Governor by Massachusetts Democratic convention; Gen. Miles was called in resolutions "foremost American soldier," "snubbed" by President Roosevelt, "a chance participant in small fight."

George Worthington Garwood, a wealthy coal broker, aged 65 years, shot and killed Hilda Vogel, aged 22 years, and then killed himself in a room occupied by the couple at Pittsburgh. Jealousy of a rival was the cause of the crime.

The Reese-Hammond Brick Company of Bolivar, Pa., is insolvent, with an indebtedness of \$600,000. Judge Lucien W. Doty appointed the Westmoreland Savings and Trust Company receiver. The assets, it is said, total only \$100,000.

Edwin S. Cramp as president of the William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company, and Mr. Cramp will become chairman of the board of directors. Edwin S. Cramp will continue as vice-president.

WESTERN.

Children are dying of an epidemic of formaldehyde milk poisoning in Phoenix, Ariz.

A company has been organized in Denver to mine radium in Routt County, Colorado.

David Nation, divorced husband of Mrs. Carrie Nation, was taken ill of stomach trouble at Medicine Lodge, Kan., and died.

In well-informed circles at Washington it is considered almost settled that Chicago will secure the Republican national convention next year.

Daniel H. Ogden, a prominent business man of Ogden, Utah, was shot and killed while duck hunting. The wound was inflicted by a stray shot.

By a collision between a Wisconsin Central passenger train and an electric car near the Hawthorne track, Chicago, five persons were killed and nine injured.

In a drunken frenzy and for no reason Frank Spitzowski, a St. Louis grocer's clerk, shot his wife, probably fatally, and then shot himself in the head, but will recover.

The Farmers and Merchants' Bank in Byron, Neb., was robbed the other day. The safe was blown open with nitroglycerin and about \$2,000 was taken. The robbers escaped.

While making some measurements in a trench twenty feet deep Superintendent of Public Works Robert L. Johnson and a negro workman were killed by a cave-in at Columbus, Ohio.

Five persons were killed and twenty buildings demolished by a tornado at Sheridan, Wis. Two men were drowned in Green Lake, near Ripon, Wis. Great damage to property is reported.

Miss Jean Durell, an actress, was stricken with paralysis on the stage while giving an entertainment in Modesto, Cal. Her right side is paralyzed. Miss Durell formerly lived in Chicago.

Marie Jordan was shot dead in the street in San Francisco by Edward De La Brousse, who also shot himself in the head. Both were under 30 years of age. The tragedy was the result of jealousy.

A north-bound passenger train on the Frisco system and a south-bound freight collided head-on near Koshkonong, Mo. Three trainmen were killed, a fourth fatally hurt and a passenger was slightly injured.

The Wyoming Supreme Court denied the motion of Tom Horn, the stock detective, convicted of the murder of little Willie Nickell in the Iron Mountain country, and sentenced him to be hanged Nov. 20.

Twelve persons were drowned by the capsizing of the steamer Hackley in Green Bay during a furious gale. Seven survivors were picked up by a passing boat after tossing all night on a bit of wreckage.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt in Carondelet, the southern part of St. Louis. The disturbance lasted about a minute and caused alarm among the citizens. At the same time a slight

shock was felt in the western portion of the city.

O. T. Dyer, of Chicago, and salesman for the Shack Floral Company of that city, was found dead in bed at 718 Market street, St. Louis. A bottle that had contained carbolic acid told the story of his death.

Chief Game Warden Fullerton of St. Paul confiscated 2,000 ducks killed in the southern Minnesota marshes by pot hunters in the employ of Chicago firms. The seizure is the largest the State has ever made.

Mrs. Vet Borden, Mrs. Alice Hurd, her daughter, and two daughters of Mrs. Borden were drowned in the Narrows, Long Lake, near Brainerd, Minn. They attempted to ford the stream, although advised not to.

While running at full speed in response to an alarm of fire a truck containing six firemen collided with a swiftly moving street car at Ninth and Carr streets, St. Louis, and all the firemen were hurt, one probably fatally.

The 5-year-old son of Fred Wagoner is dead at Neligh, Neb., as the result of an attempt made by two of his playmates to make him eat sand. They dislocated his neck and a quantity of sand was found in the boy's stomach.

St. Charles, Minn., was razed by a tornado, seven persons killed and twenty-eight injured. Other deaths from the storm are reported throughout the State. At Independence, Wis., two persons were killed and three fatally injured.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bowden and their four children, living on a farm fourteen miles north of O'Neill, Neb., were poisoned by arsenic put in the food they ate at dinner. How the arsenic came to be in the food is still a mystery.

Count D'Agrenaff of Russia, a tramp in Europe, a soldier in the Philippines, who lost \$60,000 on the Buffalo race track and who claims to have shaved President McKinley just before the assassination, is in jail at Omaha, Neb., on a charge of forgery.

Albert M. Wetter, proprietor of the Massillon Sand and Stone Company, president of the Massillon Steel, Sand Company, and director of the State Bank of Massillon, Ohio, shot himself through the heart while in his office at the bank. No cause is assigned for the act.

Merida, Mexico, has been swept by a \$2,000,000 fire. It raged all day, wiping out a street on which are located many of the principal business houses. The guests of the Bazaar Hotel barely escaped with their lives. American insurance companies will be heavy losers.

William Fitzpatrick of Chicago is \$8,000 richer through the death of an eccentric uncle, John Fitzpatrick, whose will on being opened in Fremont, was found to bequeath that amount to his nephew. The old man was supposed to be penniless until the will was read.

At Oxford, Ohio, a deputy sheriff stood off a mob as it was lynching Louis Spiff and cut the strangling victim from a tree to which he had been strung. The marshal of Oxford, in attempting to arrest a drunken man, was injured in a riot in which five men were wounded, four fatally.

A fence is being constructed entirely around the sewer placed on posts set 100 feet apart, cedar and ash posts alternating. In its construction 252 miles of wire will be used. The work is being done entirely by Indians.

E. W. Trombler, aged 70 years, a miner who had been living alone in a miserable hut in Ferguson Falls, Minn., is dead in a hospital, where he was taken from his home. Neighbors who searched his house found \$2,350 secreted in various nooks and crannies, and now the search is being continued.

Sheriff Gilbert was warned by wire by President Meyer, of the Western Federation of Miners of a plot to blow up the four big mills at Colorado City treating Cripple Creek ore. Officials of the miners and millmen's union confirm the alleged plot, but the details are withheld. The mills are valued at \$2,000,000.

R. C. Vernon, a well-known politician and a wealthy real estate holder of Madison, Wis., attempted suicide at the home of his brother in Kansas City, cutting his throat with a razor. At the hospital it is said he may recover. Mr. Vernon is said to have suffered from melancholia, due to financial troubles.

"I have just finished a tour of the Kansas corn belt," said Gov. Bailey at Topeka, Kan., "and I feel safe in saying to the country that the corn yield this year will reach 100,000,000 bushels. There will be 50,000,000 bushels more than the grain men are figuring on." Gov. Bailey is one of the most extensive farmers of Kansas.

George Knyer, editor of the Victor (Colo.) Record, and four other employees of the paper were arrested by the State militia by order of Gen. Bell and the paper's office was closed. The reason given by the commander of the State guards is that the paper, which is the organ of the striking union miners, had published criticisms of the military on the field.

In St. Louis the committee on territorial limits of the presbyteries of the Northern Presbyterian Church settled the negro question in that denomination. By their action the 15,000 negro members of the church will not be set apart as a separate denomination, and the word "negro" will not be used as a qualification of any of the church laws or regulations.

August Kruegel, a cigar manufacturer of Central, Mo., shot Fritz Knorr during a quarrel. For four hours Kruegel stood over the wounded man with a loaded shotgun and refused to permit anyone to come to his assistance, though he begged pitifully for water. A deputy sheriff finally succeeded in arresting Kruegel, and medical attendance was given his victim.

A telegram from Naco, Ariz., says J. W. Dooley, a ranch owner, was beaten and robbed by highwaymen, and those who committed the deed carried the victim to the railroad tracks, where they left him unconscious, expecting him to be killed and his remains to be so mutilated as to conceal the crime. Dooley was struck by a train and dragged a hundred feet, but escaped death.

A cloudburst did unestimable damage at Pratt, Kan., to property and sent the Ninescaw, an ordinary stream, over a mile in width in a brief time. At least three inches of rain fell within the hour and the Santa Fe Railroad tracks were a foot under water. Lumber for the Eggleston elevator, piled on the ground, was washed away and the city water

pumps were under six feet of water. No lives are reported lost. An eight weeks' drought was broken.

"I do find that the deceased, Elizabeth Brenneman, came to her death from hemorrhage caused by cutting her throat with suicidal intent, caused by despondency, the result of gossip." Such was the unusual finding of Coroner Lepper of Tiffin, Ohio, sitting in the case of Elizabeth Brenneman, who ended her life Sept. 10, after learning of the evil reports about her circulated by neighbors.

Unable to gain an audience of his sweetheart, who had retired, Tony Saporinski climbed her father's porch in Toledo and raised an alarm of fire. When the family came rushing out he seized the opportunity to propose marriage to pretty Victoria Kosinski and was accepted. After the bans were called the first time Victoria began to consider how she had been duped, and now refuses to marry Tony.

FOREIGN.

Sir Michael Herbert, the British ambassador to the United States, died at Davos Platz, Switzerland, of quick consumption.

The whole of the province of Tarapaca, including the port of Iquique, the capital, has been declared free from bubonic plague.

Serious news has been received at Sofia, Bulgaria, from the frontier of fighting between Turkish and Bulgarian troops at Demir-Kapia, both sides sustaining losses.

With a force that demolished houses and uprooted trees, a hurricane swept over the Bermuda islands the other day. Hundreds of houses were damaged. The banana industry was badly injured.

The receipt of anonymous letters threatening the life of Queen Charlotte of Wurtemberg has resulted in the discovery of an anarchist plot. Queen Charlotte is in Bohemia with her father, Prince William of Schaumburg-Lippe.

Customs returns at Cape Town indicate a falling off for the first time in several years. Money is tight throughout South Africa and the economic outlook everywhere is serious. A general commercial reaction prevails because of overstocking and the severe droughts.

An astronomical expedition organized by D. O. Mills is installed on a hill 1,000 feet high close to Santiago, Chile. The mission of the expedition, the observations of which are conducted by University of California astronomers, is to throw additional light on the motion of the solar system through space.

Mr. Balfour announced a patchwork ministry and accepted the Duke of Devonshire's resignation. The cabinet appointments are Alfred Lyttelton to be colonial secretary, Graham Murray to be secretary for Scotland, Lord Stanley postmaster general, Austen Chamberlain chancellor of the exchequer, St. John Brodrick secretary for India, and Arnold-Forster secretary for war.

The birthplace of Charles Dickens, 387 Commercial road, Landport, near the Portsmouth dockyard, where his father was a clerk, and in which the author spent the earlier part of his life, was sold by auction at Portsmouth, England, as the telephone wire was being replaced. It was announced that a Dickens museum would probably be established in the house.

A dispatch from the Rila monastery says that the entire population of the district of Razlog has been massacred or has fled. Three thousand women and children, fugitives from the Turkish soldiery, have arrived at Rila. Many villages around Razlog are said to be burning. The town itself is surrounded with tents occupied by the Turkish troops, who avoid fighting, and, according to the dispatch, attack only innocent people.

IN GENERAL.

The cable ship Burnside struck an iceberg and laid the Alaskan cable with its hold full of water.

Major General Corbin, virtual head of the army, has been assigned to command the Department of the East, and will be succeeded by Major General Chaffee, now in charge of that post.

General Tyner, former Postmaster General, and several others have been indicted by the federal grand jury in connection with the postoffice frauds, which practically closes the investigation.

The State Department has received a dispatch from Minister Beaupre stating that Charles Radford of Georgia, who was sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment for murder, has been released by the Colombian government.

The government of Ontario has arranged to pay the wage claims of the Consolidated Lake Superior Company at the Soo. The situation has materially improved as a result, part of the military having left for their homes.

Former Mayor Pajardo of Mayaguez, Porto Rico, has been acquitted of embezzlement. Judge Irwin (American) dissented. The verdict indicates the acquittal of all those who were involved in the alleged frauds at Mayaguez.

Henry Cargill, member of the Canadian House of Commons and a wealthy lumberman, fell unconscious as he was leaving the House after making a vigorous speech. He died later in one of the rooms of the Parliament House.

A number of arrests have been made recently in different parts of the country of persons peddling an inferior quality of cigars made in New York, but having the marks and brands changed so as to make it appear that the cigars were manufactured at Key West from Havana tobacco.

An unexampled fishery situation prevails at Newfoundland. Owing to the shortage in the Canadian and American catches on the Grand banks agents of the large dealers in codfish in Nova Scotia and Massachusetts are seeking to purchase 100,000 quintals of codfish at St. John's for disposal in their markets. The local supply is also short. Cod liver oil, which last year sold for 70 cents a gallon, now brings \$3.

The rioters who were arrested in the Canadian Soo have been tried, and with the exception of Denes pleaded guilty. Leonard Lavergne, Baptiste Roseau, Albert Robinson, Frank Lalond, Edouard Giasson and Fred Wince were fined \$25 or two months in jail for riot and \$10 or one month in jail for assault. Moise Dupont was fined \$25 for riot, as was also Andrew Denes. The court held the company was much to blame in aggravating the riot.

TORNADO TAKES LIFE.

ST. CHARLES, MINN., RAZED AND SEVEN PERSONS KILLED.

Widespread Destruction of Property Is Reported from the Northwestern States—Twelve Perish in Waters of Green Bay.

The little town of St. Charles, in Winona County, Minn., was practically wiped out by a tornado which struck it at 2:30 Saturday afternoon. Seven people were killed and twenty-eight injured, many of them seriously. The entire main street of the town was literally wiped out, hardly a business place being left standing. Forty-two residences also were destroyed and the total property damage is estimated at \$100,000.

The day had been abnormally sultry for the season of the year, and during the morning there had been showers of rain, accompanied by fitful gusts of wind. Toward noon the sky became heavily overcast, but indications of a tornado were entirely lacking. This being Saturday, the country people from the surrounding farms had gathered in large numbers in the main streets to do their customary shopping. At 2:30 the storm cloud was seen approaching from the southwest, and there was an immediate scramble for places of safety. The tornado struck the town from the southwest quarter and made a clean sweep through it, following almost entirely the line of the main street, and devastating buildings on either side. Then the residences further back from the business center were struck and many of them blown completely away.

The storm seems to have followed very closely the boundary line between Minnesota and Iowa and damage to farm buildings and grain stacks, with injury to human beings and death to live stock is reported from several points in that locality.

Two boys, sons of Stephen Matter, were killed at St. Cloud, Minn., while seeking refuge from the storm. They had taken shelter beneath a string of cars on the railway siding and a switching crew backed another string of cars upon them, killing them instantly.

The tail end of the cyclone struck Duluth and caused much damage to property, blowing down several buildings and wrecking many boats in the harbor. No one was injured. It is reported that one of the mines of the Mesaba range were flooded by the extraordinarily heavy rain.

A terrific windstorm, approaching a cyclone, swept over Wisconsin, causing death and destruction. At Independence two persons were killed, three fatally injured and a score of others badly hurt. At Eagle Valley the Reformed Church was demolished and houses on the prairie were swept away.

At Racine trees were blown down, also electric light and telephone wires, and half of the city left in total darkness. Carl Larson, a painter 35 years old, was electrocuted on State street. He was walking on a telephone wire on the sidewalk, charged with electricity. Spectators knocked the wire from his hands with a board. He was taken to a hospital unconscious and will not live.

Thomas Galroth was killed and two men injured by the demolition of a farmhouse at Trempealeau.

Baraboo reports a cloud burst more severe than was ever known in that section. Fully four inches of water fell. Many buildings and wind mills were blown down, cellars flooded and several washouts reported.

A tornado which struck Blain and Almond killed five persons near Sheridan, Wis., and blew down twenty buildings as near as can be ascertained. In a field \$1,100 in money was picked up, apparently having been blown there by the storm.

Twelve Perish in Green Bay.

During a furious gale that swept over Lake Michigan just at dark the steamer Erie L. Hackley went down off Green Island and twelve persons were drowned. Nine survivors, after drifting all night on pieces of wreckage, were rescued the next morning by the steamer Sheboygan of the Goodrich line and taken to Fish Creek. The Hackley left Menominee for Egg Harbor about an hour before the coming of the storm. The day had been hot and muggy, with hardly a breath of air stirring. As the sun went down the storm clouds commenced to gather and there were unmistakable signs of a coming tempest. Suddenly, from out the northeast, a furious blast swept the lake, causing the ill-fated vessel to careen until the sails almost touched the water. As the craft righted itself everyone on board rushed on deck. Then came a second blast, stronger than the first, capsizing the vessel and sending it to the bottom.

Houses Are Levelled.

A cyclone, accompanied by rain and hail, visited the vicinity near Neponset, Ill., doing much damage to farm buildings and crops. The houses of Charles Turnbull and Thomas Murphy were levelled to the ground. Peter Johnson's residence was blown thirty feet off its foundations. The path of the storm was forty rods wide and touched at several points in Bureau, Stark and Henry counties.

During a heavy thunder-storm at Martinsville, Ind., lightning struck Hiram Peary's barn, three miles east, immediately killing John Slough, a 17-year-old farmhand, and a horse in the barn.

Notes of Current Events.

A \$500,000 independent theater is to be erected in Indianapolis.

A contract for a \$30,000 high school in Junction City, Kan., has been let.

The Missouri University Boarding Club will furnish board to the students this year at \$1.50 a week.

Peter Lenousky of Wilkesbarre was hanged in the county jail for the murder of Anthony Sennick, a companion mine worker, who was known to have saved money.

If Congress appropriates all the money Secretary Moody estimates the navy will need the national naval expense account for the fiscal year of 1904-05 will be more than \$100,000,000.

Secretary Wilson has refused to allow a monster steer from Pawnee County, O. T., to cross the quarantine line for exhibition purposes. He says it would be a dangerous precedent.

COMMERCIAL FINANCIAL

R. G. Dun & Co.'s New York Weekly Review of Trade

Aside from the reduction in blast furnace activity, manufacturing plants are more fully engaged, and several encouraging reports are received, particularly as to footwear. Wholesale and jobbing trade is well maintained, many cities reporting a larger volume than last year. Latest returns of foreign commerce at this port are favorable, exports increasing, while imports decrease as compared with the same week last year. Railway earnings thus far available for September exceed those of 1902 by 8.4 per cent and surplus earnings in 1901 by 19.3 per cent.

It is practically certain that a reduction of pig iron output will be made, averaging about 20 per cent, and this concerted action to prevent accumulation of stocks has already had a sentimental effect on the market, inquiries increasing in number and extent of tonnage.

The week has brought few changes in quotations. Car shortage has begun to cause trouble, but the diminished needs of blast furnaces relieve the situation at Connellsville, where the coke output has been materially curtailed.

Chicago.

With practically six days devoted to the celebration of the city's first centennial and the entertainment of several hundred thousand visitors from all parts, it is characteristic of the energy and adaptability of the citizens to unusual happenings that the progress of business suffered no interruption. That the event chronicled was beneficial to trade is emphasized in an increased volume of sales both in leading retail lines and throughout the jobbing district.

The promise of average crops at prices which compare favorably with previous years strengthens confidence in the future course of business generally, and western merchants are now found to be replenishing their stock more freely. Mercantile discounts are taken more frequently and local and country collections show well.

Grain shipments have exceeded the 5,000,000 bushel mark. The markets record a large volume of sales, notwithstanding quieter demand for export and milling purposes. Cash wheat is reported to be lessened, but other cereals are in ample supply.

Compared with a week ago closing prices show wheat advanced 2 1/2 cents. Corn on further improvement of the growing crop declined 1 1/2 cents, and weakened 3/4 cent.

Live stock receipts, 310,985 head, 3 per cent over the corresponding week of last year. Except a decline in per hundred weight in hogs, unchanged, notwithstanding unusually heavy arrivals. One day's receipts of cattle, 44,445 head, exceeds the highest number hitherto recorded.

Bradstreet's Trade Review.

Bradstreet's Weekly Review of Trade says:

Mixed trade and crop conditions still present themselves, although some improvement in tone is noted where crop estimates, as in the case of corn, show expansion. Lower prices for cereals point the way to future large business, and induce a larger foreign interest in our farm products. Trade reports vary with sections considered, the best reports coming from the Southwest, the Northwest and the Pacific coast.

A really favorable feature this week is the improvement of collections West and North, the reflection of the beginning of the movement of delayed crops to market.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.50 to \$6.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.85; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 77c; corn, No. 2, 43c to 44c; oats, standard, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 53c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$12.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$11.50; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 16c to 19c; potatoes, 50c to 56c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.40; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$6.30; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 81c; corn, No. 2, 43c to 44c; oats, No. 2, white, 38c to 39c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$4.50 to \$6.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 87c; corn, No. 2, 43c to 44c; oats, No. 2, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 53c.

Cincinnati

THE NEWS.

SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

W. G. COVEY, Editor

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 PER YEAR.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1903.

NO QUESTION ABOUT MOULTRIE.

There are five persons being talked of as candidates for the Republican nomination for governor of the state of Illinois, viz: H. J. Hamlin, Lowden, Deneen, Yates and Col. Warner. Which one will receive the nomination, is hard to tell at the present time; all are good men and any of them would make a good governor. Hon. H. J. Hamlin, present attorney general of the state, and Col. Warner, our present congressman, are both from this congressional district and it is safe to say that one should surrender in favor of the other, so that the district will be solid for one of the two.

The question then arises, Which one will surrender to the other? Attorney General Hamlin will not be a candidate for attorney general the next term, but probably will be a candidate for governor, providing he can get his district solid; on the other hand, Col. Warner seems to be flitting from the position of being a candidate for governor, i. e. he wants to be a candidate for governor and still, if he fails in that, to be the candidate for congress for this district.

There are a great many able, intellectual and competent men in this district worthy of the position of being congressman and we think it no more than right that Col. Warner should declare himself, either for governor or for congress, for by declaring himself for governor, it would then give room for other gentlemen who wish to become candidates for congress; and, on the other hand, if he declares himself for congress, it will then permit H. J. Hamlin to become a candidate for governor, but we insist that he should do one or the other, for as it stands now, he is for nothing, but stands in every other person's way who wishes to become a candidate, either for governor or congress.

We do not think that this congressional district is so strongly under the absolute power of any one man that he can say the word as to how they should vote and the people will flock and run at his bidding.

We think it would be well for the people to decide this question between them and let one of the two become a candidate for governor, as this district would be proud to furnish the next governor.

Moultrie is a strong Hamlin county and it will be useless for Col. Warner, or any other candidate, to try to carry this county over Hamlin for the reason that Hamlin settled in this county when he first came west, taught school here and was a practicing lawyer in the county for several years and almost every person knows him personally.

Moultrie will stand by Hon. H. J. Hamlin and will sink or swim with his cause and we would suggest to our friend Warner that he be content with the position he now holds, and the even chances are that this district will give to the grand old state of Illinois the next governor in the person of Hon. H. J. Hamlin.

WHY HIS MARRIAGE WAS A FAILURE.

A writer in Success gives the following explanation of how marriage often becomes a failure:

He regarded children as a nuisance. He did all his courting before marriage.

He never talked over his affairs with his wife.

He never had time to go anywhere with his wife.

He doled out money to his wife as if to a beggar.

He looked down upon his wife as an inferior being.

He never took time to get acquainted with his family.

He thought of his wife for what she could bring to him.

He never dreamed that there were two sides to marriage.

He never dreamed that a wife needs praise or compliments.

He had one set of manners for home and another for society.

He paid no attention to his personal appearance after marriage.

He married an ideal, and was disappointed to find it had flaws.

He thought his wife should spend all her time doing housework.

He treated his wife as he would not have dared to treat another woman.

He never dreamed that his wife needed a vacation, recreation or change.

He never made concessions to his wife's judgment, even in unimportant matters.

He thought the marriage vow had made him his wife's master, instead of her partner.

He took all the little attentions lavished upon him by his wife as his "divine right," and not as favors.

He always carried his business troubles home with him, instead of locking them in his store or office when he closed.

BUYING AND SELLING VOTES.

From The Decatur Herald.

Recently about sixty vote sellers were indicted by a Logan county grand jury at Lincoln. One of these has been found guilty and disfranchised for ten years. The injury is pertinent why the vote buyer is allowed to escape. If there were no persons buying votes no one would sell his vote. Reprehensible as it is for a man to barter away his manhood for a few dollars, it is even worse for men of means to go among voters and corrupt them by offering them money. This is anarchy, pure and simple. Our social fabric can endure the strain of civil war but it can not stand a corrupted citizenship. The widespread vote buying of modern times is a serious menace to our institutions. This can not be stopped by punishment of the man who sells his vote, but it will help. The real remedy lies in cleansing the fountain. The man who has and uses a "slush fund" with which to purchase an office ought to feel the weight of the law. Stop buying and there will be no sellers. The action of the authorities at Lincoln is most commendable, but the candidate who furnished the money and bought the votes should be disfranchised for life.

WHAT IS A DEMOCRAT?

"One who believes in the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of '16 to 1.'"—Wm. J. Bryan.

"A democrat is a man who believes in the single gold standard, and is externally opposed to any doctrine now commonly known as 'Bryanism.'"—Grover Cleveland.

"I am a democrat. There is no other living specimen but me."—David B. Hill.

"I decline to say just now. It might produce some embarrassment in the presidential campaign of next year."—Arthur P. Gorman.

"One who advocates the repeal of the XVth amendment to the constitution of the United States and the return of the 'niggah' to his former happy condition of slavery."—Ben Tillman.

THE Hickory (Mo.) Missourian serves the following notice: "We

have got and wants to run for president again next year. We'll vote for most any good man that's nominated, but we can't go Bill Bryan. Not this time. We legged for him in 1900, and voted for him, and done all we could for him. We bet on his election, and lost the best squirrel dog in Missouri. We ain't no blamed fool. We know when we've had enough. If Bill Bryan is nominated again we are going to vote for Andrew Jackson."

ATTORNEY General H. J. Hamlin is now said to be avowedly in the field as a candidate for the nomination for governor. It has been believed for some months that he and Colonel Warner would not both aspire to that honor, and if Hamlin is openly on the track perhaps it means that Colonel Warner will not seek the nomination. He is substantially certain of the nomination to succeed himself in congress if he desires to do so, and it follows apparently, if Hamlin is a candidate for governor, that Warner will go back to his seat in the lower house.—Champaign Gazette.

THE proposition to repeal the 15th amendment to the national constitution will never carry. This nation goes forward, not backward. That amendment was passed as a prelude to the re-admission of the southern states. But for it, the states would have been left as territories. It was a well deserved punishment and was the only way to help a race to which we had given freedom. It was the right step and the only step and America will never condemn the negro to such unjust treatment as the repeal might lead to.

OF course there is always somebody trying to get up an interest in politics; but the truth is that, in this vicinity, there isn't politics enough now to detain two chronic ward workers five minutes on a street corner. The people here are interested in business, the corn crop, the street fair and preparations for winter.

THE half dozen gentlemen who are toying with the governorship should get a little starch into their backbones. Otherwise Gov. Yates with his aggressive campaign may in the meantime iron out some of the kinks in the situation.

"REJOICE, O young man, in thy youth;" but be very moderate about

it, and you will be all the more certain to be able to rejoice when you grow old.

AN Indiana woman is about to wed her 13th husband. It will be lucky for the man for he will soon be divorced from her.

SPRINGFIELD need not feel so gay. Other cities have had mayors indicted. Mattoon, for instance.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

No one who is acquainted with its good qualities can be surprised at the great popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It not only cures colds and grip effectually and permanently, but prevents these diseases from resulting in pneumonia. It is also a certain cure for croup. Whooping cough is not dangerous when this remedy is given. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. It is also pleasant to take. When all of these facts are taken into consideration it is not surprising that people in foreign lands, as well as at home, esteem this remedy very highly and very few are willing to take any other after having once used it. For sale by Pate & Co.

You pay a little more for the clothes that DENZ of Decatur makes, but—

Many Mothers of a Like Opinion.

Mrs. Pilmor, of Cordova, Ia., says: "One of my children was subject to croup of a severe type, and the giving of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy promptly, always brought relief. Many mothers in this neighborhood think the same as I do about this remedy and want no other kind for their children." For sale by Pate & Co.

Remedy for the Grip.

A remedy recommended for patients afflicted with gripe is Kemp's Balsam, which is especially adapted for the throat and lungs. Don't wait for the first symptoms of the disease; get a bottle today and keep it for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the gripe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. Kemp's Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose and the lungs free from inflammation. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam 25c and 50c.

Cause of Lockjaw.

Lockjaw, or tetanus, is caused by a bacillus or germ which exists plentifully in street dirt, and which when carried beneath the skin, as in the wounds caused by percussion caps or by rusty nails, and when the air is excluded the germ is roused to activity and produces the most virulent poison known. These germs may be destroyed and all danger of lockjaw avoided by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely as soon as the injury is received. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and causes cuts, bruises and like injuries to heal without maturation and in one third the time required by the usual treatment. It is for sale by Pate & Co.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedial Co., Chicago or New York.

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

State of Illinois, Moultrie county, ss. In the Circuit Court, to the March term, A. D. 1904. Martha Jane Rose vs. Laura Bell Allgood, William H. Brown, Eufama Lee, and Wright Brown, J. K. Martin, administrator, estate of Daniel Brown, deceased, Emmett Hancock, Allen Williams and C. E. Wooley. In Chancery.

Affidavit of the non-residence of William H. Brown one of the defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Circuit Court of Moultrie county, notice is hereby given to the said non-resident defendant, that the complainant has filed her bill of complaint in said court, on the chancery side thereof, on the 26th day of September A. D. 1903 and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against said defendant.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said William H. Brown shall personally be and appear before the said Circuit Court of Moultrie county on the first day of the next term thereof, to be held at the court house in the city of Sullivan, in said county, on the first Monday of March A. D. 1904; and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed and decrees entered against you according to the prayers of said bill.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said court, at my office in Sullivan, this 26th day of September A. D. 1903.

E. A. SILVER, CLERK.

E. J. MILLER, Complainant's Solicitor, September 26th, A. D. 1903.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution and fee bill issued out of the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Moultrie county, and state of Illinois, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against Levi Patterson in favor of Manarah Patterson out of the lands, tenements, goods and chattels of the said defendant, I have levied on the following described real estate, to-wit: Commencing forty (40) rods west of the southeast corner of the southwest quarter (1/4) of the southeast township fourteen (14) north range five (5) east of the third principal meridian Moultrie county, Illinois, and running thence north forty (40) rods, thence west twenty (20) rods, thence south forty (40) rods, thence east twenty (20) rods to the place of beginning.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant in and to the above described property, on the 13th day of October 1903, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, at the west door of the court house, in the city of Sullivan, in Moultrie county, Illinois. Dated at Sullivan, this 19th day of September, 1903.

JOHN F. WRIGHT, Sheriff of Moultrie County, Illinois.

COOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.....



GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Ready for Fall and Winter

We have a very complete line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats, exclusive styles, correctly made, new fabrics, new models.

SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, NECKWEAR

Everything in the above departments are NEW and NOBBY. These must be seen to be appreciated.

SWEATERS :: SWEATERS

We have the largest stock and greatest assortment of Sweaters in the city, all colors, plain and fancy knit, prices 50c to \$4.00



Being situated out of the "high rent" district we are able to SAVE YOU MONEY.



"THE COOKSON STORE"

Successors to R. S. BOHON CO.

When in Decatur visit the Big store on the corner of Eldorado and Broadway streets. Retailers of everything in Dry Goods, Ladies' Ready-Made Wearing Apparel, Millinery, Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums, Floor Oil

QUOTE LOWEST PRICES.



STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

Cloths, Men's, Women's, Boys, Misses' and Children's Shoes. Being out of the high rent district makes it possible for us to quote lowest prices. Make our store your headquarters. Your packages will be delivered to your train free of charge. Strictly one Price.

PERCY COOKSON & Co.

DECATUR, - - - ILLINOIS.

Pure Food CAFE

T. T. Springer and Sons. Announce the opening of a restaurant in the basement of the well-known Springer stand, opposite the transfer house on Lincoln square, Decatur. Short orders or regular meals served by experienced and courteous waiters. Everything is new and strictly first-class in all its appointments. They extend a special invitation to all their Moultrie county friends to call when in Decatur. First entrance north of the Springer grocery.

Pure Food CAFE

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

S. T. BUTLER. L. BUTLER. BUTLER BROS., Dentists. West Harrison St., SULLIVAN, Illinois. Phone No. 129. Have your teeth examined often, and attended to when they need it. Special attention given to children's teeth. L. K. Scott, Pres. I. J. Martin, Sec. Moultrie County Abstract Co., Successor to Walter Eden and Wade Hollingsworth. Will furnish abstracts of title from books prepared by skillful abstractor. J. R. EDEN J. K. MARTIN EDEN & MARTIN, Attorneys at Law. WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS. WEST SIDE SQUARE SULLIVAN, - - - ILLINOIS.

When you go . . . to Decatur . . . CALL AT . . .

THE INMAN HOTEL and RESTAURANT.

Where you will find the best 15 cent meal in the city. GOOD ROOMS, 25 and 50 cts. 136 South Main St. J. H. INMAN, Prop.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING.

P. J. Harsh has gone to Mexico, Mo., on real estate business.

Archie Cochran is here from Springfield this week taking in the street fair.

Mrs. Dan Sherman and daughter, Ella, are here from Oakland this week.

T. H. Scott and John Bowers left Tuesday night for Mississippi on real estate business.

Artie Cochran is taking an enforced vacation on account of an attack of rheumatism.

L. M. Sptler went to Lancaster, Ohio, Tuesday to remain a few days with old-time friends.

Mrs. Ellen Popham of Charleston has been the guest this week of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shuman.

Mrs. Wm. Dickens returned Monday from Chicago where she had spent a week visiting her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Craig have gone to Louisville, Ky., where they will spend a few days with relatives.

Miss Cora Gauger has returned from an extended visit with relatives in the northern part of the state.

Mrs. George McPheeters of Carbondale is visiting relatives here this week and attending the street fair.

Dr. C. W. Keel left Monday evening on a ten-days prospecting trip through Minnesota and Winnipeg.

Lost—an amethyst stick pin. Finder will please return to Harry Six at the coliseum and receive reward.

Dr. and Mrs. W. P. Davidson returned Monday morning from St. Louis where they had spent Sunday with friends.

Mrs. Norman Roney and daughter, Ruth, came down from Decatur Wednesday to visit relatives and see the big street fair.

Rev. S. P. Taylor, who returned from Colorado Friday, went to Decatur Tuesday to attend the synod of the C. P. church.

Mrs. James Keedy, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. John Berry, returned to her home at Independence, Kan., Tuesday.

W. P. Leeds returned Tuesday morning from the southern part of Ohio where he had spent the past month with relatives.

Mrs. Fount Hoke, who has been the guest of friends here for the past two weeks, returned to her home at Bloomington Thursday.

GIVEN AWAY—One Coles hot blast heater on Oct. 31 at 3:00 o'clock p. m. Call in and get a number, costs you nothing. MILTON DAVID.

Mrs. Virginia Smith and son, Frank, of Shelbyville are in the city this week, the guests of the former's daughter, Mrs. W. C. DeMonbrun.

The voters rendered another emphatic disapproval of the bond proposition last Monday by casting a majority of twenty-six votes against it.

Rufus Harshman and Ezra Moore, accompanied by their wives, drove to Atwood last Saturday to visit relatives. They returned Sunday evening.

Mrs. W. S. Proctor and son, Holmes, who have been the guests of Drs. S. T. and Lone Butler, returned to their home at Leitchfield, Ky., Wednesday.

Rev. S. P. Taylor was called upon Tuesday to perform the marriage ceremony for L. B. Martin of Attica, Ind., and Miss Bessie L. Gardner of Monticello, same state.

Mrs. L. W. Ellis and B. D. Ulrich have been selected by the local branch as delegates to the meeting of the Foreign Missionary society to be held at Madison, Wis.

We have some private money which we are authorized to loan on good personal notes or real estate. We also loan eastern money on good farm lands. HARAUAUGH & THOMPSON.

Stephen Turner of Lanton and Miss Lizzie Reedy of Hampton station were married at the residence of Miss Sadie Scott Thursday evening, the ceremony being performed by Esquire Shook of Lovington.

Jacob Briskney, one of the well-to-do Amish farmers residing near Arthur, was thrown from a load of baled straw by a runaway team Monday morning and sustained injuries which caused his death a few hours later.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Poland returned last Monday from a visit in Fulton county. They were accompanied on their return by Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Weaver, who will spend a week in Sullivan visiting friends. Mrs. Weaver is Mrs. Poland's niece.

The tenth annual exhibition of the Illinois State Poultry association will be held at Bloomington Jan. 4 to 10, 1904. The show will be under the management of the State Poultry association.

J. A. Leland president, Springfield; O. L. McCord, secretary, Danville; and A. L. Moore, superintendent, Normal, are the officers. Every effort will be made to make the next Illinois state exhibition the best in the United States.

Elder S. R. Harshman and wife returned Monday from Fulton county where Mr. Harshman had been holding meetings. They found that in their absence the ladies of the congregation had furnished their sitting room with a new carpet.

Bert Howard, who has had a position in a barber shop in Decatur for several months past, is now in Sullivan for a brief stay preparatory to going to South Dakota where he expects to engage in some out-of-door employment for the benefit of his health.

The Friends in Council held their first meeting of the new federated year last Friday evening at the home of Mrs. M. Ansbacher. An excellent paper on Shakespeare was furnished by Miss Hettie Stricklan. The club will hold its next meeting with Miss Lute Ashworth.

Judge Cochran and Jas. A. Steele have been in Chicago this week attending the annual assembly of the Illinois grand lodge of Masons. Mrs. O. J. Gauger represented the local order of the Eastern Star. The grand lodge voted on additional appropriation of \$15,000 for the Masonic Home now building here, making at total of \$40,000.

The nineteenth annual reunion of the 41st Illinois infantry will be held at Maroa Thursday, Oct. 22. Company B of this regiment was recruited in Sullivan and Marrowbone township and was composed of 110 men, who were mustered into the service in front of the Eden house, Aug. 6, 1861. A. B. Lee was its captain. There are only two survivors of the company still residing here, N. E. Powell and David Rippey. George Brosam was a member of the regiment, serving in company A as a recruit.

To Cheapen a Portrait.
Old Uncle Ben wanted to have his portrait painted, but he did not care to pay very much for it.

"Surely that is a very large sum," he said when the artist named the price.

The artist protested and assured him that, as portraits went, that was very little to ask.

Uncle Ben hesitated. "Well," he said at length, "how much will it be if I furnish the paint?"—Lippincott's.

The Judge Was Right.
Judge—You say you got that black eye as the result of a blow by the defendant?

Prosecuting Witness—Yes, sir.
Judge—Tell me the circumstances under which he struck you.

Prosecuting Witness—This man met me as I was coming along Calvert street whistling "Hiawatha," and—

Judge—That'll do. The prisoner is dismissed.—Baltimore American.

A Friendly Suggestion.
"It is hard luck," said one of Job's comforters.

"What is your latest suggestion?" was the patient inquiry.

"If you had lived a few years later you might have made a fortune writing testimonials for proprietary medicines."—Washington Star.

Gene.
Edyth—When I refused Charlie night before last he threatened to blow his brains out.

Mayme—Well, he didn't. He proposed to me last night.

Edyth—Indeed! Then he must have got rid of them in some other way.—New York World.

Can't Lose Her.
"The doctor," said Mr. Henpeck, "has ordered me away for a good, long rest."

"Good!" exclaimed Mrs. Henpeck. "I will go with you."

"In that case the doctor has ordered me to stay at home and save my money for the funeral."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Johnny's Knowledge.
Teacher—Why, Johnny, I thought you knew your alphabet?

Johnny—I don't know the names of the letters nor the way they come, but when I see the alphabet all together I know it fast enough.—Boston Transcript.

Very Necessary.
Funniman—He's undergoing a species of voice training, I believe, to fit him for his political work.

Jenkins—Voice training?
Funniman—Yes. He's training his "voice of conscience" to keep still.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Forever and Forever.
He—If you refuse me I shall say farewell forever!

She—Oh, please don't take as long as that!

How to Clean Silk Dresses.
A little ammonia in a few teaspoonfuls of alcohol is excellent to sponge silk dresses that have grown shiny or rusty, as well as to take out spots. A silk, particularly a black, becomes almost like new when so sponged.

How to Treat a Bruised Finger.
If in hammering in a nail you by mistake hit your finger or thumb hold the injured member in water as hot as you can bear for a few minutes. This draws out the inflammation and relieves the pain in a wonderful way.

LIVER TROUBLES

"I find Theford's Black-Draught a good medicine for liver disease. It cured my son after he had spent \$100 with doctors. It is all the medicine I take."—MRS. CAROLINE MARTIN, Parkersburg, W. Va.

If your liver does not act regularly go to your druggist and secure a package of Theford's Black-Draught and take a dose tonight. This great family medicine frees the constipated bowels, stirs up the torpid liver and causes a healthy secretion of bile.

Theford's Black-Draught will cleanse the bowels of impurities and strengthen the kidneys. A torpid liver invites colds, biliousness, chills and fever and all manner of sickness and contagion. Weak kidneys result in Bright's disease which claims as many victims as consumption. A 25-cent package of Theford's Black-Draught should always be kept in the house.

"I used Theford's Black-Draught for liver and kidney complaints and found nothing to exceed it."—WILLIAM COFFMAN, Marblehead, Ill.

THEFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

LOW ONE-WAY SETTLERS' RATES TO THE NORTHWEST AND CALIFORNIA.

From Sept. 15 until November 30, the Burlington makes very low one-way colonists rates to California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana. The reduction is from 25 to 40 per cent from the regular rates.

THE WAY TO GO.
The Burlington, with its strong main lines and free chair cars, best reaches the West and Northwest via Denver, Billings or St. Paul.

"The Burlington-Northern Pacific Express" is the great daily through train with chair cars and tourist sleepers via Billings, Montana, to Puget Sound and intermediate points.

TO CALIFORNIA.
The Burlington's weekly personally conducted California excursions in through tourist sleepers are just the thing for coast tourists and settlers. The route is Denver, Scientific Colorado and Salt Lake.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.
These are run the first and third Tuesdays of each month at approximately half rate for the round trip. It will be a pleasure for us to give you an accurate and informative reply to any inquiries.

Chas. E. Michel, L. W. Wakelcy,
Trav. Pass'r. Agt., Gen'l Pass. Agt.
604 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

ANNOUNCEMENTS!
ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

FLORIDA Through "Dixie Flyer" Sleeping-Car Lines, St. Louis to Jacksonville, St. Louis to Jacksonville, and Chicago to Nashville, the latter connecting en route with through factories car from St. Louis. Route via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta.

CALIFORNIA Personally Conducted Weekly Excursion through California as follows: Via New Orleans and the Southern Route every Wednesday from Chicago; every Tuesday and Friday from Cincinnati. Via Omaha and the Scenic Route every Friday night from Chicago.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK. Through Sleeping-Car between Chicago and Hot Springs, carried on the Central's fast Pullman vestibule "Limited" train. Send for book describing this most interesting of health and pleasure resorts.

HOMESEEKERS The Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company is issuing monthly circulars concerning fruit growing, vegetable gardening, stock raising, dairying, etc., in the State of Kentucky, West Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana. Every farmer, or Homeseeker, who will forward his name and address will be mailed free Circulars Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, and others as they are published from month to month, on application to J. F. MERRY, A. G. P. A., I. C. R. B., Dubuque, Iowa.

Full Particulars Concerning all of the above can be had of agents nearest of the undersigned representatives of the "Central."

A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.
J. F. MERRY, A. G. P. A., Dubuque, Ia.

PARKER'S HAIR BALMSAM Cleanses the scalp, removes dandruff, promotes a luxuriant growth of hair, restores its youthful color, cures scalp diseases, and hair falling out. Sold at \$1.00 at Druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS. Beware of cheap imitations. Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Name on Package. Buy of your Druggist, or send for Free Circular, containing full particulars and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 5,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., 244 Madison Square, PHILADELPHIA.

Keeley Cure For Drunkenness and Drug Usin. Please write or Correspondence confidential. THE PARENTHOUSE INSTITUTE, 122 DWIGHT, Ill.

Great Carnival of Fall Bargains

CHOICE MERCHANDISE...

This entire month we make very special inducements to our out of town customers. It will pay you to visit our store in the next 30 days. Every department has some big bargains in store for you. Quantities of some of these are limited; so come early. Sample and mail orders promptly answered

Plain Outing and Shaker Flannels for night gowns, only 5c.

All Linen Roller Toweling at 5c.

Heavy yard wide Unbleached Muslin at 4 1/2 cents.

One lot fast color Dress Gingham, your choice at 5c.

Red Seal blue and pink Gingham, fast colors, 12 1/2c goods, at 10c.

Cheviot Shirtings, good colors at 8 1/2c.

50 pieces grey and brown Canton Flannels at 5c.

All wool Flannel Skirt Patterns, at 58c each.

New Fall Dress Goods
These are worth going after.

Light and dark printed Oxfords, 25 cent goods for 15c.

38 inch colored Melrose and Armure, the new goods only 39c.

Tailor made suits \$7.50 were \$15.00.

Tailor made suits, \$12.50 were \$25.00.

15 choice suits, late spring styles and a few samplesuits to close at \$12.50.

Bradley Bros
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
Decatur, Ill.

We have about twenty Spring Suits made of the same cloths that our new fall suits are made of. Styles are very similar to the fall styles. Will sell them at \$7.50 each.

Blankets and Comforters
We can sell you a large size Comforter cheaper than you can buy the material for it. Don't pay to make them when you can get them at these prices:
Cotton Blankets, all colors, for sheets at 48c each.
Large size home made knotted Comforts at only 98c each.
Extra fine all wool Blankets, cordet yarns at \$2.48 each.

Tailor-Made Suits and Skirts
Our new fall styles are now on sale, solid colors and fancy mixtures.

TIME TABLES.

WABASH

Going North.
No. 36 Mall ex. Sunday.....8:42 a m
No. 70—Local freight ex. Sun. ar.....3:40 p m
No. 70—Local freight ex. Sun. leaves 4:00 p m

Going South.
No. 31 Mall ex. Sunday.....5:45 p m
No. 71—Local freight ex. Sun. arrives 9:15 a. m
No. 71—Local freight ex. Sun. leaves 10 a. m
No. 36 runs to Danville arriving there at 11:17 a. m. Direct connections at Bement for Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, Springfield and all points west, and at Danville for Detroit, Toledo, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and all points east.

Information in regard to routes, rates, time of trains, connections, etc., will be cheerfully furnished on application, personally or by letter, to any agent of the Wabash Railway.

H. L. MAGEE, Gen. Supt., St. Louis, Mo.
C. S. CRANE, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.
J. W. PATTERSON, Agt., Sullivan.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL
Peoria Division.

Trains leave Sullivan as follows:
North.
No. 222 Peoria & Northern Ex.....1:10 am
No. 232 Peoria accommodation.....7:48 am
No. 224 Peoria Mall.....2:05 pm
No. 292 Local Freight.....9:30 am

South.
No. 231 Mattoon Accom.....4:59 pm
No. 201 Evansville Mall.....11:44 am
No. 203 Evansville southern ex. 10:13 pm
No. 291 Local Freight.....5:54 pm

Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Direct connection at Mt. Pulaski for St. Louis, Springfield and all points west and north. At Mattoon for Cairo, Memphis, New Orleans and all points south. At Decatur for all points north.

Elegant new Pullman, Sleeping, Parlor and Cafe cars between Peoria and Evansville.

The popular route to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Kansas City and all points west and northwest.

Close connections made in union depots with intersecting lines. Tourists' tickets now on sale at low rates to Florida and Texas points. For folders, rates or other information apply to

J. M. STARBUCK, Agent Sullivan.
A. H. Hanson, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS R. R.
In effect Apr. 14, 1901.

Southbound.
No. 103—Texas Special.....6:39 a m
No. 101—So. Ill. Express.....2:40 p m

Northbound.
No. 104—Texas Special.....11:04 p m
No. 102—So. Ill. Express.....12:45 p m
Trains 103 and 104 run daily all other days except Sunday.

W. H. RICHARDSON, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

CONSTITIATION
The frequent cause of Appendicitis and many other serious ailments should never be neglected. The objection to the usual cathartic remedies is their costive reaction which increases constipation instead of curing it. PARKER'S KEELEY PILL is the proper remedy. It acts on the liver, and when used as directed, permanently removes the constipation. 50 cts. & \$1.00 at all Druggists.

MERCHANTS AND FARMERS STATE BANK
SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF ILLINOIS.

Capital.....\$30,000
Additional Liability of Stockholders..... 30,000
Surplus..... 8,000
Total.....\$68,000

ALL OF WHICH IS PLEDGED FOR THE SECURITY OF ITS DEPOSITORS

OFFICERS:
W. A. STEELE, PRESIDENT. JAMES A. STEELE, CASHIER.
Z. B. WHITFIELD, TELLER.

DIRECTORS:
S. W. WRIGHT JR. JOHN W. DAWDY F. M. HARBAUGH A. J. PATTERSON
S. S. PETERS M. McDONALD J. R. MARTIN J. A. STEELE W. A. STEELE

*A General Banking Business Transacted
Loans made on Real Estate or Personal
Security in Large or Small Amounts....*

.. YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED ..

REMOVAL SALE!

Our great removal sale is now in full blast and the prices we are making will astonish you.

Just as a sample of what we are offering note the following record breakers.

Youth's 3-piece suits age 9 to 16 years.....	\$3.75	Men's Suits, swell, former price \$14 to \$16, now.....	\$9.75
Boy's 2-piece suits, greater values at.....	1.60	Men's all-wool suits, former price \$12 to \$15, now..	7.75
A lot of odd pants all sizes at.....	3.00	Men's stylish suits, former price \$8 to \$10, now...	5.75
Another lot of odd pants big values.....	1.75	A big snap in a few broken suits at.....	3.75
A big snap in stiff and soft bosom shirts at.....	50c	Youth's suits up-to-date former price \$8.50 now.....	4.75
Socks that were 25c a pair now go at two pair for.....	25c	Youth's suits, \$5 and \$6 former price, now.....	3.75

These are all bright and new goods and you better come in early as these tempting prices are moving them fast

Ansbacher, The Clothier.
West Side Square, Sullivan, Illinois.

POLITICAL COMMENT.

The Ohio Campaign.

It is greatly to be regretted that continued ill-health prevents Senator Hanna from taking the war path in the Ohio campaign, whose result involves the question of his re-election to the Senate. There is, however, reason to hope that his illness will not long keep him out of the fray. When he does take the stump there will be "something doing." Tom Johnson, Democratic candidate for Governor, and John H. Clarke, Democratic aspirant to the Senatorship, will know that there is a contest. The type and style of the Democratic campaign in Ohio may be gathered from the speech delivered at Akron, Sept. 9, by the man who hopes to get Mark Hanna's seat in the United States Senate. In this speech Mr. Clarke said:

"Let well enough alone," "stand pat," "continue to stand pat," "hands off," "for God's sake keep letting well enough alone." This, in his own language, is the sum of the political wisdom and statesmanship in which Senator Hanna has given counsel to the people of this State and nation for several years, as if, forsooth, he thought the national life of this great people and the business of it would stand still, not move, at his command.

The business of the country has re-

can obtain the desired article to the best advantage?" The answer is evident. Business men buy according to margins of profit. They go for silks to protective France, not to free trade England. We opened the door to Brazil, and yet that country continues to sell to us \$70,000,000 worth of goods a year and buys from us only \$10,000,000 worth. The third method, which Secretary Shaw approves, is to adopt a system of encouraging "regular lines of American ships, flying the American flag, and carrying American merchants and American travelers, with their wares and merchandise, the product of American labor," between our ports and countries where our trade is undeveloped. Here is practical food for thought. Secretary Shaw has little to say about reciprocity, because little can be said about a mere theory, if not a chimera.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Misfortune of the Cuban Treaty.

We shall not agree with the Republican opinion that the chief misfortune of bringing up the Cuban reciprocity treaty in the next Congress will be that it will give to Democrats an opportunity to reopen the discussion of the whole tariff subject. They are welcome to all the opportunities that that sort which they may find or seek. The

"THE RECKLESS BOATMAN."



fused to stand still at Mr. Hanna's command, but on the contrary, has run riot in such a way as was never seen before, and now stands upon what all men fear is the verge of collapse, and capital and labor halt in daily expectation of a panic—a fear in which the President and Secretary of the Treasury by their public speech show that they distinctly share. This condition has been largely brought about by the disturbance of business caused by the high tariff taxes, through which millions of dollars have been unnecessarily taken from the people and the channels of business and locked up in the United States treasury or loaned out by it to favored banks.

These are the mouthings either of an ignoramus or a demagogue. Bryan himself has never said anything quite so shallow or so foolish. If Senator Hanna's antagonist can put up no better plea than is found in Populist rant and fustian of the sort quoted above, he should be called off the stump. He cuts a sorry figure in the race. Wait till Mark Hanna gets back his vigor and his voice and is physically able to answer this calamity shouter as he deserves. Then the people of Ohio will be able to compare the two candidates each with the other. That is all that is needed to determine the result. Meanwhile, let us hope Senator Hanna will hurry up and get well.—American Economist.

Not for Reciprocity.

In his speech at Chicago before the National Association of Merchants and Travelers, Secretary of the Treasury Shaw spoke of three ways suggested to acquire more markets for this country. One is reciprocity, to which the Secretary referred as a plan "to trade compliments—to exchange trade privileges—to set our doors somewhat ajar for the special advantage of one country on condition that it shall set its doors ajar for the special advantage of our people. Considerable has been said along this line, but not very much has been actually accomplished." Just this passage on reciprocity, and no more, from the cabinet official at the head of the Treasury Department. And, in truth, no more can be said. Reciprocity is a nebulous thing, an untried theory. No one can define it. The situation is wisely described in a few words. Reciprocity is not, as yet, even an experiment. Its actual workings are unknown.

One of the three ways commented on by Secretary Shaw is to move toward free trade in the hope that greater freedom of importation will induce other nations to follow the example. "I would like to inquire," asked the Secretary of the business men he addressed, "whether you, in making your purchases abroad, give preference to those countries which favor us with an open door, or do you buy where you

more they discuss the tariff, indeed, the better we think it will be for the country, for there are some Republicans of prominence who need information as to what the American people think about tampering with the Dingley law, and a warm discussion of the tariff will give them that information in a way for them to take heart and to remember.

The Cuban reciprocity measure is a misfortune, not because it may serve to open the whole tariff question, but because it is wrong of itself. It is a piece of economic folly, and it is worse than that as well, because it does worse than to give something for nothing. It makes this nation commit an act of charity, for which it asks praise of its generosity, by putting its hand into the pocket of an industrial class and scattering its contents among the Cubans and the sugar trust as alms. There is precisely as much generosity in that proceeding as in the act of a man who might want to give a watch to somebody who had none and took it out of the waistcoat of his neighbor to perform his desired benevolence. If this government wants to give public alms it should take them out of its own public treasury and dispense them at its own public cost, and not out of the pocket and at the private cost of an industrial class.

Whether the Cuban reciprocity measure goes into effect or not, and whether it reopens the whole tariff question or not, it is of no use for anybody to blink either the economics or the morals of this extraordinary performance.—New York Press.

Thoroughly Dead.

The Marion (Ind.) Chronicle makes the following impressive application of a logical deduction:

"Col. Bryan's paper, The Commoner, says the only sure way to prevent the reorganizers from stealing a march on the voters is to indorse the Kansas City platform and instruct the delegates to county and State conventions to endorse it. Then it adds that a failure to indorse can only be construed as cowardice or as opposition to the platform. Why not indorse the Democratic platforms of 1856 and 1860? Slavery is no deader than the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1.

Good Advice.

"Better let the Dingley act alone in every schedule and line than to repeat the folly given warrant at the polls in 1892," says the Sioux City Journal. Yes, that is exactly right. And when there becomes apparent need, together with opportunity, for revising those schedules, let it be done by the Republican party.—Manchester (Iowa) Press.

The protection gas which fills the great prosperity balloon is too thick to escape through pin holes. It will need a free-trade puncture to let it out.

GENERAL TYNER INDICTED.

Jointly Held with H. J. Barrett for Postal Frauds.

The return of fifteen new indictments by the federal grand jury practically winds up the investigation of the Postoffice Department, during which approximately thirty persons have been held for trial. Among those indicted to-day are General James N. Tyner, former Assistant Attorney General for the Postoffice Department, and Harrison J. Barrett, who was his assistant. Both are charged with conspiracy to defraud the government.

The authorities have been especially anxious to obtain indictments against Barrett, who is held responsible for admission to the mails of the get-rich-quick turf schemes. Tyner, it is said, gave Barrett a free hand in arranging and passing upon these cases.

W. D. Doremus is also indicted in connection with sales of the Doremus stamp cancelling machines. There are additional bills against George W. Beavers and State Senator George A. Greene, of New York. Harry C. Hallenback, of New York, whose firm formerly held the contract for supplying money order forms, is also among those indicted to-day. He is charged with conspiracy to defraud, in connection with John T. Metcalf, former chief of the money order division, and his son, Norman R. Metcalf, both of whom have been previously indicted. An additional bill was found against August W. Machen. Other bills were not made public, pending service by the officers.

General Tyner is paralyzed at his home in Washington. He has been connected with the postal service for years. He was Postmaster General in 1876-77, afterward First Assistant Postmaster General and Assistant Attorney General. He is nearly 80 years old and in serious physical condition. Barrett, who is indicted jointly with him, is his nephew, and came from North Carolina. He was assistant attorney until Dec. 31, when he resigned. There are two indictments against Tyner and three against Barrett. Bond was fixed for Barrett in the sum of \$10,000 and for Tyner for \$5,000, furnished in both cases by a Scranton, Pa., surety company.

Postmaster General Payne is now awaiting the report of Fourth Assistant Bristow. The next steps will be the trial of Machen in Washington and Attorney Johns and Daniel Miller in Cincinnati.

PRESIDENT ESCAPES ASSASSIN.

Crazy Anarchist Attempts to Force Way Past White House Guards.

President Roosevelt Monday narrowly had a narrow escape from death at the hands of a crazy anarchist who is now locked up in the government insane asylum. Only after a desperate struggle was the man, who gave his name as Peter Elliott and his home as Minneapolis, overpowered by the police and removed from the White House.

He had come from Minneapolis to "take control of the government," and it is believed he had planned to assassinate the President Sunday morning on his way home from church. Elliott occupied a seat in the gallery overlooking the pew in which the President sat and left the building just before the conclusion of the service and took up a position on the sidewalk a few rods away.

When the President came out and walked briskly down the street Elliott stepped suddenly forward, held out his hand and said: "Roosevelt, shake hands with Elliott."

Without slackening his pace the President raised his hat and held out his hand, saying, "I am glad to see you," and passed on. It is believed the man was disconcerted by the President's manner and had not the nerve to put his plan of murder into execution.

A little before noon Monday Elliott entered the vestibule of the White House and demanded to be admitted to see the President. It was evident that he was crazy and the attendants denied him admission. He attempted to force his way in and it was only after a hard struggle that he was overpowered and carried to a police van that had been summoned. He was placed in the van in the custody of two officers.

Seeming to realize then for the first time that he was under arrest, Elliott began the furious struggle with his captors for liberty. He drew a revolver from the right side pocket of his trousers and attempted to shoot Officer James Cissell. The officer grabbed his hand and wrenched the weapon from him.

In the struggle in the van Elliott had broken a glass panel with his head, severely cutting his head and face. Officer Cissell sustained a serious cut on his right arm. The van was hurried to the emergency hospital, where the injuries of both Cissell and Elliott were dressed. Elliott is undoubtedly violently insane.

Brief News Items.

Muskogee, I. T., is to have a new \$65,000 hotel and theater combined.

Missouri is going to break another record this year with a bumper nut crop.

The collection of the collateral inheritance tax in Missouri since the first of the year has been \$75,074.00.

Motorman Jacob Kreidler of Cincinnati was fatally injured by a collision of his electric car with a lumber wagon.

Henry Steers, formerly president of the Eleventh Ward Bank of New York, was drowned at Westport Harbor, Mass., while fishing.

Frank Hammond of Topeka, Kan., and general foreman of the iron bridge works of the Santa Fe road, was killed by a fall at Elk Falls, Kan.

Judge H. Tyler Campbell of Bristol, Tenn., has resigned his position as assistant to Attorney General Knox. The work has kept him too much on the road.

In the Circuit Court at Salisbury, Mo., Jasper Coleman was sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary for killing Rufus Cox at Dalton, five weeks before. Harmon D. Wilson, for several years past the "Kansas Notes" man of the Topeka Capital, and one of the best known newspaper men in Kansas, died at his home in Topeka of typhoid fever.

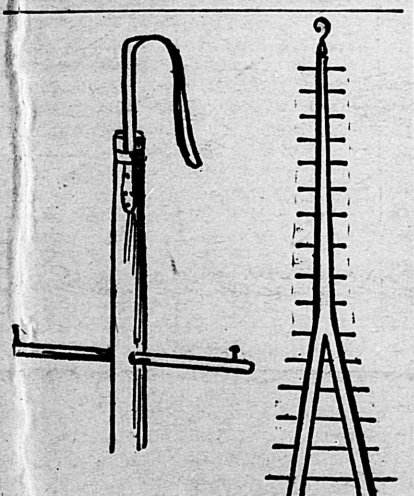
O. P. Dexter of Norwalk, Conn., a man of wealth, was shot and killed while riding along the road near Santa Clara, N. Y. No clue as to his slayer has been obtained, but it is believed he was killed by poachers.



Home-Made Fruit Ladder.

The average fruit ladder, as found in most orchards, is not particularly desirable mainly because it is not designed for this particular work. The broad top of the common ladder makes it almost impossible to get it among the branches in a firm position. Where one has considerable fruit to gather, a special ladder constructed after the plan of the one in the illustration will be found not only useful, but will save considerable time in the fruit-gathering season.

A pole, preferably a green one from the woods, should be secured, having it of the desired length. The largest end should be split up about three feet and a brace inserted to keep the sides apart. The ends which stand on the ground should be sharpened or covered with sharpened pieces of iron, which any blacksmith can fashion and attach. Bore holes one and one-half inches in diameter in both sides as far apart as the rungs are to be placed. The rungs should be formed of some tough wood so that they may not be made too bungling. At the top of the pole a strip of strap iron is fastened with a long hook so that it may be passed over the branches of the tree. The illustration on the left of the cut shows how the hook is fastened on. This ladder will cost but a small sum, and if well made will last for years.



HOME-MADE FRUIT LADDER.

It would be a good plan to have several of them of different lengths.

Lime and Sulphur Wash.

Fruit growers are quite interested in the formula composing the new insecticide, lime and sulphur, but have found the labor of making it considerable because of the necessity for boiling the mixture. Recent experiments have shown that if potash or caustic soda is used there will be no necessity for boiling. The formula for making in this way is this: Take twenty pounds of sulphur, forty pounds of lime, five pounds of caustic soda and sixty gallons of water. Make a thin paste of the sulphur and dissolve the caustic soda in water.

In slaking the lime, use only enough water to make it boil rapidly. During the process of slaking, pour into the lime the sulphur paste, and then the caustic soda solution, adding water if necessary, and stirring rapidly until all bubbling stops, when dilute with water to the consistency and strength needed for the spraying. The use of this material in spraying is not only a decided check on scale, but very effective against various insects. Applications may be made in the late fall, in midwinter and in the early spring.

Crops for Orchards.

If the soil in the orchard is in good shape and fairly rich, the best cover crop is undoubtedly crimson clover, and this may be sown at any time now. If the soil is poor crimson clover is not likely to succeed, so that something that will add humus to the soil should be used rather than to attempt to get the benefit of the legumes. For sowing in an orchard of this kind rye will probably be most satisfactory. It should be sown about the 1st of September, and plowed under in the early spring, and then the summer cultivation of the surface soil taken up again. It is quite probable that following this method will put the soil in shape so that another fall it will be fit to grow crimson clover.

Good for Hogs.

Take six bushels of cob charcoal or three bushels of common charcoal, eight pounds of salt and one pound of Epsom salts, two quarts of air-slack lime, one bushel of wood ashes. Break the charcoal into small pieces and thoroughly mix the other ingredients with it. Then take one pound of copperas and dissolve in hot water, and with an ordinary watering net sprinkle over the whole mass and again mix thoroughly. This mixture should be kept dry. Feeding a portion of it twice a week furnishes something that the hogs demand and assists in taking off the gases of the stomach, expelling worms and regulating their conditions.—Winchester (Ind.) Herald.

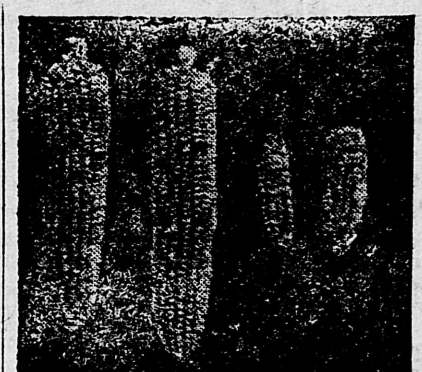
Large Farm Families.

One of the English agricultural societies has started a new form of competition along the line of the anti-race suicide idea. The first prize went to the farm laborer who had brought up and established in a career the greatest number of children. The winning family had a record of 19 children born,

17 brought up and 12 of these at work. The second prize winner had 15 children, 13 brought up, all usefully occupied. There were 10 entries, and those next in order had 16, 14, 13, and 12 children, respectively.

The Value of Fertilizer.

The Purdue Experiment Station has been conducting a number of experiments with corn, using different kinds of fertilizer. The tests show that kainit is valuable as compared with straw or lime. The corn was planted the second week in June. The corn on the plats to which kainit or straw was applied made a continuous growth, and after the middle of July these plats could readily be distinguished from a distance by a darker color than



TREATED AND UNTREATED EARS.

that shown on the plats on which no fertilizer was used. The treated plats did not ripen as early as the others, and the fodder was slightly damaged by frost on September 27, although no injury was done to the ears. The corn was cut from the different plats October 3 and husked October 19. The yield and treatment are shown in the accompanying table:

Plot No.	Treatment.	Yield Per Acre—bushels.	Sound corn, tons.	Fodder, tons.
1.	Straw	48.4	2.30	2.80
2.	None	28.6	1.39	1.84
3.	Kainit	55.3	2.43	2.84
4.	Lime	52.4	2.48	2.84
5.	Lime	25.1	1.45	1.84
6.	Straw	48.6	1.32	1.84
7.	None	19.1	1.04	1.84
8.	Kainit	60.4	2.43	2.84
9.	Kainit	52	2.21	2.84
10.	Lime	15.04	1.04	1.84
11.	None	4	.96	1.84

The conclusion is that returns are bound to be profitable in land treated as were the plants in the experiments cited—especially as to kainit or straw. Another thing shown is that the influence of the treatment is bound to be effective for years to come, as the land will the more readily respond to labor put upon it.

Keeping Sweet Potatoes.

To keep well sweet potatoes should be dug when the soil is quite dry and afterward spread thin to cure for ten days at least in an outbuilding secure from rain and frost. Road dust one-third of which is composed of fine sand is best for packing in. Place a layer of dust in the bottom of box or barrel or whatever is used to pack in, then a layer of potatoes, being careful to cover every potato completely with dust before adding the next layer. The last layer is dust. We keep sweet potatoes in this manner all winter, and they seem as fresh as when first packed. We keep them in an outhouse until severely cold weather, merely covering the boxes with carpeting, etc. When severe cold sets in they are removed to a room where a fire is kept part of the day only. Failure to keep well is often due to too much heat or packing away in too warm materials.—Cor. Ohio Farmer.

Prolific New Wheats.

New varieties of Russian wheat have been tested with good results at a branch experiment station in Kansas. Several kinds, Kharkov, Crimean, Theiss, etc., yielded over forty bushels per acre, and others ranged from thirty-five to forty bushels. The seed is being sold to Kansas wheat growers.

Farm Notes.

The crab apple is one of the hardiest of trees, and as there is nearly always a demand for crab apples in market, they are found profitable by some. The blossoms are beautiful in spring, and the trees are more ornamental than some which are used for shade and ornament. The large and growing demand for pure jellies and preserves should create a larger market in the future for crab apples.

Roller process bran is, on the average, better than old process bran. Bran is rich in ash, or mineral matter, which renders it a suitable food for growing animals. It serves well with all foods which are lacking in line or bone forming material, and is valuable in the manure heap. It may not be equal to linseed meal or some other foods, for certain purposes, but it is a food that should always be used.

A city boy is greener in the country than the country boy is in the city. A dairyman recently hired a young city chap and sometime during the first week gave him the order to "salt the calves." He found out later that this young American had rubbed about a quart of salt into the hair on the back of each calf. Later horses running in the pasture discovered these salty calves and proceeded to help themselves, resulting in many instances in the hair being licked completely off.

Hothouse farming is not only profitable, but it seems to possess quite a fascination in the very nature of the work. Most florists and hothouse gardeners appear interested and even enthusiastic, while their sons often take special interest in the work under glass, and are not so likely to leave the farm as are other young men in the country. Gardening in moist, perpetual summer has both pleasures and drawbacks, but seems as near as anything to an ideal pursuit for men or women adapted to the requirements.



Manufacturers of bullet-proof underwear are still hurrying their agents to the Balkans.—Washington Post.

Andrew Carnegie is not the only man in the world who is struggling to die poor.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"Kid" Curry, the Montana outlaw, is as evasive as a taxpayer when the assessor makes his rounds.—Portland Telegram.

A diplomat declares once more that Europe is standing on the edge of a precipice. Europe has always stood there.—Dallas News.

It must be admitted that the Turk is a tough old boy, but is he any worse than some of the civilized powers?—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

However, Abdul Hamid might possibly crawl into the class of distinguished gentlemen who are loved for the enemies they have made.—Detroit Free Press.

How much of the homicidal character and reputation of Kentucky must be charged to a long line of hair-trigger-pardon Governors?—Atlanta Constitution.

As a means of restraining the vicious appetite of the Turk, Macedonia might try the plan of putting formaldehyde in the blood.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Placer mining machine has been invented that will make gold plentiful, and this will help us to stave off the trusts for a little while.—New York Telegram.

It is estimated that \$600,000,000 has been lost by strikes this year, to say nothing of the "initiation fees" collected by walking delegates.—Detroit Free Press.

It is doubtful whether, in spite of all this war news, the average American will get his ideas of the little countries in eastern Europe unsarried.—Washington Times.

An increase has been made in the price of Beaumont and Sour Lake oil, which is supposed to be one of the first steps in the Standardization of Texas.—Indianapolis News.

Elijah Dowle ought not to try his hand at reforming Wall street until John D. Rockefeller has had an ample opportunity to test his methods thoroughly.—Atlanta Journal.

If it is true that Prof. Langley got his idea of a flying machine from the pterodactyl, the frequent bad spells of the professor's machine are accounted for.—Kansas City Journal.

Dr. Wiley says the time is rapidly approaching when the human race will be toothless and hairless. The man who owns the earth is almost that way now.—Minneapolis Times.

If the time ever comes when the novelists form a union, perhaps we shall have the Great Amalgamated American Novel with fifteen different kinds of dialect.—Washington Times.

Won't that magnetic pole they have discovered in the neighborhood of Skagway do just as well as the north pole? 'Twould save a heap of trouble if it would.—Indianapolis News.

It is now thought that Dowager Empress An of China cannot live more than a year. Alas! that year may cost the Flowery Kingdom years upon years of repentance.—St. Louis Star.

Premier Petoff seems to be in the position of the man who was yoked with a runaway bull and who thought that words of caution should be addressed to the bull.—Baltimore Herald.

A great many New Yorkers entertain doubts of David B. Hill's future usefulness in politics, if he intends to insist on scriptural authority for everything that happens.—Washington Star.

WHY STEEL MILLS ARE CLOSED.

The Vast Output Responsible for the Idle Blast Furnaces.

The closing down of steel plants is easily understood when the wonderful advance in its production is taken into account. Andrew Carnegie says on this point:

"In the year of 1872 the Pennsylvania Steel Company made 20,000 tons of steel rails. They make that amount in two weeks now. The Bethlehem Iron Works is another property which has increased its output many times over that of 1872. The great Cambria Iron Works, near Pittsburg, were credited with having no less than 1,027½ tons of ingots in the week ended September 20, 1875, the largest quantity ever made in a week—a day's work nowadays—and so it goes with all the big mills. In 1872 the pig iron production of the United States was over 2,000,000 tons; now it is 20,000,000.

"The progress of Germany and Britain has also been noteworthy. Britain made 643,000 tons of steel in 1874, and last year 1,826,000 tons. Germany made 362,000 tons in 1874, last year 6,394,000. In 1874 Britain made 6,654,000 tons of pig iron, Germany 1,908,000 tons. Last year they made 8,518,000 and 8,403,000 tons respectively. In 1874 the world was producing nearly 14,000,000 tons of pig iron and 280,000,000 tons of coal. Now there is being produced 41,000,000 tons of pig iron and 780,000,000 tons of coal.

"The work of a week is now done in a day, but great as is the contrast, here is one still greater. There have been made and sold without loss hundreds of thousands of tons of four-inch steel billets at three pounds for a penny. Think of selling three pounds of steel for one penny, with American labor the highest by 100 per cent. over Germany and England. If there is an interruption in this industry it will be only temporary; but it will not be surprising if it comes to pass in view of the enormous quantities being turned out."

The dispute concerning wages between the shipbuilders of Belfast, Ireland, and the Bollermakers' and Iron Shipbuilders' Society has been settled, conditions being granted in the notices of reductions.

Four hundred female rubber workers are on strike at New Haven, Conn., due to a demand by the employers for more work without any increase in wages.

The probating of Lord Salisbury's will showed that he left an estate valued at \$1,551,680.

"Make our store your headquarters while attending the fair."
BURTON-ENSLOW CO.

Low Prices to Interest Every Visitor to THE STREET FAIR

Appreciating the fact that many attending the fair will do their fall trading while here, we have prepared to assist them by having our STOCK COMPLETE in every department. We feel that our splendidly assorted stocks of DRESS GOODS, SILKS, VELVETS, CLOAKS, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, RIBBONS, LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES, will prove sufficiently attractive to repay a visit to our store. **OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE ON EVERY ARTICLE SHOWN IN OUR MAMMOTH STOCK.**

SPECIAL SALE
CLOAKS
SUITS and
FURS



THURSDAY
OCT. 15

We will have with us a salesman from our Cloak House who will give a special showing of

Cloaks, Suits, Furs

Ladies wishing to get the Newest and Up-to-Date Wear

Should Attend This Sale

BLACK DRESS GOODS

Excellent showing of Black Zibelines and Suitings are to be found in our Dress Goods section.

52 inch Black Broadcloth very fine finish	\$1.00
48 inch Fine Zibeline, per yard.....	\$1.35
46 inch Fine Venetian, extra finish, per yard.....	\$1.50
52 inch Black Zibeline, short nap, high lustre, per yard.....	\$1.50

Underwear for Fall and Winter

We have put forth an extra effort to have our Underwear stock complete. We show a great many styles and kinds.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Union Suits, each.....	25c
Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Union Suits in white, ecru, onita or melba style, each.....	50c
Ladies' extra heavy lamb fleeced or jersey Union Suits at each.....	98c
Ladies' fine wool Union Suits in grey and white at each \$1.50, \$1.85 and.....	\$1.98
Ladies' jersey ribbed Vests and Pants at each.....	50c
Ladies' very fine wool Vests and Pants, grey, white, black and red, at each.....	\$1.00
Children's heavy fleeced Vests and Pants in all sizes, from each 15c to.....	35c
Children's Jersey ribbed Union Suits ages 2 to 14, each.....	50c
Boys' extra heavy lamb fleece Union Suits sizes 28 to 34 at each.....	50c

SPECIAL PRICES ON... TAILOR-MADE SUITS

We have in stock several Tailor-Made Suits purchased the last spring which we are going to offer at bargain prices—prices that will move them quickly.

8 Ladies' Suits, 32 size, colors red, blue, castor and green.....	\$8.00
11 Ladies' Suits, 34 size, colors red, castor, blue, black and grey, were \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00 and.....	\$8.00
6 Ladies' Suits, 3 each of sizes 36 and 38, colors black, brown, grey and blue, were \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00 now.....	\$8.00
5 Ladies' Suits, were \$10.00, now.....	\$5.00

SHOES THAT WEAR and FIT

We sell the well known line of E. P. Reed & Co.'s Ladies' Fine Shoes, no better shoe made—quality and style the best.

Ladies' Shoes for \$1.25 per pair to.....	\$3.50
Misses' Shoes for \$1.00 per pair to.....	\$2.00
Children's Shoes for 75c per pair to.....	\$1.50



Complete line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's rubbers, overshoes and rubber boots on hand—all new stock.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cloaks



During the fair we will show a complete line of Wraps for Fall and Winter.

Ladies' Box Coats, castor, blue, black.....	\$4.98
Ladies' box coat, no collar, stole trimmed, blue, black and castor.....	\$6.00
Ladies' Box Coat and Louis XIV.....	\$1.00
Louis XIV Prince Alberte Cloak at each \$15.00, \$17.50 to.....	\$20.00
Children's Long Cloaks, ages 2 to 14, in plain cloths and zibeline colors in red, blue and castor in prices ranging from \$1.98, \$2.50, \$3.50.....	\$7.50

THE OLD RELIABLE



Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

DALTON CITY

C. A. Hight was a Decatur visitor last Tuesday.
 Miss Lou Jones got badly stung by honey bees last Monday.
 The board of trustees held their regular October meeting Monday night last.
 Harvey Vest was a Sullivan visitor last Tuesday and was before the grand jury.
 Alfred Clark and son, Dean, of Mansfield visited with home folks the present week.
 Miss Emily Lovell is sick with malaria fever. Dr. Wilson is her attending physician.
 Miss Daisy Ferre of Decatur was at Dalton City a few days last week visiting old friends.
 John Kaigley, who it will be remembered was so badly hurt in a

fight some three weeks since, is now suffering with typhoid fever along with his injuries.
 George Webb had the misfortune to loose one out of his team of horses last Monday and Tuesday.
 Beldon Bros. put a car load of wagons into their implement house last Monday and Tuesday.
 Rev. Smith is down sick with typhoid fever and has not been able to move here yet. Rev. Fields was here last Sunday and conducted the church services in his place.
 Jesse Hight has bought the coal sheds, etc. belonging to A. M. Craig and will hereafter run the coal business. Mr. Craig's failing health has compelled him to retire from active business, at least for a time.
 A heavy wind storm last Friday afternoon did much damage to the corn crop southwest of this city, many fields are said to be nearly ruined, several farmers report at least ten bushels per acre damage.
 Some steps should be taken to put a stop to the depredations of the chicken thieves, as a great many people throughout the surrounding country and some in town are reporting the loss of their poultry.
 The new millinery store has just received its second invoice of fall and winter hats, the remaining stock of early fall hats will now be sold at cost. Call soon if you want a bargain, as the stock will soon go at the prices they are offered at.
 The board of trustees caused the arrest of James Hudson, our restauranter, last Friday on a charge of selling hop ale. A said to be intoxicated's trial is set for next Saturday at one o'clock p. m. Mr. Hudson has engaged LeForgee of Decatur as his attorney, and it is not made public who the village will employ. The case will be tried before Wm. Clark, police magistrate, and considerable

public interest is manifested in the result.

Last week A. S. Clark had a local ad offering some fine Partridge Cochins chicks for sale. Well a customer came and took them nearly all, but he came some time during the night and forgot to call and pay for them. Newspapers claim great profits to the advertiser, but we believe that in the case of chickens it is better to keep the public, or at least some of them, in ignorance of the fact if possible, that you have a lot of fine poultry.

LOVINGTON

Jim Daley went to Decatur Tuesday.
 Int Stanley was in Springfield last Friday.
 J. Will Foster was a Decatur visitor Saturday.
 Harry L. Crawford of Hindsboro spent Sunday with home folks.
 Dr. W. K. Hoover and wife were Springfield visitors last Friday.
 Miss Minnie McCraey returned from Ida Grove, Iowa last Saturday.
 Frank Browning of near Moweaqua is visiting friends here for a few days.
 Jacob Drake has entered the Milliken university at Decatur for this winter.
 Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Pifer returned last Friday after a week's visit in Chicago.
 Charles Monroe of Sullivan was the guest of D. R. Sutter and family Sunday.
 Forrest Pollard and Jacob Drake, two J. M. U. students spent Sunday at home.
 Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Brown went to Oklahoma to visit their daughter Tuesday.

A. W. Lux, who has been quite ill for a few days, is again able to be on the streets.

S. P. Drake and Cal Hostetler returned Friday from their hunting tour in Wisconsin.

Claude Hostetler went to Chicago Monday to resume his duties as a student in the dental college.

Miss Fannie Elliott came home Tuesday after a two week's visit with her grandfather in Niantic.

Miss Alyce Bailey is home from Springfield spending the week with her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hall and little daughter of Wisconsin are the guests of Hr. Hall's mother, Mrs. John Foster.

A. A. Brown, Miss Flossis Murphy, C. A. Gregory and Miss Lillie Cheever went to Decatur Friday night to attend the play "Hoity Toity."

Arthur Hall and family left for their home in Wisconsin last Thursday after a two week's visit with Mr. Hall's mother, Mrs. John Foster.

The Epworth League gave what they termed, a good time social, at the M. E. church Monday night. It consisted of a literary program and a social meeting also.

A reception was given last Friday night at the M. E. church in honor of J. P. Edgar and family. The reception was not very well attended on account of the extremely inclement weather.

BETHANY

Albert Belley was a Decatur visitor Sunday.
 Mrs. John Smith is reported very low with typhoid fever.
 Jesse McCord returned Monday from a trip to Alberta, Canada.

Mrs. Marshall of Wainsville is visiting her daughter at this place.

Miss Lizzie Zwick returned Monday from a week's visit in Chicago.

Quite a number of our people are attending the Sullivan street fair this week.

Miss Lillian Ashmore of Brown's Business college spent Sunday with relatives.

Bob Sattley returned home Monday after spending some time in South Dakota.

A. R. Beavers returned home Sunday after spending several weeks in South Dakota.

John Lennox and wife left Tuesday for Kansas where they will visit relatives and friends.

Mrs. W. H. Davis and daughter, Eva, is visiting with Sam Miller and wife at Sullivan this week.

A few friends gathered at the home of H. J. Low with well filled baskets to remind him of his sixty-fifth birthday. A very pleasant time was reported by those present who were, Joe Dedman and family, Isaac Low and family, Harley Smith and family, Will Low and family, Ben Perry and family, Miss Fletta Travis.

Mrs. Edward Stables died at her home Saturday night about twelve o'clock, aged 83 years, 11 months and 10 days. She was born in West Moorland, England in the year of 1819 and was married to Edward Stables in 1844, and to this union were born ten children of which all are living but four. Three weeks ago she went for a visit with her son, Flem Stables, and wife at Olney and while there she fell and broke her hip and also dislocated her right arm. About a week ago she was brought home, she grew worse and died Saturday night. The funeral took place Monday morning at ten o'clock at the residence, Rev. Silvius officiating. The interment being in the new cemetery. Besides her family she leaves a host of relatives and friends to mourn her death.

STATE BANK

Sullivan, Illinois.



Anybody Can Do Business

with the State Bank of Sullivan. There is nothing complicated about our method. The office boy can deposit or draw money, purchase drafts, money orders, etc. We have perfected our system so that all business involving the payment or transfer of money, issue of notes, drafts, checks and transactions of a similar nature is done expeditiously and with the best care possible.

CHAS. SHUMAN, President.
 JOHN R. EDEN, Vice President.
 IRVING SHUMAN, Cashier.
 S. T. BOLIN, Teller.

R-I-P-A-N-S Tablets
 Doctors find
 A good prescription
 for mankind

The 5-cent packet is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle (50 cents) contains a supply for a year. All druggists sell them.

DR. CALDWELL'S
SYRUP PEP-SIN
 CURES INDIGESTION.