

## The Best Thing For Christmas

Nothing in the way of a Christmas gift will give so much pleasure to so many for so long a time as the Edison phonograph. The en- student. She was forced to give up joyment that it affords is the her work about five years ago on ackind that lasts and the kind count of poor health, the family mov that every member of the change in climate would prove benefamily appreciates. It is a ficial to her. For a time she seemed gift, not for the time being to improve, but it was not permabut for all time, taking on a new interest with every new record.

The phonograph sings, grand opera as in minstrel fun. It means as much to ed in Mansfield, Mo., Wednesday the little folks as to the afternoon and the remains laid to grown folks. Just now the eternal question is, "What shall the Christmas present be?" The answer is, "An Edison PHONOGRAPH."

home a phonograph means the beginning of a long term of genuine enjoyment. We have a big line of machines and records.

6. 6. Barber.

Jeweler and Bookseller, · Sultivan, - Ill.



## AUGUSTINE. Optician,

121 N. Water St. Decatur,

Has been coming regularly for seven years.

At Barber's Jewelry Store. Will not be here in December.

Examination Free.



arrives TH BOUND

5:18 p.m. except Sunday
Friarrives 0:15 a m ex'Sun'
Sullivan 10:00 a. m ex'Sun'
Sement with train north
east and west and

M. D. POWERS, A SER. Sullivan. Ill.

# Illinois Cantral

(Peoria Division )

SOUTH BOUND.

SOUTH BOUND.

No 281—Mattoon Accomodati. The ... 424 D m
No. 201—Evansyllie Mail. ... 10:50 An
No. 202—Evansyllie & Southern Ex. 2:22 A
No. 293—Local Freight.
Daily \*Daily excepts unday.
Daily \*Daily excepts unday.
Daily \*Daily excepts unday.
Daily \*Southern Ex. 2:25 A
Daily \*Daily excepts unday.
Daily \*Daily excepts unday.
Daily \*Southern Ex. 2:25 A
Daily \*Tolaly excepts unday.
Daily \*Tola

7 M STARBUCK AROUT

Notice to Hunters

All persons are hereby warned to lo no more hunting on any farm and or lands belonging to me, if they to they will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law for such trespass. J. R. MARTIN.

ROSALTHA ANDERSON.

OBITUARIES.

Rosaltha (Alta) Auderson the youngest child of James and Elizabeth Anderson, deceased, was born at their home near the Morgan school house July 15, 1869. Died at their home in Mansfield, Mo., Tuesday December 3, 1907, at the age of 38

chronic pulmonary heart trouble. Miss Alta was always of a cheerful lovable disposition, and had been a patient sufferer all her life as she had never been very strong.

years, 4 months and 18 days of

She taught school in Moultrie county a number of years, she always gave splendid satisfaction, was well liked by pupils and patrons. She was an apt scholar and diligent

She is survived by four sisters Miss Augusta, Mrs. Allie Birch living near Topeka, Kansas, Miss Flora Mrs. Grant Camfield near Cowden plays or talks. It is gifted in and one brother, James, living near Mansfield, Missouri.

The funeral services were conductrest by her mother in a cemetery near there.

EDNA LORENE COLLINS.

Edna Lorene Collins the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Collins living about three miles northeast of and died December 3, 1007, at the illness of nine weeks of a complication of diseases.

The dear babe was entrusted to their care for a time but taken from this world of sorrow into the beyond. The parents having embraced the Christian faith are consoled in the belief that they can go to their babe, and that one more hand is beckoning to them to come. They do not sorrow as those who have no hope. They realize that their child is not dead but transplanted to awaken at the trumpet call in a new life.

Dr. T. J. Wheat conducted the fueral services.

A precious one from us has gone, voice we loved is still.

A place is vacant in our home That never can be filled.

A Happy Day,

Miss Agnes Fleming, teacher.

It was a happy day when Jamie, Ralph and May went to their grandpa's to spend Thanksgiving.

"What are you thankful for, Jamie? asked grandpa when they were warm. "I am thankful for the trees and the flowers and the grass that grows underneath our feet."

"I am thankful for our home and free country," said Ralph. "That is Bros. Lewis and Temple so n right" said grandpa.

"And what are you thankful for, Oh I don't know" said May, except or the turkey and nice thin

"Well come on boys and girls let s go and eat dinner,' said grandpa. At this the boys eyes sparkled and when they got there they saw chick- was a feast and a spiritual tonic to things in life. At Titus opera house en and turkey, and in the middle of

That night before they went to bed grandma brought in a large pan of the morning services. Because o apples, nuts and pop corn.

up bright and gay, then they ate to close the meeting, but there were

(The above is an original story written by Paul Burk, aged II years, Rosedele school,) and just as he presented it at thout any change or correction.

> O. F. Poster DENTIST

Office hours 8:00 to 12:00 1:00 to 5:00

Over Todd's Store south side settlements made, square

z Illinois

CHURCH SERVICES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL

Brother Michael Rominger whos funeral the pastor attended Saturday was 88 years of age; he has been a member of the M. E. church for 74 years, having joined the church when he he was 14 years o'd. His son Arloo is a member in Sullivan.

The bible class on Monday night, next will have for its lesson "The Memorials of the Jewish church," come and join the class, it meets Monday night in the chapel of the church at 7:30.

The Ladies Association meets Wed resday at 2 p. m. of each week. All the ladies'of the church and congregration are earnestly invited to at-

The Pastor is announced to preach Sunday at 10:45 a. m. on "The characteristics of a healthy church," and at 7.30 p. m. the subject will be, 'Christ's triumph over tyranny.

CHRISTIAN.

The president of the C. W.-B. M. Miss Davidson of Eureka, meets with the ladies of the C. W. B. M. of the church this Friday afternoon. The meeting is at the home of Mrs. John Patterson. Mrs. J. R. Pogue is the

At the morning services last Sunday there were two additions to the church.

The pastor will preach Sunday on the following subjects: In the morning "Christ's Kingdom, Not of This World." Evening, "Beacon Lights of The Christian."

The Juniors are working hard to increase their numbers, and are grow-For your home or for any Sullivan, was born March 13, 1907, ing in number and interest all the time. Some of the older Juniors age of 8 months and 20 days after an have developed into good workers and assume almost as much responsi- Hostetter being in poor health, and bility as the superintedent.

responded willingly to the support of the president, Mrs. E.B. Eden, iv the donations and also in helping to serve. The ladies also wish to thank full possession of her property. all who patronized the dinner and made it a success.

The teachers' meeting is increastime. Some of the teachers, too, have begun to plan ways of increasing attendance in the various classes. The grown people's class should be better patronized in order that parents could see the needs of the Sunday school.

PRESBYTERIAN.

tered to him and his family while daily lives. they were afflicted and shut-in; then members of other choirs who as-Isisted in singing.

The meeting was not a success as to the number of conversions, but it gives a real picture of humanity gowas a great success in other ways; it ing from the sublime to the gayer many Christians. Some, of other de on next Tuesday night. Price 25, 35 the table was a fat pig and pies and nominations, have said that it was as and 50. Seats now on sale at usual good a meeting as they ever at ended place. and seemed especially benefitted by the serious interruption and the The next morning the children got many abstacles it was thought best breakfast. After breakfast grandpa took the children home. They told all of their friends of their visit to longer. Quite a liberal offering was made for Brother Lewis, who left Tuesday morning for his next field of lab ir, leaving many friends in Sulli van.

The usual services on Sunday and during the week will be resumed.

Take Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to J. W. Winter will please call at W. A. Waggoner's grocery where the books may be found and J. W. WINTER. 49-3

ELECT OFFICERS.

EASTERN STAR.

a regular meeting of the East-Star Tuesday evening the offices for the ensuing year. orthy Matron-Miss Nina Ash

orthy Patron-Charles Cofer. ssistant Matron-Mrs. Ida David-

onductor-Mrs. Drue Pogue. ssistant Conductor - Miss Flo

retary-Miss Emma Jenkins. Treasurer-Miss Josie Spitler.

RED MEN.

The Red Men elected the following fficers Monday night: Prophet- E. J. Swisher. lachem-George Longwill. Senior Sagmore—Ralph David.

Chief of Record-W. H. Boyce, Keeper of Wampum-J. B. Ford. Collector of Wampum-O. E. Duns-

Junior Sagmore-S. A. D. Robert-

HAYMAKERS.

This order, an auxillary of the Red Men, elected officers last Saturday night as follows:

Past Chief Haymaker-Mel Fultz. Chief Haymaker-W. H. Boyce. Assistant Chief -Claude Straughan Overseer-Burl Robertson. Keeper of Bundles-Guy Uhrich,

Hezekiah Waggoner administrator of the estate of Thomas Smith deceased, gave proof of publication, and mailing notice of final settlement to heirs, made and approved

A few years ago Miss Margaret it being necessary to trust her to an The Thanksgiving dinner was well insane hospital for a time, her patronized. The ladies of the church brother James was appointed her conservator. For a couple of years the has been at home, and having processed her health, and asked for trial was given by a jury last Monday, the verdict returned was that she was in full possession of her ing in interest and attention all the mind and capable of managing her property which has been restored to

A'Woman of Mystery.

In the nature of human beings there are many sides. The serene, the sublime, the ridiculous and a mind that leans toward any of these to an abnormal degree is not well After a sad and distressing experi balanced; as too much sadness brings ence of a week, the pastor is out on chronic melancholia, while too again, and reports that Robert is much jollity makes sacred things apabout well again, and that none of pear to the too joyous mind in a the other members of the family have light that is incongrous to the real taken the disease His first desire is truth of religion. A mind well balto praise God for his mercies; then he anced enjoys a picture of life what wishes to thank the physician and portrays all sides of human nature in the friends who so kindly adminiblits variations as they occur in our

That truth is stranger than fiction "What are you thankful for, Ralph? those who have supported the meet is not true, to the author who undering, and helped to make the stay of stands humanity. there is no fiction, while in the city; the Methodist he sees it although the incidents may "And what are you thankful for, church for the use of their church for be drawn from his imagination, the May?" said grandpa for his last time the services, Miss Turney for playing emotion portrayed the incidents ere of a truths. Such is of Mystery, which Miss Courtenay Morgan will play. This play does not portray the sad incidents but

Left Home.

E. B. Houck has left home aim some time. Why? One of his chil- Portland cement, as compared with dren has diphtheria and as he was four and one-half million barrels of away from home when the child natural cement and a half million took sick, the mother, brave little woman, on being informed by the doctor what ailed the child, had the the United States in 1906 was about family quarantined and Mr. Houck quarantined from home in order that he might continue his work, that of photographer, without interruption of his business, as they are dependant on his work for the support of a wife and several children, and photography is no get-rich-quick scheme. So there is not a shadow of danger of any of his customers running any risk by calling at his place of busi-

Don't allow a lady you escort to Don't salute a lady with a gesture the hand, but by taking off the hat.

# Will Close December 14.

Our second semi-annual 20 per cent disving persons were elected to fill count sale will be discontinued after Saturday evening December 14.

This sale has doubled on the first in showing that the people know they are on the square. There still remain a few days for you to buy that Xmas present, and save 20 per cent Remember: the 20 per cent discount does not go after December 4th. Come in and see for your self that we mean business and will be delighted to show you through our store. We have bought for Xmas something new for the children, you should see it before buying elsewhere, it will last for years and beautify your home. We will be open Saturday nights until after Xmas. We make a specialty of 50c Children's Rockers,

# EDEN FURNITURE CO.

Sullivan Illinois.

## COURT HOUSE NEWS!

Probate Court,

Allen Ritchey is appointed administrator of the estate of Joseph Richey, deceased, under bond of \$4,000 with David Richey and W. A. Steele sureties. Henry Jenne, A. J. Buxton and H. B. Hagerman appointed apprais-

Petition by Etta Winings to have conservator appointed for Garrett

Lizzie Kinney, (nee Lizzie Dunn) guardian of the minor heirs, Homer Dunn, Vera Dunn. Anna Dunn, petitions to sell dower interest and pay

James Morrison orders notice of final settlement of the estate of Patrick Ryan, deceased. REPORT OF TREASURER WARREN

emolments received and expendi-

tures made by H. Ray Warren, treasurer of Moultrie county, during the year ending November 30, 1907. 1 1/2 per cent on \$57362.73

received from township collector.....\$ 860.4. 3 per cent commission on

\$41634.33 collected as county collector.....1249.03 Making delinquent list for publication of 297 tracts and 371 lots 3 cents each 20.00

Making delinquent list for adgment 122 tract and 233 lots at 3 cents each ...... 10.65 Selling 66 tracts..... May and June penaltees ..... \$6.46

One hundred per cent com-I per cent \$6700 ..... 6700 Comporation tax collected .... 67.04 Total receipts.....2983.24 Expenditures Clerk Hire ..... 400.00 46.50 Treasurer's salary.....1100.00

Due county ..... Coment Proposition. Coment Exposition which is to be held in th hicago Coliseum on December taches special interest to isking figures which reveal grawth of the Portland cement in-

dustry in this country. Portland cement was first made in this country about 1878. In 1892 the amount of Portland cement made in the United States was less than a half million barrels. In 1905 this country will not be permitted to return for produced over 36,000,000 barrels of barrels of imported Portland cement. The ontput of Portland cement for 46,500,000 barrels valued at \$52,000ooo, showing a gain of more than II.-000,000 barrels over 1905, The gain alone of 1906 over 1905 represents considerably more than a third of the total output of 1904, when only twenty-six and a half million barrels were

> Don't forget the school teacher while she is patiently endeavoring to help the children to a better understanding of the problems of life. Visit the school occasionaly and show by your presence that you are inter-

# A New Foreman

Walter Robertson has been employed as toreman in the HERALD office and will enter upon his duties Monday morning, He has won good reputation as a newspaper man, and ranks first class in the job and ad. department. Any person entrusting work to this office will receive first class up-todate work. Give us a trial, "Honest effort and good work is our motto, good will to all, malice, and envy to none."

Robbery in Butcher Shop.

Sunday evening some thieves forced one of the side windows at E. Earp's butcher shop on West Harrin street, entered the shop and Annual report of official fees and opened the bank as only the day lock was on. \$200 was taken from the safe, \$100 in paper and \$100 in silver. A blood hound was brought here from Decatur, and went the second time to the brick house in the north part of town which caused suspicion to rest on Pasco Warren and James Farlow, as the young men for some reason decided to leave town Monday morning, it caused suspicion to grow. Soon after it was reported that a young man who seemed to have a sum of money had asked to have a bill changed at Kirksville, eter A search was at once made for the young men who were soon located at Salem; and the Sheriff went after them Tuesday morning, returning the same day. They were committed

to jail. Wednesday afternoon they were taken before Squire Mattox for trial, but as there was no convicting evidence the case was dismissed.

Evening With Mrs. Goode:

Wednesday evening Mrs. J. H. Goode gave a very entertaining entertainment to the Chattering Chums and a few other friends in honor of Miss Grace Epler of Shelbyville.

The entertainment was an imitation of a railway trip, Mrs. J. H. Goode playing the part of G. P. A., Miss Freda Stricklan conductor and Miss Ella Cummins ticket agent and Edna Cummins dressed in newsboy costome sold fruit and sweet meats. Each guest was presented with souvenir suit case and a ticket to the dining room where the refreshments were served in lunch counter style.

Those present were: Misses Com Haydon, Amy Booze. Grace David, Opal Ellis, Laura Mattox. Edith Barber, Lelia Sampson, Eva Heacock, Bernice Peadro, Rose Corbin, Fera Wright, Gladys Hudson, Lucile Cawood. Freda Pifer, Lucile Cummins, Zelma McClure and Grace Epler.

H. W. Marxmiller Dentist

New Odd Fellows Building **Examination Free** 

Office phone 196, Res. 1961-2

Don't elbow people unless it is to purchase a ticket for a performance of Miss Courtenay Morgan in 'A Worse an of Mystery."

## CURRENCY BILLS FIRST

Railway Rate and Tariff Legislatio Quite Uncertain—Inland Water-ways Campaign Will)

Be Started.

Washington.—Never at the begin ning of any congress have the congessional leaders of both parties found themselves more at sea concerning legislation than they were at the con vening of the present assembly of the al legislature, which took place

Monday at noon.

Very little except the financial situ ation is engaging the attention of member of either house, and all the members of both houses, whether leaders or followers, confess their inability to forecast what may be done on that subject. All of them lament the pres ent situation, but all of them do not believe that the remedy for it is to be

found in legislation.

May Amend Rate Law.

In his speech of acceptance Saturday night Speaker Cannon intimated the possibility of some amendment to railroad rate law, and but for the disturbance in the money centers there is little doubt that this would have been undertaken during the ses sion. It is still possible that some thing may be attempted in that line but all plans to that end are now quite nebulous.

The Democrats have already indicated a purpose of trying to force the tariff to the front, but the Republicans are so largely in the majority in both houses and are so well united in their purpose of postponing action upon this important subject until after the presidential election that their opponents have very little hope of accomplishing anything beyond getting recognition for a few speeches for campaign con

Taxation of Stock Sales.

Among other subjects which will receive serious attention will be the question of taxing the sales made on the stock exchanges, and while it is appreciated that even an effort in this direction may affect the market, there are a number of senators and mem bers who attribute most of the dis turbances in the financial market to these speculative processes and who would like to make the road as rocky as possible for them. It is too early however, to say whether such efforts at legislation will be successful.

There will be some anti-trust talk, ut the financial panic will probably have the effect of curtailing it to derable extent. The Philippine tariff bill and the bills for the admis sion of New Mexico and Arisona as states will be introduced early in the session, and it is probable that all of them will receive considerable attention, but not so probable that either of them will become a law at this ses

Prospect of Waterway Bills. The friends of the scheme for the deepening of the channel of the Mis sissippi river will undertake to in augurate that enterprise during the session, and in that connection there will be an effort looking to the systematic delevopment of all the inland waterways. The president is expected to recommend in his message a chan nel of not less than 14 feet from New Orleans to Keokuk, and thus initiate a campaign which will be pressed until the desired end is attained.

It is also understood that the president will recommend an appreciable enlargement of the navy, and while congress does not seem prepared to completely follow him in this matter the prospect is good for some increase. Early Adjournment Wanted.

Even now the men who do most to formulate the policies of the two houses are putting their heads to-gether with the view of securing an adjournment of the session at as early a date as possible. They are using the fact that the national conventions will probably be held in June to influence both Republicans and Democrats, and the response received is generally favorable to the view that the session should come to a close not later than the last of May.

The speaker will make an effort to

get the house committees in working order before the holidays, and a caucu of the Republican senators will probably be held Monday after the adjourn ment of the senate.

Mr. Taft's Life in Danger?

Penza, European Russia.-The police of Ufa were alarmed Thursday night owing to a report that an at tempt would be made to blow up the train bearing Secretary Taft and his party toward St. Petersburg, and 50 soldiers were stationed in the corridors and vestibules of the cars at Ufa and remained on guard until morning. The train proceeded slowly and with great caution throughout the night.

### Bridegroom is Murdered.

Brownsville, Pa.-While the festivities in celebration of his marriage were at their height early Sunday, George Bea, aged 38 years, accompanied by several companions, left the house to urge a friend living near by to join in the fun. They had gone a short distance when half a dozen men. supposed to be rejected suitors of Bea's bride, leaped from hiding and one of them dealt Bea a blow that fractured his skull and caused death a few hours later. John Jackovic was bit in the face by a bullet.

### JUDGE BRADWELL IS DEAD

CHICAGO PIONEER AND LEGAL EXPERT PASSES AWAY.

Had Lived in Metropolis Since 183 Was an Indian Fighter of Note— Leaves Two Children.

Chicago. — One of Chicago's oldest and most picturesque ploneers passed away Friday when James. B. Bradwell, former county judge, publisher of the Chicago Legal News and noted authority on laws, died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. F. A. Heimer. He was 79 years old and came to Chicago in 1834. Pneumonia and kidney disorder caused death, al-though the veteran had not been in his usual vigorous health for two years. Present when he died were his children, Thomas Bradwell, for-mer justice of the peace, and Mrs. Helmer. Attending him were his grandson, Dr. James B. Bradwell and Charles E. Kahlke.

His wife, who was Miss Myra Col-by, was distinguished as the first woman lawyer in the United States. She edited the Legal News until her

death in 1894.

Mr. Bradwell was an English having been born April 16, 1828, in Loughborough, coming to the United States with his parents, however, when he was two years old. After a stay of three years at Ithaca, N. the family came west to Jacksonville. Ill., traveling in a "prairie schoone drawn by a yoke of oxen and a span of horses. The stay in Jacksonville was short and the same conveyance which carried them from the east was again put into commission and headed for Chicago, tying up on the lake shore, where Randolph street now is.

Indians and wolves beset them and their days were passed in danger and physical discomfort. Trekking on, the Bradwells journeyed in their schooner to a point on the Desplain river near Wheeling, where a tract of government land was pre-empted. Although the site of the homestead on the Desplaines river is not a great way from the present limits of Chicago vet in that day the farm was a long way off from Fort Dearborn.

FARMERS RICHER THAN EVER.

Secretary Wilson's Report Shows Im mense Value of Year's Grops.

Washington, - This has been the farmers' Thanksgiving. Regard-less of Wall street panics or Chi-cago clearing house certificates, the men with the bursting barns can congratulate themselves on a year's income of \$7,412,000,000. That is the total value of the farm products of 1907, according to the annual report of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, is-

sued Friday.

The farmer has more money to spend this year and more money to invest than he ever had before. If he were minded to raid the high finan-ciers with his surplus funds he could corner the stock market in Wall street and La Salle street. With his billions he could take the Illinois Central from Harriman and the Standard Oil from Rocketskie. Rockefeller.

The crop of 1907 has a money value than any crop ever grown. It is worth ten per cent more than that of last year and twice as much as that of 1889.

MURDER QUICKLY AVENGED.

Italian Kills Railroad Employe and is Slain by Hunters.

Mifflintown, Pa.—Julius employe of the Pennsylvania railroad. was shot and fatally wounded Thurs day, by an unidentified Italian laborer who was pursued by a party of hunters and shot dead. The Italian, who had been drinking and was disorderly, shot Derr when ordered from the railroad station. The Italian then fied. oursued by hunters who nessed the shooting, and took refuge under a railroad bridge. Here he drew his revolver and began firing at his pursuers, who returned the shots, killing him instantly.

Tragic Death of College Student. Davenport, Ia.—The body of Irvin Robison of Bluegrass, Ia., a senior at the Iowa State college at Ames, was found Thursday evening beside the rallroad track hore. He disappeared after leaving the college to spend the Thanksgiving vacation with his flancee, Katherine Carlin, who lives near Davenport, and when he failed to arrive in time for dinner a search was instituted. Robison had evidently been killed by jumping from the train as it passed the Carlin home. His body was badly mutilated.

H. Gassaway Davis to Wed.

Washington. — Former United States Senator Henry Gassaway Davis of West Virginia, 84 years old, multimillionaire and Democratic candidate for vice president in the last campaign, is to be married, so intimate friends of his assert. The bride-to-be, according to the announcement, is Miss Maud Ashford, who has been earning a living as society re-porter for a Washington paper.

Asks Vast Sum for Navy. Washington. — A recommendation that congress authorize the construction of vessels for the navy to cost the huge sum of \$69,270,000 is contained in the annual report of Sec-retary Metcalf just presented to President Roosevelt.

Two Convicts Burned to Death. Little Rock, Ark.—Two convicts. James Ware and Albert Bunch, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed a stockade at the state convict farm in Lincoln county.

as vious despite too Post time?

The state of the s

THEY'RE ALL PACKING THEIR GRIPS.



## SCORES OF MINERS BURIED

ENTOMBED BY TERRIBLE EXPLO SION OF BLACK DAMP.

Many Lives May Be Lost as Result of Mine Disaster at Fayette City, Pa.

Monongahela: - Between 50 and 60 miners are entombed in the Naomi mine of the United Mine Coal com pany at Favette City as the result of an explosion of black damp at eight o'cleck Sunday night.

It is thought many are dead behind

tons of rock and coal, which fell dur ing the concussion and blocked the entrance.

The explosion was caused, it is said, when a miner with an open lamp en-tered one of the old workings. Medical aid has been sent from Mononga-

hela and surrounding towns.

The mine is of the shaft type and the concrete sides of the entry were broken down so as to completely close the passage back a considerable dis-tance. About 100 feet from the entrance is located the first airshaft and from this deadly gas is pouring in great volumes. The gas found in mines in this territory is so poisonous that no human being can live in it for more than a few minutes, and for this reason it is not believed a single of the entombed men is still alive.

One man, an unidentified foreigner.

d to climb to the top of the managed to climb to the top of the first airshaft but dropped dead there. No sign of life has come from the

Drytown, Cal. - Through the he oic efforts of Manager Goodall and a large force of miners, who labored all Saturday night and Sunday, fire at the Fremont imine, where 11 miners were entombed, was put under control. The Longmonth drift, where the first raged, is being explored by a respuing party of miners, who were lowered in to the shaft-Sunday afternoon. There is some hope that the 11 workmen is some hope that the 11 workmen have found shelter in one of the side drifts and may still be alive:

MEXICAN WITNESS POISONED Secret Service Officer Vasquez III at

Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Said to be in rival here Monday, Trinidad Vasquez, a secret service officer in the en-ploy, of the Mexican gover-ment, the chief witness for the givernment in the cases of Magon, Villareal and Rivera, alleged revolutionists, was poisoned Friday. It is le-lieved he will recover.

He was chatting with Thomas Fir-long, a detective who trailed the allged revolutionsts across the cointry, when he suddenly threw up is hands and dropped.

W. H. S. Wright of St. Paul Is Dead. St. Paul, Minn. - W. H. S. Wright, one of the most prominent Masons in the United States, died at the Angus hotel in this city Thursday, at the age of 65. He had lived in St. Paul for 25 years. Mr. Wright was at one time paymaster of the Western Wisconsin railroad, and for 20 years he was purchasing agent of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha

Killed by Gas Explosion. Adrian, Mich.-Dr. Artemis Wotring, aged 40 years, was instantly killed and several others were injured

by the explosion of a gas plant at his

home in Ogden Center Saturday night.

Lad Kills His Sweetheart. Hopkinsville, Ky.—Melvin Powell, aged 17, shot and instantly killed his sweetheart, Lillian Humphreys, aged 16, near this city Saturday night. Friends of Powell say that the pistol

Man Drowns in Bath Tub. Ossining, N. Y .- Charles L. Fergue son. Jr., was drowned in a bath tub at his home early Sunday. The cor-oner decided that Fergueson had fainted and his head slipped below the KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Capt. F. E. Bent of Wisconsin Meets

Escanaba, Mich.—Capt. Frank E. Bent, of company I, Twentieth Wis-consin National Guard, was instantly killed in an automobile accident near here Saturday night and four others were injured.

Sumner K. Prescott, vice president and general manager of the Prescott Iron Works, was internally injured and it is feared he may die. Isaac Stepehnson, Jr., nephew of United States Senator Stephenson, had an arm broken, and Joseph Duzberry suf-fered fractures of his collar bone and one arm. Albert Holquist was badly bruised.

All the members of the party be long at Marinette and were on their way about midnight from Gladstone to canaba. Mr. Prescott was driving and Bent was sitting beside him on the front seat. On a steep incline they lost control of the machine and t struck a sharp turn at the foot of the hill running at terrific speed. The front wheels snapped off and the car shot forward 50 feet through the air, turning upside down in its flight and pinning to the ground all but Holquist when it lit. Capt. Bent's neck broken by the rear seat.

WOMAN SLAYER CONVICTED.

R. M. Shumway Found Guilty of Mur dering Mrs. Sarah Martin.

Beatrice, Neb.—The jury which heard the case against R. Meade Shumway, charged with the murder of Mrs. Sarah Martin near Adams on the afternoon of September 3, Thurs day afternoon found the defendant guilty and recommended that the court sentence Shumway to hang.

Mrs. Martin was the wife of Shumway's employer and was left alone with the man while her husband was at a primary election. The husband discovered the mutilated body of his wife on his return to the farm. Shumway was missing, together with about \$200 in cash.

B. FULTON FRENCH ACQUITTED. Jury's Verdict Ends Noted Feud Trial in Kentucky.

Lexington, Ky.—A special from Be attyville says that the jury in the case of B. Fulton French, accused of complicity in the assassination of complicity in the assessination of James B. Marcum, returned a verdict of not guilty. The acquittal of French ends one of the most noted fend trials in the Kentucky mountains. Judge Hargis and Edward Callahan, former sheriff of Jackson, who were charged with being implicated in the murder, have also been acquitted.

Two Chicago Brewerles Burned. Chicago. — The Mullen Brewing company's plant at Wallace and West Thirty-ninth streets and of the Ernst Tosetti Brewing com-pany, at West Forty-first and But were crippled severely Thursday afternoon by flames. The loss is \$275,-

Illinois Congressman Dies.

Murphysboro, Ill. — Congressman George, W. Smith died suddenly Satur day night of typho-malaria at his home here. Mr. Smith, who was serv ing his twentieth year in congress, had been ailing for two weeks, but was suddenly taken worse and died at mid-

Mr. Taft Sees the Gremlin.

Moscow.—Secretary Taft devoted Sunday to a visit to the kremlin, the historical center of Russia, all the palaces and churches of which were opened for his inspection by the or-der of Lieut. Gen. Guerschelmann, governor general of Moscow. Sunday evening the secretary and his party attended a banquet given in his honor by the American colony. President Roosevelt and Emperor Nicholas were toasted. Mr. Taft responded briefly to the speech of welcome of the American consul, Samuel Smith.

The state of the state of

UNLIKE THE GOOD OLD DAYS.

sir!" said Josiah Clovertop to Hayseed, as they discussed the on of "hired help" in front of the question of "hired help" in front of the Eggville post office on Saturday when everybody had "come to town." "No, sir, hired help ain't what it used to be by a long shot, by heek! Hard to git and no 'count when you git it!

"In our young days when we hired out we callated on doin' a good day's work and didn't kick if we got a dollar a day for it, but now a hired man

a day for it, but now a hired man wants his two dollars a day and he don't expect to pull out afore five in the mornin' and wants to knock off work at seven at night and then kicks if you ask him to chop wood or milk keows or chore 'round an hour or two arfter supper.

"I dunno what farmin' is comin' to with all the help so blamed tridin'.

Man left me right in the middle of hayin' because I routed him out at four in the morning and wouldn't let him lazy 'round a hull hour at noon and knock off work at sunset so he needn't do the milkin' by lantern light. I tell you, Josh', farmin' ain't what it used to was, by heck!
"No it hain't," assented Josiah, sol-

emnly. "An' wimmen help is jest as triflin' as men help. Here I paid a girl \$1.75 a week to help my wife while we had nine or ten summer boarders, an' that triflin' thing never stirred till most five ev'ry mornin' an' said 16 in fam'ly was too many where only one girl was kept, and she kicked because we wanted her to weed in the garden when she'd nothin' else to do. Kicked 'cause she couldn't set idle a hull hour ev'ry arternoon, and got ugly because she couldn't git her dishwashin' done until ten at night.

"I dunno what the world is comin' to with so few people havin' any ambition to work. Looks to me like things is goin' to the dogs ginerally through idleness an' extravagance an' waste. That girl spent 69 cents in one day for ribbon while she was at my house, an' my wife ketched her throwin' away a good third of a piece o' pie a boarder had left on his plate 'stid of puttin' it away for herself or the hired man to eat. It's turrible the way things go on the farm nowadays-turrible!"—Puck.

Dislocation.

A superintendent in the elementary schools of New York city was making his dreaded rounds among the teachers of a girls' school. He suddenly opened the door of one classroom and asked the teacher in charge:

What are you doing in nature She hurried out of the room and

fetched out a basket of bones "We are taking up the vertebrates," she remarked.

"Very good, indeed," said the super-intendent, and he hurried out, pleased with this evidence of industry and in-terest in school work.

Haif an hour later he appeared neighboring room, and taking a comneighboring room, and taking a comneighboring room, and taking a comneighboring room. have you done in nature study?" She, too, from somewhere fetched out a basket of bones.
"It seems to me that I have seen

this basket of bones in another room before," ventured the superintendent. "Sir," she indignantly replied, "these are my own bones."

Preservation of Stone.

Under the title of "liquid stone" a firm of Abchurch lane, London, England, has produced a fluid material, the use of which would revolutionize the appearance of the city. There is no trouble in its application. The surface of the building is first rubbed down to remove the dust. Two coats "liquid stone" are then laid on, after which it will be almost impossible to detect the cement from the na-

The whole process can be worked from ladders, no special scaffolding being required, and consequently much inconvenience and expense are saved. The composition is, moreover, a preservative, and will retain its ap-pearance as long as natural stone, and probably longer than some varieties which are employed. Not only in London, but in nearly all the provincial towns, many, opportunities are pre-sented to utilize the new preparation.

Ability hat Won Success.

It was his ability to sign his name

in a hurry that won for Third Assistant Postmaster General Lawshe the promotions leading to his present position. Years ago he entered the office of auditor for the postoffice department. He managed to bave his stuff off before any of his associates because he was able to sign his name with such speed and legibility. Later he went to the Philippines in the capacity of auditor. To-day he is the most rapid signature writer of all the men in the higher offices of the government.

A Natural Error. We shuddered. "Ah, how that poor, injured half-

back must be suffering," we exclaimed. "Listen! Did you ever hear such dread ful yells?"

"Oh, that ain't him," the trainer ex-plained. "That's the consultin" surgeons arguin' in the antercom."

Silly Man.

"Dear, oh, dear," sighed Mr. Sallowday, "I wish I knew some way to acquire an appetite."

"Nonsense!" exclaimed the wife,

"what on earth do you want with an appetite? It would only give you more

PROOF FOR TWO CENTS.

If You Suffer with Your Kidneys and Back Write to This Man.

rers to write to hi ply telling how Doan's Kidney Pills

cured him after he had doctored and had been in two for eighteen months, suffering intense pain in the back, lameness twinges who

stooping or lifting, languor, spells and rheumatism. "Before I used Doan's Kidney Pills," says Mr. Winney, "I weighed 143. After taking 10 or 12 boxes I weighed 162 and was

completely cured."
Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

EQUAL TO THE OCCASION.

This Servant Girl Was Evidently

As a source of humor the Irish pervant girl has long since fallen from her high estate, a result probably due to the better class of young women from the Emerald Isle who come here annually to help confuse the eternal "servant girl question." But now and again one of the old, naively ignorant sort turns up in a New York household, as was demonstrated the other day to a caller at a house on the West

The girl who responded to the bell was asked if her mistress was home. To this inquiry she surprised the caller by putting her arms behind her back and replying in a rich brogue, as she thrust her face toward the caller: "Put th' tickets in me mouth, ma'am, an' I'll go an' see. Me hands is wat."—N. Y. Press.

SORES AS BIG AS PENNIES.

Whole Head and Neck Covered-Hair All Came Out—Cured in Three Weeks by Cuticura.

"After having the measles my whole head and neck were covered with scaly sores about as large as a penny. They were just as thick as they could be. My hair all came out. I let the trouble run along, taking the doctor's blood remedies and rubbing on salve, but it did not seem to get any better. It did not seem to get any better. It stayed that way for about six months; then I got a set of the Cuticura Remedies, and in about a week I noticed a big difference, and in three weeks it was well entirely and I have not had the translations and as this was the trouble any more, and as this was seven years ago, I consider myself cured. Mrs. Henry Porter, Albion, Neb., Aug. 25, 1906."

A Frank Advertiser.

The new commercial morality has spread to Ceylon. From one of the newspapers of that balmy island we take the following: "CH. A. HORSE—Rising seven, fine

mouth and paces, about 15 hands; fine Lady's Hack; shows a lot of breeding; Reason for selling, bad with motors; won't go in harness; jibs when eaving stables; catches rider by seat of breeches when mounting; but a darling pet. Apply, &c."—London Daily Mail.

One Walter with Sense. Man in a restaurant, happening in just as a new shift of waiters came on.

And having eaten a very modest luncheon this man laid down a modest tip, to be exact, five cents. And did the waiter shy off or snift at this nickel? He did neither, but on the contrary he seemed to regard it as an augury of good fortune that his

first customer should have given him something, and-Thank you," he said, nolitely, to the customer, and as he turned away he added to himself: "That's a starter."-N. Y. Sun.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the heauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wear-ing quality of the goods. This trou-ble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance starch, as it can be applied much more binly because of its greater strength than ther makes.

A Fascinating Game.
A precoclous little girl living on one of the crowded business thorough-fares of the city was in the habit of gazing out of the window at the busy

street below for hours at a time
"What is it, Gladys, that you find
so constantly interesting in the
street?" asked her mother one day.
"Oh," came the wise rejoinder,
"just watching the cars go pro and
con."—Harper's Weekly.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any see of Catarra that cannot be cured by Hall's

Jack of Carara inst cannot be cured by Hall's Learn Gure.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last if years, and believe him perfectly hour brable in all business transactions and financially bits to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

W. L. Wolffeld of the Carara in the control of the carry out any obligations made by his firm.

W. L. Wolfeld of the carry of the carry out any obligations made by his firm in the carry out any obligations made by his firm in the carry of the carry out of the carry out of the carry of the carry

Deserved.
"How comes it that this manufactur-

ing town elects a millionaire for mayor?" asked the stranger.

"His popularity," drawled the native, "came from using perfumed gasoline in his auto."

Illinois Sia(eNews

order with the second

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

STUDENTS HEAR CRITICISM.

Kinley Talks of Currency Trouble at

University of Illinois.

Champaign.—In an address before

the students of the University of Illi-

nois Prof. David Kinley, head of the

department of economics, described and criticised the various plans for

currency reform, including the Fowler

bill, the proposal of the American Bankers' association and the report of

favoring a great central bank, and ad-

vocated a currency relief system sug-

gested by the issue of clearing house

Prof. Kinley advocated dividing the country into banking or clearing house

departments and requiring that the clearing house in the most important

reserve city of each division shall re-ceive a federal charter as a bank of

issue, under certain conditions and for

certain purposes. Every national bank in the division or section should

become a member of the clearing house of its department.

DEERE MILLIONS TO BOYS.

Will of Plow Manufacturer Shows Estate of \$20,000,000.

Rock Island.—The general terms of

the will of Charles H. Deere, the im-

plement manufacturer, have been made public. Practically his entire

property, valued at \$20,000,000 and in-

cluding control of factories in Moline,

Charles Deere Wiman and Dwight E. Wiman, sons of William D. Wiman of

Moline, to be paid over to them in

The first installment of 25 per cent

is to be equally divided between them

of 25 per cent. at the age of 40 and

the remainder at the age of 50. Mean-

while the income from \$100,000 is to be given W. D. Wiman during life.

Need Not Produce Books.

of the prosecution to force the pre

Chicago.—An attempt on the part

tation in court of the private books of

John R. Walsh on trial for alleged

misapplication of the funds of the Chi-

cago National bank was frustrated by

an adverse decision by Judge Anderson. The court held that an order re-

quiring that the books be produced would amount to forcing the defend-

The point arose early in the pro-ceedings when F. B. McKay, former

private secretary to the banker, was

told by Attorney Fletcher Dobins, act-

ing for the government, to turn cer

tain records said to be copies of Walsh's private accounts.

Attorney John S. Miller, chief coun-sel for the defense, at once objected

and the argument and decision fol-lowed. McKay then continued his testimony concerning indorsements for Watsh of cashier's checks.

During the day the cross-examina

tion of F. W. McLean, former assist-

ant cashier of the defunct bank, was concluded. The questioning brought an admission from the witness that

he was in California early in 1904 at a time when he had said in his direct

testimony that he had held severa

conversations with Walsh regarding

memorandum notes.

ant to testify against himself.

at the age of 30, another installmen

three installments.

will go eventually to two grandsons

the New York Chamber of Comm

JUDGE BRADWELL DEAD.

Pioneer Chicago Jurist Passes Away In Seventy-Ninth Year.

Chicago, -- James B. Bradwell, former county judge, publisher of the Chicago Legal News and picturesque pioneer, who had lived in Chicago since 1834, died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. F. A. Helmer. He was 79 years old. Pneumonia and kidney disorder caused death, although the veteran had not been in his usual vigorous health for two years. Present when he died were his years. Present when he died in children, Thomas Bradwell, former justice of the peace, and Mrs. Helmer. Attending him were his grandson, Dr James B. Bradwell and Charles E

TOWNS FELT EARTHQUAKE.

Kent, Lena and Pearl City Report Several Vibrations.

Kent.-A distinct earthquake shock was felt in the village of Kent at 10:30 o'clock the other morning. The vibrations lasted several seconds and uildings trembled and windows rattled. Lena, north of Kent, and Pearl City, south, reported similar disturb-

OFFICIAL'S SON KILLED.

Jesse Moffit Attempts to Board Mov ing Train at Clinton.

Clinton.-Jesse Moffitt, son of Chief of Police J. E. Moffitt, attempted to board a moving freight train here and fell under the cars. He was instantly killed.

Study Schoolboy's Love Idea.

Springfield.—The schoolboy's idea of love and courtship, as seen by his teacher, was explained to the Sangamon County Teachers' association by Superintendent H. G. Russell of Greenfield. Mr. Russell's knowledge was gained, he said, through experiments which he conducted in the Greenfield High School through the of picture cards showing courtship scenes. The trials were made, Mr. Russell said, to determine just how far the literature used in the schools would influence the minds of the boy readers.

Senator Gets Job.

Bay City.—State Senator Luther B. Edinborough, of Bay City, has accepted a position as clerk in the dairy and food commissioner's department at a salary of three dollars a day, with a view of obtaining something better in the future. The appointment was secured through Deputy Labor Commissioner R. H. Fletcher, who was watching for a "berth" for Edinborough ice his resignation Comptroller Barnett.

To Erect \$30,000 Home.

Springfield.—A new Knights of Pythias home will be erected in this city, according to a number of mem bers of the organization. Local lodge have been considering plans for the structure and definite action will soon be taken. The home is to cost \$30,000. The idea of building a permanent lodge hall club rooms has been in the minds of a majority of the or ganization for some time.

Mayor Fights Arrest

Paris.—Fighting against three offi-cers of the law Mayor James Somerville of Bloomfield was dragged three blocks in jail here, Before he was overcome a big knife he displayed when he defied arrest was taken from him. Constable Boatman had a mitimus for Somerville dating back to 1902, when \$50 was taxed against him for disturbance of the peace.

Minister in Long Sleep.

Tuscola.—David Cooper, a nonagen-arian, is startling the medical profession in this section by a remarkable sleep of more than a week from which all attempts to awaken him proved futile. The man came out of the deep sleep occasionally, but did not talk. At times it is difficult to determine whether life has not passed. Cooper is a retired Methodist minister.

Kills Self and Wife.

Elmhurst.—Driven insane by jeal ousy, John Hohmann, a machinist d the revolver upon himself, in-ig a probably fatal wound. The ed the revolv crime was committed in the presence of the six children of the couple, the st of whom, a girl of 14 years old, ht vainly to save her mother.

# IN HANDS OF RING two years

ARTIFICIAL VALUE GIVEN WASH INGTON REAL ESTATE.

vernment as Well as Residents Is Compelled to Submit to the Extortions of the Owners of Property.

There is no doubt that a real estate ring holds Washington by the throat. Houses have been known to stand idle in Washington for two years at a stretch because the owners would not reduce the rent to a fair price. In the end it is probable that the price will be got by the owner. Homeseek ers are not the only sufferers in this respect. The people of the whole country are pouring thousands of dollars into the pockets of the real estate ring in Washington every year in payment of rents for government offices Shell-like buildings, such as the census office, are frequently made to pay for themselves in the course of four or five years, after which the profit to the owner is simply enormous. The government now, despite the growing number of its buildings, is paying annual rentals which net 4 per cent income on a total valuation of \$28, 000,000. The total value of every building in Washington now occupied by a government office, including the ground upon which it stands, is not worth one-third of this amount. If it were not for the government it is more than probable that the owners

this land could have been bought for two years ago as to suggest the ques-tion. What was the bridge built for, anywer?"

tion, what was the bridge built for, anywey?"

There are other ways of gouging money out of householders in Washington but it would be a long story to recount them. There are associations among practically all the trades, which meet frequently and fix prices, each a sort of local trust in itself. This is not a situation peculiar to Washington by any means, but it is a system carried to a higher degree of perfection, without interference, than in any other city. It has been of perfection, without interference, than in any other city. It has been said jocularly, but there is a really serious side to the story, that when a child is been in Washington the associations meet, give him a local financial rating, which is changed from time to time, and before the youngster is able to talk his prospective earnings from the gradle to pective earnings from the cradle to the grave have been divided up among the trades of Washington. Ex-perience would seem to indicate that the story change. is not all fiction.—Ex-

SKATE ON CAPITAL STREETS. Clerks Use Roller Skates to Go to Their Occupations.

Roller skating, which in other cities is practically an amusement, is used in a practical way by government employes in Washington. About 25 clerks employed in the post office depart-ment who live in the vicinity of Mount Pleasant skate to the office. The clerks formed a party for their first earance, for the reason that up to of many of these buildings would this time roller skating has been con**Our Springfield Letter** 

Special Correspondent Writes of Things of Interest at the State Capital.

Springfield, - Agreement on the Asserts Rights Were Not State's. Oglesby direct-primary plurality bill was reached by the conference committee and in its amended form it was submitted to both branches of the general assembly at the after-noon sessions, it will take a two-thirds vote for adeption of the report and whether this number may be mustered in both branches remains to be seen. Such a vote is necessary to make the proposed laws operative in time for the state primaries in April next. The measure as it now stands provides for nomination by direct plurality vote of all elective officers except trustees of the University of Illinois Delegate conventions are retained for the purpose of promulgating party platforms and the delegates to the state convention are to select the men at large who will sit in national conventions. Each congressional conven-tion is to name the district representative in the national convention. The ground work for a direct system of choosing delegates is retained by provision stipulating that precinct committeemen who are selected by direct vote shall constitute the personnel of the county convention. This assemblage, in turn, names the delegates to the congressional and senatorial conventions. Some hot words were passed at the session of the conference committee before the legislature was called to order. Douglas Pattison, Democratic leader of the house, started trouble when he suggested that as the house was yielding much to the senate the lower branch should be given some thing in return. This was a red rag to the supporters of Congressman Cannon, whose friends succeeded in eliminating from the bill provision for

the selection by direct voting of delegates to national conventions and presidential electors. "I'd like to know what is going on here," said Benator Juul, with flushed face. "It ing to throw all responsibility on the senate." Pattison came with this quick reply: "If the gentleman from Cook efers to me, I wish to say I am not attempting to place any responsibility on the senate other than that of killing this bill by making changes in it.' This retort does not brighten the way for the bill in the house, as it would be impossible to pass the measure with an emergency clause without Democratic otes. On the proposition of eliminating national convention delegates and presidential electors Messrs. Pattison and Daugherty, Democratic members of the conference, voted in the nega-tive. The vote was as follows: For conference report, Senators Berry, Ac ton, Dunlap, Hamilton, Gardiner, Re

Talk of Going to Court,

Dispatches to Chicago contained the information that a movement was on foot to bring mandamus proceed inga against Speaker Shurtleff to com ings against Speaker Shurtleff to compel him to sign the Oglesby bill as it was passed in the house by a majority vote. The speaker has held a two thirds vote was required to adopt the report of the conference committee.

The speaker as the old conference of the c

ment omcessing the state is shown in the recent the original ment, of the neen. The commission of the recent the original ment, of the offices for the state years are offices for the state of the reports. offices for a citationee years are covered in the report. The reports, ters at Monmouth. The pussues shows that the benefit to be store of the corporation will be in this derivative that the property of the association is composed of reaus. There are four such offices in editors, business men, doctors and bankers from all over the state. The will be a fith, one at these St. Louis having been made possible by a recent profition of the seneral assembly.

Clarence E. Snively of Canton, pres ident of the Illinois and Michigan canal commission, made public the first statement from the board in answer to the charges of selling the riparian rights for a "mess of pot-tage." Mr. Snively charges that the majority of the newspapers of the state which are spreading indignation are prejudiced. He said: "On September 2, 1904, the state of Illinois possessed no legal right to acquire or construct for itself at any point upon the Desplaines river a dam for the development and sale of water power to be derived therefrom. Neither the sanitary district of Chicago nor the canal commissioners, in the absence of affirmative legislative action, possessed any authority to construct at Dresden Heights or at any other point on the Desplaines river a dam for the development and sale of power to be derived therefrom. At the point near Dresden Heights where the dam is now being constructed the state does not possess any riparian rights on the Desplaines river."

Give "Uncle Joe" Aid.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon received unex-pected aid in his struggles to preserve the old convention system when 50-odd Republican country editors met in the tea-rooms of the Leland and adopted resolutions pledging to support against adverse criticism any legislator who votes against any bill that eliminates nominating conventions.

The meeting was largely dominated by editors who are attached to federal jobs. It was called by George C. Rankin, who came all the way from his home in Washington to help your "Uncle Joseph" to escape risking his presidential ambitions to a direct vote under a primary law. Rankin is an ardent Cannon man. Before he was appointed as bank receiver he edited the Atlas of Monmouth. Among the half-hundred editors who railied to Rankin's call were several who are postmasters. The most active participants in the discussion were W. R. Jewell, postmaster at Danville and one of "Uncle Joe's" closest friends, and Postmaster Calhoun of Decatur.

Officers Are Nominated.

The annual meeting of the Illinois Manufacturers' association will be held in Chicago in the assembly room of the Fine Arts building. The following ticket has been nominated: President, Fred W. Upham; first vice president, Phillip Mitchell, Rock Island; second vice president, W. H. Burns; treasurer, John T. Stockton; director for one year, E. R. Bennett; two years, C. H. Smith, Aurora; John C. Spry, C. F. K. Wiehe, H. C. Gardner, George W. Niedringhaus, Granite City, and Charles Piex. Members will Life and Health of the Employes of the Manufacturing Establishments.

To Conduct Milk Test.

The Illinois State Dairymen's association at Marengo, January 14, 15 and 16, will have several distinctive features. One of these will be a milk contest to be conducted by C. B. Lane, assistant chief of the dairy division, department of agriculture, Washington, D. C. The scoring in this test will be conducted by Mr. Lane Tuesday morning, the opening day of the convention, and in an address at the afternoon session Mr. Lane will show to the audience samples of good had and indifferent milk and give an address on "Lessons from the Milk Con-test."

the laws of another state, and the Illinois hospital is to be the main inof this city has been chosen attorney.

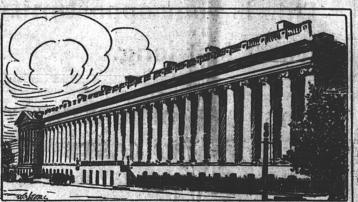
Give Public Thanksplving.

Public thanksplving for the great beautonkeeprs have begun proceedprogressed the temperance movement in the process of the temperance movement at Winchester to prevent the enin Illinois was a striking feature of all sermon explored by ministers throughout the single at union services.

Therefore an unusually good attendance at the places of worship where services were held. The work of the Illinois Anti-Saloon league came in for praise at the hands of many pastors.

The saloonmen are contesting the election on the validity of the petition, asking that the question be submitted to a vote. They allege that the did not contain the necessary legal signatures.

ARCHITECTURE WORTHY OF CAPITAL CITY.



The east front of the treasury building, soon to be demolished and replaced with granite, has been often described as the most beautiful example of Ionic architecture in America. Thirty lofty columns ornament the facade. In the sundry civil appropriations bill, approved on March 4, 1907, the sum of \$360,000 was appropriated for the removal of the pillars, fac-

ing and cornice of the eastern front The facade as it now exists is of sandstone, but the remaining portions of the edifice are of granite, and well calculated to resist erosion. The gran ite pillars on the north, west and south facades were quarried on Dix island, near Rockland, Me., and brought to Washington in salling vessels. Each was hauled to the site by 18 oxen and eight horses.—Literary Digest,

have to scrape the town for tenants at a much reduced rental and in and not generally indulged in some instances the buildings would grown people outside of rinks. never have been erected at all and the ground upon which they stand

There is still another angle to the real estate ring in Washington. A necticut avenue, a fashionable residence street, due to a ravine. The bridge and its aproaches cost in excess of \$1,000,000. On the city end of the bridge, previous to its construction, the piece of property con-formed to the usual high prices which prevail all over Washington. On the suburban end, where, up to that time, no houses stood, the prices were comparatively moderate. Since the building of the bridge large tracts of property lying on the further end of the bridge and along Connecticut avenue for several miles out have been found in well-known hands in Washington, and the prices asked are so far in advance of what Evening Post.

sidered the prerogative of children

M. O. Chance, chief clerk, led the party, which made its way down Six-teenth street as the most desirable thoroughfare.

It is expected that the organization

of this concerted movement in the dibridge and its approaches cost in ex-neighborhood of the zoological park, which connected a wide break in Conto that once enjoyed by the bicycle. The miles of smooth asphalt streets in Washington unobstructed by much heavy traffic make it an ideal city for skating. Thousands of young men and women go to work in the departments daily and need not only the exercise which roller skating to the office will give, but the price of car tickets as well.

Farther Out, Anyway.
Tying a knot is a purely human ac-Tying a Rnot is a purely knots have recomplishment. Now that knots have recomplishment. Now that knots have recomplished to the recomplishment of the recomplishment of the recomplishment of the recomplishment of the recomplishment. urn its inhabitants can claim con erably higher intelligence than Martians, who only dig canals

"There are probably a thousand gray squirrels in the various parks in and about Washington," said an old gentleman who walks a great deal, but there is only one white one that I have ever seen or heard of in my rambles about the District. He—I think it's a male—has his home among the trees in the somewhat unfre-quented part of the Mall between Third and Four-and-One-Half streets. He has been there for over a year, He has been there for over a year, and the people in the neighborhood who have made his acquaintance call him 'the albino' because of his white fur and pink eyes. At first he was perfectly wild, and disappeared at the first sound of approaching footsteps. But now he is tame and confiding, and will eat out of the hands of people who approach him properly with offerings of nuis, just like the more familiar gray squirrels Like them; too, he has a fear of dogs and children, especially lloys, who sometimes tease the animals by offering them stones, etc., instead of nuts. My own experience with the albino' term to the proper in the grades of the public schools. The other evening he was visiting a boy friend who has laid his plans for serving in Uncle Sam's army in the future, and contemplates graduating from West Point some day. The two were talking about mathematics when a young lady sought to test Kenneth's knowledge of 'rithmetic.

"If lemons are 23 cents a dozen," she asked him, "how much are cast-iron lamp posts aplece?"

With a perfectly serious expression on his face, Kenneth replied:

"I don't know, miss, I haven't got that far in 'rithmetic yet."

shows that while he is somew chary of strangers at first, he make friends with them when sati ned their intentions and plain and edible nuts are in plain

Beyond His Depth

Kenneth is the name of a good-na ured Washington lad who is as stud ous as any of his companions, but he is young yet, and has not advance very far in the grades of the public schools. The other evening he was visiting a boy friend who has laid

publicans; Burton. Democrat; Repre-sentatives Chiperfield, Lindly, Shana-han, Behrens and Oglesby, Republic

ans. Against report, Senator Juul, and Daugherty. Republican: Representatives Pattiso

Give Public Thanksgiving.

Pursued by a Mob. Chicago.—Richard Johnson, a negro robber, parrowly escaped being mob bed after holding up a woman cashier Washington's White Squirrel.

at the point of a revolver in a crowd-ed State street restaurant. A throng that had pursued him for three blocks brought the negre to bay and, despite his efforts to hold his pursuers off by flourishing a revolver, Johnson would have suffered rough treatment had not the police come to his rescue. Even then he sought to fight his way to freedom by shooting the police

Husk Corn for Church Fund. Havana.—At the Invitation of J McKnight four prominent women husked one load of corn at the Mo-Knight farm north of the city. The corn was sold and the proceeds do-nated to the Allen Grove Sunday school organ fund.

Pike County Teachers Meet.
Pittsfield.—Pike county teachers
held their thirty-first annual meeting in this city at the high school building. The principal feature was the address by W. B. Miller, and a talk on "Methods" by Superintendent Hollis. MRS. JOHN P. LILLY Editor and Publisher.....

erm of Subscription—Cash in advance One Year \$1.00. Six Months 50 cents. Single Copy 5 cents.

Every business interest seeks advancement through publicity. More and more is the newspaper considered to be the best means transpiring events. The public depends upon the papers to keep tained from that source.

The educational work, al though the highest in importance gets really less notice through the press than do most other matters of interest, Local sporting events are sure of much space in every newspaper, but one may look through the same papers and find very little, often nothing about the schools of the town or the surrounding country.

The cause of this lack of pub licity lies with the school people rather than with the editors. The latter better understand what the people want to know about the schools than principals and teachers do. The school people live in a different world. In towns, it is not uncommon for teachers to work throughout an entire school year and not know all the parents of their pupils when they meet them, nor do the parents know the teachers any better. We ven- Albert Bumpns ture to say that in a town employing a dozen teachers, not Harry Know fifty patrons aside from the school officers can readily name | Elize Henry the teachers in their schools with the departments or rooms they manage and fewer yet know all of them by sight as they pass along the street, while not half that number are personally acquainted with them.

Editors often give up in despair, getting items about the schools. When appealing to teachers for something of public interest connected with their work, the almost invariable answer is "nothing of impor tance." If the editor gets any thing, he must put the teacher through a categorical examination. School news is of interest to the people and, for this reason, the papers want it.

One trouble, where teachers or heads of schools have tried to supply items for a school depart ment in the local papers, has been a lamentable ignorance of the kind of matter the public cares for. While long articles sometimes are accepted, short news items pertaining to the work of the schoolroom, even though names of teachers and pupils appear frequently, occasional sets of examination questions, reports of examinations, short, crisp matter showing the kind of work attempted and the purpose of it, the gradation, condition, results and even gossip and personals, all make acceptable reading.

If the principal will see to it that the local\*press gets school items promptly on the day re--quired, he will find the editors glad to get them, the patrons pleased to read them and a better acquaintance will follow.

In many schools, the work of supplying items can be put into the hands of a committee of pupils acting under the guidance of the teacher and the exercise will be found valuable. Such committee will learn that essay

not quite the same.

For the benefit of the country schools, county superintendent may send school items each week to every newspaper in their counties. This can be done on Monday better than any other day. The copy may be manifolded by using tissue of thin heets, or one newspaper can set the matter and furnish proof slips to send to the other papers. Editors will accept, in most sent them by county superintendents. Piatt county has folit informed and the greater part lowed this publicity feature for of our current knowledge is ob- years, supplying each county paper and the rural school spirit in that country is excelled by no other county in the state.

The schools need to get nearer to the people and a wider ban railroad. use of the press is one of the most av allable means of doing it. Yours Sincerely,

> F. G. Blair, Superintendent.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured in 3 Days.

Morton L. Hill, of Lebanon Ind., says: "My wife had Inflammatory Rheumatism in every muscle and joint; her suffering was terrible and her body and face was swollen almost beyond recognition; and had been in bed for six weeks and had eight physicians, but received no benefit until she tried Dr. Letchon's relief for rheumatism. It gave immediate relief and she was able to walk about in three days. I am sure it saved her life."

Sold by Sam B. Hall.

Advertised Letters.

The following list of letters remain uncalled for at the Sullivan postoffice Ham Smith (2) Henry Pullian S. Cunningham

Wm. Denne Loren Payne F. Parvis Dr. S. S. Coffman J. E. Austin Will Trnary George Hipginson

C. S. Crary. Essie Howell Mrs. Tom Branem Mary Boyle Helen Crawford When calling for any of the above

p'ease say "advertized." P. J. HARSH, Postmaster.

Rheumatism Cured in one day. 1 r Letchen's Relief for Rheumat sm and neuralgia radically cures in to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It moves at once the cause and th disease immediately disappears. Th first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents

Sold by Sam B. Hall.

Circuit Court

Suits filed this month for the next term of court.

Walter Mathias vs. George W Miller, injunction.

Hiram Grant Moon vs. Joseph Wright, trespass.

Judicial **Bonds** 

When called upon to give bonds in Judicial Proceedings, apply to the American Surety Company of New York.

Should you require Probate Bonds, or Bonds in Insolvency Proceedings, we will provide them on the shortest notice, and without red

We also issue the various Court Bonds used in the collection of debts and the recovery of damages, and, through our agents, will fur-nish them quickly to responsible parties at any point in the United States.

The fact that many of these bonds involve great risk forms a strong argument against their being assumed by personal sureties. Whatever form of suretyship you desire, apply to the

American Surety Company

of Dew York

Harbaugh & Thompson, Attys

Sullivan, Ill. Byron E. Bigelow, Arthur, Ill.

C. A. Hight, Agent,
Dalton City, Ill
J. L. Brock, Agent,
Bethany, Ill

The only man who never makes a mistake is the man who never acwriting and press reporting are complishes anything worth while.

BEAUTIFUL

# ADDITION TO SULLI

of acquainting the people with towns, from one to three columns Located two blocks North and one West of the C. & E. I. depot on the line of the proposed D. S. & M. Interur

# START A HOME

OF YOUR OWN.

There is nothing on the market to equal this proposition.

# ABSOLUTELY

the CHEAPEST property in the city and it will double in value in a few years.

This is your opportunity. It won't last long.

# GRASP THE OPPORTUNITY WHILE IT LASTS.

J. T Grider who assisted the Carpenter-Raymond Land Co., here a week will continue the sale until all lots are sold and he advises you to investigate the best opportunity ever offered in this city. Save a dollar and make a dollar. A safer investment than a saving bank.

# **TERMS**

\$2 down Then \$1 a Week

Know all men by these presents that if you do not buy a ot in Anderson's place, your lot will be sold."

No Taxes, no Interest, Payments at First National Bank,

## Buy While Prices Are Low

Take our word for it, buy lots at home and not in some far away town site, that cannot be located upon the map,

Lots sold three years ago now have \$18,000.00 mprovements on them.

Choice lots yet for sale. You can raise garden truck and pay for same.

JNO. 1. GRIDER SALESMAN

SULLIVAN, ILL.

Cooper Says Internal Parasites Cause Much Suffering Everywhere.

The following remarkable statement was recently made by L. T. Cooper. It concerns the preparation which has been so widely discussed throughout the country during the past year, and has sold in such enormous quantities in leading cities:

"It is now a well-known fact that wherever I have introduced my New Discovery medicine, hundreds of people have brought internal parasites, or tapeworms, to me. In many cases or tapeworms, to me. In many cases these people did not know the nature gish. The memory becomes not gand and the eyesight is general poorer.

"The New Discovery, in freeing sto

ple have brought internal parasites, or tapeworms, to me. In many cases these people did not know the nature of the parasite, and were consequently cutremely nervous until I explained he matter to them. In some cities so many have had this experience that the public generally became tharmed. "I take this opportunity of explaining what these creatures are, and what I have learned about them in the past. "Tapeworms are much more common than would be supposed. I venture to say that ten per cent. of all chronic stomach trouble, or what is known as a "undown' condition, is caused by them. An individual may suffer for years with one of these great parasites and not be aware of it.

The Cooper medicines are a boon to stomach sufferers. We sell them.—F. K. Dillman.

to stomach suffer —F. K. Dillman.

#### PUBLIC SALES

Dan Vangundy has concluded to three miles northwest of Sullivan, on year-old driving mare, safe for family,

Thursday December 12, 1907. 56 Horses and Mules 26

A span of gray mares well mated, Cows. One coming 2-yearweight 1200 pounds each, well broke and sound. A span of mares, bay and sorrel, age 8 years, sound, weight 1400 pounds each, safe in foal. These re all splendid brood mares. A span of sorrel geldings, age 6 years, sound, broke to all harness and well mated. Jersey shoats. Two boars. Three One sorrel gelding, age 3 years, broke to all harness, good individual. One bay Bowerman Wilkes gelding, age 3 years, broke to all harness, very gentle. One black mare 12 years old, family broke. One bay gelding, age 4 years, sound and thoroughly broke. One horse, age 4 years, weight 1400 pounds. One span dun ponies. Four draft colts, each 2 years old. Two all purpose colts, age 2 years. Two yearling corn planter, 3 sets work harness, 1 colts Three weanling colts. One span mules 5 and 7 years old, weight buggy harness. 1200, very gentle.

3 Milch Cows 3 55 Head of Hogs 55

MISCELLANEOUS .- 900 bales of good straw. 13 tons baled clover hay. Iwo hundred hedge posts.

Implements

Five two-horse wagens. One surrey. Three buggies. One corn planter five gang plows, all good ones; three riding cultivators, two disc harrows, one two-row stalk cutter, one splenlid corn dump and clevator, one hay frame, one corn sheller, one seeder, one grindstone, 3000 broom corn stats, eight sets of double harness, two sets of single harness, two sets of double driving harness, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

The wagons, implements and harness are practically new.

All the above described first class in every way and I cordially this closing out sale.

TERMS:-All sums of \$5.00 and under cash in hand. On all sums be given. Notes to draw 6 per cent from date of sale. Notes must have approved security before removing property. 6 per cent discount for cash on time purchases.

ARTMUR FLETCHER, Clerk. E. A. SILVER, Auct.

L. B. Miller will sell at public auc ion at his residence 8 miles northeast of Sullivan, 21/2 miles south of Cadwell and 8 miles somthwest of Asthur all his personal property on Tuesday December 17, 1907.

21 Head of Horses 21 1 draft mare, 10 years old, sound, weight about 1400 pounds, 1 draft to Lawrence Purvis' Norman stallion. thoroughly broke, weight 1100
pounds each 1 2-year-old mare,
weight 1200 pounds. 1 2-year old
gelding, weight 1200. 3 1-year-old
draft col s, 2 mares 1 horse. 2 1-yearold Rowerman William colt. old Bowerman Wilhes colt. I wenn-

ling Bowerman Wilkes colt. 1 9-year-

old standard bred mare in foal. These horses above described are quit farming and rent out all his all in fine shape, ready for the market. land and will sell without reserve all One good heavy work team 14his personal property at his home years old. I large gray mare. I II-

> good one. Three Extra Good Milch old Heifer.

> > 25 Head of Hogs 25

Two sows wiht pigs by side. Five brood sows. Five full-blooded Duroc

Implements

3 14 inch gang plows. 1 McCormick binder. 1 McCormick mower. 4 riding cultivators. 3 disc harrows. steel smoothing harrow. 5 wagons, 1 spring wagon, i new buggy, 2 oat seeders, 1 broom corn seeder, 1 broom corn baler, 2 broom corn racks, 1 two row stalk cutter, 2 hand corn shellers, 2 hay frames, I steel frame roller, I set light driving harness, 1 set new

FEED:-8 tons baled timothy hay. 12 tons baled oats straw. 8 tons timothy hay in stack.

Household and kitchen furniture and the usual traps.

This is a positive closing out sale here everything goes. Good lunch stand on the ground.

TERMS:-All sums of \$5.00 and ander cash on day of sale. All sums over \$5.00 a credit of 12 months will be given, purchaser to give approved note before removing property. 7 per cent discount for cash on time

E.A. SILVER, Auet.

W. W. Rightsell will sell at public auction at the late residence of J. M. Rightsell deceased, I mile south of Fullers Point, 7 miles west of Sullivan, 5 miles northeast of Allenville. 5 miles north of Coles, 3 miles west invite the attendance of everybody at of Cooks Mill and 12 miles northwest of Mattoon, on Tuesday December 10,

over \$5.00 a credit of 12 months will 3 Head of Horses 3 A bay mare, 1 2yr old coach colt, King Bob yearling colt, 1 6yr old mule.

> 2 Cows 2 Hereford cow. 1 red Durham, 3.

yr. old, both giving milk. A Poland China sow with 6 pigs.

Poland China sow will soon have pigs. 1 thoroughbred Durroc Jersey sow; Hubert Lilly stock. 1 Poland China boar.

**Implements** 2 wagons, 1 corn planter, 1 John

Deere gang plow, I John Deere surface cultivator, 1 Sattley 3 horse ridnare, 9 years old, sound, weight ing plow, 1 new John Deere walking about 1400 pounds. 1 draft mare, 3 plow, 1 Sattley riding cultivator, 1 years old, weight 1600 pounds, bred stalk cutter, 1 disc, 2 steel harrows 1 McCormick mower, 1 McCormick

E. A. SILVER, Auct. Sullivan, Illino

# Local News Items

oney to loan at current rates-T. GRIDER, 48 tf

Jesse Armantrout transacted busimess in Mattoon Monday.

Charley Lindsay is clerking at the "Economy," during the rush.

Seth McCabe of Allenville was a business visitor in Sulliyan Wednes-

For SALE -- A cottage organ, case auk finish, and in good condition .-MRS F. M. PEARCE.

Misses Mamie and Margaret Nicholon visited their brother at Findlay Sauday and Monday.

FOR SALE-A three room house situated in the north part of town -Call at HERALD Office.

Mrs. Emily Poorman of Findlay dislocated her shoulder opening a cloor last Monday morning.

Mrs. Will Ricketts and little daughter of Chicago visited with Sullivan relatives this week.

J. T. Grider and daughter, Grace, wisited the former's sister at Findlay from Saturday until Monday.

The C. & E. I. cars that passed Through here Thursday were covered with eight or ten inches of snow. WANTED-Plain sewing, quilting

and comforts to tack, by the ladies of the Christian church, Phone 197 Any one having a farm to rent may secure a responsible and good

tenant by inquiring at this office. 49-2 Mrs. George Longwill spent The latter part of the week with her

mother, Mrs. Noah Higgins, in Mat-Carl Thomason, the popular clerk at Smith & Ward's, visited his another and sisters in Shelbyville last

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Silver spent a few days last week with the former's sister, Mrs. J. D. Foster and family,

at Todds Point. The appraisers, Monday morning, placed the value upon the horse, of W. H. Walker's that was killed by the train, at \$80.

I have a good 30 acre stock field and any one wishing pasture for Inorse or cow will call and see me, MERS. S. E. CAIN.

Mr. and Mrs. John Collins of Stewardson attended the funeral of Robert tions, ranging from the tenderest to Collin's child at the Jonathan Creek the strongest. Miss Morgan is doing church Wednesday.

Carl Stivers of St. Louis, where he is engaged in a wholesale house, spent Thanksgiving with his mother, Mirs. M. M. Stivers.

Tuesday James Winter received a telegram informing him of the arrived Saturday for a few days visit death of his brother, Fd Winter, at Frankfort, Kentucky.

From the decorations and elaborate display at the Economy it looks very much like Santa Claus had estab-Bished headquarters there.

Mrs. Delbert Duncan went to Mansfield, Mo. last Thursday to be Christian Sunday school has been at the bedside of her friend, Miss Alta meeting for several weeks with Mrs. Anderson, who was seriously ill.

Misses Grace Reimund, Dora Davidson and Charlotte Baker were some very active and practical bible at home from the University of Illi- study. Tuesday evening Mrs. Pat-

Curned last Saturday from an ex tended visit with their niece, Mrs. Hollis McKittrick, at Brookfield, Mo.

distribute our sample Merchandise catalogues. \$90 per month. Address UNITY SUPPLY Co., Dept. P., Chicago, 49-8

Mrs. Henry Hagan recently spent a few days here with her parents, Lather Waggoner, and wife, returnmag to her home in Chicago, Saturday.

FOR SALE-Mammoth Bronze tur keys and Barred Plymouth Rock cockerels.-MRS. HANNAH DAUGH-MRTY AND DAUGHTER, Sullivan, Ill. Phone 731. 46-tf.

Word was received here Tuesday That William Merritt had died at Santa Anna, California, and that the Camily were on their way here with the remains for burial.

A. J. Maxey has resigned as ear wier of the mail from the depot to the mostoffice. Bids were received until Saturday. The new appointment has not been made yet.

Temperance in eating is more im portant than temperance in drinking, cause ten people die from overeat-Ting to one death from strong drink. The times demand sober men and temperance is gaining ground daily, but so far intemperance in cating has the paper to any abdress free

trimmed with bright colored tensel. along the I. C. railway. Owner may have same by calling at this office and paying for the notice.

Miss Courtney Morgan, who ap pears at Titus opera house next Tues day night is as prominent among the Masons as she is professionally, having filled every point of the Star.

From November 21 to December 10. All \$5 photos \$4, \$6 styles \$5; \$7 and \$8 styles \$6. Come at once and get your Christmas photos. No Sunday work. E. B. HOUCK. 47-2

Dan VanGundy, living northwest of town, will dispose of all his personal property at public auction on December 12, and with his family go to Texas to spend the winter months.

There were no services at the Presbyterian church Sunday because the children of Rev. Atkisson were under quarantine for dyphtheria. Monday their rooms were fumigated and the quarantine raised.

Some one tried to enter Ed King's srore last Sunday night. A window was pried up but no entrance effected. The cold air coming in on the dough in the bakery chilled it and spoiled the Monday morning baking.

The protracted meeting of the Presbyterian church closed Sunday night. The meeting was very successful. There were about thirty confessions. The meeting was very interesting and much good accomplished

The Wesley Brotherhood at its Friday evening meeting will discuss 'The world's need of aggressive evangelism." Prof. Lowe will conduct the meeting and the discussion will be open to all. Every man in town is invited.

Walter Robertson of Marseilles, Ill was a business visitor in Sullivan, Seturday. Mr. Robertson had won the reputation of being one of the very best newspaper men in central Illinois, and has few equals in the job department.

For a short time we will offer a large three page map, Illinois, United States and the World, with THE SATURDAY HERALD. Besides there is a vast amount of useful information given on these pages. All for \$1.25 to subscribers paid one year in advance.

"A Woman of Mystery" is an excellent vehicle for the display of emo the best work of her life in the part of Ayshea, which was created years ago by Madam Bernhardt. Opera house next Tuesday night.

Nathan Higginbothan and wife of New York en route to San Francisco, with the tormer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Higginbothan. Mr. Higgiubothan is working for the National Tube company and his headquarters have been transfered from New York to San Francisco.

The S. S. teachers' meeting of the Frona Patterson. The attendance has beed good and the class is doing wois from Wednesday until Sunday. terson served refreshments consisting Misses Nan and Kate Patterson re- of ice-cream, cake, coffee etc. after he ctude hou

The attendance at Chas. Bathes' sale Tuesday was one of the largest ever WANTED-Men to advertise and held in the county. Everything sold and sold well. The farm which consists of 94 acres, and is located 21/2 miles south of Sullivan, was bid in by Walter Harmon of near Lovington. Mr. Bathe had good property put up for sale in good shape and well arranged. If any auctioneer can cry a sale and make things go and bring their money's worth it is E. A. Silver.

### The Companion as a Ghristmas Prese

Nobody is too young, nobody too old to enjoy reading The Youth's Companion. For priate of Christmas gifts-one of the few hose actual worth far outweighs the cost. elcome as the paper may be to the casual tender on the train, at the office, in the pubilc library, it is, after all, the paper of th nome. The regularity and frequency of its visits, the cordial sincerity of its tone, make for it soon the place of a familiar friend in the house. Like a good friend, too, it stands always for those traits and qualities which are typified in the ideal nome, and are the source ore nation's besite and prosperity. other Christmas present costing eq itale that equals it?

On receipt of \$1.75, the yearly subscriptio u price, the publishers send to the new sub-scribers all the remaining issues of the Companion for 1907 and the four-leaf hunging calendar for 1908 in full color.

Full litustrated annonaccment of the new ne for 19.18 will be sent with copies of

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, 144 Berkley Street,

addada.

and hoods

GOODS 1-4 price off on

Great December Sale, many lines offered at reduced prices to make fast selling this month these are ladies,' misses's and children's coats, ladies' suits, skirts and dress goods.

Ladies' 50 in. coat regular \$18.50 at \$14.50 15.00 at 12.50 12:50 at 10.50 10.00 at 7.95 7.50 at 6.00 Coats. Misses misses coat, value 12.50 at 10.50 " 10.00 at 7.50 A \$7.00 " Children's Coats

\$5.50 long coat at 4.98 6.00 4.00 4.98 bear skin and cloth coats 3.25 3.98 2.25 2.98 1.98 2.50

# **December Dress Goods**

Unsual Values in Woolen Dress Goods. 50c 36in/ colored and black wools and battiste 43c 43c 50c 36in fancy mixed suitings 60c 75e 42in " " 60c 75c 42in plain serges and battiste 80c \$1.00 44in plain serges and battiste 80c \$1.00 52in broadcloth -80c \$1.00 46in fancy suiting \$1.05 \$1.25 46in 1.15 \$1.35 46in \$1.55 52in broad cloths 1.19 1.29 \$1.50 52in plain suitings

# Ladies' Suits for December Selling all Reduced

ladies' suits selling at \$22.00 \$27.50 20.00 15.00 at 14.00 18.50 at 17.50 at \_ 13.00 at 11.50 14.50



#### Skirts Reduced

**	7.50	66	4.6	6.6	••	•		\$7.7 6.0
• •	6.00	•		- 66				4.9
 	4.98	••	"	"			· Alleria	3.
	4.50		4.6				3.5	
	3.5p	4.6	6.			3		2.

"Had dyspepsia or ladigestion for year No appetite, and what I did ent distressed in terribly. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me. J. H. Walker, Sunbury, Ohio

### Things to Remember.

Don't say Miss or Mister without adding the persons name. Don't say between you and I, say

between vou and me. Don,t say I guess for I think or

expect for I suppose. Don't say you was but you are going to see Miss Courtenay Morgan in "A Woman of Mystery.

Seth McGabe will sell the personal property of his deceased father, at his late residence, December ro. See notice of sale on the last page of this ed its use. For more than two years

When looking for Christmas pres ats be sure and go to W. C. Trabue's officie one, and no expense incurred through feeding prisoners. ents be sure and go to W. C. Trabue's has genuine articles. Good goods, no cheap John stuff.

New Idea Woman's magazine and SATURDAY HERALD, one year...\$1.40 cell it.

Constigueun causes headache, nausea, diz iness, languor, heart palpitation. Drastic physics gripe, sicken, weaken the bowels and ion't cure. Donn's Regulets act gently and cure constipution. 25 cents. Ask your druggist.

Corn Being Removed From Jail, An item is going the rounds of the press to the fact that a prisoner has

been placed in the Callhoun county jail for the first time in two years. Seldom does the jail contain a prisoner, so seldom that for many years farmers in this vicinity, unable to crib their crop of corn, have used the prison as a storing place.

The jail was filled with corn when the arrest was made that necessitatthere has been no prisoner in the jail no jailer in the county except an ex-

Don't let the baby suffer from eczeme sores or any itching of the skin. Doan's has been staying with Mrs. James flowers.

Ointment gives lestant relief, caree quickly. Bathe since Sunday, and assisting in Dair forget to keep to the right.



Mrs. James Bathe has been very sick for some time, her eyes have been the seat of the trouble. Her friends fear she may lose the sight of her eyes, yet we hope for the best.

Miss Daisy Mack, the adopted daughter of Ausel Powell and wife, caring for her during her sickness.

\*\*\*\*\*

at 6.00

half price

People with Eusen's acc., make a new zeror by taking medicine lote the stem When your hand is scalded with has wantil it blisters and burns, you don't d nedicine to cure it. You apply a healist

medicine to cure if. You apply a healing in flow to the injured skin.

Eczema, psoriasis, sait rheum, barber's field and other such diseases of the skin cured be cured by filling the stomach with medicineny more than you can cure a barn by drinking medicine. To cure these diseases you must apply the remedy on the part affected. The diseases named are caused by germs in the skin. Kill the germs and the disease goes away and the skin is left pure and white as nature intended it to be. white as nature intended it to be.

That mild, simple liquid, oit of win properly compounded in D. D. D. Pression routs the germs and beals the skin

'No tongue can tell nor pen portray when I suffered for ten years from eczema" Mrs. R. R. Latta of Garrison, Mo., "I'w treated by the best doctors in the west, but recieved no benefit. Three bottles of D. D. D. cured me sound and well. Six or eight. months have passed and there is no sign of a

return. My advice to all is, don's

We have carried D. D. D. for a long ti because we know it takes away the itch and we believe it to be an infallible remedy in: he treatment of eczema and other sain di

Begin the use of D. D. at once and les

Sold by Sam B. Hall, drugg. t.

# WANTED AT ONCE.

Good stoves furniture.

Also highest prices for old iron, rags, rubber, me, etc.

# WALKER'S P H O N E 231

SULLIVAN, ILL.

Am I Ready. When I pray that God will use me As an instrument of grace, Urging that I wait his biding-

Is it so? If to do His work He sends me Far from love and friends and home To a life of toil, where comforts Ease and plenty never come-

Any work, and any place-

Will I go? When the causes scorned by others Earnest advocate demand, Or a soiled and sunked sister Needs a kind uplifted hand, Is mine one?

When a duty calls for labor In some pathway, leading through Neither recompense nor honor, If 'tis left for me to do,

When some service of the Master Calls for willing volunteer. To a sacrifice in secret, Am I ready, then, to hear

Is it done?

And reply? When, by worldly glamour blinded. I am winning wealth and fame,

If his service claims my talents, Do I see it and exclaim, "Here am I?"

Waiting dosen't pay.
If you neglect the aching back, Urinary troubles, diabetes, surely follow Doan's Kidney Pills relieve back sche. Cure every Ill.

Take It In Time.

B P. Cox, living on North Second Se. Si cibyville, Di , savs: "I think it was about twelve years ago that I felt the first artack which later proved to be kidney troub It started with severe pains in the lower i of my back and examination showed the hid neys were affected. The secretions w dark and full of sediment at times. I ha dizzy spells and headaches and was langu had no appetize, could not sleep and was in deed very miserable. I learned of Donn's Kidney Pills and procured a supply. The gave me such relief that I felt entirely well-A short time after I cought cold and to maisdy appeared again. I procured Dom Kidney pills and the symptoms were quick once and think them the grenest kidney m edy on earth. I take pleasure is recon mending them to other people, knowing

For sue by all dealers. Price 50 ee Poster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New Y ole agents for the United States,

Remember the name—Donn's—and taken

To be ready is a great deal better than stopping to get ready.

Too many farm homes are with shade trees, but every farmflowers. Nature is kind and law in this respect. The worst mana farm producer thousands of beat

hether riding or driving.

# THE PRESIDENT'S ANNUAL MESSAGE

CAUSES OF THE PRESENT FINAN CIAL CONDITIONS IS MADE THE CHIEF TOPIC.

#### SUGGESTS REMEDIES FOR ILLS

CONTROL OF CORPORATIONS AND RAILROADS TO PREVENT OVERCAPITALIZATION.

Believes This Would Solve the Prob iem Together with Provision for More Elastic Currency—Recommends Postal Banks and Asks for Legislation Along Many Lines.

Washington, Dec. 3. — President Roosevelt's annual message to congress is a voluminous document of nearly 60,000 words, by far the longest message he has ever submitted to congress. The opening subject of the message is the financial condition of the country, and for which the president lays much of the blame upon unscrupulous stock speculators, and says:

"In any large body of men, however, there are certain to be some who are dishonest, and if the conditions are such that these men prosper or commit their misdeeds with impunity, their example is a very evil thing for the community. Where these men are business men of great sagacity and of temperament both unscrupulous and reckless, and where the conditions are such that they act without supervision or control and at first without effective check from public opinion, they delude many innocent people into making investments or embarking in kinds of business that are really unsound. When the misdeeds of these successfully dishonest men are discovered, suffering comes not only upon them, but upon the innocent men whom they have misled. It is a painful awakening, whenever it occurs; and, naturally, when it does occur those who suffer are apt to forget that the longer it was deferred the more painful it would be. In the effort to punish the guilty it is whenever it occurs; and, naturally, when it does occur those who suffer are apt to forget that the longer it was deferred the more painful it would be. In the effort to punish the guility it is both wise and proper to endeavor so far as possible to minimize the distress of those who have been misled by the guility. Yet it is not possible to refrain because of such distress from striving to put an end to the misdeeds that are the ultimate causes of the suffering, and, as a means to this end, where possible to punish those responsible for them. There may be honest differences of opinion as to many governmental policies; but surely there can be no such differences as to the need of unflinching perseverance in the war against successful dishonesty."

He quotes at length from his messace of last year in which he advocated federal control of corporations doing interstate business, and believes that in such control would be found the remedy for overcapitalisation and stock speculation which he believes have brought about the present financial conditions. He says:

"Gur steady sim should be by legislation, cautiously and carefully undertaken, but resolutely persevered in, to assert the sovereignty of the national government by affirmative action.

In Substance it is merely a restoration; for from the earliest time such regulation of industrial activities has been recognized in the action of the lawmaking bodies; and all that I propose is to meet the changed conditions in such manner as will prevent the commonwealth abdicating the power it has always possessed, not only in this country, but also in England before and since this country became a separate mation.

Federal Control of Ballroads is Favored.

### Federal Control of

"No small part of the trouble that we have comes from carrying to an extreme the national virtue of self-reliance, of independence in initiative and action. It is wise to conserve this virtue and to provide for its fullest exercise, compatible with seeing that liberty does not become a liberty to wrong others. Unfortunately, this is the kind of liberty that the lack of all effective regulation inevitably breeds. effective regulation inevitably breeds vided that the national government should have complete and sole control of interstate commerce. There

of interstate commerce. There was then practically no interstate business save such as was conducted by water, and this the national government at once proceeded to regulate in thoroughgoing and effective fashion. Conditions have now so wholly changed that the interstate commerce by water is insignificant compared with the amount that goes by land, and almost all big business concerns are now engaged in interstate commerce. As a result, it can be but partially and imperfectly controlled or regulated by the action of any one of the several states; such action inevitably tending to be either too drastic or else too lax, and in either tion inevitably tending to be either too drastic or else too lax, and in either case ineffective for purposes of justice. Only the national government can in thoroughgoing fashion exercise the needed control. This does not mean that there should be any extension of federal authority, for such authority aiready exists under the constitution in amplest and most far-reaching form; but it does mean that there should be an extension of federal activity. This is not advocating centralization. It is merely looking facts in the face, and realizing that centralization in business realizing that centralization in business has already come and can not be avoided or undore, and that the public at large can only protect itself from certain evil elects of this business centain tain evil effects of this business centralization by providing better methods for the exercise of control through the authority already centralized in the national government by the constitution itself. There must be no halt in the healthy constructive course of action which this nation has elected to pursue, and has steadily pursued, during the last six years, as shown both in the legislation of the congress and the administration of the law by the department of justice. The most vital meed is in connection with the railroads. As to these, in my judgment there As to these, in my judgment there should now be either a national incor be poration act or a law licensing railway companies to engage in interstate com

the consent of the interstate commerce commission being first obtained. Until the national government assumes proper control of interstate commerce, in the exercise of the authority it already bossesses, it will be impossible either to give to or to get from the railroads full justice. The railroads and all other great corporations will do well to recognize that this control must come; the only question is as to what governmental body can most wisely exercise it. The courts will determine the limits within which the federal authority can exercise it, and there will still remain ample work within each size for the railway commission of that state; and the national interstate, commerce commission will work in harmony with the several state commissions, each within its own province, to achieve the desired end.

Control of Interstate.

Control of Interstate
Business Concerns Urged.

Business Concerns Urged.

"Moreover, in my judgment there should be additional legislation looking to the proper control of the great business concerns engaged in interstate business, this control to be exercised for their own benefit and prosperity no less than for the protection of investors and of the general public. As I have repeatedly said in messages to congress and elsewhere, experience has definitely shown not merely the unwisdom but the futility of endeavoring to put a stop to all business combinations. Modern industrial conditions are such that combination is not only necessary but inevitable. It is ness combinations. Modern industrial conditions are such that combination is not only necessary but inevitable. It is so in the world of business just as it is so in the world of labor, and it is as idle to desire to put an end to all corporations, to all big combinations of capital, as to desire to put an end to combinations of labor. Corporation and labor union alike have come to stay. Each if properly managed is a source of good and not evil. Whenever in either there is evil, it should be promptly held to account; but it should receive hearty encouragement so long as it is properly managed. It is profoundly immoral to put or keep on the statute books a law, nominally in the interest of public morality, that really puts a premium upon public immorality, by undertaking to forbid honest men from doing what must be done under modern business conditions, so that the law itself provides that its own infraction must be the condition precedent upon business success. To aim at the accomplishment of too much usually means the accomplishment of too much usually means the accomplishment of too little, and often the doing of positive damage.

"The antitrust law should not, be re-

at the accomplishment of too much usually means the accomplishment of too little, and often the doing of positive damage.

"The antifrust law should not be repealed; but it should be made both more efficient and more in harmony with actual conditions. It should be so amended as to forbid only the kind of combination which does harm to the general public, such amendment to be accompanied by, or to be an incident of, a grant of supervisory power to the government over these big corporations engaged in interstate business. This should be accompanied by provision for the compulsory publication of accounts and the subjection of books and papers to the inspection of the government officials. A beginning has afready been made for such supervision by the establishment of the bureau of corporations.

"The antifrust law should not prohibit combinations that do no injustice to the public, still less those the existence of which is on the whole of benefit to the public. But even if this feature of the law were abolished, there would remain as an equally objectionable feature, the difficulty and delay now incident to its enforcement. The government must now submit to irksome and repeated delays before obtaining a final decision of the courts upon proceedings instituted, and even a favorable decree may mean an empty victory. Moreover, to attempt to control these corporations by lawsuits means to impose upon both the department of justice and the courts an impossible burden; it is not feasible to carry on more than a limited number of such suits. Such a law to be really effective must of course be administered by an executive body, and not merely by means of lawsuits. The design should be to prevent the abuses incident to the creation of unhealthy and improper combinations, instead of waiting until they are in existence and then attempting to destroy them by civil or criminal proceedings.

Isvesting Public Should

### Investing Public Should

Be Amply Safeguarded.

"The congress has the power to charter corporations to engage in interstate and foreign commerce, and a general law can be enacted under the provisions of which existing corporations could take out federal charters and new federal corporations could be created. An essential provision of such a law should be a method of predetermining by some federal board or commission whether the applicant for a federal charter was an association or combination within the restrictions of the federal law. Provision should also be made for complete publicity in all matters affecting the public and complete protection to the investing public and the shareholders in the matter of issuing corporate securities. If an incorporation law is not deemed advisable, a license act for big interstate corporations might be enacted: interstate corporations might be enacted: or a combination of the two might be tried. The supervision established might be analogous to that now exercised over national banks. At least, the antitrust national banks. At least, the antitrust act should be supplemented by specific prohibitions of the methods which experience has shown have been of most service in enabling monopolistic combinations to crush out competition. The real tions to crush out competition. The real owners of a corporation should be compelled to do business in their own name. The right to hold stock in other corporations should heareafter be denied to interstate corporations, unless or approval by the proper government officials, and a prerequisite to such approval should be the listing with the government of all owners and stockholders, both by the corporation owning such stock and by the corporation in which such stock is owned.

owned.
'To confer upon the national government, in connection with the amendment I advocate in the antitrust law; power of supervision over big business concerns engaged in interstate commerce; would benefit them as it has benefited the national banks. In the recent business benefit them as it has benefited the national banks. In the recent business crisis it is noteworthy that the institutions which failed were institutions which were not under the supervision and control of, the national government. Those which were under national control stood the test.

"National control of the kind above advocated would be to the benefit of every well-managed railway. From the standpoint of the public there is need for additional tracks, additional terminals, and improvements in the actual handling of

ditional tracks, additional terminals, and improvements in the actual handling of the railroads, and all this as rapidly as possible. Aimple, safe, and speedy transportation facilities are even more necessary than cheap transportation. Therefore, there is need for the investment of money which will provide for all these things while at the same time securing a fass, as, is possible better wages and shorter hours for their employes. Therefore, while there must be just and reasonable regulation of rates, we should be the first to protest against any arbitrary and unthinking movement to cut them down without the fullest and most careful consideration of all interests concerned and of the actual needs of the situation. Only a special body of men acting for the national government under authority conferred upon it by the congress is competent to pass judgment on such a matter. improvements in the actual handling of companies to engage in interstate commerce upon certain conditions. The law should be so framed as to give to the interstate commerce commission power to pass upon the future issue of securities, while ample means should be provided to enable the commission, whenever in its judgment it is necessary, to make a physical valuation of any railroad. As I stated in my message to the congress a year ago, railroads should be given power to enter into agreements, subject to these agreements being made public in minute detail and to

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rect subject of currency legislation, and says:

"I egain urgs on the congress the need of immediate attention to this matter. We need a greater elasticity in our currency; provided, of course, that we recognize the even greater need of a safe and secure currency. Here must always be the most rigid examination by the national authorities. Provision should be made for an emergency currency. The emergency issue should, of course, be made with an effective guaranty, and upon conditions caradully prescribed by the government. Such emergency issue must be based on adequate securities approved by the government, and must be issued under a heavy tax. This would permit currency being issued when the demand for it was urgent, while securing its retirement as the demand fell off. It is worth investigating to determine whether officers and directors of national banks should ever be allowed to loan to themselves. Trust companies should be subject to the same supervision as banks; legislation to this effect should be enacted for the District of Columbia and the territories.

"Yet we must also remember that even the wisest legislation on the subject can only accomplish a certain amount. No legislation can by any possibility guarantee the business community, against the results of speculative folly any more than it can guarantee an individual against the results of his extravagance. When an individual mortgages his house to buy an automobile he invites disaster; and when wealthy men, or men who pose as such, or are unscruptuously or foolishly eager to become such, indulge in reckless speculation—especialty if it is accompanied by dishonesty—they jeopardize not only their own future but the future of all their innocent fellow-citizens, for they expose the whole business community to panic and distress."

He advises against any general tariff legislation this session of congress, and says:

"In a country of such phenomenal growth as ours it is probably well; that

He advises against any general tariff legislation this session of congress, and says:

"In a country of such phenomenal growth as ours it is probably well that every dozen years or so the tariff laws should be carefully scrutinized so as to see that no excessive or improper benefits are conferred thereby, that proper revenue is provided, and that our foreign trade is encouraged. There must always be as a minimum a tariff which will not only allow for the collection of an ample revenue but which will at least make good the difference in cost of production here and abroad; that is, the difference in the labor cost here and abroad, for the well-being of the wage-worker must ever be a cardinal point of American policy. The question should be approached purely from a business standpoint; both the time and the manner of the change being such as to arouse the minimum of agitation and disturbance in the business world, and to give the least play for selfish and factional motives. The sole consideration should be to see that the sum total of changes represent the public good. This means that the subject cannot with wisdom be dealt with in the year preceding a presidential election, because as a matter of fact experience has conclusively shown that at such a time it is impossible to get men to treat if from the standpoint of the public good. In my judgment the wise time to deal with the matter is immediately after such election."

He asks for the repeal of the tariff on paper and wood pulp.

paper and wood pulp.

He reviews and enlarges upon his previous recommendations for the enactment of federal inheritance and income

tax laws.

Attention is called to the prosecution of wealthy offenders against the national laws, and in this connection he asks that the laws under which these prosecutions are brought be strengthened and made more definite.

# The Use and the Abuse of Injunctions.

Abuse of Injunctions.

'Instances of abuse in the granting of injunctions in labor disputes continue to occur, and the resentment in the minds of those who feel that their rights are being invaded and their liberty of action and of speech unwarrantably restrained continues to grow. Much, of the attack on the use of the process of injunction is wholly without warrant; but I am constrained to express the belief that for some of it there is warrant. This question is becoming more and more of prime importance, and unless the courts will themselves deal with it in effective manner, it is certain ultimately to demand themselves deal with it in effective manner, it is certain ultimately to demand some form of legislative action. It would be most unfortunate for our social welfare if we should permit many honest and law-abiding citizens to feel that they had just cause for regarding our courts with hostility. I earnestly commend to the attention of the congress this matter, so that some way may be devised which will limit the abuse of injunctions and protect those rights which devised which will limit the abuse of injunctions and protect those rights which from time to time it unwarrantably invades. Moreover, discontent is often expressed with the use of the process of injunction by the courts, not only in labor disputes, but where state laws are concerned. I refrain from discussion of this question as I am informed that it will soon receive the consideration of the supreme court."

of other legislation in the interest of labor he favors federal inspection of railroads; providing limited but definite compensation for accidents to all workmen employed in any way by the government, and says:

employed in any way by the government, and says:

"The constitutionality of the employers' liability act passed by the preceding congress has been carried before the courts. In two jurisdictions the law has been declared unconstitutional, and in three jurisdictions its constitutionality has been affirmed. The question has been carried to the superme court; the case has been heard by that tribunal, and a decision is expected at an early date. In the event that the court should affirm the constitutionality of the act, I urge further legislation along the lines advocated in my message to the preceding congress. The practice of putting the entire burden of loss of life or limb upon the victim or the victim's family is a form of social in justice in which the United States stands in unenviable prominence. In both our federal and our state legislation we have, with few exceptions, scarcely gone farther than the receival of the states of the presented with few exceptions, scarcely gone farther than the repeal of the fellow-servant principle of the old law of liability, and in some of our states even this slight modification of a complete outgrown principle has not yet been secured."

He favors the extension of the eight-hour law to all departments of the gov-ernment, and to all work carried on by the government. He urges legislation for the compulsory investigation of in-dustrial disputes, and says: "The need for some provision for suclinvestigation was forcibly illustrated during the past summer. A strike or telegraph operators seriously interfered with telegraphic communication, caus telegraph operators seriously interfered with telegraphic communication; causing great damage to business interests and serious inconvenience to the general public, Appeals were made to me from many parts of the country, from try, councils, 'from boards of trade, from chambers of commerce, and from labor organizations, urging that steps he taken to terminate the strike. Everything that could with any propriety be done by, a representative of the government was done without avail, and for weeks the public stood by and suffered without recourse of any kind. Had the machinery existed and had there been authority for compulsory investigation of the dispute, the public would have been placed in possession of the controversy, and public opinion would probably have brought about prompt adjustment.

"It is idle to hold that without good

laws evils such as child labor, as the over-working of women as the failure to protect employes from loss of life or limb, can be effectively reached any more than the evils of rebates and stock-watering can be reached without good laws. To fail to stop these practices by legislation means to force honest men into them, because otherwise the dishonest who surely will take advantage of them will have everything their own way. If the states will correct these evils, well and good; but the nation must stand ready to aid them.

Thiand Weterway Systems

Should Be Desvieped:

"The conservation of our national resources and their proper use constitute the rundamental problem which underlies almost every other problem of our national life. We must maintain for our civilization the adequate material basis without which that civilization cannot exist. We must show foresight, we must look ahead. As a nation we not only unjoy a wonderful measure of present prosperity but if this prosperity is used aright it is an earnest of future success such as no other nation will have. The reward of foresight for this nation is great and easily foretold. But there must be the look ahead, there must be a realization of the fact that to waste, to destroy, our natural resources, to skin and exhaust the land instead of using it so as to increase its usefulness, will result in undermining in the days of our children the very prosperity which we ought by right to hand down to them amplified and developed. For the last few years, through several agencies, the government has been endeavoring to get our people to look ahead and to substitute a planned and orderly development of our great river systems should be developed as national water highways; the Mississippi, with its tributaries, standing first in importance, and the Columbia second, although there are many others of importance on the Pacific and Atlantic and the gulf slopes. The national government should undertake this work, and I hope a beginning will be made in the present congress;

systematically and continuously carried forward in accordance with some well-conceived plan. The main streams should be improved to the highest point of efficiency before the improvement of the branches is attempted; and the work should be kept free from every taint of recklessness or jobbery."

Attention is called to the work of irrigation and reclamation of government lands. In the same connection he asks for a revision of the public land laws along the lines proposed by the public lands commission. Believes the government should increase its efforts to conserve our forests and should increase by purchase the existing forest preserves. On the subject of the natural resources of the nation he says:

"In the eastern United States the

crease by purchase the existing forest preserves. On the subject of the natural resources of the nation he says:

"In the eastern United States the mineral fuels have already passed into the hands of large private owners, and those of the west are rapidly following. It is obvious that these fuels should be conserved and not wasted, and it would be well to protect the people against unjust and extortionate prices, so far as that can still be done. What has been accomplished in the great oil fields of the Indian Territory by the action of the administration offers a striking example of the good results of such a policy. In my judgment the government should have the right to keep the fee of the coal, oil and gas fields in its own possession and to lease the rights to develop them under proper regulations; or else, if the congress will not adopt this method, the coal deposits should be sold under limitations, to conserve them as public utilities, the right to mine coal being separated from the title to the soil. The regulations should permit coal lands to be worked in sufficient quantity by the several corporations. The present limitations have been absurd, excessive, and serve no useful purpose, and often render it necessary that there should be either fraud or else abandonment of the work of getting out the coal."

Progress of the Work On the Pansuse Casal.

### Progress of the Work

"Work on the Panama canal is pro-ceeding in a highly satisfactory man-ner. In March the total excavation in the Culebra Cut, where effort was chiefly concentrated, was 815,270 cubic chiefly concentrated, was \$15,270 cubic yards. In April this was increased to \$79,527 cubic yards. There was a considerable decrease in the output for May and June owing partly to the advent of the rainy season and partly to temporary trouble with the steam shovel men over the question of wages. This trouble was settled satisfactorily to all partles and in July the total excavation advanced materially and in August the grand total from all points in the canal prism by steam shovels and dredges exceeded all previous United States records, reaching 1,274,404 cubic yards. In September this record was eclipsed and a total of 1,517,412 cubic yards was removed. Of this amount 1,481,307 cubic yards were from accessory works. These results were achieved in the rainy see. were from accessory works. These re-sults were achieved in the rainy sea-son with a rainfall in August of 11.89 son with a rainfall in August of 11.8; inches and in September of 11.65 inches Finally, in October, the record was again eclipsed, the total excavation be again colipsed, the total excavation being 1,868,729 cubic yards; a truly, extraordinary record, especially in view
of the heavy rainfall, which was 17,1
inches. In fact, experience during the
last two rainy seasons demonstrates
that the rains are a less serious obstacle to progress than has hitherto
been supposed.
"Work on the locks and dams at

"Work on the locks and dems at Gattn, which began actively in March last, has advanced so far that it is Gatun, which began actively in March last, has advanced so far that it is thought that masonry work on the locks can be begun within 15 months.

"Last winter bids were requested and received for doing the work of canal construction by contract. None of them was found to be satisfactory and all were rejected. It is the unanimous opinion of the present commission that the work can be done better, more cheaply, and more quickly by the government than by private contractors. Fully 80 per cent, of the entire plant needed for construction has been purchased or contracted for; machine shops have been erceted and equipped for making all needed regains at the plant; many thousands of employes have been secured; an effective organization has been perfected; a recruiting system is in operation which is capable of furnishing more labor than can be used advantageously; employes are well sheltered and well fed; salaries paid are satisfactory, and the work is not only going forward smoothly, but it is producing results far in advance of the most sanguine anticipations. Under these favorable conditions, a change in the method of prosecuting the work would be unwise and unjustifiable, for it would inevitably disorgan-

incompleting the continuous consideration of completing the continuous format in the continuous an opportunity to hushed their resources, particularly those who have not the facilities at hand for depositing their money in savings banks. Viewed, however, from the experience of the past few weeks, it is evident that the advantages of such an institution are still more far-reaching. Timid depositors have withdrawn their savings for the time being from national banks; individuals have hoarded their cash and the workingmen their earnings; all of which money has been withdrawn and kept in hiding or in the safe deposit box to the detriment of prosperity. Through the agency of the postal savings banks such money would be restored to the channels of trade, to the mutual benefit of capital and labor. "I further commend to the congress the consideration of the postmaster general's recommendation for an extension of the parcel post, especially on the rural routes, There are now 33,-215 rural routes, Serving nearly 15,000,000 people who do not have the advantages of the inhabitants of cities in obtaining their supplies, These recommendations have been drawn up to benefit the farmer and the country storekeeper; otherwise, I should not favor them, for I believe that it is good policy for our government to do everything possible to aid the small fown and the country district. It is desirable that the country merchant should not be crushed out.

"The fourth-class postmasters' convention has passed a very strong resolution in favor of placing the fourth-class postmasters save for reasons connected with the good of the service; and it is endeavoring so far as possible to remove them from the domain of partisan politics. It would be a most desirable thing to put the fourth-class postmasters in the classified service."

He renews his recommendations of last year in regard to Alaska; calls attention to the admission of Oklahoma as a state; urges the importance of providing shipping relief for Hawaii; asks for citisenship for Porto Ricans, and promises submission of Secretary Taft's report on Philippines when that official ret

official returns.

He asks for the creation of a bureau

of mines; recommends the providing of funds for preserving The Hermitage, the home of Andrew Jackson; and the erection of a naval monument at Vicksburg. Corporation Contributions

Corporation Contributions
to Compaign Expenses.

"Under our form of government voting
is not merely a right but a duty, and,
moreover, a fundamental and necessary
duty if a man is to be a good citizen.
It is well to provide that corporations
shall not contribute to presidential or
national campaigns, and furthermore to
provide for the publication of both contributions and expenditures. There is,
however, always danger in laws of this
kind, which from their very nature are
difficult of enforcement; the danger being
lest they be obeyed only by the honest,
and disobeyed by the unscrupulous, so
as to act only as a penalty upon honest
men. Moreover, no such law would hamper an unscrupulous man of unlimited
means from buying his own way into office. There is a very radical measure fice. There is a very radical measure which would, I believe, work a substantial improvement in our system of conducting a campaign, although I am well aware that it will take some time for combining the conducting a campaign. ducting a campaign, although I am well aware that it will take some time for people to so familiarize themselves with such a proposal as to be willing to consider its adoption. The need for collecting large campaign funds would vanish it congress provided an appropriation for the proper and legitimate expenses of each of the great national parties, an appropriation ample enough to meet the necessity for thorough organization and machinery, which requires a large expenditure of money. Then the stipulation should be made that no party receiving campaign funds from the treasury should accept more than a fixed amount from any individual subscriber or donor; and the necessary publicity for receipts and expenditures could without difficulty be provided."

Wants Improvement in the Ocean Mail Service.

Ocean Mail Service.

"I call your especial attention to the unsatisfactory condition of our foreign mail service, which, because of the lack of American steamship lines, is now largely done through foreign lines, and which, particularly so far as South and Central America are concerned, is done in a manner which constitutes a serious barrier to the extensions of our commerce.

"The time has come, in my judgment.

The time has come, in m to set to work seriously to make our ocean mail service correspond more closely with our recent commercial and political development. A beginning was made by the ocean mail act of March 3, 1891, but even at that time the act was political development. A beginning was made by the ocean mail act of March 3, 1891, but even at that time the act was known to be inadequate in various particulars. Since that time events have moved rapidly in our history. We have acquired Hawaii, the Phillippines, and lesser islands in the Pacific. We are steadily prosecuting the great work of uniting at the Isthmus the waters of the Atlantic and the Pacific. To a greater extent than seemed probably even a dozen years ago we may look to an American future on the sea worthy of the tradition of our past. As the first step in that direction, and the step most feasible at the present time. I recommend the extension of the ocean mail act of 1891. That act has stood for some years free from successful criticism of its principle and purpose. It was based on theories of the obligations of a great martitime nation, undisputed is our own land and followed by other nations since the beginning of steam navigation. Briefly those theories are, that it is the duty of a first-class power so far as practicable to carry its ocean mails, under its own flag; that the fast ocean steamships and their crews, required for such mail service, are valuable auxiliaries to the sea power of a nation. Furthermore, the construction of such steamships insures the maintenance in an efficient condition of the shipyards in which our battleships must be built.

"The expenditure of public money for the performance of such necessary functions of government is certainly warranted, nor is it necessary to dwell upon the incidental benefits to our foreign commerce, to the shipbullding indicate, and to ship owning and navigation which will accompany the discharge of these urgent public duties though they, too, should have weight."

#### Anka Increase in Pay for Army Officers and Men.

The president devotes much space to the affairs of the army, and strongly urges that our regular military organization be kept up to the highest possible standard of efficiency, and says:

"The medical corps should be much greater than the needs of our regular army in war. Yet at present it is smaller than the needs of the service demand even in peace. The Spanish war occurred less than ten years ago. The chief loss we suffered in it was by disease among the regiments which never left the country. At the moment the nation seemed deep!" impressed by this

the enlisted men. An especial provisis should be made for establishing grad equivalent to those of warrant officers the navy, which should be open to tenlisted men who serve sufficiently lo and who do their work well. Inducement should be offered sufficient to encoura really good men to make the army a l enlisted men who serve sumciently long and who do their work well. Inducements should be offered sufficient to encourage really good men to make the army a life occupation. The prime needs of our present army is to secure and retain competent noncommissioned. Officers. This dimension of pay. The noncommissioned officer does not correspond with an unstilled laborer: he corresponds to the best type of skilled workman or to the subordinate officing the competent of the corresponds of the best type of skilled workman or to the subordinate official in civil institutions. Wages have greatly increased in outside occupations in the last 40 years and the pay of the soldier, like the pay of the officers, should be proportionately increased. The first sergeant of a company, if a good man, must be one of such executive and administrative ability, and such knowledge of his trade, as to be worth far more than we at present pay him. The same is true of the regimental sergeant major. These men should be men who had fully resolved to make the army a life occupation and they should be able to look forward to ample reward; while only men properly qualified should be given a chance to secure these final rewards. The increase over the present pay need not be great in the lower grades for the first one or two enlistments, but the increase should be marked for the noncommissioned officers of the upper grades who serve long enough to make it evident that they intend to stay permanently in the army, while additional pay should be given for high qualifications in target practice.

"Among the officers there should be severe examinations to weed out the unfit up to the grade of major. From that position on appointments should be solely by selection and it should be understood that a man of merely average capacity could never get beyond the position of major, while every man who serves in any grade a certain length of time prior to promotion to the next grade should be forthwith retired."

President Sees Need of

forthwith retired."

the next grade without getting the promotion to the next grade should be forthwith retired."

President Sees Need of
Largely Increased Navy.

The president asks for a continuous increase in the navy, and asks present congress for appropriations for four new battleships, and says:

"We need always to remember that in time of war the navy is not to be used to defend harbors and sea-coast cities; we should perfect our system of coast fortifications. The only efficient use for the navy is for offense. The only way in which it can efficiently protect our own coast against the possible action of a foreign navy. For defense against a hostile fleet which actually attacks them, the coast cities must depend upon their forts, mines, torpedoes, submarines and torpedo boats and destroyers. All of these together are efficient for defensive purposes, but they in no way supply the place of a thoroughly efficient navy capable of acting on the offensive; for parrying never yet won a fight. It can only be won by hard hitting, and an aggressive sea-going navy alone can do this hard hitting of the offensive type. But the forts and the like are necessary so that the navy may be footloose. In time of war there is sure to be demand, under pressure of fright, for the ships to be scattered so as to defen all kind of ports and the like are necessary so that the navy may be footloose. In time of war there is sure to be demand, under pressure of fright, for the ships to be scattered so as to defen all kind of ports. Under penalty of terrible disaster, this demand must be refused. The ships must be kept together, and their objective made the enemies fleet. If fortifications are sufficiently strong, no modern navy will venture to attack them same size or efficiency. But unless there exists such a navy then the fortifications are powerless by themselves to secure the victory. For of course the mere deficiency means that any resolute enemy can at his leisure combine all his forces upon one point with the certainty that he can take it.

Gives R Gives Reasons for Despatch Of Fleet to the Pacific.

Of Fleet to the Pacific.

"Until our battle fleet is much larger than at present it should never be split into detachments so far apart that they could not in event of emergency be speedily united. Our coast line is on the Pacific just as much as on the Atlantic. The interests of California, Oregon and Washington are as emphatically the interests of the whole Oregon and Washington are as emphatically the interests of the whole union as those of Maine and New York. of Louisiana and Texas. The battle fleet should now and then be moved to the Pacific, just as at other times it should be kept in the Atlantic. When the isthmian canal is built the transit of the battle fleet from one ocean to the other will be comparatively easy. Until it is built I earnestly hope that the battle fleet will be thus shifted between the two oceans every year or two. The marksmanship on all our ships has improved phenomenally during the last five years. Until within the last two or three years it was not possible to train a battle fleet in squadron maneuvers under service conditions, and it is only during these last two or three years that the training under these conditions has become really effective. Another and most necessary stride in advance is now being taken. The battle fleet is about starting by the Straits of Magellan to visit the Pacific coast. Sixteen battleships are going under the command of Bear Admiral Evais, while eight armored quisers and two other battleships will meet him at San Francisco, whither certain torpedo destroyers are also going. No fleet of such size has ever made such a voyage, and it will be of very great educational use to all engaged in it. The only way by which to teach officers and men how to handle the fleet so as to meet every possible strain and emergency in time of war is to have them practice under similar conditions in time of peace. Moreover, the only way to find out our actual needs, is to perform in time of peace whatever maneuvers might be necessary is time of war. After war is decided it is too late to find out the needs; that means to invite disaster. The trip to the Pacific will show what some of our needs are and will enable us to provide for them. The proper place for an officer to learn his duty is at sea, and the only way in which a navy can ever be made efficient is by practice at sea, under all the conditions in time of repearations bei union as those of Maine and New York

fairs in Cube, and the preparations being made to reestablish the government of the island republic; asks permission to cancel the remainder of China's Indemnity obligation to us; and reviews the effect of Secretary Root's visit to Mexico.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The White House,
December 3, 1907.



MRS. LIZZIE LOHR, 1155 W. 1861

M. St., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"Itake pleasure in writing you these few lines, thinking there may be other women suffering the same as I did.
"I had my complaints for over a year, night sweats all winter and mappetite. I was run-down so far that I had to sit down to do my cooking, I was so weak.

doctors also. Nothing seemed to do many good. The doctors wanted to oper "At last I wrote to Dr. Hartman. I told him just exactly how I was, and he told me what ailed me and how I should

"I tried many different medicines and

told me what alled me and now I should take Peruna.

"I did as he told me for four months, and now I am all cured.

"No one can tell how thankful I am to him, as I had given up all hopes of ever getting well again.

"I am a widow and the mother of six "mall shiddran who depend on my supsmall children who depend on my sup-port. I work all day and seldom get

took five bottles of Peruna in all. "I took five bottles of reruin in all.
"Any woman wishing to know more
about my case may write to me and I
will gladly tell all about it.
"I thank Dr. Hartman for what he has done for me.

A Sensitive Soul.

Owen Mudge was a very sensitive man. More than once at a harsh word he had forsaken profitable work and gone home for sympathy to his wife. One morning Owen started out to help Glenn Butler, who had bought a new stump-pulling machine and was pre paring to clear a field.

Toward noon Owen came back. Mrs. Mudge sighed and waited sympathetic ally for the explanation.

"I just couldn't stand it," said Owen, rubbing his jaw. "When I see that stump-puller twist them roots out, it reminded me so of the times I went to the dentist to get back teeth extracted. The first thing I knew I was hmp as a rag, and I just ached all over and had to quit."—Youth's Comnanion.

By following the directions, which are plainly printed on each package of Defiance Starch, Men's Collars and Cuffs can be made just as stiff as dewith either gloss or domestic finish. Try it, 16 oz. for 10c, sold by all good grocers.

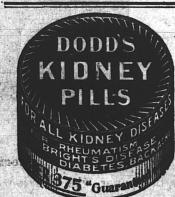
Japanese Men Outnumber Women. Japan is one of the few countries where the men outnumber the women The ratio there is 980 to 1,000.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for
the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World
over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Nnagara Falls as a power generating plant is worth \$46,000,000 a year.

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your deals or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

The Bank of England employs 1,000



ositively cured by these Little Pills. Eating. A perfect rem edy for Dizziness, Nau sea, Drowsiness, Ba-Taste in the Mouth, Cont ed Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER



STRIKING SCENES CHARACTER IZE FIRST DAY OF CONGRESS.

CANNON IS REELECTED

Ovations for the Speaker, Mr. Williams and Mr. Bryan-Old Rules Adopted After a Lively Debate.

Washington. - A brilliant scene characterized the meeting of the Sixtieth congress Monday. In the senate and house of representatives there were notable gatherings in the galleries of representatives of the of-ficial society of the capital. The coming together for the first time of the men who have been elected to the senate and house, about 100 of whom have not before served in congress, made the occasion one of particular interest.

The striking scenes of the day were in the house of representatives, where the formal selection of Joseph G. Cannon to be again speaker of that body, and the designation by the Democrats of Mr. John Sharp Williams as their leader, were occasions for ova-tions for those gentlemen. The vast hall of the house of representatives rang with the cheers of Republicans and Democrats for their leaders, and the speaker received as warm a reception from members of the minority as he did from his own party.

The appearance of William Jennings

Bryan on the floor of the house also was the occasion for enthusiastic cheering by the Democrats.

When the adoption of rules for the government of the house during the Sixtieth congress came up, the rules of the last congress were opposed by John Sharp Williams, and he was joined in the opposition by Democrats and by a single Republican, Mr. Cooper, of Wisconsin. The old rules were declared to be too autocratic placing too much power in the hands of the speaker, but after a somewhat acrimonious discussion they were adopted by a party vote.

Committees were appointed by both houses to inform the president that congress had met and was ready to receive any message he might wish

MICHIGAN BANK IS CLOSED.

State Treasurer Glazier's Institution at Chelsea in Trouble.

Detroit, Mich.—In order to avoid a threatened run on the bank Tuesday and to afford all depositors and creditors an equal chance in the settlement of the bank's affairs, State Banking Commissioner Zimmerman Monday announced that the Chelses Savings bank would not open for

business Tuesday.

The president of the bank is State Treasurer Frank P. Glazier, who has deposited in the bank approximately 84,000 of the funds of the state of Michigan. Attorney General Bird said Monday night that the state is protected by the state treasurer's bond of \$150,000, so that the state would not suffer any loss unless the assets of the bank should fail to pay 50 cents on the dollar, which is considered altogether improbable.

AMBASSADOR AOKI RECALLED.

Mikado Orders His Representative to Return to Tokio.

Washington.-Viscount Siuzo Aoki. ambassador extraordinary and minis-ter plenipotentiary from Japan to the United States, has been recalled. He called at the White House and state department Monday and notified the president and Secretary Root of this

Technically he has been sent for by his government to make a personal report as to the feeling in this country on the exclusion question. Practically, he will not return to Wash It is believed he was too peaceable to suit the mikado.

BIG STEAMER GOES ON ROCKS.

Wrecked on Nova Scotia Coast-Passengers All Saved.

Lunenburg, N. S .- During a blinding snowstorm Monday the Canadian Pacific Railway company's steamship Mount Temple, bound from Antwerp to St. John, N. B., with 600 passengers, struck La Have ironbound ledges, 15 miles south of Lunenburg, and may be a total loss. The passengers were being transferred on small steamers and tugs to Bridgewater and it was expected that all hands would be

Arrested for an Indiana Murder. Poplar Bluff, Mo.—Harvey Hinkley, alias Richard Stage, was arrested here Monday night, charged with murdering John N. McClintock and seriously injuring Elijah Rogers at Bloomington, Ind., on the night of August 8, 1907. Hinckley has admitted his identity.

Train Goes Into the Ditch.

Mobile, Ala.—Every car except the diner in the Louisville & Nashville passenger train No. 4 went into the ditch Monday afternoon near Dyas Creek, 62 miles north of here, and the three mail clerks, Campbell, Wharton and Labon, were badly injured.

Republicans Recapture Portland. Portland, Me.-The Republicans Monday elected a mayor and a safe majority in the city government. The city has been controlled by the Democrats the past year.

## SESSION PRODUCTIVE POWER OF WESTERN GANADA SOIL

There has never been any who have oubted the productiveness of the soil sometimes found those who quest the fact of its superiority. During past season it has been shown to in grain raising qualities it possess the very best. The late spring prevented grain being sown in many cases before the middle of May. Yet, a large percentage of that sown at that time produced excellent yields. Had it en for the frost early in August, which visited most of the north half of the continent, there would have been a magnificent yield in every dis-trict in Western Canada. Throughout the Southern Alberta district where about 100,000 acres was sown to win ter wheat the yield will be enormously large. There are vast tracts of valu able grain growing land in Western Canada that are available for home teads, the Canadian Government giving 160 acres free, and entry may be made by proxy, by any near relative, thus saving considerable cost to the American who may have entry made in this way. Any Canadian Government Agent will give you the partic

Your correspondent has just received the following letter from Craik, Saskatchewan, which bears out the statement made in the first part of

"Craik, Sask., Aug. 1907. "May 24th we planted a Dahlia root, which we brought with us from Min-neapolis. Aug. 12th, 80 days later, it in bloom. The plant is now 41/2 feet high and covered with blossoms We never got half as many flowers on it in Minneapolis, even during Septem ber and October, although we had more time to attend to it there."

I mention this only as an example of the great productive power of the soil here in Saskatchewan, Canada

Best He Could Do.

It was his first circuit, and, more-over, he had to defend his first client, who was a better known than "re spected burglar. In an interval approached a veteran member of the par and sought for advice.

"And how long do you think I ought to make my speech to the jury. sir?" he finished up.

"I should say about an hour," said

"An hour! Why, I thought ten minutes would be ample! Why so long?

"Well," said his adviser, "you see, they can't sentence him till you're finished, and the longer you talk the longer he'll be out of jail!"-Stray

Going to Be Fined. When George Ade was a newspaper renorter he was sent to "write up" an Irish laborer who had fallen from building. When Mr. Ade arrived on the scene, several officers and others were helping the injured man into the ambulance. Mr. Ade pulled out his pad and pencil. "What's his name?" one of the policemen.

The injured man, who had heard Ade and who mistook him for the timekeeper employed by the contractor, rolled his even in a dispusted

"What d'ye think o' that?" he mut tered. "I'm goin' to be docked for the few minutes I lose goin' to the hospital!"-Success.

Was Holding His Own.

A wealthy man, revisiting his native village, was telling his old cronies around the store stove how he had achieved his great success. At the close of his recital an old village character that he had known as a boy en-

"How are you, Tom?" said the great holding out his hand. "And how have you been getting along, all these years?"

The old fellow shifted his quid and snat

"Wa'al," he said, "when I hit this town more'n 40 years ago I didn't have a red cent, an' now—wa'al, I guess I'm holdin' my own all right."

BEGAN YOUNG.

Had "Coffee Nerves" from Youth. "When very young I began using

coffee and continued up to the past six months," writes a Texas girl. "I had been exceedingly ne.vous thin and very sallow. After quitting coffee and drinking Postum Food Cof fee about a month my nervousness disappeared and has never returned. 'his is the more remarkable as I am a Primary teacher and have kept

right on with my work. "My complexion now is clear and osy, my skin soft and smooth. As a good complexion was something I had greatly desired, I feel amply repaid even the this were the only benefit derived from drinking Postum

"Before beginning its use I had suffered greatly from indigestion and eadache; these troubles are now un-

Best of all, I changed from coffee to Postum without the slightest incon venience, did not even have a head-ache. Have known coffee drinkers who were visiting me, to use Postum a week without being aware that they were not drinking coffee.

"I have known several to begin the use of Postum and drop it because use of Postum and drop it because they did not boil it properly. After explaining how it should be prepared they have tried it again and pro-nounced it delicious."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the booklet, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs, "There's a Reason."

## CONTAGION A QUESTION OF

Sinks, drains, eating and cooking utensils, sick room linen and clothin frequently carry the dreaded disease germ unnoticed by the household.

Thorough and hygienic cleansing is the best safeguard against infection, and such a safeguard is found in the universal household necessity—Borax.

This simple preventive carries in it-self, disinfecting qualities which en-ter the fabric or act upon the article to be cleansed in a hygienic manner eliminating every unwholesome property, rendering it contagion-proof while at the same time Borax is of itself as harmless as salt.

Unlike most disinfectants which de pend upon their strength of odor or harmful-to-the-system qualities, to arrest or prevent contagion, Borax is Nature's remedy, being easy to obtain and easy to apply, a simple so lution in hot water being all the application necessary and requiring no prescription, it can be obtained from any grocer or druggist in convenient economical household packages. In addition to its disinfecting quali-

ties, Borax is especially a household necessity, and can be used for soften ing water, cleansing and whitening clothes, clearing the skin, whitening hands, makes an excellent dandruff remover and can be used on the finest laces or most delicate fabrics without injury, while as an adjunct to the bath it removes all odor of perspira tion and leaves the skin soft and velvety.

AS SHE HAD BEEN ORDERED.

Domestic Cleared Everything Left Over Out of the Ice Box.

There recently entered the service of a Cleveland family a domestic of Scandinavian origin. She had never seen a refrigerator before, and the lady of the house, after initiating her into its mysteries, instructed her never to leave anything old or left over in the ice-box, but to keep the refrigerator perfectly clean and fresh by throwing the old things away each morning.

The very next day the mistress looking out of the window, observed something peculiar in the yard. "What is that, Sophie?"

'And how did it get there?' "That is old ice, ma'am," was the proud response, "left over from yes-terday. I t'rew it away lake you tol' me."-Harper's Weekly.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. INDICTED.

Charged with Using Mails to De fraud and in Misrepresenting. Articles Sold.

Des Moines, Ia,-(Special)-Sears, ck & Co. of Chicago have been charged with using the mails to defraud. The indictment is on three counts. It is alleged that the com pany misrepresented articles in its catalogues sent through the mails The first count charges that on June 13, 1907, the company devised a scheme to obtain money by false pretenses from Dr. C. F. Spring of Des Moines by selling him white lead that Sears-Roebuck claim to have made The indictment alleges it was made by others. A second count is on a ring bought by R. H. Miles, and the third count is the sending of another ring, alleged to have been misrepresented, through the mails.

The Worst Was Yet to Come. A southern pulpit orator, one Sunday morning, was describing the ex perience of the prodigal son. In his endeavor to impress his hearers with the shame and remorse that this young man felt and his desire to cast away his wicked doings, he spoke

"Dis young man got to thinking about his meanness and his misery, away. And den he tuk off his vest and frowed dat away. And den he tuk off his shirt and frowed dat away too. And den he come to hisself."

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starchfurious chemicals are omitted while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Not All There. Bleeker-Your wife seems to have

mind of her own. Meeker-She did have before our

arriage, but she hasn't any more. Bleeker-What's the answer? Meeker—She has given me several pieces of it since we faced the parson together.

Gives instant a

USE IT, THEN YOU'LL KNOW

260.-ALL DRUGGISTS-50e

SHIFT CHINCENS AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT RHEUMATISM

In locking his safe the other night prior to his going home for supper George Edgemont, a paperhanger who lives at Jefferson street and Hermitage lane, Manayunk, shut the safe door upon his flowing whiskers and was held until released by his daugh-ter, says the Philadelphia Inquirer.

Edgement had been out collecting bills during the day. Returning to his office he opened his safe and placed the money in it. He then threw the door shut, catching the end of his beard in the door. In the excitement incident to his odd predicament he forgot the combination and so could not release himself. With his chin resting on the safe he was discovered about an hour after the acciden by his daughter, who came to find what had delayed him. The safe was broken open by a locksmith.

The True Home. Homes are not built of brick and mortar. It is the people, not the places, that make the homes; the face of a smiling woman, the patter of tiny feet and the music of children's voices, aye, even the barking of a dog and the human look of joy at our coming bring us the nameless charm that we call "home."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Some real estate dealers waste a lot of valuable time in trying to make mountains out of mole hills

Lewis' Single Binder — the famous straight 5c cigar, always best quality, Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

The statesman leads the masses The masses lead the politician.

The

General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of knows value; a laxative which physicians could sauction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yet prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its incellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relion the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

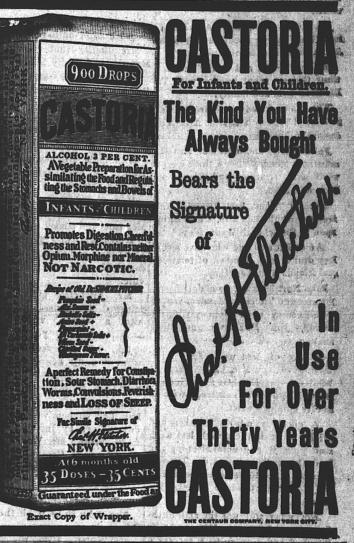
That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed." To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

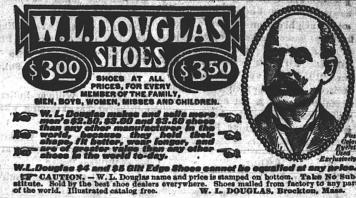
AUTOMOBIL

5037 Cottage Grove Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

MERRY GO ROUNDS We also manufacture Hagns Datales, Strikers, BERSCHELL-SPILLMAN CO., General Amuseu Dutkitzer, Dent. M. North Tonowanda. N

DEFIANCE STARCH sestest to work





AN INVESTMENT now will bring you large re-own 1900 acres of rich mineral land, Gumison Co., Colo. We are mining and milling the ore for our January dividend. We only have a few thousand shares of our stock left, price, & cents per share, par value \$1.00. Wire your reservations, at our streets ever thousand the first three states are the state of the first three states are the states are

Situation Wanted, steady, suitable, veniences. Am single, 38, able bodied soberand handy. Faireducation. Litting improving. References.

A. N. K .-- A- (1907-49)





Some of the choicest lands for grain growing ock raising and mixed farming in the new di-cits of Saskatchewan and Alberta have re utly been Opened for Settlement under the

Revised Homestead Regulations Entry may now be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the fasher, mother, son, daugh-ter, brother or sister of an intending home-steader. Thousands of homesteads of 160 acres

There you will find healthful climate, seighbors, churches for family worship, sel or your children, good laws, splendid end railroads convenient to market.

C. J. RROUGHTON, Room 430 Quincy Ridg., Chic V. H. BOOERS, third Hoor, Traction Termin Indianapolits, Ind.; or T. O. CURRIE, Reg Callahan Block, Hilwaubee, Wir.

PATENTS and TRADE MARKS ob-tained defended and prospensed by ALEXANDRE & DOWELL, four Lawren-Cheshished IST, 1077th St., W., WASHINGTON, D. O. Book A of Information sens PRES.

Toy A Validity con the Caracite

# AROUND THE COUNT

**Kirksville** 

ne Jeffers is able to attend t ol duties this week

Atta Plank visited the last of la k with Anna Elliott.

Mr. Harris of Missouri is visiti his sister, Mrs. Lan Frederick.

William Wemack thinks the s son for corn husking is gone.

Rev. Bula and family moved to the marsonage Thanksgiving day. There were a number from ther

thopping in Sullivan last Saturday. Ed Evans and family spent Sunlay with Jim McKown and family.

William Yarnell and family spent unday with Henry Rieghter near Pindlay.

Johnie Donaker is helping Andrew Chancy get ready for his sale in the mear future. Last Friday Mollie Coddington and

Job Evans and family took dinner with Ben Evans. Priday of last week T. H. Grantm was a business visitor at Gramer

Bmith's near Bethany. Mrs. Bear of near Findlay visited with Grant Dazey the last of last

Job Evans and family, Alta Plank and Grace Alvey spent Sunday with Anna Bruce and family.

Andrew Fultz and family and Ar ur Graven spent Sunday with T.

H. Grantham and family, The many friends here are pained to hear of the death of Miss Alta An-

derson in Missouri

John Gustin and little son, Emest, returned Monday after a three weeks wisit with relatives and friends in Mp. and Town

Several from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Chas. Shipman at Oak church Wednesday.

Amos Kidwell and wife gave a turkey dinner to a number of relatives and friends Thanksgiving.

Mrs. Nort Kirkwood and daughters, Plossie and Violet, of Windsor visited from Friday until Monday with Ed Evans, Jim McKonw's and other friends.

Friday of last week Mrs. Irvin Varnell sr., and Mrs. Chester Yarnell visited Henry Rieghter near Findlay. Mrs. Rieghter is suffering with a severe sprained wrist.

A goodly number of members and friends went to the church last week and gave it a general cleaning and had the walls repapered. Tuesday a series of meetings began conducted by Rev. Buel, to which everybody is

November 30th was the 25th birthday of Ross Jenkins. His good wife planned and carried to a success a surprise for him. She sent him to one of the neighbors on an errand. Returning found his home occupied by a good number of relatives and friends. All Ross could say or do was "I'll give it up." He was surprised. He was the recipient of some useful presents. A hot oyster stew was served at a late hour. The guests departed wishing Ross many more such birthdays.

### Arthur.

Fred Lough went home Saturday. Pat Sears was in Decatur Saturday. John Butler was in Sullivan Mon

Albert Leasure of Paris was in prthur Friday. Miss Gertrude

Wilson went to Arcola Friday. Frank Fleming was in Villa Grove

Friday. Mrs. J. D. Warren and daughter,

Roxa, were in Decatur Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Phillips and son

Byron, went to Tuscola Thanksgiv ing.

A surprise party is to be given at the home of Mr. Hoover in honor of heir daughter, Mollie.

Villa Grove boys came over to may basket ball last Thursday and were easily defeated 61 to1 in favor ot Arthur,

Bari Baker and his friend, Miss Mary Thomas, of Indianapalis, visited Arthur relatives and friends over Thanksgiving.

Mrs. J. E. Morris gave a lecture last night on Ireland and Scotland which was very interesting. The money is to be given for the new

COLES

Mars, Missouri, are visiting Monroe conscious for some time and George Rand.

A bor supper was held at the Dole school house Thursday night. All do nothing but talk to the boys. I am certain that their parents do not know how they act out of their sight or they would take better care of them.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rand served a dinner to some of their friends and relatives Thanksgiving. Music and games were the order of the day, games being played in the open. All present retired at a late hour reporting Mr. and Mrs. Rand royal entertainers. Those present were Park Rand, Laurenceburg, Indiana; Jos Rand, Mars, Missouri; Olive All dredge, Sullivan, Ill., Mr. George Brown and family, Mr John Stanford and family, Mrs. Henderson, Mr. Monroe Rand and daughter Edna, Miss Ida Brown and Ebby Rand.

#### Bruce-

Henry Lee has purchased a nex arriage.

Perry Lewellan spent Sunday with riends in Windsor

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Baugher drove to Gays Tnursday of last week.

Mrs. C. C. Lutterell was a business visit r in Sullivan Saturday

Mrs. Charles Hunter visited Lennie Maxedon and family Sunday.

The Waggoner sale held her Wednesday of last week was well at-

Several from this vicinity atrended the Harbaugh sale in Sullivan Sat-

Miss Belle Hughes and Mrs. Jack Hollenbeck were business visitors in Sullivan Saturday.

Will Walker and family of near Quigley spent Sunday with George McDaniel and family.

Myrtle McDaniel, Pearl Kirkendoll and Lenna and Chleo Lee spent Sunday with Marie Elzy of near Allen-

Mr. Fitzgerald and family have returned to their home in Neoga after a lengthy visit with John Lewellan and family.

John Bowman and family of Decatur and Ed Bence and family of near Windsor spent Thanksgiving with G. C. Righter and family.

Charles O. (Owen) Waggoner and Miss Lola Graham were married Sunday at Gays by Justice of the Peace A. W. Treat. Mr. Waggoner is the second son of George D. Waggoner and wife, living near the Smyser

### Harmony.

Mrs. John Hoke is on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mis. James Francisco were in Sullivan, Thursday.

Mrs. Art Graven was calling on relatives in this community Friday. Mrs. Ed Briscoe and Miss Tella Briscoe were shopping in Sullivan,

Mr. and Mrs. William Butler and family spent Thanksgiving with relatives at Allenville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weakley of near Bruce spent Sunday at the home of William Butler.

The farmers in this community are almost through Fusking corn there

being only about three fields yet. Miss Amanda Hyland came home Sunday from a three week's visit

with relatives and friends at Findlay. Rev. Dudley of Charleston will fill his regular appointment at Liberty next Sunday. This is Rev. Dudley's last sermon in the closing year.

C. C. Parker came Tuesday of last week from Storm Lake, Iowa, for a visit with relatives and friends. Mr. Parker preached three very interestng sermons at Liberty.

## Todds Point-

George Hoskins is husking corr r Dave Perry.

Arthur Robertson and mother at tended church in Findlay, Sunday.

Mrs. W. H. McKinney and daught er, Lissa, spent Thanksgiving in Bethany.

Jack Parks and family and E. K. Jackson and family spent Thanksgiv ing with Mrs. Sarah Robertson.

J. T. Miller and Wife attended the wedding of Mrs. Miller's sister near Prairie Home last Wednesday. Will Williams and wife, Mrs. Muz.

zy and children of Decatur spent J. E. Righter and family spent Thanksgiving with Mel Perry and family.

Indiana and his brother Joe Rand of horse Sunday morning. He was un-

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fleming en tertained the following on Sun Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Atkinson of Findseemed to have a good time especially lay; Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Noble of some of the young ladies sitting in Bethany; Mr. and Mrs. James Atkinthe back part of the room who could son jr., Mrs. Agnes Atkinson and Lissa McKinney.

### OBITUARY.

MICHAEL ROMINGER.

Michael Rominger was born in Sa lem, N. C., Jan. 26th, 1820, and died at the home of his son, Orrin C. Rominger Nov. 29th, 1907, aged 87 years and to months.

He was converted at the age of 14 and united with the M. E. church and remained a consistent Christian for seventy-four years.

At an early age he was left to help support a widowed mother, and to do this learned the shoemaker's trade.

When a mere boy he left home and walked and carried his cobbler's tools to Hope, Ind., where he could work at his trade and receive better wages. He met with success, and part of his wages always found way to his mother.

In 1874 he was married to Miss Martha Simmons at Hope, Ind. To this union was born eight children, Oscar, of Fresno, Cal, Oliver, of Ft. Worth, Tex., Nannie Abernathy, of Oklahoma City, Okla., Henry of Cisco, Tex., Belle, Charles, Sarah and Orrin. His wife dying, he again married in 1861 to Miss Sarah Wise more, who proved a loving and patient step mother to the children. To this union was born five children, Hattie, who died in 1850, Mrs. Effic McPherson, of Clermont, William, Arloo and Micheal of Sullivan. The wife died August 29, 1893. He was again married in 1896, but the marriage proving unhappy, he has made his home among his children, who have done what they could to make his last days pleasant and peaceful.

For his faithfulness to his Master he was rewarded by seeing every child converted and leading Christian

The remains were brought from Springfield, Mo., by his son Oliver, and laid to rest in the family lotat Paradise. The services were conducted by Dr. T. J. Wheat.

The son, Orrin, with whom he made his home, preceded the father to the grave just three weeks, aged

### Master's Sale.

ASTER STATE OF ILLINOIS Moultrie county

MASDER-S SALE. STADE OF ILLINOIS Moultrie county, ss. Moultrie county, claoute court. In the matter of Etna H. Stivers et al vs. Ora L. Stivers et al in chancery, partition, No. 638.

Publicancide is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entirled cause in the said court, at the September Tesm A. D. 1997.

I Geo. A. Sentel. Master is Chancery for said court, on the 7th day of December A. D. 1997 at 30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day with sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the west door of the court house. In Sullivan. In said county, the following described seal estate situate in the county of Moultrie, and State of Illinois. to-wit:

The west-half of the southeast quarter; and a strip of land three rods wide off of the east side of the southwest quarter except one acre in the 50nm of a square in the southwest corner of said premises which is subject to a certain mortgage held by S. S. Steters for the sam of \$5000 upon which there is a credit of \$500 and accrede interest on the same.

credit of \$200 and accrued interest on the same.

Upon the following terms, to wit: After deducting said mortgage to 8. 8. Peters there shall be two-thirds of the semainder of the purchase money said in cash. The remaining paid in one year from date of saie: the deferred payment to draw 6 percent interest from date of saie and be secured by person a security and by a mortgage upon the premises will be sold together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

Dated November 6th, A. D., 1907.

GEO. A. SENTEL,
Master in Charcery,
R. M., PEADRO, Sol. for Complainant,

## Publication Notice.

PUBLICATION NOTICE:—STATE OF IIlinois. Moultrie county. ss. County
court of Moultrie county, to the January
term, A. D. 1908.
Homer Shepherd administrator de bonis
non of the estate of Joseph Crabb deceased,
vs. Margaret A. Crabb. William Crabb, Mrs.
Mattie Money. Mrs. Mary Scott. Mrs. Ella
Round and the Cerro Gordo Building and
Loan Association of Cerro Gordo, Ill., a corporation.

Bound and the Cerro Gordo Building and Loan Association of Cerro Gordo, Ill., a corporation.

Affidavit of the unknown residence of William Crabb, Mrs. Mary Scott, Mrs. Ella Round and Mrs. Mattle Money defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the clerk of the county court of Moultrie county, notice is hereby given to the said William Crabb. Mrs. Mary Scott, Mrs. Ella Round and Mrs. Mattle Money that the said plaintiff. Homer Shepherd administrator de ponis non of the estate of Joseph Crabb deceased, has filed a peution is the said county county of Moultrie county for an order to sell the premises belonging to the estate of said deceased, has filed a peution is the said county of an order to sell the premises belonging to the estate of said deceased. As undivided of cault interest in lot sell the premises belonging to the estate of said deceased and described as follows, to wit.

A medivided of call interest in lot set it is block of ill of Byron Cheever's scond addition to the village of Lavington, Moultrie county, Illinois and thus a summons has been issued out of said court to set of the court house in sullivan in Moultrie county. Illinois and thus a summons has been issued out of said courty tending the said court to be holden at Sullivan in Moultrie county, Illinois.

Now, miess you, the said william Crabb. Mrs. Mary Scoth, Mrs. Ella Round and Mrs. Moultrie county on the first day of a term thereof, to be holden at Sullivan in said county on the first day of a term thereof, to be holden at Sullivan in said county, on the said county on the first day of a term thereof, to be holden at Sullivan in said county, on the said county on the first day of a term thereof, to be holden at Sullivan in said county, on the said county on the first day of a term thereof, to be holden at Sullivan in said county on the said county on the said county on the first day of a term thereof, to be holden at Sullivan in said county, on the said county on the said county on the said county on the said county on the

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Anyone who subers with headache dyspepsia, distiness, sour stomach specks before the eyes, or any live trouble, should take advatage of this opportunity, for Dr. Howard's speif by chance it should not, J. R. Pogue will return your money.

The specific is very pleasant to

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