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126th Regiment Election
On Wednesday, August 21, thirty-four members of the 126th regiment met in the court house and elected the following officers:
President—Thomas Campbell, Rock Island.
First Vice President—Andrew Blaisdel, Rock Island.
Second Vice President—B. W. Frazee, Filmore.
Chaplain—James A. Crowder, Bethany.
Secretary—John H. Cleand, Rock Island.
Corresponding Secretary—D. G. Lindsay, Sullivan.

DECATUR FAVORS IT.

People in General Ask Their Aldermen to Give Company a Franchise.

R. B. Starbuck of Mattoon and George B. Spitzer of Mt. Zion and A. R. Scott of Bethany were in Decatur Monday to see about the affairs of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon interurban. They were there to see if anything could be done to further the plans of that company to get a franchise to Decatur.

In spite of the delay to which the company has been subjected by the action of the Decatur city council, Mr. Starbuck has no notion of giving up the fight. He says that the movement is in the east, and has not the least doubt that the road will be built. He says they will try to get into Decatur over one street and if they can not do that they will ask to come in over another; and if it is found that the company can not select a street that is acceptable to the council, it may be that the aldermen will be asked to point out a way to get into Decatur.

The visitors and T. T. Springer went to the Country club grounds on Monday morning. It was suggested that the interurban might connect with the McKinley lines at that point, which could be done by buying a short stretch of private right of way. Mr. Starbuck and the others were not impressed with that connection after looking the ground over. The trouble is there is no local business in that end of town.

Mr. Starbuck was inclined to think more favorably of East Cantrell street, and it may be that a right of way will be asked there later. However, there will be a wait until after the council meeting Monday night to see what becomes of the Prairie street petition.

During the day Mr. Starbuck called on Charles M. Hurst. This call was made for the purpose of enlisting the aid of the Chamber of Commerce to secure some reasonable franchise for the interurban company. Mr. Hurst talked very favorably and it may be the Chamber of Commerce will make a move within a few days.

The visiting men and some Decatur men interested in the enterprise were to hold a meeting Monday afternoon at the Decatur hotel to discuss the situation. This meeting is to determine what will be the best move to make next, in the event the Prairie street franchise petition is finally turned down at the meeting Monday night.

In the last few days a great many Decatur citizens have expressed themselves to the aldermen and to others about this franchise, and in nearly every instance they favor giving the interurban company all reasonable encouragement to get the line to enter the city. It has even been suggested that a mass meeting be called to protest against the action of the city council.—Mattoon Journal.

W. J. Bryan on Japan

In one of his letters on Japan, by W. J. Bryan, which appeared in the New York Sun, February 4, 1906, an extract says "the daughters were often sold for immoral purposes to relieve the indebtedness of the father, and while the custom is still on the decline there are still thousands of Japanese girls whose virtue is made a matter of merchandise in accordance with this ancient custom." It is this very condition that is the central plot of "The Belle of Japan" and how "Titi," a Japanese model and Geisha girl, is saved from such a life by three clever Americans is the theme of this novel comedy.

The handsome stage settings, scenery and costumes are a thing of beauty to behold and will be a delight to all, as will also the many singing and dancing numbers introduced during the performance.

This phenomenal hit will be at the Titus opera house on Wednesday, September 11, and as a packed house is certain, it would be well to procure tickets early. They will be on sale at the usual place.

Basket Meeting.

The congregation at the Christian church, Smyser, Whitley township, will hold a basket meeting next Sunday, September 1st, in the Garrett grove just north of the Whitley bridge and due south of Allenville. Rev. Mulligan will occupy the pulpit on that occasion.

COURT HOUSE NEWS

County Court.

Solomon Doran and D. W. Waggoner partners doing business under the firm name of Doran, Waggoner Lumber Company vs C. J. and O. B. Chandler debt. Court finds the plaintiff debt to be \$310 and his damage \$185.50 and full payment is tendered and judgement to be satisfied on payment of damage and cost.

Taylor Plummer vs Rosa Haydon. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Village of Lovington vs M. M. Stiver and G. Warner. Set for September 30, 1907.

S. W. Wright administrator of the estate of A. J. Patterson, deceased, vs. W. R. Hill and A. H. Miller. Jury dismissed and case continued.

D. O. Green and Mary F. Conn use of J. C. Clark, garnishment vs C. & E. I. R. R. Co. Cause of action settled. Cost paid, suit dismissed.

Firm of Geo. A. Sentel and W. K. Whitfield vs. C. A. Petit, N. S. Cook. Cause of action settled. Cost paid and suit dismissed.

John David Clark vs John J. Powers. Settled.

American Slicing Company vs E. Patterson. Verdict for defendant.

Ham Ethington vs J. R. and Maggie Martin. Dismissed at defendant's cost.

S. C. Lock vs William Lanum. Verdict by jury allowing plaintiff damage.

Next Grand Jurors

The board of supervisors of the several townships met in their room at the court house Monday and selected the following named persons to serve as grand jurors at the September term of court:

Sullivan—W. N. Wood, Henry Miller, John M. Wolf, Lawrence Purvis, J. E. Brisco.

Lovington—Fletcher Foster, J. T. Batley, Geo. Hewitt, Henry Murphy. Lowe—H. H. Hopper, F. E. Phillips. Dora—W. L. Hudson, C. D. Ezry, J. F. Mathias.

Jonathan Creek—J. B. Miller, Ed Beals.

East Nelson—F. M. Martin, C. F. Ethington.

Whitley—W. S. Young, J. C. Malory, Albert Baugher.

Board of Review.

The board of review, after several weeks of hard work have about completed the review of assessment. It seems that the increase on personal property in Sullivan township is almost double the rest of the county for some reason.

Following is an increase on personal property in different townships in the county:

Dora	\$5821
Marrowbone	8930
Jonathan Creek	4165
Lowe	1310
Whitley	5550
East Nelson	1650
Lovington	9115
Sullivan	28190

Marriage License.

Charles Hensly 20.....Gays.
Miss Lulu Dunnigan 20.....Gays.
William M. Keyes 20.....Dora Tp.
Miss Ada E. Ping 20.....Lovington Tp.
Clayton Poland 23.....Sullivan
Montie Patterson 19.....Sullivan

Real Estate.

Benjamin F. Fletcher—J. C. High, see record.....\$300.00
Skelton Birkett—Miss Mary Birkett lots 5, 6, 7, 8 Dalton City.....429.00

Notice to Pupils.

Pupils wishing to enter the Sullivan schools this fall may meet Supt. J. C. Hoke or Prof. O. B. Lowe at the office of the county superintendent of schools in the court house Friday and Saturday of this week.

Any pupil who may desire to do so that will come to the Superintendent's office Monday morning between the hours of eight and nine will be accompanied by Supt. J. C. Hoke to their respective grades.

Base Ball News

The base ball game played at the Purvis diamond last Sunday resulted in a score of 8 to 4 in favor of Sullivan.

Next Sunday afternoon the Sullivan greys will play against the team from Urbana.

MARRAGES.

POLAND—PATTERSON.

Clayton Poland and Miss Montie Patterson were married Wednesday evening by Elder J. W. Mathers at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Patterson, who live in the west part of town in the presence of about fifty invited guests.

The groom is an industrious young gentleman engaged with his father J. W. Poland in the butcher shop and buying and shipping stock.

The bride is an attractive accomplished young lady.

They will go to house-keeping in the property just north of C. O. Pifer on south Main street.

They have a large circle of friends who will extend them hearty good wishes.

CLAWSON—PATTERSON

James W. Clawson, aged 74 and Mrs. Mary E. Patterson, aged 64, of Windsor were married by Judge Green Wednesday at Shelbyville.

Squire Clawson is one of the pioneers of Ash Grove township and is highly respected. He is a democrat, and usually keeps himself pretty level-headed. He did follow after Grover Cleveland, however, and so enamored of that gentleman did he become that when Cleveland was defeated for re-election to the presidency Mr. Clawson vowed he would not cut his hair until Grover again occupied the White House. In accordance with this vow the Squire allowed his hair to grow until it could be dressed like a lady's and he attracted much attention because of the hirsute appendage.

It would still be adorning the head of the aged Squire, doubtless, were it not for the objection of his sweetheart, who declared that until it was cut the marriage ceremony would not take place. Love of woman and home was stronger than love of a politician, so Mr. Clawson visited a barber, who cleared the way for the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Clawson are living happily together in their home in Ash Grove township.

KEYES—PING.

William M. Keyes and Miss Ada E. Ping were married Saturday by Esquire Mattox at the parlor of the court house.

M. A. Mattox has the honor of solemnizing the first wedding at that place.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

Friday being the fiftieth anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Lilly living near Allenville, their children took the advantage of the occasion by preparing a surprise. A number of the relatives and friends met at their home with well filled baskets to help them celebrate their Golden Wedding. Mrs. Sarah Smith Lilly is a sister of Mrs. David Harbaugh.

Serious Accident.

Tuesday afternoon little Kathleen Hathaway ran from the street on the north side of the square to the court house well, a wagon passed in front of her, but she did not notice a long ladder extending from the back and running, her momentum caused her forehead to strike with such a force against the ladder as to throw her backwards on the pavement and to strike the back of her head. She was picked up insensible and carried to the parlor in the court house. After some time she was able to get up and be taken to her aunts. The little girl is the daughter of the Hathaways who come here at different times with a show, her father being a noted contortionist. The child is here with her grandmother, Mrs. Mitchell of Eldorado Springs, Mo., and is visiting her (Mrs. Mitchell's) aunt, Mrs. L. P. Hapner.

All Bids Rejected

All bids for the erection and equipment of the Pythian home which is to be built in Decatur, were rejected at the meeting of the committee held Tuesday afternoon at the Dunlap hotel at Jacksonvile.

Four bids for the erection of the building were received and fifteen bids were offered for the equipment of the building. All were several hundred dollars in excess of the appropriation that had been made and therefore it was impossible to consider any of them.

MISCELLANEOUS

Birth-day Party

Last Sunday being the sixteenth birthday of Miss Pearl Maxedon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Maxedon living near Lovington, her parents gave her a party Saturday in honor of the occasion.

Pearl Hoffman, Pearl Maxedon, Zola Dixon, Fleta Howell and Dr. William Donovan entertained the crowd for about an hour with music.

Then a peanut hunt followed. A number of peanut hulls containing a number to which a string was attached, after some mystic winding of the string was concealed, each gentleman was handed the other end of it and required to follow it tracing its course to the peanut to which it was attached, the next object was to find the girl holding the number corresponding with the one found in the peanut hull. Each gentleman was then to entertain each lady three minutes in succession beginning with his number and going around the circle, the ladies balloting afterwards as to which was the best entertainer.

Dr. Donovan won both first and second prizes, a book and a fine riding whip. Ice cream and cake were served and then more excellent music. The party left at a late hour thanking the host and the hostess for the pleasures of the evening and wishing Miss Pearl many more joyous birthdays.

Birthday Dinner.

The many friends of Amos Wood gathered at the home of his sister, Mrs. Wm. Lehman, south west of town Tuesday with well filled baskets with every thing good to eat and the table well filled at the noon hour and ice cream and cake and lemonade were served in the evening. All departed at a late hour wishing Amos many more such birthdays.

Jamestown Exposition.

September 14th has been set aside as Illinois Day at the Jamestown Exposition and an elaborate program has been arranged for the celebration of the event. Governor Deneen and his staff will be there on that date, and one or two regiments of Illinois State troops will also be present to participate. Illinois has a beautiful State building at the Exposition and also a fine Exhibit Palace.

As the Prairie State set the pace in Expositions upon the occasion of the World's Columbian celebration, Virginia is anxious to show the people of Illinois what has been done on this historic site, presenting as she does an Exposition constructed along lines materially different, but the acme of beauty, novelty and stateliness.

The Exposition is now complete, saintly conditions are perfect and hotel accommodations for all who may come will be found satisfactory and at prices decidedly reasonable.

The Hard Road.

J. W. Worthen of Quincy, has been here several days making arrangements for the hard road from the east end of Jackson street. When the work is fairly under way they will work a force of fifteen men and six or eight teams. They expect to have the road completed in two months.

The road bed will first be excavated to a slight depth and rolled with a roller weighing ten tons. The full width of the lane will be rolled and made solid.

The driveway, twelve feet will be made of crushed stone. The cost of the road is estimated at \$4,500. \$1,700 is paid by local donation and the remainder by the state.

Sullivan W. C. T. U. Elect Officers.

The Sullivan Woman's Christian Temperance Union elected officers for the coming year: President—Mrs. J. W. Dawdy. Vice President, M. E. church—Mrs. Jno. R. McClure.

Vice President, Christian church—Mrs. Margaret Hampton. Treasurer—Mrs. G. N. Lewis. Secretary—Anna P. Daugherty.

The Sullivan Democrat has passed into new hands. W. K. Whitfield having sold his interest to Mrs. Kate Hudson, who has installed Isaac Hudson as business manager and editor.

BUY YOU ONE TOOTH BRUSH EACH MONTH

Spend a Quarter and Save \$500.

A noted surgeon has found by observation that more cases of appendicitis are caused by using old tooth brushes than by any other cause. The bristles loosen, slide along the alimentary canal until they reach the vermiform appendix where they stop and cause the inflammation called appendicitis. Result a \$500 operation. This can be saved by buying tooth brushes ONCE A MONTH.

They are sold at prices ranging from 10c to 35c by

F. K. Dilman,

Corner Drug Store.

ATTENTION

I am now fully equipped to do hauling to any part of the town. I take this method to solicit a part of your patronage. Prompt service. Satisfaction guaranteed. If in need of anything in the dray line give me your orders.

E. A. Sharp.

Phone 78.

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To take a meal at the Empire Restaurant. Menu and service the best. Appetizing dinners for

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We are making a specialty of serving First Class

Sunday dinners and they are a success too.

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I. C. Excursions.

We are prepared to give you the best in the way of routes and rates to the Jamestown Exposition. Call on rophone J. M. Starbuck, I. C. Agent.

"The Belle of Japan."

It is certainly a pleasure to our theater goers to know that they will have an opportunity of witnessing something really new, and that they will embrace the chance and pack the house for "The Belle of Japan" when it comes to Titus opera house on Wednesday, September 11, there is no question. No play ever met with greater success, and that success is due to the fact that they give the people just the kind of a performance that the average theater-goer likes, presented by a company of merit, enhanced by beautiful costumes, scenery and electrical effects.

Tickets will be on sale at the usual place.

Family Reunion.

Hugh Horn of Hillsborough, Iowa, is here visiting his brother, Isaac Horn and family, west of town. Tuesday the party spent the day with Isaac Alvy and family. Thursday Isaac Horn and wife, Hugh Horn and their sister, Mrs. Hannah Alvy, started for Knox county, Ohio, to attend a reunion of the Horn family. After visiting there a short time they will go to Washington county, Pennsylvania, the place of their birth and childhood home to stay awhile. Then returning by the way of the Jamestown Exposition.

Why should you set good examples? Because young men are so apt to follow them.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

POSTMAN TO POSTMASTER



From letter carrier to postmaster of New York city, the most important position in the postal service outside of Washington. Such has been the remarkable career of Edward M. Morgan, whom President Roosevelt recently selected as successor to William R. Willcox who resigned to become a member of the new York city public utilities commission.

For 24 years he has been an employe of the post office, for nine years he has been assistant postmaster and the virtual head of the great organization which handles more mail than any other post office in America.

Mr. Morgan was born in Marshall, Mich., November 16, 1855. He entered the local postal service as a carrier July 1, 1873, continuing in that branch of the service for five years, after which he was transferred to the clerical force. His advancement in this branch of the service was rapid, and within a year after he was transferred to it he became chief clerk of Branch B. He continued in that position for four years, winning the regard of his superiors by his marked ability as an organizer, and careful attention to his duties, and in January, 1889, he was made superintendent of Branch I.

In this position Mr. Morgan displayed marked ability as an organizer, and the manner in which the affairs of the station were conducted attracted such general attention that when the local authorities decided to reorganize Branch E, where the discipline had become lax, the task was at once given to him.

Mr. Morgan filled that position until July, 1889, when Postmaster Van Cott appointed him general superintendent of city delivery. This is regarded as one of the most important positions in the service, involving the control of the entire delivery system and the supervision of the carrier force. After Mr. Van Cott's death Mr. Morgan served as acting postmaster until the appointment of Mr. Willcox.

STRONG FRIEND OF KOREA



Homer B. Hulbert, who has come to America to plead with this country to stand by its old treaty of special friendship for Korea, is one of the most interesting men in the far east. He is an American born, and curious to say, the man who is upholding the Japanese side of the controversy. W. D. Stevens, adviser to the Mikado's government, is an American, too. It has been a duel between these two men, and although Hulbert is beaten for the time being, he is a man who does not know the meaning of the word surrender.

Mr. Hulbert was a missionary and was sent to Korea by the United States government when that country made an appeal for teachers. An active man of nervous temperament, his duties as teacher did not occupy all his time, and he turned to literature. He published numerous educational works in the vernacular and two books in English on Korea. He also edited the Korean Review, a little blue-backed monthly very similar in appearance to the publications gotten out by some of the university undergraduates.

But it was full of snap and ginger for the editor is a man utterly lacking in fear, and one who would not mince terms in telling of the tyrannies practiced by the Japanese upon his adopted country. He told the world of Japan's schemes to obtain full control over the country, and exposed Japanese plots step by step, for he stood close to the emperor and was in a position to know what was going on.

He organized a patriotic league and it was he who engineered the recent appeal to the Hague conference to intervene and save the second oldest country in the world from being swallowed up by the nation which owed its early civilization to her. It was due to the maneuvering of that other American, W. D. Stevens, that the floor of the conference was slammed in the faces of the delegates, and all hope taken away save an appeal to the American people.

LADY SOMERSET RETIRES



The retirement of Lady Henry Somerset from active public life is an event of great interest to women not only in the United States, where she is widely known, but also in Great Britain and among women of other foreign lands.

Lady Somerset signaled her birthday anniversary recently by taking up her residence permanently at the Duxhurst Farm Colony, near Reigate, England, where are brought daily women and girls of the underworld of London to police courts, for possible reclamation. The population of the colony is entirely feminine. It was through Lady Henry Somerset's initiative and enterprise about ten years ago that this model colony was started. It has been so successful that the British government has established a number of similar colonies in other parts of the kingdom for similar treatment of the inebriate.

Lady Henry Somerset is 57 years of age. It is just 20 years since she gave herself to the arduous labors of current social reforms. For this she renounced the fashionable set, of which she had been the life, and entered on a course of special preparation, taking lessons in elocution, studying at close hand the problems of the poor and degenerate, and giving herself with all her large wealth and influence to the work for humanity. She was closely associated with Frances Willard during the last seven years of that great reformer's life, was president of the British Women's Temperance association for over 15 years, and at Miss Willard's death in 1898, succeeded her as president of the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union.

ONCE POWER IN LABOR WORLD



Terence V. Powderly, once the leading figure in the labor world as organizer and general master workman of the Knights of Labor, the arbiter of innumerable labor disputes and a power in politics where the labor vote was concerned, has disappeared so completely from public view the last years that when his name appeared in an answer to a frivolous request for information by an actress seeking advertising, most people had forgotten that he has been for years filling a comfortable government job as chief of the bureau of information for the immigration department.

His was a spectacular career. At the age of 13 he began to earn his own living as a switch tender, and became an expert machinist. At the age of 29 he was elected mayor of Scranton, Pa., on the labor ticket and was twice reelected later. He was master workman of the Knights of Labor from 1879 to 1893, and during that time he made it a power to be reckoned with, not only in labor disputes but in politics as well. After he retired from the organization it was soon disrupted. In such high esteem was he held in those days that he was elected an honorary member of the G. A. R. posts in 17 different states.

It was regarded by many as inconsistent that while Powderly was grand master of the Knights of Labor, which excluded lawyers from membership, he was actually studying law himself, but so it was, and he was admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania in 1894, and to the bar of the supreme court in 1901.

In 1897 he was given a government billet and the author of "Thirty Years of Labor" and many other economic works, the man who had controlled scores of thousands of workmen, subsided from public view, reappearing only for a moment in 1902 with a scheme for a cooperative mining company in Trenton, N. J. This was to be the forerunner of a number of other cooperative schemes, but it probably never materialized, for nothing more has been heard of it, and Powderly is still holding a government job.

The Trade Union as a Civilizing Factor

By WILL J. FRENCH



IT IS now a recognized axiom that all successful effort comes as the result of organization. While reform movements have one or more individuals responsible for their existence, it is the concentration of purpose added to numbers that wins. The modern trade union has been criticized, justly and unjustly, but its underlying principles are founded on the doctrine of the greatest good to the greatest number, and the laudable desire to remedy conditions at times intolerable and always capable of improvement.

The labor movement sometimes needs to be saved from its friends. Restriction of membership, high initiation fees, the false idea that men have not an equal right to live and work, with here and there an organization refusing them admittance, and other abuses that might be named, are recognized by the student of the questions of the day as wrong. We might as well be candid. It pays, even though it may not always be popular. But recognizing shortcomings—and what individual or organization is without them?—the effort to pull down the structure of trade unionism instead of helping to remedy its defects, calls for a dispassionate review of the results attained by combination.

The trade union is an important factor in assisting women to improved conditions. "Equal pay for equal work" has long been the slogan of those who call for justice between the sexes. The injustice of

taking advantage of the weak simply because of the want of strength is apparent to all fair-minded persons.

The trade union is ever vigilant in opposition to child labor. This appalling system of making money at the expense of sapping the life blood of members of the coming generation is a source of regret and wonder—not only to our own citizens, but also to investigators from foreign lands. Lack of education is a menace to any country. Stunting of physique degrades a people. Occasionally the exigency of circumstances impels parents to add to the family income, but the duty of the state is imperative. Laws remedying this condition of affairs are lobbied against by interests not exactly impersonal or patriotic, and their defeat is sometimes encompassed by illegitimate means. The glass workers' association of Minnetonka, in southern New Jersey, has taken 75 children from the unhealthy work of the glass factories and sent them to school, at the same time paying the small salaries they were accustomed to. In one of the southern states a typographical union is paying for the education of future citizens of this republic who were a few months ago employed in a mine—shut out from the sunlight, from the pleasures of childhood and from the opportunities that have an upward trend. Of the disinterestedness of those associated with the labor movement in preserving the children of both sexes other instances might be named did space permit. Suffice it to say that the trade unionist stands with those forces that have for their object the elevation and not the degradation of childhood.

Day of the Common Man

IN contrast to the holiday of labor as celebrated in Europe on the first of May, the American Labor day is a peaceful family day. In Europe workingmen are not yet secure in the enjoyment of their rights, and the first of May is made the occasion of demonstrations of a political nature often ending in bloodshed and always exciting apprehensions among lovers of tranquility. In America the day is merely an opportunity for workmen to prolong their weekly holiday from Saturday noon to Tuesday morning. Coming midway between Independence day and Thanksgiving day it is an agreeable break in the continuity of work. There is a little parading, but all the organizations of workingmen take part in that. Picnics and sports, family gatherings, and amusements of young people are the features of the day.

Labor no longer has to assert itself to have its rights and its dignity recognized. It is of more value to the older workman to have a day off with his family or to the young workman to have a day with the people of his own age than to spend the day noisily in insisting upon rights which nobody disputes and in displaying a numerical strength which can be exercised

so much more effectively in other ways.

The children take an especial pleasure in Labor day because in most places it delays for 24 hours the opening of the schoolrooms in which they are to spend the larger part of the next ten months. It is the last day of vacation, and it is a day boldly taken from the first week of school, almost as if in defiance of the school bell. With their fathers and big brothers equally free from tasks, the vacation closes in a big celebration, in a blaze of glory.

Then work begins again for old and young. Summer is over. Pleasant days will come, but the heart must not heed the call of the open sky. There is much to be done, much treasure to be stored up for the future; for the child, knowledge; for the workman, skill in his trade and provision for the needs of his family. It seems strange that Labor day should be celebrated by an avoidance of labor, it is certain, on the other hand, that those who labor best appreciate most the setting apart of this one day in honor of honest toil. Saints have their days, and so have heroes and kings. This is the day of the common man, and every one who works can claim a share of the honor if not of the holiday.

In the Bond of Toil

BE MARTIN'S philosophy, "You can't lay off Labor day unless yer a workin' man," has much in it. Labor day is one of those observances that fulfills its name. Its spirit is a recognition of labor in the sense of manual work, the cause of those that in ordinary course make a living by toil; it is the union of all, whether called—speaking broadly to the nature of the case—of having their toil fruitful enough to relieve them from steady application. So it speaks to and stands for the great mass of men as they have been since society was organized, and as they will be while it lasts. In this sense it does not stand strictly for those that work no less exactly but that are not classed as laboring men—as Mr. Martin acutely notes. But it stands for them in a sense—the sense in which it recognizes the solidarity of all work. There is a bond of toil; it is the union of all, though called laboring men or not, who give value received in the personal sacrifice of strenuous physical endeavor.

There is a difference here between the toil of mind and body. Mark Twain in one of his books speaks with vitriolic scorn of those that toil with the mind comparing themselves with those that wield a pick or shovel or tend a machine. The nature of his distinction—though he does not say it—is that with other forms of work there is the element of creation. They have risen to the point where the individuality of the worker counts appreciably. This of course is so in all labor. But in the great mass of bodily toil the man is merely the link of intelligence that unites forces and one is in a broad sense the same as another. And it is this impersonal, im-

pregnable, indefeasible quality in toil that the workingman as we use the term, knows and feels from his earliest to his latest day. Now to give to him that thus does and suffers a recognition higher than he has been wont to have—it is for this America stands. That is one among the brightest of its ideals. Out of the advance toward the hope of its approximation has come the national feast that we call Labor day. It stands as a sign that as a people we remember the lot of mankind and mean to dignify it.—Indianapolis News.

The States and Labor Day.

Labor day was enacted into law at different periods since 1887. The following are the states and the dates of the enactments:

Alabama, Dec. 12, 1892; California, March 23, 1893; Colorado, March 15, 1887; Connecticut, March 20, 1889; Delaware, Feb. 14, 1893; District of Columbia and territories, June 28, 1894; Florida, April 29, 1893; Georgia, Oct. 16, 1891; Illinois, June 17, 1891; Indiana, March 9, 1881; Iowa, April 5, 1890; Kansas, March 4, 1891; Louisiana, July 7, 1892; Maine, Feb. 10, 1891; Massachusetts, May 11, 1887; Minnesota, April 18, 1893; Missouri, April 9, 1895; Montana, March 29, 1889; Nebraska, March 28, 1889; New Hampshire, March 31, 1891; New Jersey, April 8, 1887; New York, May 8, 1887; Ohio, April 28, 1890; Oregon, Feb. 21, 1887; Pennsylvania, April 25, 1889; Rhode Island, May 26, 1893; South Carolina, December 22, 1891; Tennessee, March 11, 1891; Texas, February 11, 1893; Utah, February 23, 1892; Virginia, February 5, 1892; Washington, February 24, 1891; Wisconsin, April 19, 1893.

Washington Gossip

Interesting Bits of News Picked Up Here and There at the National Capital

NO FOOLISH LATIN ON STATUES, SAYS WILSON

WASHINGTON.—Plain, everyday barnyard English, and no highfalutin' Latin for Tama Jim Wilson. The secretary of agriculture has given a rude shock to the sculptors who heretofore have been wont to embellish architecture and allegorical designs and inscriptions suggesting linguistic association with the old masters and the classics. He has even gone so far as to compel the stonecutters to recheck the inscriptions on the new agricultural building, the wings of which have been constructed ahead of the main portion.

The new home for the department which, when finished will have cost about \$3,000,000, is now nearing completion, and the secretary is taking as much interest in its progress as though it were designed for a country home for himself.

On the north shore are four pediments, in each of which are a male and a female figure, seated with a shield between them. On these shields are inscribed the four words "Fructus," "Cereales," "Forestas" and "Flores."

A few days before leaving Washington for the summer the head of the



department come into the office of his assistant and friend, Dr. Beverly T. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry, who is also deeply interested in the plans for the building, and in the course of their conversation the pediments were considered. These are in full view of Dr. Galloway's office.

In glancing at them and in looking at the photographs that had just been taken Secretary Wilson asked:

"Doctor, what do these words mean? Fructus, what on earth is that?"

"Why, that's Latin for fruit, and the others mean cereals, flowers and forest," replied the scholarly Galloway.

"Well, why in—don't we say so, then, and cut out this foolish Latin?" was the prompt reply.

Orders were then and there given that the stonecutters erase the offensive words and substitute up-to-date "United States."

Dr. Galloway closed the incident by remarking that it was just as well to change them, as there was no such Latin word as "forests" anyway, and that, at least, would have to be changed.

PRESIDENT CREATES NEW RESERVATION FOR BIRDS



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT has signed an order creating the Tern Islands a Bird reservation. This is the eighth reservation for birds created by the president. It embraces all the "mud lumps," so called, in and near the mouths of the Mississippi river.

The "mud lumps" are islets more or less temporary, and created chiefly by sedimentary deposits from the river. They seldom exceed an acre in size and are elevated from five to eight feet above high tide. They are occupied during the breeding season by large numbers of brown pelican and other terns. Many thousands of the various species breed in these places every year.

These islands are useless for commercial or agricultural purposes and are reserved to protect the birds. The

islands are placed under the charge of the secretary of agriculture, who appoints wardens whose duties embrace frequent trips to them, putting up warning notices and otherwise preventing trespassers from molesting the birds, either out of curiosity or to collect plumes or eggs.

The recommendation for this reserve was indorsed strongly by the National Association of Audubon societies for the protection of birds and animals, whose expert ornithologist and field agent visited the islands and filed an exhaustive report on the bird breeding qualities and feeding ground of the native fowl along that section of the coast. The creation of reserves of this character is strongly encouraged and supported by the League of American Sportsmen and similar societies.

TARS DESIRE CHANGE IN STYLE OF THEIR TOGS

JACK TARS of the United States have made such a protest against the headgear and blouse they wear ashore and on dress occasions aboard ship that to meet the clamor of the enlisted men the navy department has appointed a committee on changes in the uniforms.

Capt. Hugo Osterhaus, commander of the battleship Connecticut, is chairman of this committee. He has sent out a statement to the captains of all war ships in the north Atlantic squadron and to the commander of every ship in the service, asking for suggestions.

The enlisted men are desirous of obtaining coats and visor caps. Many of them want the wide, flaring trousers, the world-round, immemorial cut peculiar to sailor men, changed to the ordinary pattern, but the principal grievance relates to the blouses and

the old-fashioned pancake caps. These caps are said by all seamen to be useless on a windy day, as they cannot be kept on the head. They give no shade to the eyes and seem to exist merely as a relic of the past.

The protest over the blouse is considered justified. In the first place the seamen object to the wide collar which blows up around their ears on windy days. They want shorter neckerchiefs and coats cut like those of the marines.

Should the sailors' demands be granted seamen will wear coats for the first time in the history of the American navy. The proposed changes would affect the 30,000 seamen in the navy and would entail a large outlay. It is believed that a change in the trousers will not be made at once, but that the tars will be supplied with coats and visor caps.

GOVERNMENT TO PROBE ALLEGED COFFIN TRUST



AN official investigation of the coffin trust must be deferred until the department of justice can find a few spare moments in which to give it attention. No inquiry has yet been instituted, and none will be undertaken for several months.

It has become known that practically every coffin manufactured in the country is turned out at factories owned and operated by a trust almost as remunerative as the oil trust. It is declared that the men who head the coffin trust have made millions out of the business, and that their dividends

virtually equal those of the Standard Oil company.

The prices of coffins, it is stated by undertakers, have grown higher and higher each year. The living are being literally pillaged through their love for the dead, and funerals have everywhere become exceedingly costly. It is asserted among undertakers that the growing popularity of incineration is due, in a large measure, to the great expense of a regulation funeral. If incineration should become cheaper the coffin trust would have a dangerous rival.

HONOR BEANS AND "KRAUT"

Webster City, Ia.—Two very significant days are on the calendar of central Iowa, and the announcement each year of the dates of "bean day" and "sauerkraut day" is watched with interest by thousands of people who participate in the festivities incident to these occasions.

"Bean day" comes first this year. In addition to the piece de resistance on

the program, the big bean dinner, hosts of outdoor amusements will be offered. The principal address of the day will be made by G. L. McKay, professor of dairying in the State Agricultural school at Ames.

"Sauerkraut day" will be held later than usual this year, the date named being September 26. This is "the only day of its kind in the world," and is celebrated with the use of hundreds of quarts of sauerkraut.

Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

FINDS LONG LOST SON.

Search of Mrs. Pebbles is Rewarded After Two Years.

Edinburg.—Mrs. Mary Pebbles' search of two years for her son, who had suddenly left home, has been rewarded. Mrs. Pebbles spent thousands of dollars in the search and traveled over many miles of the country. Finally, broken down with grief and in very poor health, Mrs. Pebbles departed for California to recuperate. She had been gone but a short time when notification was received from an elder son that the lost boy had been discovered by him on the streets of Lincoln, Neb. He had enlisted in the United States army.

SUPPOSED MURDER MYSTERY.

Authorities Looking Into Death of a Woman Buried Without a Coffin.

Bloomington.—A supposed murder mystery of long standing is being investigated by the authorities of Grundy county. While workmen were making an excavation recently they unearthed the bones of a woman who, it is thought, was foully dealt with. The age is estimated at 60 years at the time of death. No trace of a coffin could be discovered and it is generally believed the body was quickly buried after the commission of the crime.

BANKERS OFFER REWARD.

Will Pay for the Capture of Missing Decatur Manufacturer.

Decatur.—The Illinois State Bankers' association has offered a reward of \$500 for the arrest of Felix B. Tait, alias J. D. Lucas. The case is in the hands of the Pinkerton National Detective agency. Tait disappeared from Decatur May 21, 1907. A state warrant for his arrest for forgery and uttering forged documents is in the hands of Chief of Police Mason.

University of Chicago Alumni Officers.

Chicago.—Officers of the University of Chicago Alumni association for 1907-08 have been announced as follows: President, Burt B. Barker, '97; first vice president, John E. Rhodes, '76; second vice president, Kate Gordon, '00; third vice president, Thomas J. Hair, '03; executive committee, Emily T. Sheets, '97; Arthur E. Lord, '04; Maude T. Clendenning, '04; Burt B. Barker, '97; George E. Newcomb, '88; Fred D. Bramhall, '02; Edgar A. Buzzell, '86; Agnes Wayman, '03; Percy B. Eckhart, '99. Percy B. Eckhart is the retiring president.

Dynamite in Oats Shock.

Durand.—A stick of dynamite has been discovered in a shock of oats on the C. L. Weaver farm and the find has created no little excitement and indignation. If the explosive had not been discovered before the oats were threshed, it is certain that when ground in the separator the dynamite would have blown the machinery into fragments.

College Head Resigns Place.

Kankakee.—Rev. Father M. J. Mansie, for 25 years president at St. Vincent's college at Bourbonnais, Ill., has been forced by ill health to resign. The announcement was made at the close of a retreat at the college and at the same time it was announced that Rev. Father P. J. O'Mahoney, prefect of studies, had been chosen as his successor.

Ends the Jug Traffic.

Lovington.—The whisky business is at an end in this place. The action of Walter W. Wolf in refusing to deliver consignments of whisky marked C. O. D. has been upheld by the express company and furthermore the Pacific Express company has issued an order to do away with the handling of this sort of business over their system.

Accused Husband of Desertion.

Clinton.—Mrs. LaDelle Haas has filed suit for divorce in the county court here. The couple were married here four years ago. She states that her husband left her without notification and that since he has failed to support her. The father of the defendant is one of the wealthiest men in DeWitt county.

Hotel Man is Accused.

Mattoon.—Bert Wallace, son of Joseph Wallace, proprietor of the City hotel, has been placed under arrest on a charge of selling liquor without a license.

DIDN'T THINK BIGAMY WRONG.

Young Woman with Husband in Russia Marries Another in America.

Kewanee.—Mrs. Milka Bere, a comely young woman, was sent to the county jail for bigamy. She came from Russia with relatives a year ago, leaving a husband there and expecting to rejoin him after a visit in America. Recently she met Michael Tarbuck here and decided to marry him, when he told her she could marry again in this country without violating the law. Tarbuck had made an enemy of Paul Tamosovich by suing him for \$30 and the latter, knowing Tarbuck's wife had another husband, swore out a warrant to get revenge. The woman admitted the charges but pleaded ignorance of the law. Tarbuck has disappeared, leaving her to face the matter alone. She could not furnish bonds so was taken to jail.

NEW EDIFICE FOR PIKE.

Florence Dedicates a Handsome Church for the Methodists.

Pittsfield.—For 70 or more years, and before Pittsfield was in existence, Florence on the Illinois river, 11 miles from here has been a place of note and was at one time the commercial metropolis, some of the great fortunes of this city having had their foundations laid in its mercantile business at this small river landing.

In all these years Florence has never had a church edifice or place of worship, but she has at last awakened to a realization of her spiritual needs, and the Methodist people have dedicated a handsome new church to the service of God. The lot on which the building stands was donated to the society by Capt. Ross Matthews, a prominent banker of this city and is a beautiful one and the church structure is a neat and tasty specimen of architecture.

Old Notes Turning Up.

Litchfield.—Eight of the signers of the notes for the construction of the Belt railroad were summoned to appear before Squire Grassel in Hillsboro. The signers of the notes contend that the notes have gone by default, as the Belt railroad has not been built. The notes date back to the beginning of the American Radiator company, when the proprietors asked the citizens to raise \$30,000 to build the Belt railroad.

Files a Will Contest.

Clinton.—State's Attorney Miller has prepared a petition for letters of administration to be granted the public administrator of DeWitt county in the estate of John Danaher in order that the validity of the will made by Danaher may be tested. It is claimed that the dead man made a will, leaving about \$3,000 worth of property near Wapella to a Catholic priest of Bloomington.

Boy Beaten Until Insensible.

Danville.—Ola L. Boley, a colored lad, has been taken in by the police authorities and will be declared dependent. Boley, who has resided with a step-mother, has been beaten into insensibility at times by her. His head contains many marks which are the result of injuries inflicted with a poker.

Telephone Company Buys Site.

Decatur.—The Home Telephone company of this city, purchased property from J. M. Race on which they will erect a three-story building at an expense of several thousand dollars. The property bought was occupied by an old, valueless building and \$12,000 was paid for the location.

Youth Stabs Another.

Quincy.—Robert Reagan, son of Quiner's late city marshal, is lying fatally injured in St. Mary's hospital, this city, suffering from knife wounds in his lungs. The wounds are the result of the thrusts of Thomas Clarke, Jr., aged 17 years.

New Church for McLeansboro.

McLeansboro.—A contract for the construction of a new \$15,000 Methodist Episcopal church here has been awarded to Edward Snell, of Grayville.

Death in Aged Woman's Pipe.

Rockford.—Mrs. Lavina Crosby, of Ridott, 94 years old, set fire to her clothing while lighting her pipe, and was burned to death.

JUSTICE TO WORKER

GOV. DENEEN ALWAYS ACTIVE IN THIS DIRECTION.

Beneficent Legislation Enacted by the General Assembly Due to the Tireless Work of the State's Chief Executive.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 2.—Legislation recommended to the general assembly by Gov. Charles S. Deneen would result in the saving of the lives of hundreds of workmen annually in the state of Illinois, the prevention of the maiming of thousands of others and would make provision for the support and education of the families of those killed and the maintenance through the period of their disability of those crippled through accidents growing out of the nature of their employment.

More comprehensive legislation for the benefit, protection and welfare of workmen was recommended by Gov. Deneen and urged by him, than has been recommended by the governor of any other state in the union at any time. That such legislation was not enacted into law was not the fault of Gov. Deneen. In season and out of season he urged on the members of the general assembly the passage of the bills desired by organized labor in the state. His personal friends in both branches of the legislature fought for these bills. Heads of departments appointed by the governor, pleaded for the bills with the members of the legislature. The legislative committee of the state federation of labor recognized the governor's efforts in behalf of the workmen and the almost incalculable value to the workmen of the bills urged by the governor.

Important Measures Advocated.

Chief among the measures for the relief of wage-earners advocated by Gov. Deneen were bills for the establishment of a system of industrial insurance and the bill for the better protection of men and women employed in the handling of hazardous machinery. Every year in the state of Illinois thousands of workmen are killed or injured by avoidable and unnecessary accidents in the course of their employment. In the vast majority of such cases the family of the killed or disabled workman is left without means, the daily wages earned by the workman while in health being seldom more than sufficient to maintain the family from week to week. Death or accident deprives the family of this support, and leaves women and children by the thousand to want or the bitterness of public charity.

Sills Protected Workers.

The two main bills recommended by Gov. Deneen would have remedied these sad conditions to a great extent. Investigation by competent authorities shows that three-fourths of the accidents in industrial occupations are unnecessary and are avoidable by proper conditions of care and protection in the manner of handling machinery with which the workman is compelled to work.

Favors Industrial Commission.

Gov. Deneen has repeatedly shown his friendship to the workman. In his first message to the general assembly he recommended the adoption of a resolution creating an industrial commission to inquire into the best means of relieving the conditions of wage-earners. This resolution was adopted by the forty-fourth general assembly. In pursuance of it Governor Deneen appointed such a commission, with Prof. Charles R. Henderson, of the University of Chicago, at its head. The other members were Prof. David Kinley, Urbana; Adolph E. Adloff, and Harrison F. Jones, Chicago; and Charles H. Huburd, president Elgin Watch company, Elgin.

This commission labored during two years and made a report in favor of the enactment of a law in Illinois establishing a system of industrial insurance under control of the state insurance department. A bill along these lines was prepared, introduced in the legislature and urged for passage by Gov. Deneen. Under the provisions of that bill there could be established voluntary industrial insurance association, which would save from want and charity the families of workmen killed or injured in their work. One-half of the revenues of such associations was to be paid by the insured employes; the other half was to be paid by the employers. The expense of administration of the association was to be borne by the state. Provisions for death and injury benefits were made. It was the most beneficial system for the workmen ever proposed in the western states. If it had been enacted, the family of the workman who was injured at his work would be supported in comfort until his recovery, and his family would not suffer. Best of all, this relief would not be charity, but would be the workman's legal and moral right.

The urgent necessity for legislation of this kind is demonstrated in a recent public statement by Prof. Charles J. Bushnell of Washington, D. C. After asserting there are in the United States under continuous charitable care probably 5,000,000 dependent persons, Prof. Bushnell goes on to say:

"One large source of this abnormal dependence is our vast aggregate of unnecessary industrial accidents. Few people begin to realize our annual national loss from this source. At a conservative figure, 1,000,000 workers in the United States every year are killed or injured in industry by accidents of which three-quarters are proven by European experience to be wholly unnecessary. Josiah Strong says the least possible estimate of our annual industrial casualties is about 550,000. The vast majority of the accidents occur among working classes. European statistics show that among these classes 90 per cent. of all accidents cause the families injured to be thrown upon public charity. Soldiers suffer because they are professional destroyers, but members of this great industrial army are struck down every year in this country because they are producers. This is the price they have to pay for the privilege of earning their bread in serving civilization."

This statement of Prof. Bushnell is the strongest possible argument in favor of the Hazardous-Machinery-Protection bill and the Industrial-Insurance bill advocated by the governor of Illinois. The need for these reforms was announced by Gov. Deneen long before Prof. Bushnell spoke of them. Prof. Bushnell's article was published July 29 this year. Gov. Deneen's message concerning the industrial insurance commission was sent to the legislature in January, 1905. The bills for the better protection of workers and for the establishment of the industrial insurance system in Illinois were introduced in the legislature early in 1907 and were continuously urged by the administration forces.

Pass Iron Workers' Act.

Gov. Deneen secured the passage of a bill for the better protection of workmen employed in structural work. This was passed only after fierce opposition. This act requires contractors to provide all scaffolds, hoists, ladders and stays or other mechanical contrivances to be erected in a safe, suitable and proper manner so that adequate protection to the life of any person or persons employed there may be given. The state factory inspector is given supervision over the work and through his deputies may require the employer to make whatever changes he may deem necessary for the protection of employes thereon.

To Investigate Diseases.

Through the efforts of the governor there also was adopted a resolution empowering the governor to appoint a commission to study occupational diseases, and to ascertain the effect of various employments on the health and life of those employed in them. Gov. Deneen will appoint this commission, which will be the first of its kind in the United States. The commission will consist of nine members, to be composed of the state factory inspector, the secretary of the bureau of labor statistics, the president and secretary of the state board of health, two reputable physicians and three other representative citizens of the state, who shall serve without remuneration and whose duties shall be to officially investigate causes and conditions relating to diseases in occupations.

Speeches at Mechanicsburg.

Addresses by Hon. Owen Scott of Decatur and Hon. John J. Brown of Vandalia were the features of the program of the Central Illinois assembly at the chautauqua grounds near Mechanicsburg. The day was fraternal day and there was a large number of lodge members in attendance. The weather was not inductive to a large gathering, but the announcement that Messrs. Scott and Brown were scheduled to speak was enough to overcome any hesitancy which members of fraternal societies might have entertained toward visiting the assembly.

Motor Vehicles Must be Numbered.

The state law is explicit in requiring numbers on all motor vehicles, and it defines motor vehicles as "all automobiles, locomobiles and all other vehicles propelled otherwise than by muscular power, except motor bicycles, traction engines and road rollers, the cars of electric and steam railways and other motor vehicles running only upon rails or tracks."

Denatured Alcohol.

From the manner in which Illinois farmers are taking an interest in denatured alcohol, it is not improbable that within a few years many of them will be operating small plants and reaping vast financial rewards as a result of their industry.

Our Springfield Letter

Special Correspondent Writes of Things of Interest at the State Capital.

Springfield.—Central Illinois distillers gave Uncle Sam more than \$35,000,000 during the fiscal year ending July 1. These collections paid one-fifth of the total expense of the government for the year. The exact amount as compiled by the office in this city was \$35,577,448.10, or nearly \$3,000,000 a month. The Fifth district pays more than double any district in the United States. The average daily collections that go through the office in this city are about \$100,000.

The largest receipts by far are from the manufacture of whisky. The Fifth Illinois district gathers in more internal revenue tax than any similar federal division, with the single exception of the customs office in New York. One-half of the world's supply of whisky is manufactured in the Fifth district. In addition the local rectifying houses manufacture gin, brandies and other forms of liquor. The market for this whisky is in all parts of the world. The whisky business has grown rapidly in Florida. In 1863, the Fifth Illinois district paid \$183,000 in revenues. In 1870 it had jumped to \$2,500,000. It was \$10,400,000 in 1880, and in 1891 it aggregated \$21,000,000.

New Town is Booming.

Benbow is enjoying the greatest boom that any municipality in that section of the state has ever known. Benbow is known as the city built in a night. The Standard Oil company are erecting the greatest oil refinery in the world five miles south of Alton and a half mile east of the Mississippi river. Three years will be required in the construction, and more than \$5,000,000 will be expended. Two hundred tanks each 85 feet in diameter and 35 feet high are being erected in which to store the crude oil piped from Caseyville. At present there are 1,200 men working in the construction. It has been understood that the company would not drill for oil in that locality, but late evidences of the presence of the fluid will be too great a temptation to resist, it is thought. Several wells in Benbow City contain so much oil on the top of the water that it is necessary to draw off several buckets before using the water.

President Not to Visit Springfield.

Springfield will not be included in the list of towns on the itinerary of President Roosevelt on his trip west next month. The inland waterways commission will take a trip down the Mississippi and will precede a steamboat trip by a party of which the president will be a member. The commission is composed of Theodore E. Burton, Ohio; Senator Francis S. Newlands, Nevada; Senator William Warner, Missouri; Senator John H. Bankhead, Alabama; Gen. Alexander McKenzie, W. McGehee, F. H. Newell, Gifford Pinchott and Herbert Knox Smith. A meeting of the commission will be held at St. Paul Sept. 27, and the trip will start from that point. President Roosevelt will join them at Keokuk, Ia., Oct. 1, and will continue with them.

Governor At Sullivan.

August 21st was a gala day in Sullivan. The old settlers and soldiers held their annual celebration and thousands were attracted to the city in consequence. The feature of the morning's celebration was a parade, in which over 1,000 participated. The parade was composed largely of old settlers and old soldiers, together with the Sons of Veterans. The leading number on the day's program was the address delivered by Governor Deneen at the north side school house.

Broomcorn is in Demand.

The clean-up in the central broomcorn district never has been so complete in a dozen years as it is at present. But a few lots still remain and these are being sought for with great eagerness by the manufacturers. A scale of \$130 per ton has been established. A canvass shows fully 7 per cent. increase in acreage for the past year. Twenty-six thousand acres were devoted to this product last year.

Has Big Fishing Party.

During the week 60 legislators and friends of former State Representative George A. Cooke of Aledo, Mercer county, were his guests at the Aledo clubhouse on English Bend, on the Mississippi river. When he was a member of the legislature Cooke made many friends among both parties in the house, and the invitation grew out of his boasting of the superior fishing and camping facilities afforded by the Mississippi river.

Asks Bids for Antitoxin.

In carrying out the provisions of the legislature for furnishing diphtheria antitoxin free to everybody by the state board of health through 300 agencies to be opened throughout the state, Secretary James A. Egan, of the board, has asked for bids from leading manufacturers in the United States on \$12,000 worth of antitoxin.

Will Hold a Joint Reunion.

The date for the holding of the joint reunion in Pontiac of the Twelfth and the Thirty-ninth volunteer infantry has been set by the committee having the matter in charge on Oct. 16.

Favorite Hymns at Chautauqua.

Favorite hymns that are sung in churches throughout the land were discussed by Dr. Paul M. Pearson, at the Mechanicsburg chautauqua, which is being largely attended by people from all over Illinois. The day was devoted to sacred exercises and the attendance was large. Delegations from Springfield and other central Illinois points arrived early and spent the day with friends who are camping on the grounds. Dr. Pearson called attention to the large number of favorite hymns that are sung throughout the country, and also gave a history of the life of the authors. The lecture on the appropriate subject was a part of the program that had been laid out for the first Sunday of the assembly. In the evening the Passion play was given, and a sacred concert followed. Edinburg has a large representation on the assembly grounds. "The Susie's Dining club" has been organized and a number of families are enjoying the outing. The Edinburg band has been engaged to give four concerts at the chautauqua, and the campers will entertain a number of relatives and friends during the engagement of the musical organization.

Cannon Stopped Mad Dog.

Speaker Joe Cannon narrowly escaped being a victim of the mad-dog epidemic that has caused two deaths from hydrophobia in his home city of Danville, and sent ten other victims hurrying to Chicago for treatment. Uncle Joe was standing in front of the Plaza hotel in Danville when he heard shouts of "Mad dog!" and saw a great throng, led by two of the inspectors, who have been slaughtering detached canines for the last ten days, in full chase of a yellow dog. The animal was in the center of the street, and before Uncle Joe realized his danger it had reached a point directly opposite him. Then, to his astonishment, it made a sharp turn to the right and ran directly toward him. When the dog was within two feet of Uncle Joe his right No. 10 suddenly shot out and caught the animal in the ribs, just back of the right foreleg. The yelping dog was lifted fully two feet into the air and dropped dazed into the gutter. A minute later an inspector arrived and killed the animal with one shot.

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MRS. JOHN P. LILLY
Editor and Publisher

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This far the largest circulation of any paper
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THE PRINTING PRESS.

The pretty peachblow type of girl is not always attractive, but a really homely girl may be most attractive. In other words, there is every chance for an attractive girl, while things go hard with the unattractive girl. However pretty the latter may be.

Secondly, the attractive if not pretty girl has every chance in business simply because she thinks she must work for promotion, while the merely pretty girl is very apt to trust to her good looks to take the place of concentration and effort.

The first step in attractiveness in business is contentment with your work and enthusiasm.

The girl who really looks as if she enjoyed pushing the interests of her employers, who comes in each morning bubbling over with enthusiasm and who does not keep her eye on the clock as the hands creep near closing time is attractive.

The girl who works like a machine with but two ideas in sight—closing time and salary day—seldom attracts the attention of her superiors.

The girl who makes her personality and deadens her magnetism by acting as if business bored her to death and she would give anything in her possession if she did not have to work another day is anything but attractive.

Those mysterious qualities which make for success, personalities and magnetism, are worth a dozen pretty complexions and pounds of natural wavy hair.

When you go to the theater and watch certain successful actresses, you say they are not beautiful or pretty, but they grip you. This is not so much dramatic art as personal magnetism.

The merely pretty girl may have the best of it in the beginning of the race, but at the end of the run, like the hare in the fable she is not one, two, three with the attractive girl who knows her business.

Make yourself attractive in every way, at your command. Dress as well as your purse will permit.

Do not consider the money spent with a hair dresser or manicurist as wasted.

Wear immaculate linen. Be scrupulously neat and clean about your person and your work.

Cultivate good manners and a sincere smile—and let Miss Pink Cheeks and her merely pretty sisters do their worst.

Put attractiveness and personal magnetism against a pretty complexion and natural wavy hair, and any business man will guarantee that the former will come under the wire first.

In the Wrong Order.
"He was married and went crazy," she said, referring to a statement in a morning paper.

"Granting that he had any sense in the first place," he returned, "you must have got the statement reversed."

"How do you mean?" she demanded.
"He went crazy and married," she said, "it seems more plausible," he answered.

Blanchard's Fares.

By LILLIAN WHITMARK.

Copyrighted, 1907, by M. M. Cunningham.

"What's up?" Blanchard smiled down into Kitty's tear filled eyes.

"The boat," she sobbed. "It left me." "Most discourteous boat," said Blanchard severely. "How did it happen?"

"I was late," she explained. "They had just thrown the ropes off, and the horrid captain would not tie them up again, and there's all the girls, and I can't go."

"That's the Sunday school excursion, isn't it?" he asked.

Kitty nodded her head. "They're going to Beaver Island, and I've got a brand new dress, and Ted had the lunch box, and the house is all shut up because everybody is on the boat, and I've got to sit on the steps until they come home, and—"

"Stop," implored Blanchard laughingly. "Three more 'ands' and you will have totaled the world's unhappiness. Not for millions would I have you sit on the front stoop all this pleasant day bereft of your family and friends. This is a serious matter, Kitty. I think that we shall have to go after that boat and make the captain apologize. Now, you wait here a little while and see what happens."

He perched the child on a dry, goods box on the dock and went off toward the street. Kitty looked out over the lake at the departing steambot, but her tears had dried. There was something so comforting about Guy Blanchard. He was so big and strong and so kind to little folks. He would do something; he said he would.

Presently she heard a soft coughing sound, and then came Blanchard's voice in cheery hail. She slipped from her perch and peered over the edge of the dock.

There, just below her, was Blanchard standing in front of a gayly striped awning that all but concealed the gunwales of a saucy little power launch.

"Jump, kidlets," he called cheerily. "Don't be afraid. I'll catch you. This



"I'M GOING TO HAVE A PICNIC ALL BY MYSELF."

boat for Beaver Island and the Sunday school picnic; fare one kiss; all aboard!"

Kitty summoned her courage and made a leap, landing in the strong arms and finding herself transferred to a wicker armchair softly cushioned and delightfully shaded by the awning. On a locker stood a box of candy invitingly open, and Guy was smiling at her from a funny little pen up front.

"Now we're off," he announced briskly. "Shall we catch up with the steamer or beat them to the landing?" "You can't get there first in this little thing," she said, with a sigh. "Can you, Guy?"

"Sure," he declared confidently. "We'll be fishing from the dock when they come up." He pushed some funny levers and things, and the coughing began again, to rapidly change to a sharp staccato bark. The high powered motor ran so smoothly and they slipped through the water so easily that Kitty did not realize how fast they were going until she turned to look back at the dock and found that it was rapidly dwindling.

"We're going awful fast," she called. "That's what we want," he answered over his shoulder. "We shall catch the Republic in no time at all."

"I wish Mabel was here," she said regretfully. Guy's lips set in a straight line. His heart echoed the wish even while he knew that had Mabel been left behind, too, he could not have come to the rescue. It was only a lovers' quarrel, but for two weeks it had made him miserable to think of it. He was too proud to beg when he was in the right, and he could not tell from her laughing face that she was as miserable as he.

"Don't you wish Mabel was here?" demanded Kitty, receiving no reply to her first remark.

"Sure," he answered, "but she's on the Republic. What's the use of wishing for what you cannot have?"

The child lost the meaning of the wistful tones. "You haven't been around lately," she commented. "I don't like it when you don't come. Why don't you?"

Blanchard smiled grimly. How was this child to understand?

"I have not had the time," he said

PAINT THAT LASTS



To preserve your house—your property—your dollars, you might say—you must use paint. To do so economically the paint you use MUST have lasting qualities. Remember, poor paint costs more than good paint, for the work has to be done oftener. Start right by getting

Horse Shoe Paint

and you can make up your mind it's on to stay. The reason for this is plain. Every possible shade of Horse Shoe Paint is composed of the strongest and best materials known in the science of paint making—it contains no cheapening or adulterating materials whatever. It has strictly Pure Zinc and White Lead as its base. Add to this Pure Linseed Oil—crushed by the manufacturers themselves to insure its purity—then the necessary drier and coloring matter and you've got the best paint that money, brains and material can produce.

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Paint your house with Horse Shoe Paint this season by all means.

Mound City Paint & Color Co.
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evasively. "I've an idea," he went on to change the topic. "Suppose you hide when we go past the steamer. Then when they get there and find you waiting for them you can tell them that you flew like Peter Pan."

Kitty clasped her hands at the conceit. "That'll be fine," she declared. "How can we do it?"

"Unfasten the awnings on that side and let them drop," he explained. "It will be impossible to see you if you sit right in the middle."

Kitty flew to carry out instructions, and she was just in time, for the launch had gained rapidly on the steamer, and presently they were slipping past the slow moving excursion boat. It was still an hour's ride to the island, and the Republic would take an hour and a half. Kitty was so full of her new idea that she forgot the earlier conversation, and Blanchard gave a sigh of relief when at last she was safely landed without having pursued her investigation further. He was backing away from the dock when she called to him. He ran alongside again.

"You forgot your fare," she reminded as her little arms went about his neck and the full red lips were laid against his own.

"I am afraid that I am a poor captain to forget to collect my fares," he laughed. "Take care of yourself, kidlets, and don't fall off the dock. It will be half an hour before the boat gets here."

"Why don't you stay?" she demanded. "Mabel will give you some of our lunch."

"I have some here," he laughed as he indicated a locker. "I'm going to have a picnic all by myself."

He was clear of the dock now, and the launch gained speed. At the south end of the island was a little cove where he could go ashore and have lunch. It was a short task to broil the ham over the coals and heat the coffee. Then he filled his pipe and lay back to enjoy a smoke before starting back to town.

The cove was difficult of access from the picnic grounds, and not even an echo of the merry-makers reached him. He drowsed off and finally fell asleep to dream of Mabel.

He roused to find her sitting on the sand beside him.

"You are not very courteous to your guests," she scolded in mock anger. "Here I've walked all the way from the picnic grounds to visit you and find you asleep."

"I wasn't expecting company," he said. "How did you know I was here?"

"Kitty said you had gone off to have a picnic by yourself, and I guessed where you had come. You brought me here twice last year. It was awfully good of you, Guy, to bring the poor child."

"She seemed so broken up," he explained awkwardly. Manlike, he hated to be thanked.

"And I want to tell you," she went on bravely, "that I am sorry that I was so horrid the other day."

"We were both to blame," he conceded, "but it's all right now, dear."

"And, please, will you come around to the picnic grounds?" she asked.

"For the same fare that Kitty paid," he offered as he took her in his arms. "But I took Kitty for half fare," he added, and their lips met again.

Gratitude.

An old farmer who lived by himself sent for the parish gravedigger and explained to him where he wished to be buried. "And here, Sandy," said he, "is 10 shillings for digging my grave. Ye see, ye wadna, maybe, be sae sure o' the pay efter I'm awa'."

"Deed, sir," replied Sandy, overcome at such unwonted liberality, "it wad be a great pleasure tae me tae dig yer grave for naething any time."

Hostess' Daughter (trying desperately to keep the conversation going)—Did you ever see the joke about the curio dealer who had two skulls of Columbus, one when he was a boy and the other when he was a man? Fitznoode?—No. I don't think I have. What is it?—Stray Stories.

Why Run the Hazard

of accepting personal security upon a bond, when corporate security is vastly superior?

The personal surety may be financially strong to-day and insolvent to-morrow; or he may die, and his estate be immediately distributed. In any event, recovery is dilatory and uncertain.

Because of its greater stability, the United States Government prefers Corporate Suretyship. Follow its example, and, when you require suretyship of any kind, insist upon having the bond of the largest company in the world whose business is restricted to furnishing suretyship obligations.

American Surety Company of New York

Capital and Surplus \$4,500,000

HARBAUGH & THOMPSON
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We are prepared to do all kinds of work. Call at the HERALD office for first class work.

Itch! Itch! Itch!—Scratch! Scratch! Scratch! The more you scratch the worse the itch. Try Doan's Ointment. It cures piles, eczema, any skin itching. All drug lists sell it.

Itching, bleeding, protruding or blind piles yield to Doan's Ointment. Chronic cases soon relieved, finally cured. Druggists all sell it.

Doan's Regulate cure constipation without griping, nausea, nor any weakening effect. Ask your druggist for them. 25 cents per box.

I will mail you free, to prove merit, samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and my book on either Dyspepsia, the Heart or the Kidneys. Troubles of the stomach, heart or kidneys are merely symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't make the common error of treating symptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating the result of you ailment and not the cause. Weak stomach nerves—the inside nerves—mean stomach weakness, always. And the heart, and the kidneys as well, have their controlling or inside nerves. Weaken these nerves, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Shoop's Restorative has made its fame. No other remedy even claims to treat the "inside nerves." Also for bloating, biliousness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Write me to-day for sample and free Book. Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The Restorative is sold by all dealers.

Those who have stomach trouble, no matter how slight, should give every possible help to the digestive organs, so that the food may be digested with the least effort. This may be done by taking something that contains natural digestive properties—something like Kodol for indigestion and dyspepsia. Kodol is a preparation of vegetable acids and contains the very same juices found in a healthy stomach. It digests what you eat. Sold by all druggists.

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Do You Desire a Home and Wish to be Independent? No Place Like North Dakota.



Silver Dollars at 50 cents each would not be as good and permanent an investment as these farm lands. The dollar could no more than double in value, while these lands will bring you a GOLDEN HARVEST EACH and EVERY year, and will also steadily increase in value until they are worth DOUBLE and TREBLE what they cost you now.

INVEST YOUR MONEY IN NORTH DAKOTA LAND and it will begin to work for you night and day, year in and year out. You will grow rich in spite of yourself if you own sufficient acreage of these lands. RICH, BLACK SOIL, DRY AIR, PURE WATER AND PLEASANT WINTERS.

Don't take our word for it, but go with us on one of our cheap trips and see and know for yourself that THE HALF ABOUT THIS GRAND STATE HAS NEVER BEEN TOLD.

For further information, special rates, etc., call on, write or phone to

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Sullivan, Illinois.

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NORTH BOUND
No. 80 ... Mail 8:02 a m except Sunday
No. 70 ... arrives .. 3:35 p m except Sunday
Leaves .. 4:00 p m except Sunday

SOUTH BOUND
No. 31 ... 5:15 p. m. except Sunday
No. 71 ... Local Fr. arrives 9:15 a m ex. Sun
No. 72 ... Leaves Sullivan 10:00 a. m ex. Sun
Connections at Bement with train north east and west and at terminals with diverging lines.
C. S. CRANE, G. P. & T. A.
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NORTH BOUND
No. 126 Nor'n Ill. Ex., daily .. 12:03 am
No. 26 Chicago Ex. " .. 12:46 am
No. 24 Chicgo Special " .. 2:47 am
No. 103 Marion Local, d ex Sun. .. 12:10 pm
No. 23 Chicago Limited, daily .. 12:07 pm

SOUTH BOUND
No. 35 St. Louis Ex., daily .. 3:15 am
No. 125 Sou'n Ill. Ex., daily .. 3:30 am
No. 23 St. Louis Special, daily .. 4:25 am
No. 101 Marion Ex., d. ex. Sun. .. 3:22 pm
No. 21 St. Louis Limited, daily .. 3:17 pm
W. E. WYCKOFF, Agent.

Illinois Central

(Peoria Division)
NORTH BOUND
No. 142—Peoria & Northwestern Ex. 5:21 a m
No. 33—Evansville Mail .. 10:55 a m
No. 32—Evansville & Southern Ex. 9:25 p m
No. 34—Local Freight .. 1:30 p m
No. 34—Local Freight .. 10:15 a m

SOUTH BOUND
No. 31—Mattoon Accommodation .. 4:00 p m
No. 33—Evansville Mail .. 10:55 a m
No. 32—Evansville & Southern Ex. 9:25 p m
No. 34—Local Freight .. 1:30 p m
Daily .. Daily except Sunday.
Direct connection at Mt. Pleasant for St. Louis, Springfield and all points west and north. At Mattoon for Cairo, Memphis, New Orleans and all points south. At Decatur for all points north.

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Highest market price paid for
Iron,
Rags,
Metals,
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In fact, all kinds of
Junk.

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2 blocks north and 2 blocks west of north side school.

WANTED AT ONCE.

Good stoves and furniture.

Also highest prices for old iron, rags, rubber, metal, etc.

WALKER'S SECOND-HAND STORE

PHONE 231
SULLIVAN, ILL.

Local News Items

Front room of HERALD... Try our coffee and tea—J. R. McC... Mrs. Chippis went to Pana to play... Mrs. Claudia Bushman is visiting... Mrs. Charles Cifer visited her sis...

Hon. J. R. Eden's home to one of Caldwell's bricks in Sunnyside... Paul Hanksley came home yesterday from Terre Haute where he has been employed on a street car line... Miss Viola Goodman is taking a two week's vacation from the post office and Harsh's real estate office...

Burton, Enslow, Co. We have just finished putting our Fall Dress Goods in Stock and to say the least it is the best line that we ever had the pleasure of selecting...

and other historical points in the region of the Jamestown Exposition Sunday afternoon... Clark and Enslow have on hands a nice assortment of artificial autumn foliage and spotted plants with which they are beautifying and decorating their store...

GUARDIAN'S SALE—STATE OF ILLINOIS... PUBLICATION NOTICE—CHANCERY... PUBLICATION NOTICE—CHANCERY... PUBLICATION NOTICE—CHANCERY...

The Misery that sick women endure, in the back, hips, legs, etc., the headaches, waist and side pains, falling feelings, nervousness, irregular periods and other suffering can be relieved or cured, as were those of Mrs. Lucy Rowe, of Gifford, Ill., by taking WINE OF CARDUI WOMAN'S RELIEF

Weak Women To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the Local. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional.

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure Sold by All Druggists. MAGAZINE READERS SUNSET MAGAZINE

Manor House Coffee as good as there is grown Try it. J. R. MCCLURE. Don't accept a cough cure that you may be told is just as good as Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup...

Weak Hearts Are due to indigestion. Ninety-nine of every one hundred people who have heart trouble can remember when it was simple indigestion. It is a scientific fact that all cases of heart disease, not organic, are not curable, but are the direct result of indigestion...

THEY TASTE VERY MUCH LIKE 100 CIGARS LEWIS SINGLE BINDER STRAIGHT 15'S

ROOT IS RECOVERING

REGAINING HIS HEALTH AND ENERGY AT MULDOON'S.

NO OCCASION FOR WORRY

Has Spent Three Weeks at Sanitarium Unknown to Public—Received One Visit from the President.

New York.—Secretary of State Elihu Root, who has already spent three weeks at the farm-sanitarium of William C. Muldoon, champion wrestler, near White Plains, taking Mr. Muldoon's course of athletic treatment for a severe attack of nervous exhaustion, expects to complete his cure in two weeks more. He is now well on the road to complete recovery and all reason for apprehension about his health seems to have disappeared.

On the quiet farm among the West Chester hills, so secluded that the secretary of state was enabled to pass three weeks there and be visited by the president of the United States before his whereabouts were discovered by the public, Mr. Root has fished up, put on a healthy coat of tan, lost the drawn, worried look of the early summer, and will go back to Washington, as Mr. Muldoon phrases it, "the strongest member of the cabinet, not even barring Taft."

During the first two weeks of his stay he gained a pound a day, acquiring therewith such a stock of energy that he was able Friday to ride 18 miles, walk three miles, and in addition to the usual course of exercise with the big medicine ball, box 15 vigorous minutes with Muldoon.

When visited Friday on the veranda of the Muldoon residence, his face showed good color, his eyes were clear and his hand steady. He looked a trifle tired but otherwise well. Mr. Root asked to be excused from talking about his health, but his appearance was a sufficient contradiction of the exaggerated reports of a complete breakdown. His physician visited him but left without making any arrangements for his return.

According to Mr. Muldoon, Secretary Root, when he arrived, was suffering from nervous exhaustion, the result of overwork and strain.

COSTLY BLAZES IN PITTSBURG.

Two Fires Cause Damage Estimated at \$250,000.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Two fires Thursday caused by the explosion of gasoline in clothes pressing establishments caused damage estimated at \$250,000 and for a time threatened the entire east end section of this city.

The first fire broke out shortly before noon in the Club Pressing & Cleaning company's place at 6339 Penn avenue. The three story brick building was destroyed and 14 employees were rescued from the windows by firemen.

The second fire was more serious and before it was controlled seven buildings were wiped out. The blaze started in the Enterprise Pressing company's shop at 5975 Center avenue about two o'clock and spread with great rapidity east and west.

A number of automobile garages in the neighborhood had quantities of gasoline on hand and barrels and tanks of the fuel were removed from the vicinity. A hundred or more automobiles were run out of the garages and for a time lined either curb of a block, several blocks from the burning district.

The flames made a great roar and leaped into the air 50 feet above the burning buildings. Between the burning block and the handsome East Liberty market house only a narrow lot intervened and grave fears were entertained lest the market should catch. This building escaped, however, but for the scorching of the east side and the shattering of the windows. Shortly after four o'clock the fire was declared to be under control. Four firemen were hurt during the fighting of the fire.

Swedish Prince at Newport.

Newport, R. I.—The Swedish armored cruiser *Fylgia*, with Prince Wilhelm of Sweden on board, arrived here Thursday from Jamestown, Va. The prince was entertained at dinner by Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, and later attended a dance given by Mrs. Edward J. Berwind. Salutes were exchanged between the cruiser and Fort Adams and the *Reina Mercedes*, flagship of Rear Admiral John Merrill, commanding the second naval district, as the cruiser entered the harbor.

Money for Crop Movements.

New York.—The first considerable transfer of currency to the west for the movement of crops and other interior needs of the country was made by the subtreasury Friday. Five hundred thousand dollars was transferred to Chicago and another half million to San Francisco.

Monument to Irish Heroes.

Fontenoy, Belgium.—The Lord Mayor of Dublin Sunday unveiled the monument erected to commemorate the bravery of the Irish brigade in the battle of Fontenoy in 1745, in the presence of 300 visitors.

Man Aged 96 Kills His Wife.

Tulsa, I. T.—Dock Barnes, aged 96, killed his aged wife at their home near here Saturday night. Three months ago Barnes attempted to kill Richard Lewis, who had been paying attentions to his daughter.

CALLS THE NEGROES GUILTY

GEN. MYER'S REPORT TOUCHES ON BROWNSVILLE AFFAIR.

Garrison Removed From Fort Brown as Result—Commander Urges Better Pay and Canteen.

Washington.—That Brig. Gen. Albert L. Myer, commanding the department of Texas, thinks the colored troops "shot up" Brownsville, Tex., last August is shown by his annual report. After calling the affair "a lamentable occurrence which is still shrouded in mystery to a great extent," he says:

"However, it seems to have been established that on the night in question a few enlisted men of the first battalion, Twenty-fifth infantry, then garrisoning Fort Brown, did go armed into Brownsville and do some promiscuous firing resulting in the death of one civilian, one horse and the wounding of one policeman. It has been impossible to identify the individuals who actually did the firing. Undoubtedly there was at the time mutually bad blood between a part of the garrison of Fort Brown and some of the citizens of Brownsville and this fact must, to some extent, account for the occurrence."

As a result of the occurrence, Fort Brown has been deprived of a garrison and the reservation has been temporarily transferred to the department of agriculture.

In line with other department commanders, Gen. Myer takes the ground that the pay of enlisted men should be increased, particularly of non-commissioned officers. He favors legislation increasing the infantry by at least ten regiments of full peace strength, and he declares that the continuing absence of so many officers renders more apparent and evident the necessity for some legislation giving two officers at least to a company or troop at all times.

Gen. Myer renews the recommendation of most of his predecessors relative to the removal of the canteen restrictions on the sale of malt liquors. He says there has been about 3 per cent. decrease in the number of trials by court martial, and the number of trials for desertion far exceed that of any other crime or charge.

EDDY CASE ENDS SUDDENLY.

"Next Friends" File Motion to Dismiss Their Plea.

Concord, N. H.—A sudden, though not wholly unexpected, ending of the masters' hearing in connection with the suit in equity brought by relatives of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, leader of the Christian Science faith, came in the superior courtroom here Wednesday.

Former Senator William E. Chandler, senior counsel for the relatives, or "next friends," announced to the board of masters that they had filed a motion with the superior court to dismiss their action.

The suit was brought on the ground that Mrs. Eddy, being incompetent, on account of age and infirmities, to manage her own affairs, was the victim of persons associated with her in Christian Science work, who were named as defendants in the equity suit. The masters were appointed by the superior court to determine the question of Mrs. Eddy's competency, and hearings before them have been in progress for several days.

The reason for the petition for dismissal, as made known at the hearing Wednesday by Mr. Chandler, was the belief that success along the lines desired could not be obtained, and the unprofitableness of any immediate result of a decision in favor of the next friends in the exact issue as now framed, compared with the burdens and disadvantages to be endured both before and after such a decision.

EXPLOSION STARTS BLAZE.

Dynamite in Cedar Falls, Ia., Causes a \$110,000 Conflagration.

Cedar Falls, Ia.—An explosion in the rear of George Sheerer & Co.'s hardware store Sunday night started a blaze that caused damage to the extent of \$110,000. Three buildings, together with their stocks of goods, were destroyed. It is believed that a quantity of dynamite kept in stock was jarred, causing it to explode. The shock was felt for several miles around, and hundreds of windows were broken near the scene of the explosion. No one was hurt.

Cortelyou Will Try New Plan.

New York.—Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou announced Friday a new plan of depositing government funds in New York, Boston and other cities, to afford relief to the money market in the approaching crop movement period. Mr. Cortelyou will, commencing next week, place each week, at such points in the country as he shall designate, government funds to such an amount as he deems sufficient to prevent an acute monetary stringency and possible panic when the demand for money is greatest.

Washington Absconder Caught.

Washington.—A dispatch was received at the police headquarters Sunday night from Logan, W. Va., stating that James Arthur Kemp, the absconder chief clerk of the Washington police department, was arrested there Sunday.

Great Floods in Central Japan.

Tokio.—Floods, which are believed to be the heaviest that have been experienced for years, are reported from central Japan. Some villages have been completely submerged.

TIME TO CLEAN UP, SAYS MAG



MOTOR CAR RUNS INTO WALL

BOSTON BROKER AND CHAUFFEUR INSTANTLY KILLED.

Four Other Occupants of Automobile Escape—Accident Happens Near Narragansett Pier.

Saunderstown, R. I.—Waldo Merrill, of 915 Beacon street, Boston, a State street broker, and Eric Landstrom, of Mattapan, Wash., a chauffeur, were killed Sunday by the overturning of an automobile which crashed into a stone wall at a sharp curve in the road leading to Narragansett pier.

Four other occupants of the touring car, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Milliken, of Milton, Mass., their daughter, Miss Rita Milliken, and Mrs. Merrill, wife of Waldo Merrill, escaped with slight injuries. Mr. Milliken is a member of the firm of Corey, Milliken & Co., stock brokers, of Boston.

The party of six persons left Newport Sunday afternoon in Mr. Milliken's big touring car for Narragansett pier, Mr. Merrill riding with the chauffeur. The latter, according to Mr. Milliken, has been over the road before and was familiar with it, and was usually a careful driver. Just before reaching a corner known as the South Ferry, five miles from the pier, where the road takes a sharp turn, Landstrom apparently attempted to slow down, but there was some trouble with the brakes, and the car swung around so rapidly that it overturned. The momentum was sufficient to carry it in this fashion across the road against a stone wall. Merrill and Landstrom being caught beneath the car, were instantly killed. The four occupants of the tonneau were thrown a considerable distance, but with the exception of Miss Rita Milliken, whose wrist was badly hurt, they escaped with minor cuts and bruises.

The survivors of the party returned to their hotel in Newport. Mr. Merrill was the head of a stock brokerage company bearing his name.

MORE MONEY IN LOW FARES.

Effect of the Two-Cent Law in Minnesota Shown.

St. Paul, Minn.—Though the injunction suits now in the federal court in which the state has been made a defendant are principally directed at the commodity rate law, the two-cent passenger law is also involved and, in anticipation of trouble, Attorney General Young and his assistants have just compiled figures covering the passenger law that are startling.

The figures are the roads' own compilations, furnished at the request of the railway and warehouse commission, and show that the two-cent passenger law, instead of being confiscatory, is directly the reverse. The figures furnished the commission are the passenger revenues for the months of May and June, and compared with an average two months' business for the previous year, show a marked increase for all roads with the exception of three, the Soo, Minneapolis & St. Louis and the Great Western.

Try to Dynamite Train.

Cripple Creek, Col.—An attempt was made about noon Thursday to blow up the incoming Short Line passenger train with dynamite at St. Peter's Dome, midway between Cripple Creek and Colorado Springs. Every window in the last car was broken. A similar attempt was made to blow up the same train at Duffield Wednesday. The dynamiters escaped, but the sheriff is on their trail.

Pretty Girl Accused of Theft.

Chicago.—Miss Rose Haines, a beautiful convent graduate, who carried off the honors of her class, a prominent church worker of Hyde Park and the daughter of one of the wealthiest men of Bridgeport, Conn., is a prisoner in a Hyde Park police station cell, accused of theft. The principal charge against Miss Haines is that she stole two large diamonds valued at \$500 from a house where she was a guest, and then pawned them. The police say she lost \$75,000 on the open board of trade.

ANARCHIST CONGRESS OPENS.

Emma Goldman Gives It Greetings from the United States.

Amsterdam.—Emma Goldman, the American anarchist, told the Anarchist congress at its opening Sunday that she brought cordial greetings from all the anarchists in the United States, from San Francisco to New York. She declared that the liberty of the masses existed only on paper. She fervently hoped the congress would devise an international organization of anarchists and said there was nothing to hope for from the social democrats.

All the speakers criticized the peace conference at The Hague and the international socialist congress at Stuttgart, describing the first as merely an assembly for the organization of war and declaring that the latter had passed resolutions containing thousands of words without arriving at a definite conclusion on any subject. About 300 delegates were present, representing the United States, Great Britain, Spain, Italy, France, Russia, Germany, Belgium, Bohemia, Switzerland and Serbia.

MR. SMALL GOES TO NEW YORK.

President of Telegraphers Gives Out An Optimistic Statement.

New York.—S. J. Small, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' union, arrived in New York Sunday morning from the west. He was met at the railway station by a large delegation of the striking telegraphers.

Sunday night Mr. Small gave out an optimistic statement regarding general strike conditions, in which he said:

"We have fully 95 per cent. of all the commercial telegraphers in the United States on strike. This applies to small and large cities. Thousands of one-man offices are closed and the keys to the doors are in the possession of city officials, to be turned over to the inspectors of the company when they arrive."

WOMAN KILLS HER LANDLORD.

Kentucky Farmer's Wife Uses Her Pistol with Deadly Effect.

Mount Sterling, Ky.—Algin Thomas, a prominent farmer of Montgomery county, was shot and killed Sunday by Mrs. Katie Brumet, the 20-year-old wife of Abe Brumet, another farmer. The Brumets were tenants of Thomas and the men had a disagreement. While Brumet was away from home, Thomas shot at Mrs. Brumet three times, one bullet grazing her head. She ran and secured a revolver, firing at Thomas five times, one bullet piercing the brain, killing him instantly.

Severe Storm in Pennsylvania.

Johnstown, Pa.—A storm that approached the dimensions of a cyclone did great damage Saturday night and early Sunday in Somerset county. One woman sustained serious injuries and in the vicinity of Boswell, near here, a path 500 yards wide and a mile long was swept by a terrific wind. Houses and barns were destroyed and growing crops leveled.

Forest Fires in Michigan.

Marquette, Mich.—Serious forest fires have been raging in the western end of the upper peninsula during the last week. Reports from various localities indicate that much timber has been burned. The damage will run into the millions. A number of logging camps have been destroyed with their equipments.

Ten Killed in French Wreck.

Contras, France.—Ten persons were killed and 25 injured in a collision Sunday between an express train bound from Bordeaux to Paris and a freight train. The accident was caused by a misplaced switch.

No Hope for James Oliver.

South Bend, Ind.—Dr. C. H. Myers, attending James Oliver, millionaire plow manufacturer Sunday night said that Mr. Oliver showed signs of improvement but that recovery was not expected.

MAGOON GETS BUSY

TAKES SANITATION OF CUBA INTO HIS OWN HANDS.

PEST MOSQUITO MUST GO

Municipalities Being Unable to Eradicate Yellow Fever, Governor Creates a National Health Department.

Washington.—Despairing of the ability of the Cuban municipalities to keep the cities clean and free from yellow fever, the central government has at last formally undertaken that task. Chief Surgeon Kean cabled the war department Monday upon his return from Cienfuegos, which he says is at present the only place where yellow fever prevails, that Gov. Magoon had signed the decree nationalizing the sanitation.

From this time on the work of disinfection and the extermination of the yellow fever mosquito will proceed under the direction of officers appointed by Gov. Magoon, in most cases surgeons of the army or marine hospital service.

In the opinion of Gov. Magoon, as set out in a cablegram received at the war department Monday, the yellow fever will be eradicated within six weeks. There may be a few spasmodic cases during the period, but there is no danger of an epidemic. Surgeon Kean reports five new cases in Cienfuegos, making ten in all, but these were among civilians. All of the soldiers who were at first affected, with one exception, have been discharged as cured, and that one is convalescent.

Havana.—A decree creating a national department of sanitation has been signed by Gov. Magoon, and is to become effective upon the perfection of the organization. The personnel of the department will consist of one chief and a national board of five members holding office for four years. This board will have full control of the sanitation of Cuba, supplanting all local boards.

Up to the present time the inefficiency of the local sanitary authorities and their failure to report yellow fever cases has thwarted all the efforts to stamp out the disease. Maj. J. R. Kean, of the medical corps, reported four months ago upon the urgent necessity of national control in sanitary matters and this has been emphasized by the recent outbreak of yellow fever among the American troops at Cienfuegos.

SMALL SCOFFS AT ARBITRATION.

Telegraphers' Strike Head Says It Is Out of the Question.

New York.—Arbitration of the telegraphers' strike as it stands at present is out of the question, according to President S. J. Small, of the Commercial Telegraphers' union. Mr. Small said the strikers are prepared to remain out for two months and the union will support them for that time. The executive board of the American Federation of Labor, he added, will consider the relation of the federation to the strike in a day or two.

DOUBLE KILLING IN HOTEL.

Indiana Man Shoots His Wife and Himself in Chicago.

Chicago.—Charles A. Andrews, 40 years old, of South Bend, Ind., shot and killed his wife, and then committed suicide, in the Saratoga hotel, just after one o'clock Monday afternoon. There is much mystery as to the cause of the crime, though there is evidence that both persons had been bowed under some grief. The couple came to the hotel on Saturday, and little more than that was known about them.

STEAMSHIP TURNS TURTLE.

Acapulco Sinks at San Francisco Dock, All Aboard Escaping.

San Francisco.—The Pacific Mail Steamship company's steamer *Acapulco*, Capt. D. C. Prask, turned turtle Monday and sank at the company's dock in this city.

All the passengers and crew escaped, but it is believed that the cargo, consisting of general merchandise, will be almost a total loss.

Approves Goethals' Request.

Washington.—The president has approved Col. Goethals' request to continue expenditures in excess of the pro rata monthly allowance for the present fiscal year on account of "present necessities and unforeseen developments since those estimates were submitted." Congress will be requested at the next session to make appropriation to cover this deficiency. Col. Goethals asked for authority to expend \$8,000,000 more than the appropriation, saying it was in the interest of true economy.

Fatal Tornado in Wisconsin.

Ladysmith, Wis.—A tornado struck the home of L. V. Moore, four miles north of the city, carried the building several rods and demolished it. Harry Moore, 20 years old, had his head so badly crushed that he died three hours later. Mrs. Moore and her little daughter Ida were seriously injured. The storm also hit the home of George Warren, picking up the log house and landing it several rods away. The family of five were left seated on the floor uninjured, except a slight cut sustained by a child.

MAN-A-LIN

THE IDEAL LAXATIVE MADE FROM



MAN-A-LIN Is An Excellent Remedy for Constipation

There are many ailments directly dependent upon constipation, such as biliousness, discolored and pimpled skin, inactive liver, dyspepsia, overworked kidneys and headache.

Remove constipation and all of these ailments disappear.

MAN-A-LIN can be relied upon to produce a gentle action of the bowels, making pills and drastic cathartics entirely unnecessary.

A dose or two of Man-a-lin is advisable in slight febrile attacks, in grippe, colds and influenza.

THE MAN-A-LIN CO., COLUMBUS, OHIO, U. S. A.

The Revised Psalm.

The father's peroration was superb. "And departing, leave behind you," he concluded, "footprints on the sands of—"

But here the son rudely interrupted.

"Footprints?" he sneered. "Who wants to leave footprints?"

"Then what would you leave, my boy?" the old man inquired.

"Tracks," said the youth, haughtily. "Tracks of my 90-horse power racer, to be sure. Am I a dog or a working-man that I should leave mere footprints?"

Impudence of Hol Poitot.

A noted English artist was standing at the edge of the road, waiting for his horse, and he was dressed in his usual peculiar style—mustard-colored riding suit, vivid waistcoat and bright red tie. A man, who had evidently been reveling, happened to lurch round the corner of the street. He stared at the famous artist for a minute in silence, then he touched his cap and asked in a tone of deep commiseration, "Beg pardon, gov'nor, was you in mournin' for anybody?"

Group of St. Mary's Churches.

There are in London a round dozen churches named after St. Mary, nearly all of them belonging to a single group closely packed together, showing that they all came from the one great parish of Aldermary.

Few Runaways in New York.

Although New York is a "hitching postless" city there are fewer runaway horses in its streets than in the average city of one-tenth of its population.

It's a Good Time now

to see what a good "staying" breakfast can be made without high-priced

Meat

TRY A Little Fruit, A Dish of Grape-Nuts and Cream, A Soft-Boiled Egg, Some Nice, Crisp Toast, Cup of Postum Food Coffee.

That's all, and all very easy of digestion and full to the brim with nourishment and strength.

REPEAT FOR LUNCHEON OR SUPPER.

and have a meat and vegetable dinner either at noon or evening, as you prefer.

We predict for you an increase in physical and mental power.

"There's a Reason."

Read the "little health classic," "The Road to Wellville," in pkg.

AROUND THE COUNTY

Contributed by Correspondence who give all items of interest....

Kirkville

L. C. Weaver spent last week visiting in and near Peoria.

The Saint-people had a meeting at Jacob Stevens Monday.

Johnnie Donaker is keeping store while Mr. Weaver is away.

Hazel Evans is visiting with relatives in Sullivan this week.

Irvin Herendeen of Bethany visited his brother, Morris Herendeen, Wednesday.

Henry Miller and wife of Sullivan spent Sunday with Job Evans and family.

Will Webb and wife of near Todds Point spent Sunday with Willard Jeters and family.

There was a number from here attended the Soldier's reunion at Sullivan both days last week.

Anna Morgan of Shelby county is visiting her sister, Mrs. Arthur Herendeen for a few weeks.

Ed Evans and family accompanied Mrs. G. N. Lewis home Sunday after church and took dinner.

Mrs. Shumburger of Homer visited with her cousin, Job Evans, and family the last of the week.

Lucile Richie of Sullivan spent Saturday and Sunday with her grand parents, Amos Kidwell and wife.

Philip Emel and wife returned from West Baden springs Saturday of last week with health much improved.

There was a number from here attended the picnic at Jones' grove Wednesday given by the Odd Fellows.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Horn of Iowa, Ike Horn and Mrs. Samantha Alvy all spent Tuesday with Ike Alvy and family.

Mrs. James Coupl of Elwin, spent Sunday with T. H. Grantham and family and Monday with M. Herendeen and family.

Miss Mary Monroe of Hunston, Ia., visited Marinda Walker of Sullivan and Olive Clark visited with Ed Evans and family Tuesday.

A broom corn shed was mysteriously burned Monday night about midnight on the Jack Baker farm where William Wamack lives. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Saturday night of last week the members and community of Rev. White's charge presented them with a grocery shower. It consisted of a well selected line of staple goods to the amount of \$19.65. Rev. White and family are a very grateful people and it was much appreciated by them.

The campers returned home Saturday after a week camping fishing, fox hunting and a good time in general, all reported the finest time they ever had. Amos Kidwell, James McKown, Jobe Evans and families, Ben Evans, Essie and Crete Howe, and Brutus Alvy made up the crowd.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Dazey entertained a number of young people at their home with a party Monday night consisting of games and some fine temperance recitations rendered by Charlotte Underwood of Sullivan which was enjoyed very much. Ice cream and cake were served at a late hour and all departed declaring Mr. and Mrs. Dazey royal entertainers. The community are happy to know that such parties are becoming fashionable there can not be too much said about the temperance cause.

Whitley.

Born recently to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Young a son.

Misses Flora Garrett, Ruby Davis, Bertie Davis and Emma Moore are at home from the Sullivan Normal.

Joe H. Gaines and wife of Richland visited the latter's brother, Shirley Armantrout and family Sunday.

Mrs. Grace Quiett visited her sister near Robinson Creek station Sunday and attended the meeting at Lithia.

Mrs. Susan Bullock returned Monday from Francis Townley's near Calles. She had the care of the home while the family were camping at Lithia.

Dunn now supports a ball team and every Sunday a game is had at some of the various places about Dunn. These games are always attended by many of the so called church members. Now this is the question, should these Sunday ball games be attended and encouraged by the good people, or should they be condemned. Will some preacher please take this for his sermon, "Is it right to play baseball on Sunday?"

A few days ago Mrs. Clara Armantrout drove to the farm on which Nelson Armantrout lives and across the creek to a black berry patch at the north end of the farm, for some reason she neglected to hitch the horse. After gathering one bucket of berries and putting it in the buggy she went back for more, filling the bucket for the second time she went to where she had left the rig but the place was vacant, no horse or buggy. To Mrs. Armantrout the stream looked wide and deep, so from the bank she called lustily for help. At last two women heard her and went to her assistance. The horse was found near the church, but the buggy, O, where was it, ask the wise old owl up in the tree, the racket may have opened his eyes enough to see. The buggy had been turned over, splintered and scattered in the woods. The horse was taken care of by one of the women who adopted the latest style of equestrianship and forded the creek to break the horse to double riders and rescued Mrs. Armantrout, which was done without endangering any one. Most of the buggy has been collected and Shirley is at a loss to know whether the remnants belong to aerial or terrestrial conveyance. Mrs. Armantrout has not yet figured the cost of canning black-berries.

Arthur.

H. C. Strader was in town last week.

Mrs. H. A. Baker visited her son, Earl in Indianapolis over Sunday.

Mrs. F. M. Powell of Tuscola visited her daughter, Mrs. Hugh Rigney.

Mrs. Shuey of Westfield visited at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Campbell last week.

Miss Mary Stoler eloped to Westfield last week and became the wife of Clarence McMahon.

Miss Essie Warren and Elder O. M. Eaton were married at Indianapolis last Friday. The young couple eloped.

Miss Mabel McDonald returned to her home in Sullivan Monday after staying with Mrs. William Weddle since they came to town.

Mrs. John Lane died at her home Friday night. Funeral services were held Monday afternoon from the East Side Christian church, after which the internment was made at the Arthur cemetery.

Dunn.

Mr. and Mrs. Mack Rhodes are visiting in Nebraska.

Wm. Shipman and family are visiting relatives at Mt. Zion.

Ella Woods and Maye Shipman spent Sunday with Clara Butts.

Lewis Booker, Maye Butts and Dale Butts were Decatur visitors Tuesday.

Grover McMahan and wife went to Decatur Monday afternoon to visit relatives a few days.

The M. W. A. will have an ice cream supper Friday night for the benefit of the lodge.

Mrs. A. S. Creech and son, Henry, of Decatur visited relatives in this vicinity last week.

Grover McMahan and wife and George Butts and family were Decatur visitors Tuesday.

Several from here attended the Reunion at Sullivan Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

John Bush has resigned his position with Isaac Horn and has moved his family to Sullivan.

Ruby Jackson, Jessie and Ralph Voiles of Bedford, Ind., Nola Harrison of Mattoon and Virgil Boyd of Gays were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Booker and family Monday.

Todds Point.

James Snow has returned to Pana.

Mrs. Thomas Fleming spent a few days with friends in Sullivan.

Miss Myrl Jackson is visiting relatives in Windsor this week.

Ray Pritts and family are now living with Mrs. Pritts father, Samuel Jones.

Mrs. Frank Nuttall spent a few days in Sullivan with her aunt, Mrs. Williams.

Rev. Morton has gone to Champagne to be at the bed side of his mother who is very low with heart trouble.

Miss Inez Miller is now staying with Mrs. Harry Foster while her husband is going with a threshing machine.

John Atkinson and wife of Findlay and Robert Noble and wife of Bethany spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Fleming.

Jim Pritts and family and Ray Pritts and family attended the Old Settler's Reunion at Sullivan last Thursday.

Arthur Birkett accompanied by Dr. Williams of Hot Springs, Ark., has gone to Decatur to consult Dr. Barnes. He expects another operation will be necessary.

Harmony.

Mrs. Ben Siler is numbered with the sick.

Miss Grace Siler spent Wednesday and Thursday in Sullivan.

Miss Mamie Miller returned home Monday after a two weeks visit in Mattoon.

O. L. Howell and family of Arthur visited Friday at the home of H. C. Strader.

Several from this community attended the Old Settler's Reunion at Sullivan Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

I. N. Marbel and daughters, Mesdames Brisco and Selcok were called to Danville Tuesday by the death of Mr. Marbel's daughter.

Beldon and Oscar Brisco, Miss Tella Brisco, Miss Erma Fitch and Miss Williams and brother were guests at the home of Ed Brisco Sunday.

H. C. Strader was in Arthur Saturday. He attended a meeting of the Fairview Baptist church which will disband and the church property will be sold.

Allenville.

Threshing is about over in this vicinity.

H. H. Hoskins has hired him a clerk to work in his store.

G. P. Martin threshed for his father J. R. Martin Wednesday.

Let every body attend the Union Sunday school at the church at 10 a. m.

Clem Rome and family moved here from Shelbyville Indiana last week.

Our school will begin next Monday with S. P. English as principal Cora Davis primary.

Mrs. J. R. Martin, returned from a visit in Ind. Thursday where she has been visiting a sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Misenheimer returned Tuesday from a visit with Mrs. Misenheimer's relatives in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Sherman Burchard who has been suffering with kidney trouble had another severe spell Monday. Her doctors advise an operation.

Township Line.

Frank Doughty and family attended the basket meeting at Mt. Zion last Sunday.

The Snuyser Sunday school will meet at the church Friday evening to practice singing.

Robert Warren and family of Bethany are visiting Llossa Lilly and other relatives and friends along the line.

The farmers are busy threshing whenever they can catch a dry day. There is considerable grain not threshed yet.

The Snuyser church will hold an all day basket meeting in Otis Garrett's grove next Sunday Sept. 1. Sunday school at 10 o'clock, preaching at 11 and in the afternoon. Every body are invited. Come in time for Sunday school.

Bruce.

David Condon and Otto McDaniel visited friends in Arthur over Sunday.

Luther Garrett has returned from Bement where he has been conducting a hardware store.

Miss Susie Sampson visited her brother, George, in Sullivan from Saturday morning until Monday evening.

Our supervisor J. S. Hortenstine went to Sullivan in response to a special call for the selecting of a grand jury for the September term of circuit court.

Keep the pores open and the skin clean when you have a cut, burn, bruise or scratch. DeWitt's Carbolyzed Witch Hazel Salve penetrates the pores and heals quickly. Sold by all druggists.

There's nothing so good for sore throats as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Cures it in a few hours. Relieves any pain in any part.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

When You Take Cold

One way is to pay no attention to it; at least not until it develops into pneumonia, or bronchitis, or pleurisy. Another way is to ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. If he says, "The best thing for colds," then take it. Do as he says, anyway.



When the bowels are constipated, poisonous substances are absorbed into the blood instead of being daily removed from the body as nature intended. Knowing this danger, doctors always inquire about the condition of the bowels. Ayer's Pills.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Nutcracker and the Squirrel

Here is the old problem of the hunter who saw the squirrel on a tree and tries to get a good shot at it, but the squirrel cleverly manages to keep always on the opposite side. The hunter as shown by the tracks in the snow, has gone around the tree so as to make a complete circle, but the squirrel also went around the tree keeping on the opposite side, and we wish to know has the hunter walked around the squirrel? I give this problem because puzzlists from all over the world have asked me to give my answer to the problem.

A thousand and one subtle arguments have been made that the man does not go around the squirrel, principally that Webster's definition that around is on all sides of, encircling, encompassing.

I claim that the man has most positively gone around the squirrel just as the rim of a wheel goes around the hub which turns on the axle; just as the earth goes around the sun, which has a lesser trip proportional to their difference in weight.

I remember of going all around a field once, but a cross dog faced me all the time so I could not reach the apple tree; but I went all around the field and all that was in it. I wished at the time that I was big enough to take that dog by the tail and swing him around but perhaps some philosopher would tell me that the dog was not being swung around, because he always had the same end towards me.

One of the same professors who maintain it impossible to go around the world unless the world stops turning, places implicit faith in the old snake story. He says a snake can always swallow a snake of its own size; he once placed two four foot snakes together in a cage and each seized the other's tail and began to swallow it at the same time, so they both disappeared simultaneously.

Beautiful Picture Free.

Farm Progress, a big monthly agricultural paper, devoted to the interests of the American farmer, his home and industries, is giving away free with every three-year subscription a beautiful fruit picture, size 22x29 inches, entitled "Natural Fruits." This is a beautiful picture, in six colors, and makes a handsome dining-room ornament. Send 30 cents for a three-year subscription or three one-year subscriptions to-day. Address all orders to Farm Progress, St. Louis, Mo.

Which is the easier to spell—fiddle-dee or fiddle-de-dum? The former, because it is spelt with more e's.

What is that which is black' white and red all over, which shows some people to be green, and makes others look blue? A newspaper.

"We never repent of eating too little," was one of the ten rules of life of Thomas Jefferson, president of the United States, and the rule applies to every one without exception during this hot weather, because it is hard for food even in small quantities, to digest when the blood is at high temperature. At this season we should eat sparingly and properly. We should also help the stomach as much as possible by the use of a little Kodol For Indigestion and Dyspepsia, which will rest the stomach by digesting the food itself. Sold by all druggists.

Alcohol has no place, use or purpose in the relief of worry, and its so called use in this connection, at any rate, is never anything but abuse or misuse, always dangerous, always productive of more evil than it relieves and only too frequently suicidal.—Canadian Magazine.

There's nothing so good for sore throats as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Cures it in a few hours. Relieves any pain in any part.

H. R. FULLER

The Transient Penman

Will open his school of Writing and Lettering, Slant or Vertical, Plain or Ornamental.

Open Next Monday in Dyer Building on First Floor.

HOURS AND RATES

Morning class 7:30 to 9:30, 14 lessons of 1 hour each, \$2.00 per term; evening class 4:00 to 6:00, 14 lessons of one hour each, \$2.00 per term; night class 14 lessons of 1 hour each, \$2.00 per term. Pupils may select any 2 hours between 7:00 and 11:00 p. m.; Printing or Show Card Lettering, Mechanical Drawing Lettering or Laundry Marking, 12 lessons of 1 hour each, \$3.00 per term.

Tuition Due Last Day in the Morning:

Carbondale, Ill., Feb. 18, 1907.

With pleasure I recommend the efficient work of Mr. H. R. Fuller, under whom I have taken a course in printing penmanship and script writing; whilst in our city. His method of teaching is short, precise and successful.

REV. H. B. HILGENBERG,
Pastor of St. Francis Catholic Church.

John Riha, a prominent dealer of Vining, Ia., says: "I have been selling DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder pills for about a year and they give better satisfaction than any pill I ever sold. There are a dozen people here who have used them and they give perfect satisfaction in every case. I have used them myself with fine results." Sold by all druggists.

A Wonderful Book.

A wonderful book printed in many beautiful colors sent absolutely free to readers of the SATURDAY HERALD. It is one of the most magnificent books dealing with artistic exterior decoration.

A book that is resplendent with the many colors to the rainbow, all blended together so as to form a continuity of brightness and beauty.

The book is printed on an extra quality of paper, which brings out the wonderful high lights of the pictures and makes them look like real oil paintings. Never in the history of color painting has so magnificent a publication been placed before the American people. It is the purpose of the publishers not to see this book but to send it absolutely free of cost to interested readers of the SATURDAY HERALD.

This book is so interestingly written and the illustrations are so magnificently real, as to afford many hours' entertainment and pleasure for the entire family.

The ink from which the illustrations have been printed was especially made and especially matched to correspond with the colors which they are made to represent. On a count of the expense in manufacturing this book only a small edition has been printed, so we would advise you to write immediately in order to receive one.

In addition to the magnificent illustrations to be found in the book there is much valuable information regard to exterior house painting and decoration. Full and complete instructions are given for selecting colors for house painting and decoration.

This book is issued by one of the largest paint manufacturing concerns in the United States, the Mound City Paint and Color Company. It is printed for the purpose of bringing to the attention of the American people the many advantages to be derived from using their unequalled house paint, which, on account of its excellence and lasting quality, they have named, "The Horse Shoe Brand."

Don't fail to send for this book immediately. Send your name and address to the Mound City Paint and Color Company, 819-21 North Sixth Street, St. Louis, Mo., and receive absolutely free of cost this book. It will tell you of the "Story of the House Beautiful."

33-6

Why was Moses the most wicked man that ever lived? Because he broke all the commandments at once.

DeWitt's Little Early Rider don't sicken or gripe. Small pills, easy to take. Sold by all druggists.

Why is a baby like wheat. Because it is first cradled, then threshed then becomes the flower of the family.

The Twice-a-Week Republic, St. Louis, has reduced its subscription price from \$3 per year to \$2.00. This is one of the oldest and best semi-weekly newspapers published in the United States, and at the price of 50 cents per year no one can be without it. For 50 cents you receive two big eight-page papers a week, 104 copies a year, at one-half cent per copy. Your friends and neighbors will surely take advantage of this opportunity. Send all orders to The Republic, St. Louis, Mo.

WOMEN'S WOES.

Sullivan Women are Finding Relief.

It does seem that women have more than their fair share of the aches and pains of humanity; they must "keep up" their stand to duties in spite of constant aches, pains, headaches, dizzy spells, nervousness, their own pains, they must stoop over, they must creep, they must crawl, they must work with aching backs and aching knees from kidney ills. Kidneys cause more suffering than any other organ of the body. Keep the kidneys well and health is maintained. Read of a remedy for kidney ills that helps and cures the kidneys and is endorsed by the people you know.

Mrs. Charles Johns, of 251 1/2 North 1st, Decatur, Ill., says: "I suffered from kidney complaint for years and as time went on it became deeper seated and occasioned me a misery each year. I had a terrible pain in the small of my back, it was so severe that I was hardly able to get out and do my work. There was constant action of the kidney secretions, attended with scintillations and pain, and was cured by a physician and used many remedies but I got no better. I saw DeWitt's Kidney Pills advertised and I obtained a box from a drug store, I received more benefit from them than from all other treatments I had taken."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Mound City Paint and Color Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Don't take any other.

A Tricky Problem

Ask your friends if they can add up the following odd figures to add up to make fourteen.

It is really astonishing how grossed most people will get when they see how much time they will spend on this, at first sight, simple problem. The questioner however, is careful to say figures, not numbers.

Tom went out, his dog with him he went not before, behind him on one side of him, then where did he go? On the other side.

Piles get quick and certain relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone from its action is positive and certain. Itching, painful protruding or bleeding piles disappear like magic by Dr. Shoop's Large nickle capped glass jar. Sold by all druggists.

Old Folk's Picnic.

The Annual Old Folk's home picnic will be held at the usual place just north of J. H. McCormack's residence and one mile east and one mile north of the Snuyser church in Whitley township, September 25. An all day meeting, everybody is invited to come and bring well filled baskets. A program will be presented in keeping with the occasion.

S. F. GAMMILL, Pres.
E. C. HARRISON, Sec.