

The Saturday Herald.

This Paper Urges Honesty and Fair and Square Dealing, Whether in Politics, Love or War. No Chicanery Goes

SULLIVAN, MOULTRIE COUNTY, ILLINOIS, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1910.

Vol. XVIII.

No. 4

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References: Merchants & Farmers Bank.

No Lessons Given.

Strictly speaking we have no leisure class. Where we are doing nothing else, we are getting divorced.

—Puck.

AUGUSTINE OPTICIAN

143 N. Water St. Chodat's Book Store DECATUR, ILL.



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AT

BARBER'S BOOK STORE

THIRD SATURDAY OF EACH MONTH

His hundreds of satisfied customers testify to his skill and reliability in fitting glasses.

His up-to-date optical shop enables him to grind SPECIAL lenses in his own factory for the relief of headache, eyeache and blurred vision.

Remember the date and consult the Expert Optician free.

DR. WHEAT IS DEAD.

PROMINENT METHODIST MINISTER'S CASUALTY MISSION FULFILLED.

Dr. T. J. Wheat died in Rantoul last Sunday night of paralysis. Dr. Wheat and wife went from the Soldiers' home in Quincy to Rantoul to spend the Christmas holidays with his son, William Wheat. Soon after arriving there he sustained a stroke of paralysis. For a time his condition improved, but last Friday he sustained a second stroke and from that time until his death he was in a comatose state.

Thomas Jefferson Wheat was born in Union county, Indiana, sixty-six years ago. When a young man he entered the ministry, and that had been his lifework. At a comparatively early age he went to Missouri and entered the Missouri conference of the Methodist Episcopal church. He filled pastorates in various cities and towns in that state, and some twenty years ago he came to Illinois and became a member of the Illinois conference of his church. For four years—during the 90's—he was pastor of the First church of Mattoon, going from there to the First church at Bloomington, the largest in the entire conference. Since that time he had served his church in other cities, and at the time of his retirement from the ministry, having been superannuated at his own request at the last conference held in Mattoon last September, he was in charge of the church in this city, where he had been for four years. Since then he had made his home at the Soldiers' home in Quincy, leaving there a few weeks ago to spend Christmas with his son at Rantoul, at which time he was taken down from a paralytic attack.

Dr. Wheat was one of the best known men in the Methodist Episcopal church in the entire state. He always took an active part in every yearly conference of the church, with pronounced views always as to right and wrong. He was for a number of years a member of the board of trustees of Memorial hospital of Mattoon and was a past president of that body. He retired from his membership only when he became physically unable to longer carry on his duties.

Dr. Wheat leaves a wife and four children—Samuel Wheat, now living in Texas; Wm. Wheat of Rantoul; Mrs. Foster of Greenfield; and a son in the shoe business in Quincy.

Dr. Wheat closed his fourth year as pastor of the Methodist church here last September. He did excellent work here, he worked beyond his physical strength. His memory will be cherished by the people here for his marked fight for temperance, morality, and the benefit of the town in general.

The funeral services were held in Rantoul at 2 p. m. Tuesday, conducted by Dr. Horace Reed of Decatur.

RESOLUTIONS

WHEREAS, the very sad intelligence has reached our community of the death of Dr. Thomas J. Wheat, a most worthy minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a brave defender of his country and flag from 1861 to 1865.

RESOLVED THEREFORE, by the officers and members of Moultrie Post No. 318 G. A. R., that in the death of Comrade Wheat we have sustained an irreparable loss. When the enemy faced upon our flag from Fort Sumpter in 1861, Comrade Wheat offered the best part of his life, and the strength of his manhood, to his insubscribed country and flag by joining the Third Iowa Cavalry Volunteers. In all his service as a soldier, no fault could be found. When the war was over and he had returned to the pursuits of civil life, he did the best thing any young man could do by entering the Gospel ministry and casting his lot with the M. E. church. This church and her many ministers had just reasons to be proud of such a man, he had filled for years the best pulpits of that church, he served on some of the most important committees of that church. He was above the average minister, broad minded and genial. In the various communities in which he lived he entered the very life of that community, for its good and moral elevation, and always placed himself in readiness to fight all public evils. In this respect he was above the average man because of his masterly mind and noble soul.

He not only lived and labored for his own church till the last but on account of that large spirit of affiliation, he not only labored with other denominations, but loved their progress and peace as well. Hence he was loved by them. The fire of patriotism upon the altar of his life never ceased to burn the brightest. In the ranks of the Grand Army of the Republic, he was loved, honored and esteemed, for his work's sake. On Memorial Sabbaths and Decoration Days, he always received more calls to serve his comrades than he could possibly fill. Such a fruitful life among men. A polished shaft in the community, a Paul in the church, and a patriot in his country, and the ranks of the Grand Army Comrades as you gather around your camp fires your heads are bowed with grief, you whisper to one another, "The silver cord is loosened and the golden bowl is broken, and we go about the street as mourners."

RESOLVED THEREFORE, that we humbly bow to this dispensation of God's providence, and that a copy of these resolutions be entered upon our Minutes and a copy furnished one, or more of our town papers, and a copy be sent to Mrs. Wheat.

J. M. WYCKOFF.

Adopted by Moultrie Post No. 318 G. A. R., January 20, 1910, Sullivan, Illinois.

OBITUARY

MRS. LAMBERT CRAIG.

Oma Lee was born in Sullivan township, November 29, 1878. Married to Lambert Craig December 27, 1904. Died at their home in Sullivan, January 19, 1910, aged 31 years, 1 month and 10 days.

Mrs. Craig had been in poor health several years, for over a year her sufferings have been very great.

Mr. and Mrs. Craig are the parents of one child, a son 4 years old, who with the father survive the mother. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Lee of Sullivan, two sisters, Mrs. Jane Holt of Sullivan and Mrs. Mary Majors of Bethany, three brothers, Peter Lee of Sullivan and Henry and Frank Lee of Bruce, all survive her. Mrs. Craig was a member of the Christian church, a highly esteemed Christian lady.

The funeral was conducted by Rev. J. W. Walters at the Christian church Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The remains were laid to rest in Greenhill cemetery.

OFFICERS ELECTED

The Aid Society of the Presbyterian church have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President—Mrs. C. J. Booze. Vice-Pres.—Mrs. H. J. Wehner. Secretary—Mrs. W. C. Covey. Treasurer—Mrs. Paul Thunaman.

YOUNG FINDLAY GIRL DEAD FROM NEGLIGENCE

IN HER FATHER'S HOME NEAR MATTOON IN HIS HOUSE NEGLECTED TO PROTECT HER FROM DANGER.

The meanest man in Shelby county, if all reports are true, has been located at Findlay. He is more than mean—he is inhuman. For the want of the necessities of life, his young daughter is dead from exposure and inattention while sick.

The man's name is Joseph Broadhead, and according to the Findlay Enterprise, he is a very eccentric character. "He came here from Blue Mound, March 4, 1903, and went to work as a harness maker in G. T. Kapp's shop. He was then 60 years of age and Mr. Kapp paid him a salary of \$6 per week, feeling that was all his service was worth to him. He quit work at G. T. Kapp's in February, 1907.

"Since, he quit work he has been an object of charity, comparatively speaking. His daughter Ida, an invalid, lived with him and if she had not frozen her feet during the recent severe weather, the facts found out Monday forenoon might not have come to light.

The Broadheads have been living in very straitened circumstances. The father was so miserly they had nothing but a small cook stove to live by. The beds were made of boards nailed to the wall and the pillows and bed clothing were almost nothing. His grocery bill each week was very, very small and it is supposed that neither the girl nor her father had enough to eat. He has been trying to get on the county for some time, but it was known that he had \$100 on deposit in the bank and the county expected him to use that, telling him when that was gone they would be taken care of.

"From parties who knew Mr. Broadhead at Blue Mound, we find that he and his wife were living together there and that another daughter of the pair married a jeweler by the name of Boudenhansen. The woman died, leaving a little daughter. Mrs. Broadhead left her husband and went to live with their son-in-law and granddaughter, and they moved to Springfield. They were arrested later and the child taken from them. The child heired \$60,000 from her grandparents in Germany. The money was placed in competent hands and the child is being properly cared for in Springfield.

"Although Broadhead was much opposed to it, he was compelled to spend some of his long hoarded money for a heating stove, bedstead, bed clothing, etc. Nothing but condemnation of the old man is heard in this town, and he deserves all of it."

The girl died at the family home at 9:30 Wednesday morning.

When physicians were summoned by village officers Tuesday, it was found that her legs had been frozen nearly to her knees and that there was little hope for recovery owing to blood poison and other complications. Miss Broadhead was 25 years of age. She moved to Findlay with her father about five years ago. During the last few years he had compelled her to remain in the house nearly all the time and little was seen of her by the neighbors.

The funeral was held at 10 o'clock Thursday morning.—The Shelbyville Democrat.

Advertised Letters.

The following list of letters remain uncalled for in the Sullivan post office.

When calling for any of the same please say "advertised". One cent is due on each letter advertised.

J. M. Lang A. E. DeBain
H. A. Porter J. W. Lewellyn
C. H. Klauenberg James Thompson
Ray M. Bond Newt Coleman
Pete Foley David Kennedy
Marion E. Smith Jim Orsborn
G. T. Hall G. W. Green
Mary F. Stark Guas Miller
Esther Toole Sarah C. Scott
Mallinda Loven Mary Nornear
Florence Whitacre

P. J. HARSH, P. M.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

I have the Jonathan Creek township tax books. I will be at Richardson Bros., store in Sullivan on Saturdays at Piper Bros. in Cadwell on Tuesdays and at J. D. Warren's in Arthur on Thursdays.
4-3 OSCAR H. PIPER, Collector.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE

L. R. GARRETT.

L. R. Garrett, living near Kirksville, announces this week as a candidate for tax collector subject to the democratic primary. Mr. Garrett is a staunch democrat, and always supported the party. He is capable and qualified for the position he aspires to. He is believed to be an honest, straightforward citizen. If nominated and elected the people will have no reason to regret their choice.

RAY BUPT.

Ray Bupp in this week's issue announces himself a candidate for the nomination of tax collector of Sullivan township subject to the republican primary. Mr. Bupp is well and favorably known in Sullivan. He is industrious, honorable, qualified and capable of taking charge of the tax collections of the township. He is a deserving young man, and if nominated and elected he will not disappoint the people.

JOHN A. BROSAM.

John A. Brosam this week announces his candidacy for the nomination of tax collector of Sullivan township, subject to the decision of the republican primary. Mr. Brosam is a Sullivan product. He is a man of integrity and worthy of any position he aspires to. He is hard working, ambitious and has made a hard struggle to raise and support his family. The children, through the father's direction and care, show the manly principles of the father. John is qualified, capable and equal to the position he aspires to, and if elected his supporters will have no reason to regret their choice.

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Christian church was held at the church Sunday, January 9, 1910. It was one of the most delightful days in the history of the church. The number that registered was 189, and a number took membership cards home with them to be returned later. It was an all day meeting with basket dinner served in the basement. The day was cold and members in the country could not well attend. The walks and roads were icy and this hindered a number of our older members from attending, otherwise the day was a splendid success.

A brief summary of the reports is as follows: Membership enrollment not yet completed.

The reports of the clerk, H. Ray Warren and treasurer, John Elder, showed a splendid year in the finances of the church. It was said to be one of the very best in the history of the church.

Total amount of disbursements was \$384.85. This includes the mortgage note that was paid during the year. The amount paid to missions was \$236.90; the C. W. B. M. paid to missions \$88; the Junior C. E. paid to missions \$23.90. The Ladies' Aid society received \$193.85 and paid out \$155.99. The Bible school received \$125.40 and paid out \$125.40.

The condition of the church in other respects is considered much improved. The church is better organized for aggressive work. The spirit manifested in the work is excellent.

There were twenty accessions during the year, by confession and baptism three, by letter and statement seventeen.

The officers elected to fill the seven vacancies were as follows: Elder, N. C. Ellis, re-elected; three deacons, J. C. Hoke, Jas. Bathe and W. I. Sickafus, were re-elected; new deacons, F. M. Pierce and W. H. Boyce; trustee, W. K. Whitfield. All were elected for three years, except the trustee, which was for an indefinite term.

On the whole it is considered one of the best years in the history of the church, and the congregation enters the present year full of hope for larger and better things.

Card of Thanks

We take this method of thanking our many friends for their kind assistance, and their sympathy in our bereavement at the death of our kind and loving father.

MOLLIE WDMACK, JOS. CARPENTER, CHAS. CARPENTER, JENNIE EKBERG, MERTON CARPENTER, RAY CARPENTER.

SESSION OF COUNTY COURT

County court convened again Monday. Up to Thursday morning there had been no trials, the litigations being settled by agreements of the parties at law.

Standard Oil Co. vs. Illinois Bridge & Iron Co.; appeal. Continued.

John H. Cox vs. J. D. Arthur. Cause of action settled; cost paid; suit dismissed.

Hannah Britton for the use of T. L. McDaniel, vs. Mary Humphrey, Hattie Hostetler and S. P. Drake; Continued until next term of court.

Albert Wright vs. Harry Grousd; appeal. Continued by agreement.

A. C. Roberts and B. W. Fulton vs. Thomas Hinley; assumpsit. Jury empanelled. Cause of action heard. Then suit dismissed by complainant and defendant, each paying his share of cost.

Judge Cofer of Charleston presided in county court Thursday during the trial of Miller, administrator, vs. Mathias. W. K. Whitfield and J. K. Martin were complainant's attorneys and M. A. Mattox and E. M. Peardro defending the case.

COURT HOUSE NEWS

Marriage License

Roy Kinzel, 21, Sullivan Tp.
Miss Lovina McCalley, 21, Sullivan Tp.

Real Estate Transfers
Amada Winnings to Stella A. Winnings, lot 7, 8, 9, blk 7 Lake City 6 300.00
Frank G. Kanitz to L. J. Lee 1 1/2 acres off a end nw sw 34-15-6 235.00
David Stewart to S. P. English, lots 4, 5, blk 8, McDavids' add to Atlanticville. 450.00
Village of Findlay to Joseph Broadhead, see record. 10.00
William E. Foster to Joseph Foster. See record. 1800.00

COLLECTOR'S BONDS

Edward E. Dunkin, Sullivan, \$111,000; O. H. Piper, Jonathan Cr., \$28,000; J. W. Bundy, East Nelson, \$231,000; Claude E. Weaver, Lowe \$33,500; Wm. J. Spillman, Whitley \$20,000; Noble, \$27,500.

Circuit Court

Cases filed since last issue:

J. E. Dazey vs. Mrs. Mary Stivers, Ora Stivers, L. Stivers, Bena H. Stivers and Mary V. Stivers. Confession in vacation. E. E. Wright, Complainant's attorney.

Carl M. Kimery versus Elizabeth Kimery; divorce. Geo. A. Senter complainant's attorney.

Nora Cane vs. John Conley; assumpsit.

CHURCH SERVICES

CHRISTIAN.

9:30 a. m. Bible School.
10:45 a. m. Morning service, subject—"The Tithing an Income from God."

2:30 p. m. Junior Endeavor.
6:00 p. m. Senior Endeavor.
7:00 p. m. Sermon—"Lessons from the lodges."

REV. J. W. WALTERS, Minister.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

At the morning services at 10:45 a special service has been arranged when the newly elected officers of the Sunday school will be installed. The pastor will deliver an address suitable to the occasion. The sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered at the close of the service.

REV. A. L. CASELEY, Pastor.

THE WINDSOR GAZETTE

The proprietors of the Windsor Gazette have installed the Hoe combination job and news press in their office last week. On January 12, 1894, they bought the Windsor Gazette and have never missed publishing an issue. Their building, with much of their machinery, burned December 24, yet they published their paper in Sullivan the two succeeding weeks, under great difficulties. They have also placed a fine new job press in their office, which is now located in the Masonic building.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE

I have recently added a great prize winning Belgian stallion to my breeding stable. Would like you to see him.

JOHN BARNES.

George Brotherton has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be up and about his room.

HAPPENINGS
OF A WEEK

Latest News Told
in Bricfest and
Best Form.

PERSONAL.

Gerrit J. Diekema, stalwart Republican of Michigan and member of Speaker Cannon's house organization, announces that he is a candidate to succeed Speaker Cannon because he believes that Cannon will not be a candidate himself for re-election.

For the purpose of teaching college students the evils of intemperance, Herman Yerkes of Bordentown, N. Y., has given \$10,000.

Max Pam of Chicago has offered a prize of \$1,000 to the students of Notre Dame university for the best thesis dealing with the subject of religion in education.

Henry R. Graves, director of the Yale school of forestry, was appointed chief forester of the United States to succeed Gifford Pinchot, removed.

Mr. Graves was from 1898 to 1900 assistant chief of the division of forestry in the agricultural department under Pinchot.

The widow of Gen. Frans Sigel and grandmother of Elsie Sigel, murdered by a Chinaman, is near death in New York. She was never told of her grandchild's fate.

Jared Starr Babcock, inventor of the game of roque, died at his home in New York.

Harry Hilden of Biloxi, Mass., 14 years old, rescued Theodore Ryan, aged 12, from drowning. It was the fifth rescue of the kind by the boy.

The biggest, quietest election Boston ever knew resulted in the choice of John F. Fitzgerald, former congressman and former mayor, as mayor under the new charter by 1,326 plurality.

GENERAL NEWS.

Two persons were hurt when the St. Louis-New York express on the Vandana road was derailed at Woodland, Ill. A broken frog caused the wreck. Two sleepers were overturned.

A new universal language, known as "Ido," has appeared in New York. It is said to be superior in some respects to Esperanto.

Prof. Jesspersen of the University of Copenhagen is said to advocate it.

The alleged confession of Ray Lamphire, reported to have been made to a Laporte man by the former hired man of Bell Guinness, the murderer, while he was confined in the Laporte county jail, and printed in a St. Louis paper, found very few believers in Laporte because of the inaccuracies which it contains.

According to the confession Lamphire went to the farmhouse at night with a woman, chloroformed Mrs. Guinness, her three children and Jennie Olson. He and the woman then searched the house, finding between \$60 and \$70. The house was accidentally set on fire.

Overproduction of gold rather than trusts or the tariff is blamed for higher food prices by Prof. E. R. A. Seligman, the economist of Columbia university.

This statement epitomizes the formal announcement made public by Gifford Pinchot, who was recently removed as chief of the forest service. He declared the great moral issue that now faces the country is not the loss of natural resources so much as whether special interests or the people shall rule.

The grand jury which has been investigating the defunct Citizens' State bank of Edgemoor, S. D., which closed its doors three or four years ago, returned indictments against the president, James A. Stewart, and the cashier, C. A. Grippen.

Residents in New London, Conn., thought an earthquake had overtaken them when William Bennett deliberately placed a stick of dynamite close to his breast and touching off the fuse blew away half of his body.

Carl E. Kitchen, a fireman, was killed and ten persons injured, in a collision between the St. Louis-Memphis special on the Illinois Central, bound for St. Louis, and a freight train near Pinckneyville, Ill.

The Turkish government is holding 12,000 troops in readiness to be sent to Crete.

Thirty-one lives were lost when the Southern Pacific steamer Czarina leaving Coos bay for San Francisco went on the north spit of the Coos bay bar. The crew took to the rigging and all attempts of the life-saving crew to rescue them failed. The captain and one seaman swam ashore.

The Ohio River Valley association is planning for a celebration next year similar to the recent Hudson-Fulton celebration in New York. A relative of President Roosevelt built the first steamer launched on the Ohio in 1811 and the ex-president is expected to take part in the program.

Three deaths at the city hospital in St. Louis from tetanus, or lockjaw, due to freezing of the feet, have aroused physicians. All cases of the kind hereafter will be treated with antitetanus serum.

Gov. Frank W. Benson has dissolved about 400 incorporated concerns doing business in Oregon because they had not made reports to the secretary of state required by law and had not paid their license fees for the past two years.

Cutting the estimates nearly \$1,000,000, the committee on appropriations reported to the house of representatives the urgent deficiency appropriation bill for the current fiscal year, carrying altogether \$5,003,816. The largest items are for \$1,568,490 for the military establishment and \$1,023,569 for the treasury.

The annual convention of corn growers and stockmen and the free school for housekeepers opened at the University of Illinois in Champaign.

Arbitration of the wage dispute between the Illinois Central railroad and its telegraphers was taken up in Chicago by I. G. Rawn, president of the Monon; J. A. Newman, vice-president of the Order of Railway Telegraphers and Prof. B. H. Meyer of the University of Wisconsin.

A great conference on uniform legislation by the states, called by the National Civic Federation, opened in Washington, President Taft making the first address.

A conference on the subject of measures to eradicate the hookworm was held in Atlanta, Ga., many southern physicians and health officers and a number of prominent insurance men taking part.

Charles R. Helke, secretary and treasurer of the American Sugar Refining Company, was indicted by the federal grand jury at New York on charges of conspiracy to defraud and of making false entries. Harry W. Walker, assistant superintendent of the Williamsburg docks of the American company, was also indicted.

John R. Walsh, former banker of Chicago, signed the papers turning over to the Chicago banks, which took charge of the affairs of his banks at the time of their financial difficulties, more than \$14,000,000 of securities. This about closes his financial troubles.

President E. H. Jennings and Vice-President F. A. Griffin of the Columbia National bank, County Delinquent Tax Collector and former Republican City Chairman Max G. Leslie, former Councilman Charles Stewart and F. F. Nicola, a capitalist and real estate operator, were arrested at Pittsburgh, Pa., on warrants issued by District Attorney W. A. Blakeley, charging them with conspiring to cause the selection of the Columbia National bank as a city depository.

Representative Mondell of Wyoming, chairman of the house committee on public lands, has declined to stand sponsor for President Taft's bills designed to carry out his program for conservation of natural resources. He offered to introduce the measure "by request," but the proffer was declined.

Dispatches from Madrid indicate that the government thwarted a military conspiracy, fomented by the friends of Juan de Lacierva y Penafiel, former minister of the interior, against the Liberal cabinet. The building occupied by the military club was surrounded by the police and 80 armed officers in the building were arrested. More than \$4,000,000 is the estimated loss to date in wages and profits of employers as the result of the girl shirtwaist makers' strike in the east.

The assertion is made that both Thomas Swope, the multi-millionaire, and his nephew of Kansas City, Mo., were poisoned and that the author of the crime also inoculated the entire Swope family, consisting of eight people with typhoid germs in an effort to exterminate them. The bodies of the two dead Swope's have been exhumed and their stomachs are undergoing analysis.

Many senators and representatives declare that the administration's federal incorporation bill, if passed as now tentatively drawn, will afford a shelter for every criminal combination in the United States. They assert that unless amended so that charters may be forfeited when the holders engage in monopolistic enterprises, perpetual right will be given for restraint of interstate commerce.

Many theatrical people, most of them scantily clad, were driven into the snowy streets by a fire in the Richmond hotel at Chicago. Many were rescued by the firemen. The majority of those driven out were chorus girls.

The members of the royal family, with the exception of Princess Louise, daughter of the late King Leopold, have arranged to do everything possible to avoid lawsuits and scandal in connection with the distribution of Leopold's fortune.

As a contribution to the American Bible society's \$500,000 endowment fund, a box containing several hundred rare coins, many of them more than 500 years old, has been received from a farmer in Carroll county, Illinois.

An adroitly worded resolution commending ex-President Roosevelt, congratulating President Taft and indorsing the policies pursued by Gifford Pinchot while chief forester, with reference to the leasing of grazing land and forest reserves to stockmen, was adopted by the American Live Stock association at Denver.

A concurrent resolution introduced in the New York legislature proposes to put that body on record against the federal income tax. The resolution is drafted along the line of Gov. Hughes' special message, recommending the nonratification of the federal tax.

ASKS LAWS FOR
CONSERVATION OF
OUR RESOURCES

Special Message Is Sent
to Congress by President
Urging Action
by Lawmakers.

CONTROL OF WATER POWER

Executive Recommends Leasing of Valuable Privileges on Government Domain to Private Interests Under Conditions That Would Prevent Monopoly—Question of Fostering Soils Most Important—Reclamation and Irrigation of Arid Lands Also Treated Upon—Preservation of Our Forests.

Washington.—The president transmitted to congress a special message on the subject of the conservation of the nation's natural resources. In substance it was as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

In my annual message I reserved the subject of the conservation of our national resources for disposition in a special message, as follows:

In several departments there is presented the necessity for legislation looking to the further conservation of our national resources, and the subject is one of such importance as to require a more detailed and extended discussion than can be entered upon in this communication. For that reason I shall take an early opportunity to send a special message to congress on the subject of the improvement of our waterways; upon the reclamation and irrigation of arid and swamp lands; upon the preservation of our forests and the re-forestation of suitable areas; upon the re-classification of the public domain with a view of separating from agricultural settlement homestead and semi-arid lands and sites belonging to the government bordering on streams suitable for the utilization of water power.

In 1890 we had a public domain of 1,055,911,253 acres. We have now 731,254,061 acres, confined largely to the mountain regions of the west and mid-west plains. We have, in addition, 38,035,575 acres of land in Alaska.

Disbursement of Public Lands. The public lands were, during the earliest administrations, treated as a national asset for the liquidation of the public debt and as a source of reward for our soldiers and sailors. Later on they were devoted in large amounts to the construction of wagon roads and railroads, in order to open up regions in the west then almost inaccessible. All the principal land statutes were enacted more than a quarter of a century ago. They have since been amended in many instances and, in some cases, amended in a way that has done much to retard the development of the west.

Fraudulent Titles. The truth is that title to millions of acres of public lands was fraudulently obtained and that the right to recover a large part of such lands for the government has since been lost by reason of statutes of limitations. There has developed in recent years a deep concern in the public mind respecting the preservation and proper use of our natural resources. This has been particularly directed toward the conservation of the resources of the public domain. A vast amount of discussion has appeared in the public prints in generalized form on this subject, but there has been little practical suggestion. It has been easy to say that the natural resources in fuel supply, in forestland, in water power, and in other public utilities, which have been developed, waste, monopoly, and other abuses, and the general public is in accord with this proposition, as they are with most truths. The problem, however, is how to save and how to utilize, how to conserve an still develop, for no sane person can contend that it is for the common good that nature's blessings are only for unborn generations.

Noteworthy Reforms. Among the most noteworthy reforms initiated by my distinguished predecessor were the vigorous prosecution of land frauds and the bringing to public attention of the necessity for reserving the remaining public domain from further spoliation, for the maintenance and extension of our forest resources, and for the enactment of laws amending the obsolete statutes so as to retain governmental control over that part of the public domain which contains valuable deposits of coal, oil, and of phosphate, and, in addition thereto, to preserve control, under conditions favorable to the public, of the lands along the streams in which the fall of water can be made to generate power to be transmitted in the form of electricity many miles to the point of its use, known as "water power" sites.

The present statutes, except so far as they dispose of the precious metals and the purely agricultural lands, are not adapted to carry out the modern view of the best disposition of public lands to private ownership, under conditions offering on the one hand sufficient inducement to private capital to take them over for proper development, with restrictive conditions on the other which shall secure to the public that character of control which will prevent a monopoly or misuse of the lands or their products. The power of the secretary of the interior to withdraw from the operation of existing statutes tracts of land, the disposition of which under such statutes would be detrimental to the public interest, is not clear or satisfactory. This power has been exercised in the interest of the public, with the hope that congress might affirm the action of the executive by laws adapted to the new conditions. Unfortunately, congress has not

FOUND HIS SPHERE IN LIFE
Father's Novel Method of Determining Profession That His Son Should Follow.

A man whose only child is a boy of ten was telling some of his friends how he had found the boy's sphere in life.

"When he was a baby of six months," he explained, "we followed the old Chinese custom of putting him on a rug in the center of the floor and surround-

ing him with small objects to represent different callings. The Chinese always do that with their first-born sons. We put a small box of pills to stand for medicine, a prayer book for the ministry, a pen for literature, a pencil for journalism, a gavel for law, a key for science, a purse for banking, and so on.

"The youngster sat crowing in the midst of the things for a few minutes, and then leaned forward and grabbed the pencil. That he toyed with and then threw aside. Then he tucked with the prayer book. Even

that failed to satisfy him, and the pill box fell into his hands next. That he kept; the reason, of course, was evident. By shaking it about he gained a little clinking sound that pleased him.

"Now, of course, he'll have to study medicine. We may let him dabble at the two other professions, journalism and the ministry, but we'll have to have an M. D. attached to his name somehow. So have the fates decreed."

Drug Clerks Poorly Paid. Drug clerks in Norway get from \$375 to \$536 a year.

Value of Water Power. The development in electrical appliances for the conversion of the water power into electricity to be transmitted long distances has progressed so far that it is no longer problematical, but it is a certain inference that in the future the power of the water falling in the streams to a large extent will take the place of natural fuels. In the disposition of the domain already granted, many water power sites have come under absolute ownership, and that all the water power under private ownership shall be a monopoly. If, however, the water power sites now owned by the government—and there are enough of them—shall be disposed of to private ownership, the investment of the capital in such a way as to produce their union for purposes of monopoly with other water power sites, and under conditions that shall limit the right of use to not exceeding thirty years with renewal privileges, and some equitable means of leasing terms of rental and other proper means for determining a reasonable, unguaranteed rental, it would seem entirely possible to prevent the absorption of these most useful lands by a power monopoly.

Soils Must Be Conserved. In considering the conservation of the natural resources of the country, the feature that transcends all others, including woods, waters, minerals, is the soil of the country. It is incumbent upon the government to take such steps as to maintain the resources of the country in such a way as to enable the soil to be used for the food of the people. To this end the conservation of the soils of the country should be cared for with all means at the government's disposal. Their productive powers should have the attention of our scientists, and every possible step should be taken to improve the soil, to drain swamp lands, to ditch swamp soils, to level river overflow soils, to grow trees on thin soils, to pasture hillsides soils, to rotate crops on all soils, to discover methods for cropping dry lands, to conserve and improve the soil, to feed grains and mill feeds on the farms where they originate, that the soil from which they come may be enriched.

A work of the utmost importance to inform and instruct the public on this chief branch of the conservation of our resources is being carried on successfully in the department of agriculture; but it ought not to escape public attention that state action in addition to that of the department of agriculture (as for instance in the drainage of swamp lands) is essential to the best treatment of the soils in the manner above indicated.

The act by which, in semi-arid parts of the public domain, the area of the homestead has been enlarged from 160 to 320 acres has benefited most beneficially in the extension of "dry farming," and the demonstration which has been made of the possibility, through a variation in the character and mode of culture, of raising substantial crops without the presence of such a supply of water as has hitherto been thought to be necessary for agriculture.

No one can visit the far west and the country of arid and semi-arid lands without being convinced that this is one of the most important methods of the conservation of our natural resources that the government has entered upon. It would appear that over 20 projects have been undertaken, and that a few of these are likely to be unsuccessful because of lack of water, or for other reasons, but generally the work which has been done has been well done and many important engineering problems have been met and solved.

Funds Inadequate for Service. One of the difficulties which has arisen is that too many projects in view of the available funds have been set on foot. The funds available under the reclamation act are inadequate to complete these projects within a reasonable time. And yet the projects have been begun; settlers have been invited to take up and, in many instances, have taken up, the public land with the project, relying upon the prompt completion. The failure to complete the projects for their benefit is, in effect, a breach of faith and leaves them in a most distressed condition. I urge that the nation ought to afford the means to lift them out of the very desperate condition in which they now are.

This condition does not indicate any excessive waste or any corruption on the part of the reclamation service. It only indicates an over-zealous desire on the part of the secretary of the interior to secure the benefit of reclamation to as many acres and as many states as possible. I recommend, therefore, that authority be given to issue, not exceeding \$30,000,000 of bonds from time to time, as the secretary of the interior shall find it necessary, the proceeds to be applied to the completion of the projects already begun and

that fell to satisfy him, and the pill box fell into his hands next. That he kept; the reason, of course, was evident. By shaking it about he gained a little clinking sound that pleased him.

Respecting the comparatively small timbered areas on the public domain not included in national forests because of their isolation or their special value for agricultural or mineral purposes, it is apparent from the evils resulting from the imperfections of existing laws for the disposition of timber lands that the act of June 8, 1878, should be repealed and a law enacted for the disposition of the timber at public sale; the lands after the removal of the timber to be subject to appropriation under the agricultural or mineral laws.

What I have said is really an epitome of the recommendations of the secretary of the interior in respect to the future conservation of the public domain in his present annual report. He has given close attention to the problem of disposition of these lands under such conditions as to invite the private capital necessary for their development on the one hand, and the maintenance of the restrictions necessary to prevent monopoly and abuse from absolute ownership on the other. These recommendations are incorporated in the bill I have prepared, and they are at the disposition of the congress. I earnestly recommend that all the suggestions which he has made with respect to these lands shall be embodied in statutes and, especially, that the withdrawals already made shall be validated so far as necessary and that doubt as to the authority of the secretary of the interior to withdraw lands for the purpose of submitting recommendations as to future disposition of them where new legislation is needed shall be made complete and unquestioned.

Disposition of Forest Reserves. The forest reserves of the United States, some 190,000 acres in extent, are under the control of the department of agriculture, with authority to preserve them and to extend their growth so far as that may be practicable. The importance of the maintenance of our forests cannot be exaggerated. The possibility of a scientific treatment of forests is that they shall be made to yield a large return in timber without producing in other countries, and we should work toward the standard set by them as far as their methods are applicable to our conditions.

Improvement of River. I come now to the improvement of the inland waterways. He would not believe, indeed, who did not realize that the people of the far west, and especially those of the Mississippi valley, have been aroused to the need there is for the improvement of our inland waterways. The Mississippi river, with its Missouri on the one hand and the Ohio on the other, would seem to offer a great natural means of interstate transportation and traffic. How far, if properly improved they would relieve the railroads or supplement them in respect to the bulkier and cheaper commodities is a matter of conjecture. No enterprise ought to be undertaken the cost of which is not definitely ascertained and the benefit and advantage of which are not known and assured by competent engineers and other experts. It is, however, a project of a definite character for the improvement of a waterway has been developed so that the plans have been drawn, the cost definitely estimated, and the traffic which will be accommodated is reasonably probable. It is my duty as secretary to recommend that the project be undertaken in the proper appropriation bill.

One of the projects which answers the description I have given is that of introducing dams into the Ohio river from Pittsburgh to Cairo, so as to maintain all seasons of the year, by slack water, a depth of nine feet. Upward of seven of these dams have already been constructed and six are under construction, with the total required is 20. The remaining cost is known to be \$28,000,000.

It seems to me that in the development of our inland waterways it would be wise to begin with this particular project and carry it through as rapidly as may be. I assume from reliable information that the dam can be constructed and completed in ten years. I recommend, therefore, that the public lands, in river and harbor bills, make provision for continuing contracts to complete this improvement, and I shall recommend in the future, if it be necessary, that bonds be issued to carry it through.

What has been said of the Ohio river is true in a less complete way of the improvement of the upper Mississippi from St. Paul to St. Louis to a constant depth of six feet, and of the Missouri, from Kansas City to St. Louis to a constant depth of six feet and from St. Louis to Cairo to a depth of eight feet. These projects have been pronounced practical by competent boards of army engineers, their cost has been estimated and there is no business which will follow the improvement.

As these improvements are being made, and the traffic encouraged by them show itself of sufficient importance, the improvement of the Mississippi beyond Cairo down to the gulf, which is now going on with the maintenance of a depth of nine feet everywhere, may be changed to another and greater depth if the necessity for it shall appear to arise out of the traffic which can be delivered on the river at Cairo.

Cheap Rail Rate Necessary. I am informed that the investigation by the waterways commission in Chicago shows that the existence of a waterway by no means assures traffic unless there is traffic adapted to water carriage at cheap rates at one end or the other of the stream. It also appears in Europe that the depth of the streams is rarely more than six feet, and never more than nine. But it is certain that enormous quantities of merchandise are transported over the rivers and canals in Germany and France and England, and it is also certain that the existence of such methods of traffic materially affects the rates which the railroads charge, and it is the best regulator of those rates that we have, not even excepting the governmental regulation through the interstate commerce commission. For this reason, I hope that this congress will take such steps that it may be called into being a regulator of the new system of inland waterways. For reasons which it is not necessary here to state, congress has seen fit to order an investigation into the interior department and the forest service of the agricultural department. The result of that investigation are not needed to determine the value of, and the necessity for, the new legislation which I have recommended in respect to the public lands and in respect to reclamation. I earnestly urge that the measures be taken up and disposed of promptly without awaiting the investigation which has been determined upon.

90,000 AMERICAN
SETTLERS GO
TO CANADA

THE YEAR 1909 HAS SHOWN AN
INCREASE OF OVER EIGHTY
PER CENT IN AMERICAN
SETTLEMENT.

Recent advices from Canada, our next door neighbor, the neighbourly country across the boundary line, are that upwards of ninety thousand settlers from the United States went into Western Canada during the past year, most of them for the purpose of taking up and settling upon the vacant lands, 160 acres of which are given free by the government, and lands adjoining held by railway and land companies are selling at from nine to fifteen and twenty dollars per acre. Even if thirty and forty dollars per acre were paid, the price would be low, as the lands produce wonderfully, and at these higher figures there is a large interest on the money and labor invested. The ninety thousand settlers of last year, followed about sixty thousand of the previous year, and for several years the number has been running into these large figures. There must be a reason for it. It may be found in the single phrase, "they are satisfied." Nothing attracts people more than the success of others, and the news of this reaching other thousands, causes them to investigate. The investigation in this case is always satisfactory. The splendid land of Iowa, of Indiana, of Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Ohio and other States has risen to a high value, and it is worth every dollar asked for it. But there is not room now for all on these lands. With the ever increasing demand for grain, there comes the ever increasing demand for land. Canada is the only country on the continent in a position to supply it. Land there that costs, say fifteen dollars an acre, produces on a reasonable calculation, 25 bushels of wheat to the acre, or about \$20.00. The most liberal calculation as to cost makes the cost to produce \$7.50 per acre, leaving a balance of \$12.50 per acre. The \$7.50 carries good wages for the farmer, and all other conceivable contingencies. With conditions like this, covering the entire area of about 500,000 square miles, it is readily understood why 90,000 Americans should follow the sixty thousand of the previous year. Canadian Government Agencies at different points in the Union are always ready to give information regarding the free homestead lands, ready to advise the settler as to the districts which would suit him best.

Gastronomic.
"What belle of the season do you find most attractive?"
"The dinner bell."

DON'T NEGLECT THAT COUGH
It certainly marks your system and may run into something serious. Allen's Lung Balsam will check it quickly and permanently. For sale at all drug stores.

Every time we see a sponge it reminds us of some men we know.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, which got the signature of W. W. GROVE, "Used the World over to Cure Cold in One Day." Sold at all drug stores.

Most of a man's friends are of the long-distance variety.
Lewis' Single Binder gives the smoker what he wants, a rich, mellow-tasting cigar.
Let each man do his best.—Shakespear.

DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS
ALL KIDNEY DISEASE
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES
75 "Guaranteed"

An Ideal Present
NO STOPPING NO HONING
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

BROWN'S
BRONCHIAL TROCHES
An immediate relief for Hoarseness, Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchial and Asthmatic Tonic. An article of superior merit, absolutely free from any harmful ingredients.
Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00 per box. Sample mailed on request.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

PATENTS
Save the Baby—Use
PISO'S
CURE
THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COLIC & DYS
Should be given at once when the little one coughs. It heals the delicate throat and protects the lungs from infection—guaranteed safe and very palatable.
All Druggists, 25 cents.
Drug Clerks Poorly Paid. Drug clerks in Norway get from \$375 to \$536 a year.

MRS. JOHN P. LILLY
Editor and Publisher
LARGEST CIRCULATION, BEST ADVERTISING
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
(SUBSCRIPTIONS IN ADVANCE)
One year \$1.00
Six months .50
Three months .25
Entered at the postoffice at Sullivan, Illinois
as second-class mail matter.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1910.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

COLLECTOR
We are authorized to announce
E. M. PRADE,
of Sullivan as a candidate for nomination
for the office of tax collector of Sullivan
township subject to the decision of the demo-
cratic primary.

One day last week a young bus-
iness man died unexpectedly,
leaving a widow and three small
children.

For two years he had worked
hard to establish a business,
which was just beginning to pay
well and gave promise of becoming
highly profitable during the
coming spring and summer. But
his cash resources were small and
his insurance was almost nothing
and, with his ability and hard
work taken away, the business
he left offered precarious support
for the widow and children.

All this the widow knew, yet
with rent overdue, the doctor to
be paid, and her children and her-
self to look out for, she buried
her husband's body in a \$150
casket, the undertaker's to-
tal cost more than \$250.

She was living to pay
the frequent
demands of com-

A Conscientious Thief.

(Original.)
Mike Tiernan was one of the most
scientific bank burglars of his time.
He never did a clumsy job, and there
were few safes he couldn't get into
without making a noise. Neverthe-
less Mike landed in state prison
and served a long term. When he got
out he had something stowed away
and thought he could take no further
risks, but an opportunity so dead easy
offered that he determined to avail
himself of it.

He received an anonymous note stat-
ing that the cashier of a bank was
behind with his accounts and would
like to cover up the deficiency by a
robbery. If Mike would do the job,
\$20,000 in bills would be placed in the
bank safe for him. The deficiency was
\$10,000, and this was to be paid to the
cashier, with which to make up his
deficiency. He would not for the world
take another cent, and when schemes
in which he had invested were devel-
oped he would be able to make restitu-
tion also for the amount Mike was to
keep. He was in great agony of mind
over his position, but hoped to come
out all right in time. The writer ap-
pointed a place of meeting in case
Mike would take the job.

This was altogether too tempting an
opportunity to be thrown over the
shoulder. Mike agreed to meet the
cashier and found him in great agony
of conscience. He said that he had
been trusted implicitly and was al-
lowed to do what he pleased with the
cash. If he could have but six months
he would surely be able to square his
account. As it was, he saw no way but
this device, by which in the end the
bank would lose nothing. He seemed
to suffer so from the tortures of con-
science that it aroused a spark of
Mike's former honest self. He told
the cashier that he would help him out,
but the job would be the last of the
kind he would ever undertake.

All the preliminary information the
burglar required was that his partner
was what he pretended to be. Of this
Mike satisfied himself, then was ready
to carry out the plan. A night was
agreed upon. The cashier gave Mike
a diagram of the bank building to
guide him and showed him how he
could saw through a few iron bars of
a basement window in the rear, where
he wouldn't attract attention, and go
right upstairs to the vault in which
the safe was kept. The cashier agreed
to keep the watchman on duty during
the day so that he would be drowsy
during the night, but information was
given as to a way of approach that
would take the man by surprise and he
could be overpowered.

It came to do the job
everything as it had been
planned. Mike had no difficulty in
sawing through the bars, found the
cashier clapped a hand-
cuff under his
arm and dragged him
down the stairs. He
deliberately had
a note

These galleries are divided into three
sections, entry to which is guarded,
and is closed even to high offi-
cers. The galleries are filled with
preserved stores, munitions, and
rainwater (for Gibraltar) and a com-
plete arsenal. The galleries are cal-
culated to out-

hemical
ground-
into

round-
into

FORTRESS.

Fort of Gibraltar
Armament.
A GUN IN EVERY CREVICE.

The Place Armed With Food and Munitions
of War to Stand a Siege of
Seven Years—An English View of the
Garrisoned Stronghold.

"An enemy's fleet could be sent to
the bottom in ten minutes before get-
ting within five miles of Gibraltar.
Not even a torpedo boat could succeed
in entering the bay unobserved on the
blackest night." That sums up the
opinion of the most eminent naval
experts as to the impregnability of the
world's greatest fortress.

But disappointment awaits the sight-
seeing visitor. The rock, though barren,
is covered with luxuriant vegeta-
tion—not a fort prominent, not a gun
to be seen even with the most pow-
erful glasses, no discernible ammu-
nition magazines, no strongholds, only a
peaceful, prosperous harbor and a
sleepy, straggling town.

It is night, and the maneuvers are
on. Swift playing searchlights trans-
form the bay into a sheet of shimmer-
ing silver upon which are seen ma-
jestic British warships and elongated
flying shadows, the torpedoes. Guns
answer guns out of every conceivable
crevice and corner, blending in one
deafening uproar, while scores of shells
plow the water for miles around.

Sentries are everywhere; infantry
parties crouch in the shadows; hun-
dreds of gunners stand ready behind
hundreds of guns in these mysterious
labyrinths hewn out of the solid rock—
the galleries." The vicious bark-
ing of Maxim guns gives contrast to the
deep toned baying of these mammoth
pieces of ordnance, the mere report of
which cracks stone roofs and bursts
doors and whole windows. Could any
feet live through the murderous hail
of gigantic shells?

Gibraltar never sleeps. By day and
night two perfectly equipped signal
stations, proudly flaunting Britain's
flag of ownership, unceasingly sweep
the seas around to a distance of fif-
teen miles on a clear day, instantly
reporting the coming and going of
each vessel. Sentries guard all the
prominent forts, magazines and gate-
ways; gunners sleep beside their guns;
engineers are ever ready beside the
powerful searchlights.

Modern "needle" guns, the finest in
Europe, are installed on all the most
prominent points. They are unreach-
able from the sea, even as they are
undiscernible, owing to the skill with
which they are painted and draped to
match the surrounding vegetation,
while huge screens drop automatic-
ally before them as each shell is fired.
They have a range of fifteen miles
and could drop shells on Ceuta, in Af-
rica, opposite, quite comfortably. One
gun weighs 110 tons and is capable of
throwing a shell weighing three-quar-
ters of a ton. In that marvel of engi-
neering under great difficulties, the
galleries, are concealed guns for every
day in the year.

These galleries are divided into three
sections, entry to which is guarded,
and is closed even to high offi-
cers. The galleries are filled with
preserved stores, munitions, and
rainwater (for Gibraltar) and a com-
plete arsenal. The galleries are cal-
culated to out-

hemical
ground-
into

round-
into

From Citizen To Soldier.

(Original.)
Royal Trimmingham at eighteen went
to college, and the same year Eilihu
Dubbs went to West Point. Of the
two Trimmingham was the more pop-
ular, the handsomer, the more attrac-
tive in every respect. The young men
had no interest in each other except in
one respect, and that may be called an
antagonism instead of an interest—they
loved the same girl.

Genevieve Fay was the girl. It is
somewhat difficult for a maiden of six-
teen to send either of two admirers
about his business, thus depriving her-
self of his adoration; but, since Gene-
vieve had a decided preference for
Royal Trimmingham and he insisted
upon an answer before going to col-
lege, she gave it and thus decided his
and her fate. Eilihu Dubbs, when he
started for the military academy, con-
sidered himself the most miserable man
in the world. At that time, how-
ever, he had not experienced the mis-
eries of a plebe at West Point.

Now, Trimmingham had a hankering
for military life and had sought a
cadet's warrant. When he had been
at college six months he was appointed
an alternate for a cadetship, and the
party of the first part failing to pass
the entrance examination the party of
the second part was put in his place.
Trimmingham left college and entered
the Military academy.

Had the young man fully realized the
position he was placing himself in with
reference to his rival he would have
plunged into the Hudson river instead
of stepping on to the wharf at West
Point. Not that Dubbs took the slight-
est advantage of being a third class
man to torment the man that had sup-
planted him. On the contrary, in ac-
cordance with the code of honor pre-
vailing at the academy he not only re-
frained from the customary pranks
played on plebes, but persuaded his
fellow classmates for his sake to permit
hazing in Trimmingham's case.

Had Genevieve kept away all might
have gone well. But Genevieve could
not wait a minute after her fiancé had
reported at the academy before going
there to see how handsome he would
look as a soldier. On the morning of
her arrival she went to guard mount-
ing expecting to see Royal in command
either of the retiring or oncoming
guard or both. Royal was not there,
but Eilihu Dubbs happened to be the
officer of the retiring guard, and the
clean cut uniform he wore, with his
shining accoutrements, the whole sur-
mounted with various colored cock
feathers nodding every time he turned
his head, quite took her breath away.

When the ceremony was over she went
back to the hotel thinking how beau-
tiful Mr. Dubbs looked and how much
more beautiful dear Royal would look
in the same paraphernalia. She was
told that the gold lace on the sleeve in-
dicated an officer, and as she knew
nothing about the customs of cadets
supposed that her lover's arm was cov-
ered with gold lace from shoulder to
wrist.

She had written to Royal to meet her
at the station, but if he didn't get her
letter in time to spend the morning
with her at the hotel. Royal didn't ap-
pear at the station or the hotel. He
could as easily have met her in the
White House. So about the middle
of the morning she went down toward
the encampment to find him. On the
plain she saw squads of youngsters in
citizens' dress standing in line being
drilled by the older cadets. Now, there
is nothing more inappropriate, inartistic,
inapt, incongruous, than a squad of
plebes in coats and hats of all sizes,
colors and materials being turned into
soldiers. They are not yet soldiers, and
citizens they are beneath contempt.

As she drew near one of the
cadets' expressions indicating her
disapprobation, when sudden-
ly she recognized
as standing like a
short man, the
lean. Their
and short.
very long.
word

Officers of Annapolis
has proportionately more
any other country, the
6,613, or 210 to every
people. England has 144
to every 100,000 people, Rus-
sians fifty-five to the same number.

CALUMET Baking Powder
Received Highest Award
World's Pure Food Exposition
Chicago, November, 1907
What does this mean?
It means that Calumet has set a new standard in
Baking Powder—the standard of the World.
Because this award was given to Calumet after
thorough tests and experiments, over all other baking
powders.
It means that Calumet is the best baking powder
in every particular in the world.
And this means that Calumet produces the
best, most delicious, lightest, and purest
baking of all baking powders.
Doesn't that mean
everything to you?

Force of Example.
Some men are so governed by ex-
ample that they can't even see a full
moon without wanting to get full, too.
—Philadelphia Record.

IN A BAD WAY
Many a Sullivan Reader Will Feel Grateful
for This Information

When your back gives out;
Becomes lame, weak or aching;
When urinary troubles set in;
Your kidneys are "in a bad way,"
Doan's Kidney Pills will cure you.
Here is good evidence to prove it.
Mrs. J. A. Brockway, 305 W. Cerro Gordo
St., Decatur, Ill., says: "I was a sufferer
from rheumatism for at least fifteen years
and on several occasions was laid up, being
practically helpless. The complaint appeared
at one time in my arms and again in my feet
and sharp pains across the small of my back
also, bothered me. Trouble with the kidney
secretions existed and I was very anxious to
get relief. Having read considerable about
Doan's Kidney Pills, I finally commenced
their use. They proved to be a most excel-
lent remedy, acting on my kidneys at once
and relieving the rheumatic pains. I now
have a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills in the
house all the time and a few doses off and on
to keep my kidneys in proper working order."
For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York,
sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take
no other.

Talent and Fact.
Talent is power, fact is the skill to
use it. An engine can whirl a train
with 50 cars over the continent at a
mile a minute clip, but it could not do
this without the motive power of
steam—it would stand on the rails an
inert mass of steel and iron. In
the steam that makes the wheels re-
volve and causes it to rush through
the length of space.

Have you a weak throat? If so, you can
not be too careful. You cannot begin treat-
ment too early. Each cold makes you more
liable to another and last is always the hard
one to cure. If you will take Chamberlain's
Cough Remedy at the onset you will be saved
much trouble. Sold by all dealers.

By Jewel
"I must make more friends, don't
you know?" said the Englishman.
"You see what I mean? Well? I have
a pretty poor bunch of friends, upon
my word I have. Among the lot of
them, when all is said and done, there
isn't one that I can borrow more than
\$25 from. There isn't. Upon my
word!"

Rheumatism Cured in a Day
DR. DETCHON'S RELIEF FOR RHEU-
MATISM and Neuralgia radically cures
in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the
system is remarkable and effective.
It removes the cause and the disease
disappears. The first dose greatly
benefits. 75 cents and \$1.00. Sold
by Sam B. Hall, Druggist

Unequal Division.
It is computed that all the land
in England is owned by less than
8,000 people.

Illinois Central

North Bound
No. 339 Peoria Accommodating
No. 338 Peoria Passenger
No. 337 Peoria Freight
No. 336 Local Freight
South Bound
No. 301 Evansville Mail
No. 302 New Orleans Passenger
No. 303 New Orleans Passenger
No. 304 Local Freight
Elegant new Pullman, sleeping, dining
and cafe cars between Peoria and Evansville
Direct connection at St. Paul for St.
Louis, Springfield and all points west and
north. At Mattoon for Cairo, Memphis, New
Orleans and all points south. At Decatur
for all points north.
The popular route to St. Paul, Minneapolis
Council Bluffs, Omaha, Kansas City and all
points west and north west.
Close connections made in union depots
with intersecting lines. Tourists' tickets
now on sale at low rates to Florida and
Texas points. For folders, rates or other in-
formation apply to
W. B. BARTON, Agent.
A. Hanson, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

WABASH

North Bound
No. 30—Mail to Danville
No. 70—Local Freight, arrives
No. 70—Local Freight, leaves
South Bound
No. 31—Mail from Danville
No. 71—Local Freight, arrives
No. 71—Local Freight, leaves
All trains daily except Sunday.
Connections at Bement with trains north
and west and at terminals with direct
lines.
J. D. McNAMARA, G. P. & T.
St. Louis, Mo.
W. D. POWELL, Agent, Sullivan, Ill.

Lewis Single Binder, the famous 5 cent
cigar. Annual sale 9,000,000.

SEEDS

SUCKER'S SEEDS SUCCEED!
SPECIAL OFFER!
Made to Build New Business. A trial will
make you our partner. If you will
send us your name, address, and
price collection in full, we will
send you a complete set of
guaranteed to please.
SEND TO:
W. W. DUBBS,
W. W. DUBBS,
W. W. DUBBS

FATHER 80-MOTHER 76
The aged father and mother
of a prominent Boston lawyer
safely carried through the last
two winters by
Vitol
The son says: "My father
and mother owe their present
strength and good health to
Vitol. During the last two
trying winters neither of them had a cold, and were
able to walk farther and do more than for years.
I think Vitol is perfectly wonderful. It certainly is
the greatest blood-making, strengthening tonic for old
people I ever heard of."
We want every feeble old person in this town to try
Vitol. We will return their money without question if it
does not accomplish all we claim for it.
SAM B. HALL, Druggist, Sullivan.

ANNIE STONE STEER.

Local News Items

A 10 percent reduction on stoves and ranges until Feb. 1, 1910—Rickard Bros.

Farm leases for sale at this office. W. S. Young, one of Whitley's staunch democrats, spent Saturday in Sullivan.

Mrs. Willis Harris, living near Lovington, entertained Ray Misenheimer and wife, living near Allenville, a part of last week.

Mrs. Fred Cook and daughter, Mrs. Chas. Potter, residing near Lovington, were shopping in Sullivan Saturday.

Mrs. Jas. Edwards and little son of Bruce spent Saturday in Sullivan with her mother, Mrs. J. D. Campbell, and family.

Miss Clara Idall of Lovington visited Miss Anna Daugherty Saturday.

A specialist came from Springfield last Saturday afternoon to make a professional call on J. R. Pogue, who has been very sick for several weeks.

A. E. Eden is tending office for J. E. Jennings, when he is absent.

John Gaddis resigned his school at Business Knoll last week to accept a more lucrative position with the Decatur Herald.

Joseph Clark and wife are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Mark Montray. They have been in North Dakota the greater part of the winter.

Misses Cora Haydon, Inis Bristow, Eva Heacock, Myrtle Bean and Mrs. C. E. McPherson visited Mrs. Alva Armstrong in Bethany Sunday afternoon and report a delightful time.

Miss Ethel Young of Whitley township has been hired to finish the winter term of school at Business Knoll, occasioned by the resignation of John Gaddis. This is the third teacher for that district this winter. Carl Hill began the term, but resigned to accept an offer at the First National bank and John Gaddis took his place. Miss Young is likely to close the school.

Jesse Armantrout went to Gays last Friday to visit his sons Grant and Nelson, then went to Mattoon Saturday to visit his son J. C. Armantrout, returning home Saturday evening via Tuscola. While in Mattoon he slipped on the ice and fell, sustaining painful, but not serious injuries.

Shirley A. Armantrout, living near Gays, visited his father, Jesse Armantrout, in Sullivan Tuesday.

Gussie Dolan went to St. Louis on Monday where he has a position in an automobile factory.

Mrs. A. L. McCune went to Sadorus Wednesday to attend the wedding of a friend.

O. F. Cochran and family will move to Decatur next week.

Charles Lansden is a candidate for tax collector in Marrowbone township. Mr. Lansden moved from Sullivan to Bethany about three years ago.

Columbus Misenheimer returned Friday from the south part of the state, where he had been to visit an uncle, Jake Karricker, aged eighty-eight years.

Dr. Williamson accompanied Mrs. Robert Collins, living east of town, to Springfield, Monday, where she entered a hospital for a surgical operation. She recovered from the shock nicely.

Mrs. James Davidson, living east of town, has been in Mattoon this week at the bedside of her father who is very sick.

Mrs. Albert Henderson, living near Bruce, has been seriously ill with pneumonia fever, but is much better at present.

Mrs. Henry Christy of Allenville was shopping in Sullivan Wednesday.

Miss Emma Evans of Bruce was a business visitor in Sullivan Wednesday.

Ray Warren spent Tuesday in Lovington.

Mord Webb has moved from the vicinity of Bethany to the Allen Miller farm east of town.

The prevailing question about the court house is "What makes my tax so much higher than last year?" "Why is the increase greater than when we were building the court house?" No one seems to think that they have gained any wealth.

Ed Dunkin and wife are busy collecting taxes this week.

Subscriptions taken at this office for the Chicago Daily Journal at \$1.50 per year.

Five new members were initiated in the Order of the Eastern Star last Tuesday evening; viz: Mamie Nicholson, Alta Purvis, Paul Hankley and Mr. and Mrs. Haley, living in the country.

Clara Monroe, living near Bethany, visited her sister, Mrs. Joseph Michale, this week.

Rev. A. L. Casely attended the funeral of Dr. T. J. Wheat at Rantoul Tuesday.

Oscar Bundy and family and Mr. and Mrs. C. Robinson, living south of Allenville, were in Sullivan last Wednesday.

Miss Grace Buxton has been sick of malarial fever, but is now getting much better.

Cicero Lane of Danville transacted business in Sullivan Monday.

Miss Nellie Fleming, daughter of J. E. Fleming, returned Monday from an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. O. L. Cooter, near Motte, N. D.

Jerry Hidden will return to Sullivan in a few days and take up the work for the American and Pacific express companies.

E. E. Earp, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Madge, returned to the springs at West Baden Monday.

Mrs. Will H. Monroe and Mrs. Thos. McGuire returned to their homes in Louisiana Sunday night. They were called here sometime ago by the sickness and death of their sister, Mrs. Mary Harsh.

Edward Morrell and wife returned to their home in Litchfield Monday after a visit with the latter's mother, Mrs. Dr. Porter.

Miss Anna Daugherty attended the mid year executive meeting of the W. C. T. U. at Bloomington this week.

W. A. Steele was a business visitor in Mt. Vernon Tuesday.

Miss Mattie Newbould is recovering from her recent illness.

S. P. Strickland visited his daughter, Mrs. Wilbur La Neve at Tuscola a part of this week.

Mrs. Marion Waggoner and daughter, Mrs. Effie Wright, visited the former's sister, Mrs. David Hyler, at Bethany Tuesday.

The W. C. T. U. met at the home of Mrs. Mary Edmiston last Thursday afternoon.

Warren D. Powers, agent of the Wabash, has been sick this week.

Thurman Casteel and wife of Monticello visited over Sunday with the latter's parents, Doug McDonald and wife.

Carter Rose and wife of Decatur visited the latter's grandparents, A. Seright and wife, over Sunday. Mr. Rose returned to Decatur Monday, but Mrs. Rose remained for a more extended visit.

Charles Cofer is at Duquoin this week, making his first trip for the Standard Oil Co., from that location. He expects to move his family there in the near future.

Elmer Richardson spent a couple of days this week at Cadwell with his sister, Mrs. Nathan Powell.

Miss Levina C. Culley and Roy Kinsel, both of Sullivan township, were married by Esquire Entelline at his residence Sunday evening at six o'clock.

Mrs. J. H. Smith on West Jefferson street entertained the Friends in Council Monday afternoon.

Russell Moore has resigned his position of delivering for G. S. Thompson's grocery, and accepted that of driver for the U. S. Express Co.

SALESMAN WANTED to look after our interest in Moultrie and adjacent counties. Salary or Commission. Address, Lincoln Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Dr. E. E. Bushart, J. M. Bushart, Daniel Frantz and M. K. Birch attended the roll call of the I. O. O. F. lodge at Bethany Monday evening.

The supervisors met in the court house Thursday afternoon for the purpose of devising some means to supply water for the court house and they decided to install a water plant on the county's lot east of the jail.

Cora Haydon began working in the central office of the local Mutual Telephone Co., Thursday morning.

The high school at Findlay gave the Merchant of Venice at the Dazey opera house last Saturday evening. They were drilled by Willis Cochran. The proceeds were for the benefit of the M. E. church.

Glen Coventry and Mary James of Findlay were married at the home of the bride's father, R. L. James, Saturday evening by Rev. C. S. Cullom. The bride is well known in Sullivan as she has often visited here.

Rider A. J. Nance preaches at the Church of Christ at Findlay the first and third Sundays of each month.

Mrs. Kate Powell is assisting at the Economy on busy days.

A number of the friends of Pearl Ray and wife met at their home last Tuesday evening to help them celebrate the eleventh anniversary of their wedding. All of Mrs. Ray's sisters, except Mrs. Martus Potter, were present. The evening was enjoyably spent in social converse. Refreshments were served during the evening.

I will sell or lease store and contents 20 x 70, M. W. A. hall overhead, best building and location in village, including postoffice. Cash sale for the year 1909, \$7393.19, or \$22.20 per day. Just closed the inventory for current year, merchandise on hand, \$2475.10. L. C. Weaver, Kirksville, Ill., P. M. and owner.

Jesse Buxton will take a vacation from the Sullivan Dry Goods Co.'s store the first part of February. She has planned to spend the time with her brother Frank in Oklahoma.

Myrtle Buxton has been assisting Mrs. J. R. Pogue during the illness of Mr. Pogue.

Jesse Lilly, living near Coles was a business visitor in Sullivan Thursday.

Mrs. E. T. Ray, accompanied by her husband and sister, Mrs. Dennis Landers, and Dr. Williamson went to a hospital in Springfield Friday, where Mrs. Ray will undergo a surgical operation.

J. W. Smith, who cobbles shoes here a year or so, is now located at Findlay.

During the months of January and February 1910, the Wabash will run a tourist sleeping car from St. Louis to Los Angeles, California, and points enroute via Kansas City and A. T. & S. F. R. R. on the following dates: January 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27 and 31; February 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24 and 28. These cars will give you the best possible route to California points via southern route without change. W. D. Powers, Agt.

Union Drainage District No. 1

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF Moultrie, Town of Jonathan Creek, ss.

Union Drainage District No. 1, of the Towns of Jonathan Creek and Lowe, in the County of Moultrie and State of Illinois;

Notices is hereby given that the undersigned Drainage Commissioners of Union Drainage District No. 1, of the towns of Jonathan Creek and Lowe in the county of Moultrie and State of Illinois will upon the 12th day of February, 1910, at the Merritt school house in Jonathan Creek Township in said Drainage District at 10 o'clock a. m., receive sealed bids and let the contract to do the work in and about widening, deepening and cleaning out a portion of the open ditch in said Drainage District, said work to be done by means of a dredge boat, or any other means; and in accordance with the plans, specifications and profile therefor now remaining on file in the office of the clerk of said Drainage District in the Town of Jonathan Creek, County of Moultrie, State of Illinois and said plans, profile and specifications for said work may now be inspected at Hardware Bank, Lovington, Illinois, or Town clerk's office of Jonathan Creek Township, Moultrie County, Illinois.

Notice is further given that there are 18,600 cubic yards of dirt to be removed in order to complete the work as provided by said plans, profile and specifications. All bids to be accompanied by a certified check upon some reliable state or national bank for ten per cent of the amount of said bid.

The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. The work herein provided for to be completed on or before the 1st day of June A. D. 1910.

Witness our hands this 17th day of January A. D. 1910.

R. S. KENNEY, W. T. HARMON, HENRY RAY, Commissioners of Union Drainage District No. 1, of the Towns of Jonathan Creek and Lowe. 4-3

Gentle Saracen. A good old west country preacher, who had decided to leave an unremunerative charge, finding it impossible to collect his salary, said in his farewell sermon: "I have little more to add, dear brethren, save this: You were all in favor of free salvation, and the manner in which you have treated me proves that you have got it!"

TOWARD THE NORTH POLE

It took a man named Dobbs, back in the seventeenth century, to dream of a project that twentieth century, Canadians have started to fulfill. Dobbs was in England and, quite naturally for a man of his day, was not thinking of railroad intervention to carry out his dreams, which contemplated the opening up of the vast territory around Hudson Bay.

And all the way from Dobbs to A. P. Low, who is the present director of the geological survey in Canada, with men in between, there has been someone to keep alive the demand for the utilization of the Hudson Bay route to Europe, which will shorten the present distance of 4,300 miles between Winnipeg and Liverpool via Montreal, to 3,566 via Hudson Bay.

For the last two decades the insistent premier of Canada, Sir Wilfred Laurier, has been an advocate of a Hudson Bay Railroad and at the general election held in Canada early in the present year he committed himself definitely to the construction of this line for which final surveys have been made over the greater portion of the proposed route. The road will penetrate a land that is now innocent of train smoke, a nice raw country for tourists, for in all the district of Keewatin soon to become a portion of Manitoba, that, starting at the northern end of this province and New Ontario, runs clear up to the Arctic Circle, there will be found few imprints of man.

The Laurier government's railroad will be stretched to Fort Churchill, on Hudson Bay, from a point on the Saskatchewan River not quite 500 miles to the southward, and running northeast along the Nelson and the Churchill rivers, and the Eskimos who have been known to travel 300 miles to see a steam propelled boat without ever understanding what makes it move will come in contact with new humanizing influences, which few in our day have expected to see carried to so remote and ice-bound an outpost of civilization.

Grain from the Prairie provinces will be shipped over this road in winter, stored in the elevators until the opening of navigation in June, carried across Hudson Bay, six hundred miles, through Hudson straits, five hundred miles, the Atlantic and so to Liverpool, making a saving of distance over the present routes of 1,000 miles and, calculating financially, about \$6.40 per acre on land growing twenty bushels to the acre.

From Winnipeg to Montreal is 1400 miles; Montreal to Liverpool 2,900 miles; New York to Liverpool 5,040 miles; Fort Churchill to Liverpool 4,926 miles; Fort Churchill to Winnipeg 640 miles; total distance from Winnipeg to Liverpool via Hudson Bay 3,566 miles; via Montreal 4,390 miles.—Technical World Magazine.

Legacy to Mm. Alva. Two years ago Mm. Alva, a stinger famous in Australia, volunteered to sing one evening at Bendigo before some nuns who were about to go into retreat. She is now informed that a wealthy Australian, in recognition of her kindness, "as well as her magnificent endowment as a vocalist," has left her \$175,000, which is at the rate of \$25,000 for each of the seven songs she rendered. Mm. Alva is a Protestant.

NOTICE. I have dry cooking wood and heating wood for sale; also coals. All will be delivered in the city free of charge. Phone No. 44. 52-4 EMBEL FEED STORE.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured in 3 Days. Morton L. Hill of Lebanon, Ind., says: "My wife had inflammatory rheumatism in every muscle and joint; her sufferings were terrible and her body and face were swollen almost beyond recognition; had been in bed for six weeks and had eight physicians, but received no benefit until she tried Dr. Detchou's Relief for Rheumatism. It gave immediate relief and she was able to walk about in three days. I am sure it saved her life." Sold by Sam B. Hall, Druggist.

Evidence Insufficient. The examining committee of the University of Copenhagen have handed down a decision and the final verdict is that he has not submitted a sufficient proof that he ever reached the pole.

Nothing definite is known of Cook's whereabouts. The report is out that he is in hiding near Heidelberg in a sanitarium.

Good Price for Manuscript. The late Russian savant, Dr. Kulish, made a translation into Little Russian of the Bible, which the censor would not allow to be printed. His widow has now sold the manuscript to the British Bible Society for 5,000 roubles.

OUR BARGAIN COLUMN

CHEAP HOMES IN ARKANSAS

Don't pay rent, but write us today about our good cheap lands on easy payments.

M. F. MUSE & CO. JONESBORO, ARK.

Farm for Sale. Twenty acre farm, 1/4 mile south and 1 1/2 miles west of Allenville. All necessary buildings, in good condition; two good wells and a cistern. Thirty young apple trees just beginning to bear; peaches, plums and a fine variety of all common small fruit. A bargain if taken at once.

JOHN CRAYCRAFT, R. I., Sullivan, Ill. 45-3

Farm for Sale. We can sell you a good farm for \$15 to \$50 per acre, near town, healthy location. Write us for descriptive list.—TERRY & GRAVES, Decatur, Ill. On C. & E. I. Railroad, 50th

Farm Wanted. I want to buy a farm cheap and pay down a reasonable amount. Write me giving a full description if you want to sell quick.—W. G. Wright, Decatur, Ill.

Will Trade For Farm. I have a good business building here in Decatur that will rent for \$90 per month which I will trade for a farm. Write me if you will trade.—J. C. Hight, Decatur, Ill.

45-Room Brick Hotel to Trade. This hotel is located in a good county seat town in Central Illinois, half block from court house square. The best located hotel in the city and running full. Would prefer farm land. Address E. J. Smick, 134 E. Prairie, Decatur, Ill.

Fruit Farm And Chicken Ranch for Sale. I will sell my fruit farm and chicken ranch, consisting of eighty acres, seven miles southwest of Sullivan and two miles from Kirksville. A good four-room dwelling, barn 72 x 52 feet, two chicken houses, one 100 x 12 and the other 30 x 12, two deer pens, windmill, tank etc. About 40 acres in apple, peach, pear, cherry, plum and other fruits, all in fine varieties and about twenty years old, seven or eight acres in vineyard, on grape soil. Good fish pond covering about an acre with fifteen feet water, well stocked. No waste land, all fenced and cross fenced.

Reason for selling is, can not give my personal attention. Price \$20,000, half cash and balance on time. Or will take \$2000 and reserve apple, peach and pear crop for year 1910. This is the cheapest farm in Moultrie county. On sale only limited time. R. M. PRADRO, 37

For Sale or Trade. A one acre tract in the city of Sullivan. A good house, a barn and other outbuildings standing on these lots.

FOR SALE—A 20 acre fruit farm in Windsor township. Write H. P. Corne, Windsor, Ill., R. R. 4, box 70. GEO. W. DAVIDSON, DECATUR, ILL.

FARM FOR SALE—1320 acres in Ellis county, Oklahoma; 310 acres in good farm land; 200 in cultivation; 175 acres in growing wheat; 15 acres in alfalfa; 160 acres fenced and cross-fenced; 5 room, frame house; barn 24 x 26, besides a summer kitchen, granary and other buildings; 7 miles south of Fargo, a railroad town, rural free delivery, telephone, \$10,000 cash, \$1500 incumbrance, \$500 due in 2 years at 7 per cent and \$1000 due in 7 years at 6 per cent. For further particulars call on or address—F. P. NEXLE, Gage, Okla.

A list of Sullivan property for sale. For particulars see Mrs. Emma Sealock and get full descriptions. If you desire to rent or purchase property she will be pleased to show you the property.

Three lots for sale on paved street. Will sell for cash or will take good bankable notes bearing 7 per cent interest.

Two two-story residences, each six rooms; houses comparatively new. One barn.

New four room house, with summer kitchen.

A five-room, two-story dwelling.

Six-room house, outbuildings, nice lot of fruit trees and one acre of ground.

A good Moline wagon, in good shape, one set of work harness. Will sell cheap if taken at once.

Will trade three good residences in Sullivan for a good forty acre tract of land.

120 acre farm, good soil, all level, near two good towns. Five room house with pantry and cistern, smoke house, hen house, three good wells of water, wind pump, two large barns double corn crib, oats granary, Standard scales, tool house. All fenced and in good condition. Will give possession on or before the first of March 1910. There is a bargain in this if taken at once.

FARM FOR SALE—A 55 acre farm in good location, good three-room house, out-buildings, fine orchard, new barn. Will sell on good terms. Price \$25 per acre. Emma A. Se-lock.

For Sale—A desirable home. Four lots, with a good six room house, good barn, buggy shed and necessary out-buildings. Nice assortment of fruit, apples, peaches, small fruit. Good well. North of west of square. A splendid bargain. For further particulars call at the Florida office.

Residence for Sale. FOR SALE—A good story and one-half residence on Monroe street, just north of Judge W. G. Cochran's home. Seven rooms in splendid condition; good barn, smoke house, and all necessary out-buildings. Plenty of nice fruit, vineyard, well and city water. Two lots, size of ground 100 feet square; concrete walk all around. A bargain if taken at once. Call at HERALD OFFICE. 32-41

Look Here!

I am Paying the Highest Market Price for all kinds of Junk.

Iron, Bones, Rags, Rubber, Copper, Brass, Zinc, Pewter, Tin-foil, Lead, Tea Lead, Block Tin, Babbitt, Tallow, Crackles, Sheep Pelts, Hog Hides, Cow Hides and Horse Hides.

If you have got a good second-hand stove to sell call up

F. L. ALGOOD PHONE 276.

a blocks north and 2 blocks west of north side school.

F. M. PEARCE Notary Public OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE

Odd Fellows' Building, SULLIVAN, ILL.

H. W. MARX MILLER DENTIST

New Odd Fellows Building Examination Free Office phone 196, Res. 196 1-2

O. F. Foster DENTIST

Office hours 8:00 to 12:00 1:00 to 5:00—Phone 54. Over Todd's Store south side of square

Sullivan - Illinois Residence Phone 119

Amputated His Own Toes. A German tourist has been found by a gendarme lying unconscious in a stable at St. Sulpice, in the Canton of Neuchatel, Switzerland. The man had log himself in the snow, and his feet became frost bitten. He crawled to the stable, and in his agony took out his pocket knife, and amputated two of his toes. Then he fainted, and is now in hospital.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST SEWING MACHINE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME



If you would like to know the difference between the New Home Sewing Machine and the Sewing Machine you are now using, call on the nearest New Home Sewing Machine Company.

Three lots for sale on paved street. Will sell for cash or will take good bankable notes bearing 7 per cent interest.

Two two-story residences, each six rooms; houses comparatively new. One barn.

New four room house, with summer kitchen.

A five-room, two-story dwelling.

Six-room house, outbuildings, nice lot of fruit trees and one acre of ground.

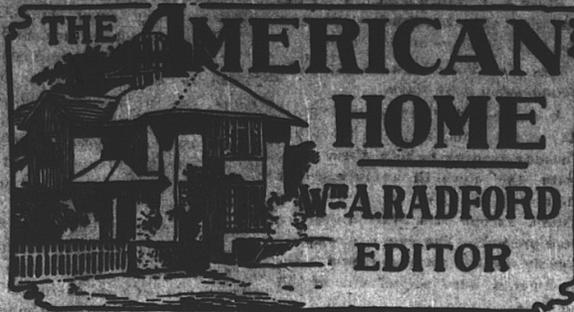
A good Moline wagon, in good shape, one set of work harness. Will sell cheap if taken at once.

Will trade three good residences in Sullivan for a good forty acre tract of land.

120 acre farm, good soil, all level, near two good towns. Five room house with pantry and cistern, smoke house, hen house, three good wells of water, wind pump, two large barns double corn crib, oats granary, Standard scales, tool house. All fenced and in good condition. Will give possession on or before the first of March 1910. There is a bargain in this if taken at once.



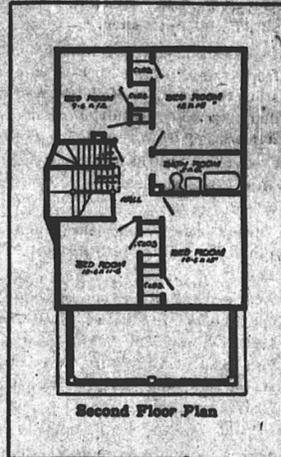
Let in your feet now.
Buy the horse a blanket.
Separate the chickens from the ducks and geese.
The best cow is often the one that has the best master.
Be sure that the sheep are warmly housed after shearing.
At farrowing time sows need nutritious, but not fattening foods.
When a hen is not kept well she can't be expected to do well.
Where hogs are confined in a small pen, it should be kept clean.
Squabs are sold by the dozen, quality influencing the price more than size.
The lice are easiest destroyed before they have gotten too much of a start.
Buttermilk is a good egg producer and an excellent liver regulator for poultry.
Another thing the season makes necessary is a good pair of horse blankets.
Young pigs get tangled up in the long straw, get away from the sow and become chilled.
One dairyman says he finds that 55 degrees is the best temperature to keep the cow stable.
The duck doesn't sing such a sweet song, but it has an important part in the farmyard orchestra.
A two-year-old tree, if thrifty, is best for starting an orchard. Don't pay big money for large trees.
If you have fruit trees heeled in for spring planting be sure that they are where the rabbits will not get at them.
Alfalfa is the coming green feed for hogs. One acre will be plenty for 20 hogs. This makes a good pork and at low cost.
Statistics show that 80 per cent. of the corn raised in the United States is shipped out of the counties in which it is grown.
There is no kind of animal breeding that will pay better than the breeding of horses; but horses that will sell— not dung hills or misfits.
There is at this time a higher standard of excellence shown in the cattle stock of the country than at any former period of our cattle history.
The one spot that must be looked after well is the watering place, and under no circumstances should the trough be placed where two fences join at right angles.
A good supply of traps and a shotgun as accessories to a bone cutter will keep poultry supplied with fresh meat throughout the winter to the advantage of the egg basket.
Some satisfactory results have been obtained from the use of ram lambs on old ewes—the ewes being so strong that the weakness of the lamb sire was not so evident in the offspring.
If proper care be taken the mare can safely be used in the ordinary work of the farm up to the very hour of foaling; but as this time approaches it is important that the weight be not heavy nor the pace rapid.
Don't fall to keep a supply of shells and gravel before your fowls. If they are confined give them straw or refuse hay to scratch in. When grass is not to be had they will gladly eat large quantities of almost any dry litter.
The market must finally govern the profitability of cattle feeding. Over this the farmer has no control. So to a certain extent cattle feeding is a kind of game of chance. The farmer must use his wisdom gained by experience and go ahead.
When calves crave wood or other unnatural substances, it is an indication of an excessive acid condition of the digestive organs. They need an anti-acid, the same as when cows eat bones to neutralize an acid condition. Give them a teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda in milk twice daily.
If you haven't already got a bone cutter, get one by all means. We know of no other machine that will so quickly and surely pay for itself as a good bone cutter. It is not a luxury, but an actual necessity. The increased profits from the flock will soon pay for it.
The lamb may be greatly aided by a special system of feeding independent of its mother's care. This can be supplied by commencing when quite young, 10 days or two weeks old, and giving a little shorts and meal in a separate trough in a division just off the ewe stable, so the lamb may go in and out of this division at will.
The dairyman should keep a complete record of each cow in his herd, including both a feed record and a milk record. Then only is he in a position to find the standing of each cow and tell which cows are profitable and which are unprofitable. Then only can he know how much feed he can afford to give to each cow to make the highest profit.



Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 24 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

he had agreed on, but the house was far from being the one the owner expected.

Now, the experience of this man is typical of that of all home builders who try to get their work done by unknown contractors or at figures too low. A few hundred dollars may be



Second Floor Plan

saved at the time, but in the end it is an extremely expensive undertaking. The way to go about building a house is to enter upon the enterprise just as you would in buying a suit of clothes. If you go to a good tailor of reputa-

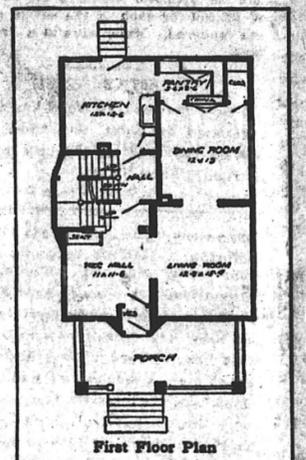
In the winter months, when the ground is covered with snow and the fire burns in the stove, is the season when the family dreams of the new house. Nor is there any more laudable ambition than to own a home. The curse of the modern life is the necessity that compels millions to live in rented apartments or houses. And every normal man who pays rent hopes sometime to own a home of his own. His children, he feels, have a right to live under a roof of their own, and it is his ambition to give them what is their right.
Once there was a man who decided to build himself a home. This man had a few notions about what he wanted in his house when it was finished, and how much he wanted to expend in the construction of it. He had gone into all the details and had figured out all about the interior trim and the kind of glass he wanted in the house. Every detail he had figured out and had made up his mind about everything before he consulted his architect.
Then in the natural order of events he went to see his architect and laid before him his ideas. Everything was clear and the architect proceeded to



draw up his plans after the directions given. Then the next step was the asking of bids from contractors. There were six bids, and all were within a hundred dollars of one another. The architect felt sure that the figures were right in each case, and advised his client to make his selection. But the client came to the conclusion that the work could be done for less money, and he asked for bids from other contractors. The result was the offer of one, an unknown

tion you are sure to get a good suit. If you go to a cheap John place you will get a suit that will not please you.

In building a home the same of desire is a house that will come within the reasonable limits of what has been planned, and the only plan to follow is to have a man do the work who has a reputation for following the plans of the architect and using honest materials. The house here shown is of the colonial type so popular the country over just now. It is the style of house that is peculiarly American and which answers the requirements of modern life.
There is a wide porch surmounted by a rail that makes the roof available for use on summer nights. Entrance to the house is had to a large reception hall. The width of this house, by the way, is 25 feet 6 inches, and the length is 36 feet 6 inches, exclusive of the porch. Off the main reception hall and entered through a wide doorway is the living room. This room is 12 feet 8 inches by 15 feet 4 inches in dimensions.
The vital point about a house is to provide it with a dining room that will answer all requirements as to size. This plan calls for a dining room 13 feet wide and 13 feet long, of sufficient size to meet ordinary demands as to space. The kitchen and pantry are conveniently arranged and a china closet is located back of the pantry.
On the second floor are four bedrooms and a bathroom, with plenty of closet room.



First Floor Plan

contractor, to do the work for a ridiculously low figure. The client wanted the contract let to this man, but the architect, who had experience, advised him to give the work to one of the first bidders, because they were men who had reputations for good work. The client was insistent, and the job was let to the man of his choice. The house was built; but what a difference from what had been planned! Inferior and cheap grades of materials were used in every possible form in every item of the construction. There was careless work everywhere, and things were changed in the details to such an extent that when the house was finished it was not satisfactory from any point of view. It was then that the owner woke up to the fact that he had made a mistake. All too late he realized the quality and appearance of his home to save a few dollars. The unknown contractor had built the house at the price

ILLINOIS HAPPENINGS

Vienna.—Mobs that formed at Eldorado and Harrisburg to lynch three negroes in jail here, charged with murdering Allen Clark, a rural carrier, were frustrated when they could not get a train to bring them to this city. Acting on instructions from Sheriff Mathis, the Big Four officials refused to permit freight trains to continue to this city from the danger points, and no trains were run until next morning. By that time four companies of militia ordered out by Gov. Deneen upon an appeal from the sheriff that a lynching was imminent, had arrived.

Atlanta.—Presumably under a spell of temporary mental relapse, Henry Hensen of Eveleth, Minn., left the Alton limited here while en route to Hot Springs, Ark., for medical treatment. Because of his peculiar actions he was landed in jail, where he made several attempts to end his life. He cut several deep gashes in his head and later pounded himself viciously with a small steel bar. When each had been taken from him he built a bonfire in his cell and attempted to burn himself to death, succeeding in burning the hair from his head.

Chicago.—A loss of \$3,000 was caused when a fire believed to have been due to crossed electric wires partially destroyed three stores at 2846-48-50 Evanston avenue. Those who suffered losses were: Mrs. V. E. Rolfe, massage and beauty parlors, \$1,000; Mrs. George M. Sullivan, milliner, \$1,000; G. A. Heinke & Co., furriers, \$1,000. The fire started in the millinery store and by the time the firemen had arrived had spread to the adjoining stores. The places damaged were all closed at the time the flames broke out.

Urbana.—William A. Nicolaus, on whose information numbers of arrests were made on charges of violating the local option and gaming laws, was placed under arrest on a charge of threatening to kill R. L. Rock and Frank L. Fralley. A petition may be asked to investigate his sanity. Nicolaus is said to have been crazed by working on these cases and directed a tirade against State's Attorney Gray and Chief of Police Hudson in the police station when they refused to issue warrants at his request.

Granite City.—The twenty-first annual convention of the Illinois State Firemen's association opened, when Mayor Charles Uzzel welcomed the delegates to the city. Chief Langdon of Sheboygan, Wis., read a paper on "The Safeguards for Children." Other papers were "How to Increase the Membership," by Capt. Lohmann of Aurora, and "Work of the National Association of Firemen," by Capt. Bert Fisher of Chicago. The banquet was more largely attended than any banquet of past years.

Kewanee.—Petitions were circulated here asking for the release of Austin D. Cassidy, sentenced to the penitentiary one year ago for repeatedly flogging with a buggy whip the bare body of Paul Vanderberg, an orphan boy he had taken to raise. The petitioners state that a year's developments have shown that the boy's conduct was provoking in the extreme. The Illinois State Board of Charities assisted in prosecuting the case, which attracted state-wide interest.

Springfield.—Gov. Deneen announced the appointment of Frank S. Dickson of Ramsey as adjutant general of Illinois. Col. Richings J. Shand of Rockford, commanding the Third Infantry, is appointed chief clerk. Dickson has been acting adjutant general of Illinois since the death of Gen. Thomas Scott of Fairfield. He is a former member of congress. Col. Shand has been in the adjutant general's office for several years and is prominent in the Illinois National Guard.

Paxton.—S. E. Sims of Pontiac, an expert accountant, recently examined the books of M. W. Peterson, ex-treasurer of Ford county, and found that he owed the county \$1,278.81. The report was made to the Ford county board of supervisors in special session, and the board passed a resolution that the sum be accepted in full payment of the amount due from Mr. Peterson. When it is paid the proceedings commenced against Mr. Peterson in the circuit court will be dismissed.

Bloomington.—Engineer Frank Mantle and Fireman James Wetzel, both of Bloomington, are scalded and bruised, the latter dangerously, as a result of their light engine being run down by a heavy freight train on the Chicago & Alton near Dwight. Both engines and ten cars were ditched, blocking the line for several hours.

Belleville.—Willis Clark, the negro who killed Motorman E. V. Goudy and shot and robbed Conductor M. T. O'Brien in a street car near East St. Louis, December 18, has pleaded guilty. The murder almost cost a lynching.

Sterling.—Carl Moontz, became the father of ten children when he married Mrs. Margaret Plumbhoff, aged 35, whose ten children, ranging from 18 months to 13 years, are now group round the Moontz fireside.

Chicago.—One man was killed and five others narrowly escaped being caught in the debris when a barn owned by S. C. Dooley at Ogden avenue and Leavitt street collapsed. The dead man has not been identified. He was employed as a hostler in the stable. The cause of the collapse is being investigated by the police.

Vandalia.—Charles G. Smith, editor of the Vandalia Democrat, died here, aged 81 years. He established the Democrat here in 1862 and continued its publication up to the time of his death. He had been in newspaper work for 65 years.

HER POINT OF VIEW.



Sweet Maid—You must remember that ours was a summer engagement.
The Man—That means, if you see anyone you like better, you'll break it?
Sweet Maid—Yes.
The Man—And if I see anyone I like better?
Sweet Maid—I'll sue you for breach of promise.

SOFT, WHITE HANDS

May be Obtained in One Night.

For preserving the hands as well as for preventing redness, roughness, and chapping, and imparting that velvety softness and whiteness much desired by women Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, is believed to be superior to all other skin soaps. For those who work in corrosive liquids, or at occupations which tend to injure the hands, it is invaluable.
Treatment.—Bathe and soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, and in severe cases spread the Cuticura Ointment on thin pieces of old linen or cotton. Wear during the night old, loose gloves, or a light bandage of old cotton or linen to protect the clothing from stains. For red, rough, and chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, and shapeless nails with painful finger ends, this treatment is most effective. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world, Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass.

Fight Against Plague Goes On.

Although the survey of the past year's anti-tuberculosis work shows that much has been done, the reports from all parts of the country indicate that this year the amount of money to be expended, and the actual number of patients that will be treated will be more than double that of the past year. For instance, special appropriations have been made in the various municipalities for next year's anti-tuberculosis work, aggregating \$3,976,500. In addition to these appropriations over \$4,000,000 has been set aside by the different state legislatures for the campaign against tuberculosis this year. Beside these sums, a large number of the present existing institutions and associations are planning enlargements of their work, and new organizations are being formed daily.

After the Hunt.

Provided with some trophies of the chase in the shape of rabbits, Rev. Sanford C. Hearn, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, Yonkers, proceeded to dress them for dinner in the parsonage cellar. His small son watched the father's work with interest. Going upstairs, the youngster called his mother.
"Oh, mamma," said he, "what do you suppose papa is doing?"
"I can't guess, child. What is he doing?"
"Well, he's just skinning, chiving and cutting up cats."

Gave Himself Away.

"Michael," familiarly inquired the employer, thinking he had seen his employee carrying one of the banners in the St. Patrick's parade of the day previous, in which procession the Irishman had laid off work to march, "didn't I see you carrying something in the parade yesterday?"
"Yes," admitted Michael, blushing scarlet, "but O! had no suspicion me bottle made me hip pocket st'lick out so much!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

WHEN DINNER COMES

One Ought to Have a Good Appetite.

A good appetite is the best sauce. It goes a long way toward helping in the digestive process, and that is absolutely essential to health and strength.
Many persons have found that Grape-Nuts food is not only nourishing but is a great appetizer. Even children like the taste of it and grow strong and rosy from its use.
It is especially the food to make a weak stomach strong and create an appetite for dinner.
"I am 57 years old," writes a Tenn. grandmother, "and have had a weak stomach from childhood. By great care as to my diet I enjoyed a reasonable degree of health, but never found anything to equal Grape-Nuts as a standby.
"When I have no appetite for breakfast and just eat to keep up my strength, I take a teaspoonful of Grape-Nuts with good rich milk and when dinner comes I am hungry. While if I go without any breakfast I never feel like eating dinner. Grape-Nuts for breakfast seems to make a healthy appetite for dinner.
"My 13-month-old grandson had been very sick with stomach trouble during the past summer, and finally we put him on Grape-Nuts. Now he is growing plump and well. When asked if he wants his nurse or Grape-Nuts, he brightens up and points to the cupboard. He was no trouble to wean at all—thanks to Grape-Nuts." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in pkg. "There's a Reason."
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



OPTICAL ILLUSION IN COLORS

Mysterious Feature of This Experiment Is That You See Hue That Does Not Exist.

Here is a most interesting illustration of what might be termed an optical illusion, says People's Home Journal. Look steadily for about ten seconds at the small white spot in the center of the illustration, then, without winking, suddenly gaze at some small point on a sheet of white paper, the ceiling, or a blank wall. After a few attempts, by gazing intently at the one spot for ten or 20 seconds, the blurred form which first appears will assume the well-known features of a celebrated general.

It would appear to prove that color is purely a freak of the imagination, and that the colors we think we see are really created by the retina of the eye. Look intently at a bright-colored spot, like the ace of diamonds or hearts, and then gaze at the blank wall or paper and you will see that the red has changed to a bright green.

Artists employ this method to find



Interesting Experiment.

what are the party color or complement to shade certain colors with, because the new color which appears on the space is the opposite to the color of the spot you have first looked at, as white is to black, green to red, etc. The mysterious feature of the experiment is that you now see a new color which exists only in your imagination.

MANY FOES OF THE OYSTER

To All Outward Appearances It Is Mild and Inoffensive, Yet It Has Several Enemies.

In appearance an oyster is one of the mildest and most inoffensive creatures living. No one ever heard of a bad-tempered oyster, or one that talked back when he was reproved. No oyster wanders about the world making trouble. He just lies quietly in his bed and opens his shell to drink in the sea water on which he lives. One would think he must lead a quiet and happy life, but in spite of his affable disposition he has many enemies.

One of these is a small crab, who, whenever it finds an oyster with his shell open, pops inside without an invitation, and not only lives there, but takes a bite of his host whenever he feels hungry.

Another enemy is the starfish, which you probably have seen if you have ever been at the seaside. The starfish is a curious creature. It is without arms or legs, yet it has five fingers, and 200 feet on each finger. At the end of each foot there is a sucker by means of which it can hold on tightly to anything it touches. When it finds an oyster it clasps him with its five fingers and pulls hard to open the shell. Then the oyster pulls hard to keep it closed. But the starfish is generally the stronger, and when once it has the shell open it makes a quick dinner of Mr. Oyster.

There is another shellfish called a whelk, which is very fond of oysters. This whelk is something like a large snail. Its teeth are curious; it has about half a dozen strong sharp ones arranged in a circle. They are something like the drills burglars use in breaking into safes. This burglar, however, does not want money, only something to eat, so it settles on an oyster and bores and bores with its sharp strong teeth, till it has made a hole in the shell through which it sucks the oyster as you may have sucked the juice from an orange.

But perhaps the oyster's worst enemy is man, who not only eats him but gathers enormous numbers of him for the sake of the pearls which are sometimes found inside the shell. After all, the life of the placid-looking oyster is not an easy one.

IN THE BEGINNING

Eye came from Siberia.
Peas are of Egyptian origin.
The citron came from Greece.
The onion hailed from Egypt.
The chestnut came from Italy.
Celery originated in Germany.
The sunflower came from Peru.
Tobacco is a native of Virginia.
Oats originated in North Africa.
Parsley was first known in Siberia.
Spinach was brought from Arabia.
Cucumbers came from the East Indies.
The mulberry trees originated in Persia.
Walnuts and peaches came from Persia.
The horse chestnut is a native of Tibet.

MAKING RESOLUTIONS.



WATCH IS A GREAT MACHINE

Performs Its Unceasing Labors Without Other Attention Than Winding Once a Day.

Open your watch and look at the little wheels, springs and screws, each an indispensable part of the whole wonderful machine. Notice the busy little balance-wheel as it flies to and fro unceasingly, day and night, year in and year out. This wonderful little machine is the result of hundreds of years of study and experiment.

The watch carried by the average man is composed of 98 pieces, and its manufacture embraces more than 2,000 separate operations. Some of the smallest screws are so minute that the unaided eyes cannot distinguish them from steel filings or specks of dirt. Under a powerful magnifying glass a perfect screw is revealed. The slit in the head is 2-100 of an inch wide. It takes 208,000 of the screws to weigh a pound, and a pound of them is worth \$1,585.

The hairspring is a strip of the finest steel, about 9/4 inches long, 1-100 inch wide, 27-10,000 inch thick. It is coiled up in spiral form and finely tempered. The process of tempering these springs was long held as a secret by the few fortunate ones possessing it, and even now it is not generally known. Their manufacture requires great skill and care. The strip is gauged to 20-100 of an inch, but no measuring instrument has as yet been devised capable of fine enough gauging to determine beforehand by the size of the strip what the strength of the finished spring will be. A 20-1,000 part of an inch difference in the thickness of the strip makes a difference in the running of a watch of about six minutes per hour.

The value of these springs when finished and placed in watches is enormous in proportion to the material from which they are made. A comparison will give a good idea. A ton of steel when made up into hairsprings when in watches is worth more than twelve and one-half times the value of the same weight in pure gold. Hairspring wire weighs 1-20 of a grain to the inch. One mile of wire weighs less than half a pound.

The balance of the watch gives five vibrations every second, 300 every minute, 18,000 every hour, 432,000 every day, and 157,680,000 every year. At each vibration it rotates about one and one-fourth times, which makes 197,100,000 revolutions every year. Take, for illustration, a locomotive with six-foot driving wheels. Let its wheels be run until they have given the same number of revolutions that a watch does in one year, and they will have covered a distance equal to 33 complete circuits of the earth.

All this a watch does without other attention than winding once every 24 hours.

MERRY-GO-ROUND ON THE ICE

Lots of Amusement May Be Derived from Contrivance That Is Easily Erected on Pond.

Lots of fun can be had on a pond by setting a strong post A through the ice and with a large bolt fasten a long pole B on top of A. To the long end tie a low, strong slip C, and if desired to keep it in proper line guy it to pole B with a rope D. If this is not done the centrifugal force makes



Merry-Go-Round.

slid extend straight out and go side wise. One person pushes the thing by short end of pole B. Another rides the sled. It can be sent at terrific speed so the onlookers should keep way off for if the one on sled gets dizzy and lets go he may knock the legs out from under a bystander and the fall be severe. Moderate speed is best.

A Pretty Penwiper.

A pretty penwiper that will form a very nice gift can be made in the shape of a small broom. An orange wood stick such as is used for manipulating will serve for the handle, while the broom part should be made of chamgo leather.

The two pieces used for the pen wiper should be plain, while the two outside ones should be slashed in tiny strips to resemble the straw of the broom. This must be fastened with narrow pink or blue ribbon to the handle, and the top of the stick be finished with a bow of ribbon to match, and a loop by which to hang it.

Tribute to Memory of Moody

By REV. A. C. BILSON, D. D., Pastor of the Chicago Ave. (Moody's) Church, Chicago.

"The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he hath appointed me to preach the Gospel to the poor; he hath sent me to heal the broken-hearted, to preach deliverance to the captives, and recovering of sight to the blind, to set at liberty them that are bruised, to preach the acceptable year of the Lord."—Luke 4, 18-19.

The year 1909 marks the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of what is known as the "Moody movement" in Chicago. Fifty years ago a young shoe clerk met some rough boys in an abandoned freight car and taught them the Bible. That was the "handful of corn upon the top of the mountain," the fruit of which has "shaken like Lebanon." It was the brief foreword to a great volume of blessing to the world, the fountain from which have flowed streams from the refreshing of millions.

"The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he hath anointed me to preach the Gospel to the poor." The anointing of the Spirit means the endowment of power. Kings were anointed when they were crowned, sceptered and throned. The endowment of the Holy Spirit makes every Christian king in his power for service. In Leviticus, 25, 10, Jehovah commanded the people on the jubilee year "to proclaim liberty throughout all the land to all the inhabitants thereof."

The chief business of the "Moody movement" these 50 years has been to proclaim the glad tidings of salvation to as many people as possible. This has been our specialty. If we feed the hungry, clothe the naked, help the helpless or educate the ignorant, it is with a view to inducing them to hear and accept the good news of salvation through Christ.

This of course, includes the poor in purse, also the poor in soul, who have lost their characters, a more valuable possession than silver and gold. Our motto in gilt letters over the door of this church: "Welcome to This House of God Are Strangers and the Poor," invites the tramp on the street with his body covered with rags, and the millionaire on the avenue, whose soul is in rags. The stranger in the city is welcome, and if he be a stranger to Christ our greatest desire is to introduce him as Saviour and Lord.

The secret of the success of this church from the beginning to the present day has been its creed, which begins with the words: "We believe;" and if there is one thing that has distinguished this church above any other, it has been the fact that it believes something. Its members have believed that believing is important—that the man without faith is without power.

The third article of the creed is that man is a great sinner; the fourth is that Jesus Christ is a great Saviour; the fifth is that God's plan of salvation is great in its simplicity; the sixth is that the institution known as the church is a great institution and the seventh is in the charge given to the new members that it is our privilege to subdue the flesh and live the victorious life, rendering unto God acceptable service in Christ.

"We believe in God the Father." This church has never fallen into the heresy that God is the Father of all men. Jesus said to the Pharisees: "Ye are of your father, the devil; and his lust ye do," and again we are told: "To as many as received him, to them gave he power to become the sons of God."

"We believe in God the Son." There never has, so far as I know, gone out from this movement, an assertion against the deity of Jesus Christ. Men, women and children here worship Christ as God. They fall at his feet with Thomas and say with love and humility: "My Lord and my God."

"We believe in God the Holy Spirit." Mr. Moody, walking in a street in New York, received by a definite act of faith the Holy Spirit for power, and he was so filled and thrilled that he could not express his feelings.

We believe in a divinely inspired Bible. There never has gone out, so far as I know, from this movement any uncertain sound as to the inspiration of the Bible. Some individual here and there may have spoken it, but it received no response from those that were responsible for the movement. A Bible that is divinely inspired, which is the word of God, "the sword of the spirit," and a Bible by learning which we equip ourselves for work and become mighty in the service of our Master. It was this faith that led Mr. Moody to establish the Moody Bible Institute.

It is not quite accurate to speak of the Moody Bible Institute as a child of the church. This church and the institute were both born in the brain and heart of D. L. Moody, and the institute is the younger sister of the church. A sort of twin sister, if you please; if you want to put it stronger, a Siamese twin sister. If you cut them apart, you kill both, in my humble judgment, or you would hurt them so badly that they could not prosper afterward.

BITTER DISAPPOINTMENT.



Kind Lady—it must be hard to find that you have inherited a taste for beefsteak.

Sandy Pikes—Yes, mum; especially when yer find dat yer haven't inherited do beefsteak.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, promoted it to a general catarrh of the prostate gland. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Catarrh Cure, manufactured by Dr. J. C. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 16 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists Everywhere. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Pa's Sleepy Day.

"Pa, what do you go to church for?" "Way—er—to listen to the sermon, of course."

"That's what I go for, but I can't hear it 'cause you breathe so heavy."

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive About the size of your shoes, many people wear shoes by using Allen's Foot-Powder, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Itched, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold every where. Recipe sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

In Demand.

"That's a very popular man." "Yes; he'll listen to the details of your summer trip without insisting on telling you about his own."

WANTED—Investors in Sinaloa Mines and Development Co. a stock. Over thirty rich mines, great quantities of silver, gold, copper, iron, etc., in the Sinaloa, Sonora, Mexico. For more information, send for prospectus. Address: H. Robbins, Box 78, Silverado, California.

Evidently So.

"What do you suppose is behind this refrigerator trust?" "A cold deal for somebody."

Did you ever have a good, old-fashioned boy's stomach ache? Of course you have. A little dose of Hamlin's Wizard Oil will chase away a colicky pain in the stomach like magic.

The old proverbs depend largely on the point of view. For instance, you can't convince a mouse that a black cat brings good luck.

Pettit's Eye Salve for Over 100 Years has been used for congested and inflamed eyes, removes film or scum over the eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

One way to acquire a reputation for amiability is to agree with every stipulation you meet.

DAVID PAINTKILLER has the only remedy in existence for Rheumatism, Lumbago, stiffness, neuralgia, or cold of any sort. Put up in 50c, 90c and \$2.00 bottles.

Money talks in spite of the fact that lots of men want to keep it quiet.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. FAGO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Files in 10 to 15 days or money refunded.

Hope is a magic lantern which often shows impossible pictures.

There are imitations, don't be fooled. There is no substitute. Tell the dealer you want Lewis' Single Binder cigar.

Enthusiasm is the politician's enemy apply to their scars.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, croup, croup, croup.

Men deserve respect only as they give it.

Answer This Question

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured numerous cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are two letters which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Fitchville, Ohio. "My daughter was all run down, suffered from pains in her side, head and limbs, and could walk but a short distance at a time. She came very near having nervous prostration, had begun to cough a good deal, and seemed melancholy by spells. She tried two doctors but got little help. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier and Liver Pills she has improved so much that she feels and looks like another girl."—Mrs. C. Cole, Fitchville, Ohio.

Irishburg, Vermont. "I feel it my duty to say a few words in praise of your medicine. When I began taking it I had been very sick with kidney and bladder troubles and nervous prostration. I am now taking the sixth bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and find myself greatly improved. My friends who call to see me have noticed a great change."—Mrs. A. E. Sanborn, Irishburg, Vermont.

We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the letters are published without their permission, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

What more proof can any one ask?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.



Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

Once a Rayo user always one

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

Book and Advice FREE. Headquarters, 230 Ashland Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

PATENT WHAT'S Your Health Worth?

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitcher* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

CASTORIA

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Facsimile Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitcher*

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUG ACT.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

You start sickness by mistreating nature and it generally shows first in the bowels and liver. A box (week's treatment) of **CASCARETS** will help nature help you. They will do more—using them regularly as you need them—than any medicine on earth. Get a box today; take a **CASCARET** tonight. Better in the morning. It's the result that makes millions take them.

CUT THIS OUT: mail it with your address to Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill., and receive a handsome, souvenir Gold Bon **FREE**.

ALL external venereal diseases successfully treated by the Saxonite method. No knife or caustic plasters. Saxonite is a natural mineral, harmless to healthy tissue. Indorsed by prominent physicians. Investigation solicited. Address: **CHICAGO SAXONITE HOSPITAL**, M. L. Noyles, Supt., 220 Ashland Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois.

DO YOU OWN A DOG?

Some people own dogs they don't keep. If you keep your dog you should bestow some thought on him. Send for Folk Miller's book on "Diseases of Dogs and Their Treatment." No dog-owner can afford to be without one. Sent **FREE** to all who send for it. No stamp. The only book of its kind. Price 50 cents. Write to: Folk Miller, 606 East Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Prevents and cures the hair from falling out. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Made in New York City.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Oriental Balm cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Venereal Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Stye, Fungus, All kinds of Tumors and Sore. 25c per Jar. Sold by Druggists.

A SURE INCOME

English and Northern money is being invested in Alabama as never before. Opportunities there are greater. Careful investors, after inspecting the Atlantic & Gulf Portland Cement Co. mills and property, are pleased purchasers. A sure income for you and your heirs. Write George Crane, Trust, Lancaster, Pa.

"BE WEALTHY" my book by this title and free. Don't miss this book. Write **W. H. CLEMENT, BROKER**, One Broadway, New York City.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color never fades brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One tin package colors all dyes. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any material without boiling water. Write for free booklet—New in One, Scotch and Six Colors. **MORRIS DYE CO.**, Quincy, Illinois.

Around the County

Levinston

Harry Gaylord of Arcola has purchased Chas. Taylor's meat market. Frank Gould has taken possession of the N. W. Boggs grocery and shoe store. Mr. Gould has moved into A. G. Coe's property, and Mr. Coe moves to the Lewis farm, vacated by Mr. Gould.

J. C. Lorenson is still very poorly at his home northeast of town.

Mrs. Childers of Allenville visited friends here last week.

Mrs. Bessie Foster, who has been sick with pneumonia, is better.

Mrs. Dora Mahoney and children went to Bethany Saturday to see her sister, Mrs. Butts, who is very sick.

Mrs. Jack White of Williamsburg

"My child was burned terribly about the face, neck and chest. I applied Dr. Thomas Electric Oil. The pain ceased and the child sank into a restful sleep."—Mrs. Nancy M. Hanson, Hamburg, N. Y.

is quite sick. Ora Smith came from New Orleans Saturday to get her grandmother and take her home with her.

The evangelistic W. C. T. U. prayer meetings are held in the Christian church Sunday afternoon at 2:30. On January 30th they will have a memorial service in honor of Miss Anna Pelley, one of our white ribboners. Everybody welcome.

Mrs. Wm. Cook and J. H. Spaulding went to Bethany Saturday to attend the Free Methodist meeting.

May Jenne of Cadwell visited Alice Porter last week.

Carl Thompson went to Shelbyville Monday to visit his mother.

Mrs. Penniwell went to Oakland last week to see her little grand-

children. You'll feel better after taking DeWitt's Little Early Riders, the safe, sure, pleasant, gentle little liver pills. If you would be sure of good results insist on DeWitt's Carbollized Hazel Salve, the original. It is good for bruises or little lumps, small scratches or burns or big ones, but it is especially good for oozes. Sold by all druggists.

daughter, who is very sick.

Mrs. W. H. Silvers died Sunday, January 9, at her home in Hammond from burns received Friday by the explosion of a coal oil can, which had been left on the kitchen range.

Mrs. Silvers was frightfully burned and her husband received injuries in trying to save his wife, that may cause the loss of his hands. Mrs. Silvers was well known in Lowe township as Miss Maude Feres, and her many friends are sorry to hear of her sad death. She leaves nine children, a husband, father, mother, two brothers and a sister.

East Whitley

Rev. Kline of Illinois, who is soliciting for the St. Louis Orphans' home, preached at the Snyder church last Sunday.

W. S. Young took his daughter Ethel to her school at Business Hill, in Jonathan Creek township, last Sunday. She has been employed to teach the remainder of the term, John Gaddis of Sullivan having resigned.

E. L. Lilly and S. A. Armantrout were business visitors in Sullivan Tuesday.

For His Sake

"My husband begged me to take Cardui," writes Mattie L. Bishop, of Waverly, Va., "and for his sake I agreed to try it. Before I had taken I bottle, I felt better. Before taking Cardui I suffered miserably every month and had to go to bed until it wore off, but now I am all right."

Take CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

You know Cardui will help you, because it has helped others who were in the same fix as you. It is not only a medicine for sick women, but a tonic for weak women. Being made from mild, gentle, vegetable ingredients, it is perfectly harmless and has no bad after-effects.

Cardui can be relied upon to help you. Try it today. At all druggists.

Rev. Steed will preach at Smysers Saturday night and Sunday.

Frank Nichols and wife are leaving for southern Kansas to make their future home.

Emmet Fleming sold a horse at

Can't look well, eat well or feel well with impure blood feeding your body. Keep the blood pure with Burdock Blood Bitters. Eat simply, take exercise, keep clean and you will have long life.

Mr. Nabb's sale.

May Prichard of Middlesworth returned to John Reed's last Saturday.

J. S. Hortenstine has bought the J. M. Moore farm, near Gays at \$200 per acre.

Mrs. Jay Waggoner, who has been poorly, is able to be up again.

Annet Susan Bullock has been ailing for several days.

Newt Niles and wife are staying with her father, Mr. Cox, of Ash Grove since her mother's death.

Tim Edwards has his injured foot in a plaster cast and is able to get around on crutches.

Edna Waggoner is helping Mrs. Clara Armantrout with her sewing.

Best for coughs and colds is Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. It moves the bowels freely, gets gently and thereby drives the cold from the system. It stops the cough. Children like it—pleasant to take. Sold by all druggists.

Allenville

Rev. Fields filled his regular appointment at the Christian church Sunday.

John Hawkins was a Sullivan visitor Saturday.

Fred French and wife spent Sunday with Verly Winchester and family.

Louis Conwell was a business visitor in Sullivan Saturday.

Miss Ora Harrison of Arthur is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

William Black returned home Saturday from a visit with relatives in Indiana.

Mrs. Mary Spangh and daughter Carrie, returned from St. Louis Wednesday.

Charles French of Hammond is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Henry Nabb's sale was well attended Tuesday. Everything sold at a good price.

Mrs. Florence Conwell visited with her sister, Mrs. Frank Martin, of near Cadwell the first part of the week.

Miss Maye Sutton was shopping in Sullivan Tuesday.

Miss Ora Harmison returned to her home in Cadwell Monday after a few days' visit with relatives in this city.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is not common, every day cough mixture. It is a meritorious remedy for all the troublesome and dangerous complications resulting from cold in the head, throat, chest or lungs. Sold by all dealers.

Graham Chapel

Theodore Layton is sick with la-grippe and nervous prostration. Dr. Boaz of Mattoon was called to see him last Friday.

Mrs. S. Burnette cut the end of her finger off in a sausage grinder.

Mrs. Samuel Clark spent Monday with her daughter, Mrs. Claude Layton.

Henry Christy spent Sunday in Decatur with his son, Guy Christy, and family.

Mrs. Tyre Gaither visited with her mother, Mrs. Mary Freese, in Allenville one day last week.

Mrs. Eb Goddard visited friends in Coles this week.

Gustin Bridge

Robert Hudson returned from Chicago Monday, having shipped his cattle there Tuesday of last week. His brother, Abe, Hudson, returned with him for a few days' visit.

Dutch Ringo, F. H. Grantham and Grover Hudson assisted Abe Hieler Tuesday with hogs to Sullivan, from which place he shipped them.

On account of the continued rain Thursday, Mrs. Cena Elzy's public sale was not well attend.

Ed Adams and Orr Hilliard were business visitors in Sullivan, Friday of last week.

Everyone is happy to know the ice is gone and the sun is shining.

LADY WANTED

To introduce our very complete Spring line of beautiful wool suitings, wash fabrics, fancy waistings, silk, etc., handkerchiefs, lace and petticoats. All up-to-date N. Y. City patterns. Finest line on the market. Dealing direct with the mills you will find our prices low. Profits \$10.00 to \$20.00 weekly. Samples and full instructions packed in a neat sample case, shipped express prepaid. No money required. Exclusive territory. Write for particulars. Be first to apply. STANDARD DRESS GOODS CO., Dept. F. I. Binghamton, N. Y.

Best in Philosophy

There is humor in all things, and that is the truest philosophy which teaches us how to find and enjoy it.—W. S. Gilbert.

Harmony.

J. N. Marble and J. E. Briscoe were Sullivan visitors last Saturday.

Rev. Dudley of Charleston will preach at New Liberty the coming year.

H. C. Strader and wife were shopping in Sullivan Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weakley visited at G. W. Butlers Sunday.

Mrs. Grace and Mrs. Tilden Selock were shopping in Sullivan Saturday.

J. E. Briscoe and family visited at S. A. Carter's Sunday.

Mrs. W. G. Butler is improving slowly.

Mrs. Ran Miller is some better at this writing.

Rev. A. J. Nance of Hammond will preach at New Liberty the fifth Sunday in January.

Mrs. I. N. Marble is recovering slowly from a sprained ankle.

J. E. Briscoe, B. F. Siler and W. G. Butler butchered two fine hogs for Uncle John Hoke Friday.

Mrs. I. N. Marble and family have visitors from Danville.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at Administrator's sale, at the late residence of S. P. Lilly 2 1/2 miles southwest of Allenville, 8 miles west of Coles and 3 miles east of Brace, on

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1910, commencing at 10 a. m., the following:

THREE HEAD OF HORSES
One 8-year-old bay horse, broke to all harness, gentle, weight 1100 pounds; one 2-year-old draft filly; nice black and white, high grade Shetland pony one year old.

SIX HEAD OF EWE SHEEP.
SIXTEEN ANGORA GOATS.
FIVE TONS TIMOTHY HAY IN STACK. Two tons clover stubble hay in stack. Three tons millet hay in stack. Five tons clover hay in stack. Six bushels of clover seed.

MISCELLANEOUS—Heating stove, two feather beds and other household goods; road cart, buggy, spring wagon, 2 cornshellers, set single harness, tank heater, low wheel wagon, farm tools, steelyards. About 800 feet native lumber and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—All sums of \$5.00 and under cash. On all sums over \$5.00 a credit of eight months will be given, purchaser giving note with approved security before property is removed. Interest from date if not paid at maturity.

Lunch on the ground.
E. A. SILVER, Auct.
FARLEY YOUNG, Clerk.

E. LAWSON LILLY, Administrator.

Closing Out Sale.

I will sell at public auction on the George F. Righter farm 2 miles north of Sullivan, 1 1/2 miles west of Chippa Station, 2 miles southeast of Cushman, on

Tuesday, February 15, 1910, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. the following described property:

12 Head Horses
1 bay mare, 3 years old, in foal, weight 1400; 1 bay horse, 9 years old, weight 1450; brown mare 12 years old, weight 1150; one black horse, 12 years old, weight 1350; 1 brown horse, coming 3 years old, weight 1050; 1 sorrel, coming 2 years old, weight 1000; 1 gray mare colt coming yearling; 1 weanling colt; 1 brown gelding 3 years old, weight 1400; 1 bay mare (Company horse) 13 years old, in foal, weight 1150.

One Jersey Cow, be fresh last of March

Farm Implements
1 Oliver plow, good one; 2 Sattley cultivator, 1 walking cultivator, 2 16-inch walking plow, 2 steel harrow, 1 double row stalk cutter, 1 corn crusher, 1 Whitman hay baler, 1 clover buncher, 2 wagons, 5 sets work harness, 1 set of light driving harness, 1 oats secer, 1 sulky rake.

Feed
5 tons of millet hay, 300 bales nice, bright oat straw.

Terms
All sums of \$5.00 and under cash. On all sums over \$5.00 a credit of 10 months will be given, purchaser giving note with approved security before property is removed. 6 per cent interest from date. 2 per cent off for cash.

Lunch on the ground.
E. A. SILVER, Auctioneer.
FRANK NEWBOLD, Clerk.
RUSS CONARD.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy never disappoints those who use it for obstinate coughs, colds and irritations of the throat and lungs. It stands unrivalled as a remedy for all throat and lung diseases. Sold by all dealers.

Do your duty, also no knowledge, beauty or love will ever lead you to the peace of God. He who says, "I may not be great; I may miss all power, but I will be true," stands at the altar from which the divine benediction is ever pronounced.—Pennsylvania Girl.

Brain Grows Lighter.
The brain of the male begins to lose weight at 40, while that of female starts ten years earlier.

CLOSING OUT SALE

J. B. Martin will sell at public auction at his farm, 5 miles southeast of Sullivan, 2 miles west of Allenville, 3/4 mile south of Old Nelson, on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1910, commencing at 10 a. m., the following described property:

ELEVEN HEAD OF HORSES

One bay mare, 18 years old, weight 1500, safe in foal; brown mare, 10 years old, safe in foal, weight 1400; bay mare, 12 years old, safe in foal, broke to all harness, a safe family horse; 4-year-old bay draft horse, weight 1800, well broke; 3-year-old bay filly, broken to halter, will make a fine driver, size Napoleon; yearling colt, iron gray, from Old Tom, weight about 600; 2 extra fine weaning colts, both dark iron gray; one mule colt; bay driving and all purpose team, broke to all harness, 8 and 4 years old, weight about 1100 each.

Fourteen head of cattle all ages: 2 extra good Jersey butter cows, 2 and 5 years old, giving milk, both with calf; 4 half-Jersey cows, extra good ones, all giving milk and will be fresh in the spring and summer; 7 heifers from selected milk stock, half Short-horn and half Jersey, with calf, all fresh this spring and summer, some in a short time. 3 weanling calves, three-quarters Jersey; extra good Short-horn cow, fresh in March, giving milk now.

SIX HEAD OF HORSES, weight 1150 each

FARMING IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

Two hay racks, one stock wagon, farm wagon, 2 sulky plows, 2 hives of bees and extra hives, incubator and brooder, 2 sets work harness, baled clover hay, 3 tons timothy hay in stack, baled timothy hay, 15 cord of good wood, cut stove length, some household goods and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—All sums of \$5 and under cash. On all sums over \$5 a credit of eleven months will be given, purchaser giving note with approved security before property is removed. 6 per cent interest from date. 2 per cent off for cash.

E. A. SILVER, Auct.
F. D. SONA, Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE

George McDaniels will sell at public auction on what is known as the William Simon's farm, 1 1/2 mile north of Bruce and 6 miles south of Sullivan, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1910, commencing at 10 a. m., the following described property:

9 HEAD OF HORSES
One brown mare, 12 years old, in foal, weight 1200; span black mares, coming 6 years old, in foal, weight 1050; one black gelding coming 4 years old, weight 1000; one stallion, coming 5 years old, weight 1450; black filly, coming 3 years old, weight 900; brown mare, 8 years old, weight 950; brown mare, nine years old, in foal, broke to all harness; one bay horse, 7 years old, broke to all harness.

7 HEAD OF CATTLE
Two cows giving milk, two cows will be fresh in February, two yearling steers, one fall calf.

25 HEAD OF HOGS
Twenty-five hogs, consisting of eight brood sows; seventeen shoats, weight 125.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS, ETC.
One gang plow, one spring wagon, one corn crusher, one farm wagon, one International hay press.

TERMS—All sums of \$5 and under cash. On all sums over \$5 a credit of ten months will be given, purchaser giving note with approved security before property is removed. 7 per cent interest from date. 3 per cent off for cash.

Lunch on the ground.
E. A. SILVER, Auct.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

Orman Newbold will sell at public sale, on the J. B. Titus farm, 2 miles north of Sullivan, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1910, commencing at 10 a. m., the following:

5 HEAD OF HORSES
One brown mare, 8 years old, weight 1400; brown horse, 4 years old, weight 1450; black mare, 11 years old, weight 1300; brown mare 9 years old, weight 1400; sorrel mare, 9 years old, weight 1100; bay yearling draft colt; 8 spring colts. These horses are all sound.

5 HEAD OF FINE CATTLE
Five head of calves, three milk cows and two yearling steers.

10 HEAD OF HOGS
One sow and 5 pigs, 4 fat hogs.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS
One McCormick binder, Imperial disc drill, 30 disc; 16-inch Moline gang plow, good as new; John Deere disc; Cracker Jack corn planter, 14-inch Deere walking plow, 3-section harrow, one Dutch Uncia riding cultivator, 12-inch gang plow, 5 sets work harness, set single harness, 8 farm wagons, buggy, sled, 12-barrel water tank, 5 or 6 tons of timothy hay, 2 or 3 tons of straw, and a number of other articles too numerous to mention.

All sums of \$5 and under cash in hand. All sums over \$5 a credit of eleven months will be given, purchaser to give note with approved security. Notes draw 6 per cent interest from date. 2 per cent discount for cash. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

Lunch on the ground.
E. A. SILVER, Auctioneer.
FRANK NEWBOLD, Clerk.

Bill Pettit outraged the thirteen year old daughter of an I. C. engineer at Villa Grove one day this week.

The girl is not expected to live. Bitter feeling and strong threats prevail.

Laundries Use Much Soap.
It is estimated that the laundries of London, England, use 750 tons of soap in a week.

Don't use harsh physics. The reaction weakens the bowels, leads to chronic constipation. Get Doan's Regulets. They open easily, tone the stomach, cure constipation.

ENAMEL WARE

and

General Clearance Sale On DRY GOODS Blankets, Under-Skirts, Muslins, Sheetings, Bed Spreads and Dishes. Next Week

WATCH For Big Bills and DATE

THE ECONOMY

C. A. DIXON, Prop.

SULLIVAN, ILL.

Tree Resembles Umbrella.
A curious tree grows in one of the numerous islands which are studded about the Pacific ocean. It grows, at its full height, to nearly 30 feet, with branches spreading like a huge umbrella, yet it is completely leafless, the species having never been known to show signs of a single bud. Its sap is useful as a medicine, but the fuel the wood is worse than useless, being as hard as iron and quite difficult to burn.

Theory and Practice.
"My dear, you can go to school with the children; some one is going to lecture on the curse of alcohol. I'll wait for you at the Blue Rock over a couple of mugs of beer."—Fieglende Blatter.

Keep Cheerful.
From a scientific standpoint a cheerful temper is better than medicine or gold. It tones the system. It gives one a sane outlook on life. But the grinch, physiologically and psychologically, is dangerous.

Daily Thought.
Every noble life leaves the fiber of it interwoven forever in the works of the world.—Ruskin.

SEEDS

For 10 CENTS we will send you our FAMOUS COLLECTION

Write today! Send 10 cents to help pay postage and packing and receive the above "Famous Collection," together with our new and instructive "Garden Guide," "GREAT NORTHERN SEED CO." 609 Grand St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Ballroom Dances in Limerick.
It has been left to Poons, India, to discover a ballroom society. This is the employment of limerick in certain dances. The most fascinating effect is gained by turning out all lights and switching on different colored limelights over the heads of the dancers. Thus a waltz danced in limelight moonlight is said to be a thing to dream of and the coffin with rainbow colored lights is ravishing.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 1st to 7th rate \$22.30 limit Feb. 1910, extension to March 7th.

Mobile, Ala., Pensacola, Fla., Feb. 1 to 7, rate \$21.00, limit Feb. 12, extension to March 7th. Ask for further particulars.

W. F. BARTON, Agent.

That Lame Back Means Kidney Disease

And to Relieve the Lame and Aching Back, You Must First Relieve the Kidneys

There is no question about that—lame and aching back is caused by a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder. It is only common sense, any way—that you must cure a condition by removing the cause of the condition. And lame and aching back are not by any means the only symptoms of derangement of the kidneys and bladder. There are a multitude of well-known and unmistakable indications of a more or less dangerous condition. Some of these are, for instance: Extreme and unnatural lassitude and weariness, nervous irritability, heart irregularity, "nerves on edge," sleeplessness and inability to secure rest, scalding sensation and sediment in the urine, inflammation of the bladder and passages, etc.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are an exceptionally meritorious remedy for any and all affections or diseased conditions of these organs. These Pills operate directly and promptly—and their beneficial results are at once felt. They regulate, purify, and effectually heal and restore the kidneys, bladder and liver, to perfect and healthy condition—even in some of the most advanced cases.



E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, Ill., want every man and woman who have the least suspicion that they are afflicted with kidney and bladder diseases to at once write them, and a trial box of these Pills will be sent free by return mail.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS