

SPRINGFIELD State Historical Society Springfield, Ill. 1 Mar

OBITUARIES.

DAVID G. LINDSAY.

David G. Lindsay died at his home on South Washington street Wednesday morning at 4:45 of heart disease and dropsy, finally being paralyzed a few hours before his death. He had been in poor health since last summer and had been confined to his home since December, but had only been confined to his bed a few days.

The funeral services were held Thursday afternoon under the auspices of the Masonic lodge, from the family residence on South Washington street.

David Gibson Lindsay was born in Glasgow, Scotland, July 8, 1834, and was baptized on August 3, 1834. It was a custom in Scotland at that time to baptize all infants shortly after birth. He, with his father, two sisters and one brother, came to this country on June 27, 1849, landing at New York City. Coming to Franklin county, Indiana he resided there for a number of years. His father and two sisters and brother returned to Scotland March 19 1855, but he remained in this country and moved to Moultrie county, Illinois, in March 1875.

He followed farming until August, 1862, when he enlisted as a private in Company C., 16th Illinois Volunteer Infantry. He was promoted to third sergeant and color bearer Nov. 29, 1862, and finally to orderly sergeant and was discharged Aug. 1, 1865 with his regiment.

Mr. Lindsay was married in 1866 to Calista Ann Fread, and to this union was born six children, four sons and two daughters. The youngest daughter died in her infancy, and the other five children with a widow survive him. All are married.

The children are Arthur John Lindsay of Shelbyville, George Leslie Lindsay of Lovington, Mrs. J. A. Dow of near this city and Alred Leonard and Charles D. of this city. He also leaves one sister, Mrs. Margaret Spears and one brother, John Lindsay, both of Scotland and twenty grand children.

Mr. Lindsay remained on his farm near Cushman until about twenty years ago, when he engaged in the implement business in this city with A. T. Jenkins as a partner and moved his family to this city on South Washington, where he lived until his death. He was in the implement business only a few years, afterwards holding a position in the Todd store as clerk and cashier.

He served as deputy county clerk under County Clerk Silas D. Stocks, and was city clerk of this city for eight years. He was a member of Tullivan Lodge No. 764 A. F. & A. Masons, Sullivan Chapter No. 128 Royal Arch Masons and of Gil W. Barnard Commandery No. 74 Knights Templar and was the next to the oldest member of these orders and was the oldest active member. He seldom missed a lodge meeting until his health failed him some eight or ten months ago. The last home coming of the Blue Lodge last fall, when the past master had charge of the work and he was placed in the worlshipful master's chair, an office he held back in the eighties.

WILLIAM NILES.

William Niles was born near Findlay, Illinois, and died in his home in Bruce April 1, 1912 of pneumonia. He was about seventy years of age and unmarried.

He lived a number of years on his farm south of the Palmyra school house in East Nelson township with two sisters. Neither of them were ever married. One of the sisters after a long illness passed away about a year ago.

As he and the remaining sister had become too feeble to care for the farm they sold it a few months ago and moved to Bruce. Soon after they both took sick, and the sister died two weeks before the brother.

The remains were taken by railroad to Findlay, and to the Wright cemetery for burial.

William Niles and sisters were industrious and had accumulated considerable property.

They were good honest people good neighbors and highly respected.

Money to loan on personal or real estate security.—M. A. MATTOX, 3rd door west of First National Bank, if

GARDNER A. BOYCE.

Gardner A. Boyce was born near Springfield, Ohio, November 26, 1856. He died very unexpectedly in his home last Sunday. He had been ailing a couple of weeks, and walked to the business part of town and back Saturday.

He had been twice married; his first marriage was to Christine Robison of Bloomington, Ill. They were the parents of five children, W. H. Boyce is the only one living. One daughter lived to be grown and married, died fifteen years ago.

G. A. Boyce and family came to Sullivan, in 1871.

His first wife died in 1900. In 1904 he was married to Mrs. Margaret Sherman who is still living.

He fought during the war with the One hundred and forty-first volunteers. He was a member of the Post 128 G. A. R. of Sullivan.

He was a member of the Christian church here, a faithful Christian member ever ready to do his duty.

He served as Elder in the church a number of years, and will be sadly missed and his place hard to fill.

The funeral discourse was preached by Rev. J. W. Kilborn at the Christian church Tuesday at 9:30 a. m. and the remains taken to Greenhill cemetery for interment.

A. EDWARD HOLLENBECK.

Aaron Edward Hollenbeck, was born in Winterset, Iowa, Jan. 31, 1865.

Died at the home of his mother, Mrs. Martha Minor in Sullivan, April 7, 1912. Aged 47 years 2 months and 6 days.

He was twice married. The first time when about eighteen years of age, to Miss Mattie Mullinix, to this union was born two daughters, they all survive him.

The second marriage was to Miss Fannie Reed, the daughter of Joseph Reed living near Bruce. They were the parents of five children, four girls and one boy.

The two younger children are at present with their grandmother, Mrs. Miller.

His second wife died May 27, 1909.

He is survived by his children, mother, and two brothers, Jack Hollenbeck living in Bruce, and Anderson living near Sullivan.

Mr. Hollenbeck united with the Christian church in Eureka when he was fourteen years of age.

He spent most of his life in Sullivan.

He died of consumption. The funeral discourse was preached by Rev. J. W. Kilborn Monday, in the Christian church at 2:30 p. m. The remains were interred in Greenhill cemetery.

Easter Service.

Easter was observed twice in the Christian church Sunday. At 2:30 p. m. by members of the Masonic lodge, the Gil W. Barnard Commandery No. 74 Knights Templar.

The Knights met at the Masonic Hall, with the members of the Sullivan lodge No. 704 A. F. and A. M. and marched to the church in a body, the Knights being dressed in full dress uniform.

The sermon was by Rev. J. W. Kilborn pastor of the Christian church. A nice program had been arranged and special music furnished which made the services very impressive. There were about forty Knight and as many of the Blue lodge of Masons present.

In the evening the Bible school gave an interesting and appropriate entertainment.

All the participants did well. The smaller children certainly did justice to those who trained them by executing their parts well. The house was crowded by an audience eager to see the little ones perform.

Was Almost 100.

Mrs. Ruth Waggoner of Beehan died Friday at the home of her daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas White Crowder. She was nearly 100 years old and had been feeble for some time. She was the mother of Andre Waggoner and Mrs. Crowder. The funeral services were conducted at Oak Grove church at Dunn Saturday.

Don't be surprised if you have an attack of rheumatism this spring. Just rub the affected parts freely with Chamberlain's Liniment and it will soon disappear. Sold by HAN B. HALL, and all dealers.

Wall Paper and Mouldings

We have in stock the finest and best selected line of Wall paper ever placed on our shelves. The latest designs in artistic papers and trimmings. Come and see our stock and get our prices before purchasing.

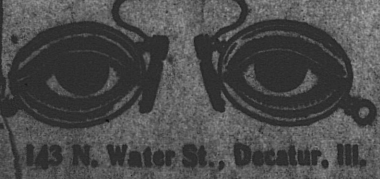
We furnish a paper hanger of 20 years experience, at 20c per double roll, to all who buy their paper at our store.

15c MUSIC 15c

We are going to handle all the popular sheet music and will receive and add to the collection new copies of sheet music each month. We already have a choice selection on hand, including "Alexander Rag Time Band," "Down in Melody Lane," "Oh, You Beautiful Doll," "Oasey Jones," "Billy," "I Give You All You Ask," by the author of "All I Ask Is Love."

Barber & Son SULLIVAN, ILL. South Side Square

AUGUSTINE, Optician,



Has visited Sullivan regularly each month for over ten years. Is this not ample proof of his skill and reliability? Call at his store when in Decatur and see his equipment for grinding lenses.

Next date here, April 20, 1912. AT BARBER'S BOOK STORE every third Saturday of each month.

Church Service.

PRESBYTERIAN. 9:30 a. m.—Sunday school.

There will be the regular service at the Presbyterian Church next Sunday. The pastor will preach at both services.

It is getting the time of the year when we can all get out to the meetings well, so we hope for good attendances at both services.

Pastor, Rev. A. T. Cony.

Thrown From Buggy.

Leo Murphy, a student in the Sullivan high school, and a son of John Murphy and wife living near Lovington, was thrown from a buggy.

He was riding in a buggy with two other boys, on North Worth street the horse got to going too fast. It finally ran against the curb stone, and threw two of the boys out on the boulevard but Murphy on the pavement. He was stunned and unconscious a short time. He received several cuts about the head and face. Doctors were called. He was not seriously hurt. He went to school Monday morning but did not remain.

Teddy Roosevelt.

Theodore Roosevelt, twice president of the United States, and now a candidate for the Republican nomination for the presidency, spent a few moments in Sullivan last Monday morning.

He came from Decatur on a special train, arriving here about 11:30 and spoke from the platform of a car. A large crowd had assembled on the platform to see and hear him.

A great many saw him that had never seen him before, and declare that the fierce looking pictures seen in the newspapers do him an injustice as he wears a pleasing countenance.

He must have appealed very strongly to the Republicans of Sullivan township from the way they cast their ballots for him Tuesday.

Girls on the Farm.

The problem of keeping the boy on the farm has been a much discussed subject in the past, and much has been done to point out the advantages of staying in the country.

Comparatively very little, however has been said about the girls and what should be done to keep them on the farm, although certain agricultural schools have awakened to the necessity and have accomplished a great deal along this line.

The growth of domestic science teaching is one way of encouraging girls to become reconciled in country life conditions; another way—equally if not more successful—is to point out the facts about the lure of the city as compared with the conditions surrounding the home life on farms and in rural communities.

And it is not difficult to show the country girl, who is generally a most sensible person, that the city is not the place for the unsophisticated, and that life will be more successful at home among friends.

The ones to do this teaching are the parents of our country girls.

Recently facts showing how former country girls live in large cities in Germany were reported by Consul General Dillingham of Coburg. The statistics showed that the majority of country girls with ideas of possible fame and fortune are found in factories. In 1910 there were about 150,000 girls employed in cotton mills and about 52,000 in cotton factories. Dillingham's report stated "that in laundries 8,300 women were employed, of whom a large number eventually went into service as housemaids. A large number of country girls found positions in department stores as saleswomen and received an average salary of \$14.28 monthly, out of which they paid all their living expenses.

The country girl question in German cities is worthy of your consideration. Conditions do not contrast strongly with those in the United States. Summing up the problem abroad, it is evident that most of the girls, if not all, would be better off on the farm and in country villages; that their environment would be more refined and conducive to further ambitions, and that they gained nothing but lost a great deal of hope, health and happiness. And what can be said of Germany can also be applied right here at home.

Every farmer should take an interest in his daughter's ambitions and discourage silly ideas and thoughts of fame and fortune believed by many misguided country girls to be waiting for them some place in the cold, business-like and calculating metropolis.

RUGS RUGS RUGS

Don't Fail to See Our Line Before Buying.

ALSO IRON AND BRASS BEDS RICHARDSON BROS.

East Side Furniture Store

COURT HOUSE NEWS

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Real estate transactions since our last report are as follows: David Niles to Sarah E. Niles, 1/2 sw 26, 1, 12, 5.....\$ 950 Clark Sutton to Josiah Sutton, lot 3 sw part lot 6 of sw 16, 13, 6.....1,000 John Niles to J. Dyer, 2 1/2 sw 26, 1, 12, 5.....125 Thom. J. Esterline to Doy Horn 2 1/2 sw 27, 14, 5.....1,200 Francis W. Ray to O. J. Gauger 2 1/2 lot 3 in block 16 original Sullivan..... 8,000 M. J. Richardson and wife to R. M. Magill, undivided 1/2 of w 1/2 sw 17, 15, 6..... 1,600 Alva E. Fortner to Price P. Winter 23, 14, 6..... 35,900

CIRCUIT COURT.

J. E. Tohill vs Otis Dick confession in vacation. C. S. Edwards complainant's attorney.

S. F. Herchberger vs Melissa B. Minor, confession and judgment. E. E. Wright complainant's attorney.

M. W. Shay vs W. R. and Annie Hill, Confession in vacation. F. J. Thompson complainant's attorney.

Mike Shay vs J. H. Waggoner and Walter E. Storm. Confession in vacations.

O. J. Gauger vs J. H. Richardson, Bill to foreclose mortgage. F. J. Thompson, complainant's attorney.

Merchants and Farmers State Bank vs Cordelia Sheridan; confession in vacation. Deck & Jack complainant's attorney.

The First National Bank vs F. W. and Ross Bragg; confes. M. A. Mattox complainant's attorney.

Newbold Bros. vs J. A. Shirey and A. J. Shirey confession. W. A. Mattox complainant's attorney.

J. E. Dazey vs James H. Niles. Confession in vacation. Edward E. Wright complainant's attorney.

John Niles vs David Niles et al. Partition. LeForge Vail & Huff and E. J. Miller complainant's attorneys.

Albert Wyman Bequests.

The will of Albert Wyman was filed for probate Monday. He had no known relatives, and he bequeathed his property as follows: to the city of Sullivan, between \$10,000 and \$50,000 for a city park, the same to consist of not less than 40 acres or more than 80 acres.

To T. G. Hughes, who, fifteen years ago entered his employ, a clerk in his shoe store, and who has been with him continuously ever since, and whom a few years ago he gave his large stock of boots and shoes, he bequeathed \$5,000 and the store room at the southwest corner of the square, and to Miss Claudia Bushman, daughter of an old time friend he gave \$1,000 in money.

WHY WE ARE SO PARTICULAR

About What Kind of Glasses



You wear and what we at you with is because we have a reputation of doing first class work and giving you exactly what you want, and what you buy, no substitution goes with us. For proper glasses consult us at Barrum's Drug Store on the third Saturday of each month.

Next date here Saturday, April 20

Wallace & Weatherby

OPTICIANS

The Optical Shop

109 E. North St., DECATUR, ILL.

LAWSON FROST KING

The Lawson Frost King has no batteries, no coils, no spark plugs to cause you trouble. You know what that means. Every Lawson Engine three horse-power and larger is equipped with a high grade rotary magnet built in the engine and driven by the cam gear. This does away with batteries entirely, eliminating much expense and trouble and means a big saving.

The magnet is guaranteed to outlast the engine.

The Lawson starts easy without any battery aid without any crank, a slow turn of the wheel and it goes.

You have no pumps to pack until you get up to a six-horse power and larger.

These engines are perfectly balanced and strongly built and always ready. All wearing parts are steel case hardened and ground to size.

The gears in the Lawson are machine cut steel and are unbreakable.

The Lawson stands for highest quality. See EDWIN LANDREZ before you buy an engine.

City Election.

The city election will be held next Tuesday. There are three alderman to elect, with two tickets in the field.

Citizens candidates: ward one, O. B. Lowe; ward two, G. S. Thompson; ward three, Charles Monroe.

Peoples candidates: ward one, C. F. McClure; ward two, T. F. Harris; ward three, J. T. Esterline.

Itching piles provoke, probably, but profanity won't cure them. Deans' Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drug store.

SERIAL STORY

No Man's Land

A ROMANCE

By Louis Joseph Vance

Illustrations by Ray Walters

(Copyright, 1924, by Louis Joseph Vance)

CHAPTER II—(Continued.)

The man looked up and nodded. "Well, it's too late now. That's done for good and all. We needn't quarrel about it."

He went back to his seat.

"Good Lord, how long they are!"

He began to talk, to mander to himself of what might have been and what had been, speaking of his aims, ambitions, achievements in an oddly detached way, as he might have reviewed another's life, only emotional when forced to realization of the fact that this was the end of it all. The phrase, "This ends it!" punctuated the semi-confessional colloquy monotonously, repeated over and over with the same falling inflection. Coast detected not a word, not even a note of regret for his crime, save insofar as it affected Blackstock's fortunes—blasted them.

A shrill clamor of the telephone bell electrified them all. Dundas cried out. Blackstock jumped up and stumbled into the hall. Coast, rising, heard his voice.

"Yes. Tell them to come up."

He returned, almost reeling. "Here, Dundas," he said, slowly, "you let 'em in, will you, like a good fellow."

Mute in his panic, Dundas went to the door.

Coast could hear the whine of the ascending elevator, the clanking of its safety chains.

Abruptly he was conscious that Blackstock's temper had undergone a change. From passive surrender to his fate the man had passed to a mood of active resistance. Somehow instinctively, Coast seemed to divine this in the surcharged, tense atmosphere of that moment. He shot a swift, suspicious look at the man, and caught in return a look of low cunning and desperation.

He saw Blackstock in a pose of attention, listening, every sense alert, every muscle flexed—a man gathering himself together as a cat about to spring.

The elevator was very near the floor.

"By God!" Blackstock whispered, wetting his lips; and again his eyes were blazing. "I'll fool 'em yet!"

The man turned swiftly. Outside the elevator gate clanged. Coast heard a confusion of footfalls and voices, a knocking on the door. And suddenly he understood what Blackstock intended. Already he had regained the side table and snatched up the pistol. He turned with it lifted. "They shan't have me!" he cried, and reversed it to his temple.

"You fool!" Coast screamed unconsciously. With almost incredible swiftness of action he flung himself upon Blackstock and seized the pistol, deflected it toward the ceiling. It exploded.

For a moment longer he was struggling frantically with Blackstock to save the man from self-destruction. Then, without warning, he was seized and dragged away, holding the pistol. A strange hand snatched that away. Other hands pinioned his arms to his sides. He fought for freedom for an instant, then ceased to resist, thunderstruck with amazement.

Blackstock towered over him, pointing him out. "That's your man—take him!" he cried. "He's done murder and he's trying suicide. I managed to keep him quiet until he heard you coming, then he made a grab for the pistol. Thank God, you're in time!"

Something stuck in Coast's throat—his tongue trying to articulate in a mouth dry with fear and consternation. "You liar!" he managed to say. "You—"

"Shut up, you!" One of the policemen holding him clapped a hand over his mouth.

"Why," he heard Blackstock say, "you saw him yourself, gentlemen. If there's any question in your minds, here's Mr. Dundas, who saw it all. Dundas, who shot Van Tuyt! Mr. Coast, here?"

Dimly as through a haze Coast saw Dundas emerge from the press of men in the room, a ghost of a man, eyelids quivering, limbs shaking, features working in his small, pasty face. And in his anguish of anger, fear and resentment, Coast detected the look, unobserved by any other, of secret understanding that passed between the two men.

"Yes," Dundas said, his voice trem-

ling. "Why—why, of course, Mr. Coast did it."

Coast felt the chill of handcuffs on his wrists—a chill that ate into his soul.

CHAPTER III.

Warburton had forgotten nothing. Coast walked out of Sing Sing to enter his own car, his departure so unobtrusive and timed that he was conscious neither of a strange face nor a curious stare. The occupant of the driver's seat proved to be the mechanic who had driven for him prior to his trial and conviction; his "Good-morning, Mr. Coast; it's a pleasure to see you looking so well, sir," conveyed precisely the right degree of respectful congratulation; in this, too, Coast recognized the hand of his lawyer. He was grateful, further, for the hamper containing an excellent cold lunch, as well as for the fact, which Warburton presently disclosed, that the affair of his release had been managed so swiftly and quietly that only the latest editions of that day's evening papers would contain the news.

"We tried to give you as much time as we could," Warburton told him. "Whatever your plans are, you'll be glad not to be mobbed before you get a chance to put 'em across."

Coast's swift smile was reward enough for the little man. He snuggled comfortably into his corner of the tonneau, the broad eccentric curves of his plump face and figure radiating pride of conquest in addition to the honest delight he felt because of his client's deliverance.

To his client and friend the world rocked in a sea of emotions rediscovered. The sense of freedom, of space, of motion, the soft buffeting in his face of the clean, sweet, unspent air, the recognition of a new-born world a-rot with color—vernal green, ineffable empyrean blue, flooding gold of

sunlight—played upon his heart a muted melody.

Again he thanked his God his father and mother had not lived to know the day of his arrest.

He experienced a curious freak of memory, very suddenly seeing between him and the glorious world a fragment of a scene, his trial, exceedingly vivid; Blackstock groping a slow way toward the witness stand, his dark face the darker for an eye-shade, his eyes masked sinisterly with smoked glasses.

Poor old Van Tuyt!

His nerves crawled with apprehensions inspired by the city toward which the car was bearing him; the city of his birth and banishment; the city inexorable, insatiable, argus-eyed, peopled with its staring millions, ravening with curiosity, whose appetite should long since have been glutted with details of his disgrace. He found appalling the thought of reentering it, of trying to take up his former life in its easy, ordered groove, of coming and going in the company of those in whose eyes his brow would be forever branded with the mark of Cain—yes, even though he were exonerated of the crime of which he had been accused, for which he had been placed on trial, convicted and sentenced. Would they ever learn to believe him guiltless, even though the truth were published broadcast, trumpeted from the housetops? Would he not remain to them always the questionable hero of a sensational murder trial, whose escape from the electric chair had been due simply and solely to the exertions of his influential friends?

Exonerated!

The word was sweeter to him than the name of Freedom had been to his



and enlivened, boldly grasped the nettle.

"Well—I" he asked with a steady glance of courage.

Warburton pounced nimbly upon his chance. "It's exonerated," he began, and unconsciously lit upon the word so squarely that he caught himself up with a gasp at Coast's reception of it. "Why?" he cried, alarmed, "you're white as a sheet, man! I said exonerated—full and clear!"

Coast reassured him with a gesture. "It's just joy," he explained simply. He put his head back against the cushions, closed his eyes and drew a long breath. "How was I to guess how all this had been brought about? I was afraid to ask, afraid to surmise, even. Tell me, please."

"It came—like thunder out of a clear sky, Garrett; none more amazed than I." Warburton reverted to the habit of clipped phrases that characterized his moments of excitement. "I suppose you know—you've seen the papers?"

"Only infrequently. I . . . was a bit cowardly about them, I presume."

"Then you hadn't heard about Blackstock?" Coast shook his head. "Well, his eyes went back on him—were falling during the trial, if you'll remember. I heard he'd injured them somehow—with his wireless experiments, you know. He went nearly blind and took himself out of the country—to Germany, the papers said, to consult a Berlin specialist, perhaps to undergo an operation."

"One moment," Coast took a deep breath. "Did he go alone?"

"So far as I know. Why?"

"No matter. Call it idle curiosity."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

foreman in 1776 and 1861. He does not breathe it—yet, he dared not hope for it nor even question whether or not it had been made his.

What if his release had been solely due to the efforts of his friends, to pressure brought to bear upon the state executive? . . . He felt that to discover such to be the case would prove insufferable. Death itself were preferable to life without vindication of the charge that had been laid against him.

So terribly he feared to learn the truth.

His friends, those who stood by him, those who had been silent, those who had denied him; what would be their reception of him now? He conned the names of a dozen of the dearest; did they believe in him, even now, in their secret hearts? Had they ever had absolute faith in his innocence, despite their protestations? Would he himself ever cease to doubt them as secretly?

Katherine Thaxter . . . ?

He had heard nothing of or from her since his conviction; before that, little enough; a note or two of halting sympathy, tinged by a constraint he had been afraid to analyze. Whether it had been due to belief in his guilt, or to a thing more dreadful in his understanding, he had never found the courage to debate, not even in the longest watches of the hopeless nights when he had lain in waking torment in his cell, listening to some miserable condemned wretch moaning in his sleep a door or two down the row.

His thoughts had swung the full circle. He ceased to think coherently.

In time Warburton touched Coast's arm with a gentle hand. "Lunch!" he queried, almost plaintive.

To see Coast smile once more was a keen delight.

When they had finished, Coast, refreshed and strengthened, diverted

condemned, but the demons in hell and even Satan himself. But he means all the things which it has pleased the father from the beginning thus to reconcile. The definite article in the Greek suggests this as the thought, which is made clear by the other teachings of the Bible on the same subject. Among those things which it pleased the father to reconcile to himself are the believers on Jesus Christ, and it is of their reconciliation especially that Paul here speaks.

I. First he shows our need of reconciliation, by telling us that we were "sometimes alienated and enemies in our mind by wicked works." "Sometime" covers the whole period of our lives from physical birth to our new birth by the holy spirit. All that time the natural man is alienated from God. And not only alienated, but hostile to God, an enemy, as the text says.

What Are Wicked Works?

This enmity need not show itself necessarily in giving way to the lower and baser appetites of the body. There are cultivated men and women who are able to control these appetites, but who are at the same time enemies to God in their mind—i. e., in their modes of thought and feeling, which are contrary to his revealed will. And this enmity must in the very nature of the case, show itself in "wicked works."

II. Second, he shows the source of our reconciliation, which is God himself. "Yet now hath he reconciled us." The very one from whom we were alienated and against whom we were enemies is the one who reconciles us.

"He who might the vantage best have took Found out the remedy."

This is grace, especially when we understand that it does not mean primarily that we became reconciled to God, but that God became reconciled to us. This he did by taking that sin out of the way which was the barrier to his reconciliation.

III. This leads Paul to speak in the third place of the means of our reconciliation which was the work of Christ for us on the cross as our substitute Saviour. "In the body of his flesh through death." Why say "his body" without adding "flesh"? Because there was a heretical sect in that day which denied the materiality of Christ's body. They believed in a spiritual, but not a material, mediator-ship.

But Christ had a real body and real flesh and real blood which he offered in propitiation for our sin, he passed through real suffering and died a real death. Such is the teaching of this verse.

IV. And this brings us to the fourth point, which is the result of our reconciliation, presented "holy and without blemish and uncharged in God's sight." This is true immediately of every believer the moment he accepts Christ by faith as his Saviour. Oh, if everybody in this sin-cursed and sin-wearied world only knew and believed that! If they would only pause in the rush of things and listen to it for a single moment!

The Battle of Concord Bridge.

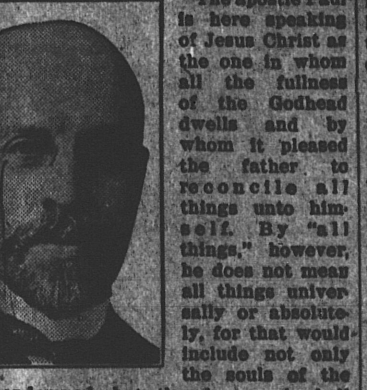
At the battle of Concord Bridge, at the beginning of the revolution, when John Buttrick gave the command to fire it was to British subjects he gave it, but it was obeyed by American citizens. In other words, in that instant their condition became changed, though the experience of that change was a thing of growth. So the instant a man takes Christ as his Saviour, he stands before God free from the guilt of sin, without blemish and without charge. And this is grace!

The final point in the lesson is the proof of our reconciliation, which is that we "continue in the faith, rooted and grounded and not moved away from the hope of the gospel." Paul is speaking not to the false teacher who went out of the church, but to the true believer who stayed in. Those who are true to the "faith delivered once for all to the saints" have the witness in themselves that they are reconciled to God.

Reconciliation to God

By Rev. James M. Gray, D. D.,
Dean of Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—And you, that were sometimes alienated and enemies in your mind by wicked works, yet now hath he reconciled. In the body of his flesh through death, to present you holy and unblemished and unspotted in His sight, greatly rejoiced and settled, and be not moved away from the hope of the gospel, which ye have heard.—Colossians 1: 21-23.



The apostle Paul is here speaking of Jesus Christ as the one in whom all the fullness of the Godhead dwells and by whom it pleased the father to reconcile all things unto himself. By "all things," however, he does not mean all things universally or absolutely, for that would include not only the souls of the

condemned, but the demons in hell and even Satan himself. But he means all the things which it has pleased the father from the beginning thus to reconcile. The definite article in the Greek suggests this as the thought, which is made clear by the other teachings of the Bible on the same subject. Among those things which it pleased the father to reconcile to himself are the believers on Jesus Christ, and it is of their reconciliation especially that Paul here speaks.

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What Are Wicked Works?

This enmity need not show itself necessarily in giving way to the lower and baser appetites of the body. There are cultivated men and women who are able to control these appetites, but who are at the same time enemies to God in their mind—i. e., in their modes of thought and feeling, which are contrary to his revealed will. And this enmity must in the very nature of the case, show itself in "wicked works."

II. Second, he shows the source of our reconciliation, which is God himself. "Yet now hath he reconciled us." The very one from whom we were alienated and against whom we were enemies is the one who reconciles us.

"He who might the vantage best have took Found out the remedy."

This is grace, especially when we understand that it does not mean primarily that we became reconciled to God, but that God became reconciled to us. This he did by taking that sin out of the way which was the barrier to his reconciliation.

III. This leads Paul to speak in the third place of the means of our reconciliation which was the work of Christ for us on the cross as our substitute Saviour. "In the body of his flesh through death." Why say "his body" without adding "flesh"? Because there was a heretical sect in that day which denied the materiality of Christ's body. They believed in a spiritual, but not a material, mediator-ship.

But Christ had a real body and real flesh and real blood which he offered in propitiation for our sin, he passed through real suffering and died a real death. Such is the teaching of this verse.

IV. And this brings us to the fourth point, which is the result of our reconciliation, presented "holy and without blemish and uncharged in God's sight." This is true immediately of every believer the moment he accepts Christ by faith as his Saviour. Oh, if everybody in this sin-cursed and sin-wearied world only knew and believed that! If they would only pause in the rush of things and listen to it for a single moment!

The Battle of Concord Bridge.

At the battle of Concord Bridge, at the beginning of the revolution, when John Buttrick gave the command to fire it was to British subjects he gave it, but it was obeyed by American citizens. In other words, in that instant their condition became changed, though the experience of that change was a thing of growth. So the instant a man takes Christ as his Saviour, he stands before God free from the guilt of sin, without blemish and without charge. And this is grace!

The final point in the lesson is the proof of our reconciliation, which is that we "continue in the faith, rooted and grounded and not moved away from the hope of the gospel." Paul is speaking not to the false teacher who went out of the church, but to the true believer who stayed in. Those who are true to the "faith delivered once for all to the saints" have the witness in themselves that they are reconciled to God.

REACHED LIMIT OF TORTURE

Real Reason Why Burglar Gave Even- ing Papers Chance to Use Effective Headline.

A burglar broke into a New York mansion early the other morning and found himself after wandering about the place in the music room. Hearing footsteps approaching, he took refuge behind a screen. From eight to nine the eldest daughter had a singing lesson. From nine to ten the second daughter took a piano lesson. From ten to eleven the eldest son got his instruction on the violin. From eleven to twelve the younger boy got a lesson on the flute and piccolo. Then, at 12:15, the family got together and practiced music on all their instruments. They were fixing up for a concert. At 12:45 the porch-climber staggered from behind the screen. "For heaven's sake, send for the police!" he shrieked. "Torture me no longer!" And in the evening paper there was the headline: "Nervy Children Capture Desperate Burglar."

IN AGONY WITH ITCHING

"About four years ago I broke out with sores on my arms like boils. After two months they were all over my body, some coming, and some going away. In about six months the boils quit, but my arms, neck and body broke out with an itching, burning rash. It would burn and itch, and come out in pimples like grains of wheat. I was in a terrible condition; could not sleep or rest. Parts of my flesh were raw, and I could scarcely bear my clothes on. I could not lie a bed in any position and rest. In about a year the sores extended down to my feet. Then I suffered agony with the burning, itching sores. I could hardly walk and for a long time I could not put on socks.

"All this time I was trying everything I could hear of, and had the work of three doctors. They said it was eczema. I got no benefit from all this. I was nearly worn out, and had given up in despair of ever being cured when I was advised by a friend to try Cuticura Remedies. I purchased Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent, and used exactly as directed. I used the Cuticura Remedies constantly for four months, and nothing else, and was perfectly cured. It is now a year, and I have not had the least bit since. I am ready to praise the Cuticura Remedies at any time. (Signed) E. J. Cate, Exile, Ky., Nov. 10, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Welcome.

It was 3 o'clock on a cold and frosty morning, and the weary cyclist had still many miles to go.

Passing through a lonely village he saw a lighted window. Perhaps, he thought, he might be able to get something to eat and drink. So he knocked.

"Who's there?" came a gruff voice from within.

"A traveler," the cyclist replied in clear tones.

Back like a shot came the answer: "Then travel!"

Museum freaks are complaining about hard times; but as for that, the ossified man says things always have been hard with him.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

There are two kinds of suffragettes—the unhappily married and the unhappily unmarried.

Tell the dealer you want a Lewis' Single Binder straight to cigar.

Most of life's so-called tragedies are merely comedies.

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MILLIONS OF FAMILIES are using SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR OF SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SORE THROAT, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

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LOOKS Sarsaparilla

Acts directly and peculiarly on the blood; purifies, enriches and revitalizes it, and in this way builds up the whole system. Take it. Get it today.

In small liquid form or chocolate coated tablets called Sarsapills.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Head-ache, Distress, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Warranted

REMEMBER PISO'S for COUGHS & COLDS

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Sloan's Liniment is an excellent remedy for chest and throat affections. It quickly relieves congestion and inflammation. A few drops in water used as a gargle is antiseptic and healing.

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"I have used Sloan's Liniment for years and can testify to its wonderful efficiency. I have used it for sore throat, croup, lumbago and rheumatism, and in every case it gave instant relief."

REBECCA JANE ISAACS
Lucy, Kentucky.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is excellent for sprains and bruises. It stops the pain at once and reduces swelling very quickly.

Sold by all dealers.

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PLANS FOR BUILDERS

BY W. M. A. RADFORD

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 175 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Home building is pretty apt to be a matter of sentiment, especially for young people planning their first house. They always have the advice of a good many loving friends, not to mention that of the real estate dealer, all tending to the key that to acquire a house by easy monthly payments is far greater business wisdom than to pay rent. Yet, no matter how strong and logical such arguments may be, the fact remains that it is sentiment that has the greatest influence in making them decide to build.

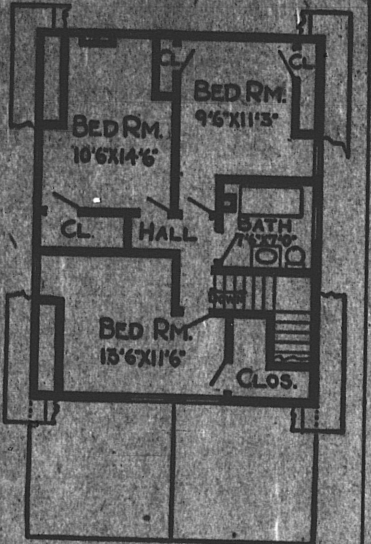
The joy and satisfaction of actually owning a plot of land and a snug little dwelling; the magic influence of the word "home"—these are the things that seem important. Still, castles in the air have to be brought down to earth before they can be built. It is a great pleasure to dream of having a fine home and to make plans for all the luxuries of home building that sentiment might inspire, but young people can't afford to really build in that way.

It is right to start as soon as possible to build a home, but don't think that it has to be a mansion. Love in a cottage is best, especially in the early years, for there the responsibilities are less, the work of housekeeping is slight, and the cost, both for the house itself and for its upkeep and management, is within reach.

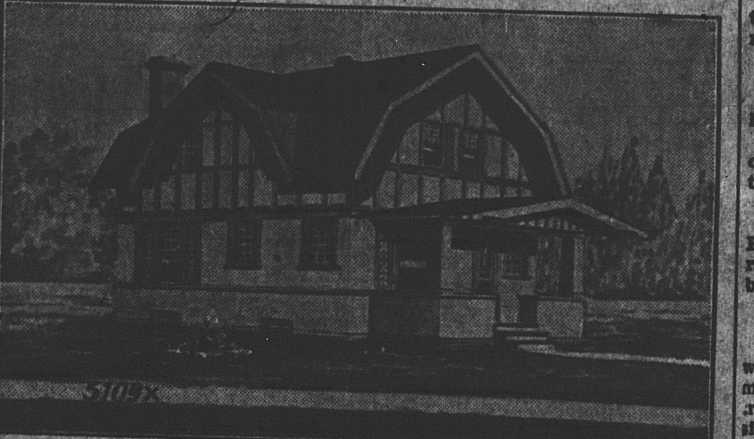
There are so many urgent cases for money in these days that every one should be interested in planning and building a house as economically as possible. There are some places where it is good to economize, other places where economy is very short-

It comes to the painting of the house, both interior and exterior, too frequently poor materials are used because they can be had from some unscrupulous paint dealer, who claims they are "just as good," at a saving of fifteen or twenty dollars on the entire job.

These are economies, pertaining to the quality and amount of materials used, that are very short-sighted. Real economy in home building comes through selecting the proper design for the building. In a dwelling, such

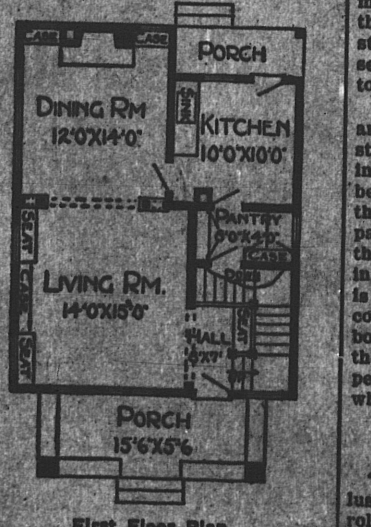


as is illustrated herewith for instance, practically \$300 is saved by using the gambrel roof coming down low, almost to the first story; instead of having the walls go straight up to a full two-story height with a gambrel roof attic above. Three hundred dollars is a pretty big price to pay for an attic, which has very little use except as a place to store away old furniture; and



sighted; and it is a strange thing that the inexperienced builder usually picks out those features to economize on where the saving of a few dollars in the first cost will result in hundreds of dollars of added expense throughout the life of the building.

An instance of this is the heating plant. One of the first parts of a dwelling to be lighted, if any economizing is to be done, is usually the heating plant. Competition is so keen between the heating contractors themselves that they have got into the habit of figuring the furnace of just as small a size as possible in order to keep the amount of their bid



down. Yet even after that, the owner in his shortsightedness often induces the heating man to put in a smaller size still, so as to save ten or fifteen dollars on the job. Really the safe way is always to insist on having a size larger than the furnace contractor recommends. A furnace of good size will heat a house easily without crowding the fire, and besides heating the house satisfactorily burns less coal than the small size furnace crowded hard to heat the building during cold weather.

young people have usually very little of this. Such a design as this is also economical in that its general outline is very nearly square in form. It is not "cut up" as so many houses are, and the carpenters find such a building much easier to frame and finish and so are able to do the work for very much less. At the same time, a residence of simple square outline contains a maximum of usable space inside and if properly laid out the rooms are very convenient and home-like.

So we see that there are real economies which should be considered in home building and some false economies to be avoided. It is sentiment that urges the building of the home to start with, but it is sound business sense that carries the building project to a successful completion.

The advice and counsel of a reliable architect who has made a special study of residence work is invaluable in this connection. The writer has been able to give practical advice to thousands of home builders in every part of the country that has saved them a great deal of money. In offering the accompanying design, which is estimated to cost \$2,300, he feels confident that many helpful ideas, both as to convenient arrangement of the interior and attractive outside appearance, may be gained by those who will build the coming year.

No Money in Wandering. "Young man, don't let the wanderlust get into your blood. Don't be a rolling stone." This is the advice of one who knows. M. E. A. Lesley, who has spent most of his life as a wanderer, arrived in Chicago after a four-thousand-mile bicycle trip from San Francisco via Seattle and Omaha. At the age of 22 years he says it is impossible for him to "settle down." Lesley is the author of a book entitled "Across America in a House on Wheels," and for twelve years his wife and five children accompanied him on his gypsylike travel. Four years ago his family left him to live permanently in Reading, Pa. He is now on his way to join them, and declares he will make one more effort to conquer the roaming spirit and spend the remainder of his life with

IN LESS STRENUOUS TIMES

Explanation of the Difference Between Domestic Standards Now and Those of Long Ago.

In the Woman's Home Companion there is an interesting presentation of the difference that exists between the domestic standard of young married women of today and those of the past generation. How did the women of the middle class of a generation or two ago manage when they could not keep help? Following is the answer quoted from a Companion editorial:

"They lived according to their means; they did not set up impossible standards, and they know much less about the science of bringing up children. They had no special style to keep up; gave the children a weekly bath; kept the table set between meals; did not serve their meals in courses, but put all the food on the table at once; confined their social affairs to evening calls and parties, and church suppers, at which they wore the same black silk dress for at least two seasons; in short, every woman did only what she could, and her friends made it easier for her by doing likewise."

BACK YARD COMMUNING.



The Dog—Is this a free concert? The Cat (pausing in his contented monologue)—No, I got so much purr.

A Golf Story. There's another story of a man who rang the bell at the gates of Paradise and asked Peter if he might go through.

"What were you on earth?" asked the saint. "Well," was the response, "during the latter part of my life I didn't do much but play golf." "Got a golf ball on you?" "Yes; here's a 'Chancellor.'" St. Peter took it and threw it over his shoulder, where it rolled away. For a minute or more he looked critically at the applicant, then shut the gate in his face and locked it.

"What's the game?" said the man. "You are no real golfer," said St. Peter. "You don't even know the first rule of golf—to keep your eye on the ball and follow through."

Eager to See. "I have a poem here entitled 'Alone with Nature,'" said the sorrowful young man with the long hair and the frayed trousers. "It is a personal impression."

"Is it?" replied the editor of the Chicago Record-Herald, as he hastily glanced at the opening lines. "Have you ever been alone with nature?" "I have, and oh, it is glorious—glorious!" "Here's a dime. Get on a trolley car and ride as far as you can. Go back to nature and spend another hour or two alone with her. You say you staked the hazel blossoms by the stream. If you are able to find any place where you can do that let me know. I want to watch you while you do it."

"And Again My Brethren." A certain small girl, wearily listening to a long sermon by a renowned cleric who had an odd habit of drawing in his breath with a curious whistle, whispered to her mother that she wanted to go home. The mother, expecting the discourse to end momentarily, refused permission. The third time this happened the mother murmured in the child's ear that the preacher would soon stop now. But the child, nervous and despairing, answered her in a high falsetto:

"No, mother, he is not going to stop. I thought so now for three times, but he has gone and blowed himself up again!"

Too Much Reclining. "How was it that Gamps failed in his bed-manufacturing business?" "He got too much in sympathy with the business." "How could he do that?" "He lay down on the job."

Before the Scrap. "Why are you rushing around so today?" "I'm trying to get something for my wife?" "Had any offers?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

No Doubt About It. And every good husband, no doubt, is sure that he is married to one of the world's twenty greatest women.

LAW'S INJUSTICE MADE PLAIN

Farmer's Grievance Was That Story Once Accepted Should Not Remain Good.

A story is being told at the expense of an old English farmer who was recently called upon to explain why he had failed to take out a license for a favorite fox terrier dog. "It's nobbut a puppy," the defendant remarked, in response to a question as to the animal's age. "Yes, yes! So you say. But how old is he?" "Oh, well, I couldn't tell to a bit," was the reply. "I never was much good at remembering dates, but 'e's nobbut a puppy." On the other hand, it was maintained that the animal in question was a very, very old-fashioned puppy, and the magistrate inflicted the usual fine. Shortly afterward the farmer was met by a friend who wanted to know how he had fared at the police court. "Nobbut middlin'" was the reply. "Did they fine you?" "Yes," responded the victim; "an' ang me if I can understand it! Last year an' the year afore that I told the same tale about the same dog, an' it wor allus good enough afore! Who's been tamperin' w' the law sin' last year?"

TANTALIZING.



Woman's Way. "A woman's convention, eh? What do women know about enthusiasm? Now at the last national convention we men cheered our candidate for an hour."

"That's all right," said his wife. "We threw kisses at ours for sixty-seven minutes by the clock."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Thousands of Consumptives die every year. Consumption results from a neglected cold on the lungs. Hamlin Wizard Oil will cure these colds. Just rub it into the chest and draw out the inflammation.

High Aim. "Let us endeavor so to live that when we come to die even the undertaker will be sorry."—Mark Twain.

Stop the Pain. The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolic is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. So and so by druggists. For free sample write to: J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

The easiest thing in the world to make light of is a ton of coal.

FILES OUBLED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will refund money if FAZOL OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, itching, itching or protruding files in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

There is a difference between being useful and being used.

Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. a bottle.

The fellow who shoots off his mouth doesn't always hit the mark.

Women's Secrets

There is one man in the United States who has perhaps heard more women's secrets than any other man or woman in the country. These secrets are not secrets of guilt or shame, but the secrets of suffering, and they have been confided to Dr. R. V. Pierce in the hope and expectation of advice and help. That few of these women have been disappointed in their expectations is proved by the fact that ninety-eight per cent. of all women treated by Dr. Pierce have been absolutely and altogether cured. Such a record would be remarkable if the cases treated were numbered by hundreds only. But when that record applies to the treatment of more than half-a-million women, it is a practice of over 40 years, it is phenomenal, and testifies Dr. Pierce to the gratitude accorded him by women, as the first of specialists in the treatment of women's diseases.

Every sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, absolutely without charge. All replies are mailed, sealed in perfectly plain envelopes, without any printing or advertising whatever, upon them. Write without fear as without shame, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION
Makes Weak Women Strong,
Sick Women Well.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster color than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

To Introduce the Gate-Post

WE OFFER THE FOLLOWING PRIZES:

First prize, \$15.00 Third prize, \$5.00
Second prize, \$10.00 Fourth prize, 100 Gate Posts

To any one person making the most correct word out of the eight letters in GATE POST not using the same letter twice in any one word. Each contestant list must be accompanied with a Gate Post tin foil wrapper and mailed to SPRENGER BROTHERS, PEORIA, ILL.

By Special Request we have extended the GATE POST CONTEST until March 1, 1912.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR GATE POST TIN FOIL WRAPPER

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

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Dr. J. C. Fitch

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE SERRAVALLO COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS AND CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Clearfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC.

Prepared by *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

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35 Doses, 35 CENTS

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of rich Illinois land, in big Swan Drainage District, Scott County, to be sold at

Master's Sale

AT WINCHESTER, ILL.

at 10 O'clock, Jan. 27, 1912

Divided to suit purchaser. The best proposition for an investment in Illinois today. One-half cash, time on balance. Address

Loemen, Keopston, Ill.

MISSISSIPPI ONLY \$10 AN ACRE

Land now open for settlement in "heart of the New South" along Mississippi Central and Gulf and Ship Island railroads, near Hattiesburg, Natchez and Gulf of Mexico, in tracts of 40 acres and up, is a bargain at \$10 an acre, payable in cash or on a plan of 10% down and the rest as you wish. Good home country. Write today for facts and pictures free. E. A. CURRIER & CO., Real Estate, Bldg. East Dept., 40 N. Dearborn St., Chicago.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these States and bank a profit of \$10,000 to \$12,000 an acre every year. Land purchased 2 years ago at \$10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at \$20.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by settling on dairy, grain and stock farms in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adapted soil, beautiful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railroads, for railway lines, country stores, "Just East West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to W. N. U., St. Louis, Mo., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

W. N. U., 127, East 2d, St. Louis, Mo. Call 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700.

Women's Secrets

There is one man in the United States who has perhaps heard more women's secrets than any other man or woman in the country. These secrets are not secrets of guilt or shame, but the secrets of suffering, and they have been confided to Dr. R. V. Pierce in the hope and expectation of advice and help. That few of these women have been disappointed in their expectations is proved by the fact that ninety-eight per cent. of all women treated by Dr. Pierce have been absolutely and altogether cured. Such a record would be remarkable if the cases treated were numbered by hundreds only. But when that record applies to the treatment of more than half-a-million women, it is a practice of over 40 years, it is phenomenal, and testifies Dr. Pierce to the gratitude accorded him by women, as the first of specialists in the treatment of women's diseases.

Every sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, absolutely without charge. All replies are mailed, sealed in perfectly plain envelopes, without any printing or advertising whatever, upon them. Write without fear as without shame, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION
Makes Weak Women Strong,
Sick Women Well.

Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

10 Years to Suffering or death, use "REVIVAL." Made by Van Vleet-Manfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price \$1.00.

BIG STEAMER AFIRE AT SEA IS BEACHED

MRS. AMERICA D. LILLY, Editor and Publisher. J. W. HAZEN, Manager Mechanical Dept. LARGEST CIRCULATION. BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

Ontario, of Merchants' and Miners' Line, in Flames.

General Wireless "S. O. S." Sent Out Asking Steamers to Go to the Ontario's Aid—Burning Vessel Beached.

The Merchants' and Miners' line steamer Ontario, which carried fifteen passengers and a crew of forty, is on the rocks of Montauk point, with a fire raging fiercely in her hold. The passengers were taken off by a tug early in the morning. The crew is still aboard fighting the fire.

The first message was picked up at the Point Judith wireless station at 3 o'clock. A few minutes later a second message was received, saying the operator on the steamer would soon be obliged to leave his room because of the heat. Efforts were being made, it was said, to reach Montauk Point to beach the steamer.

The naval wireless station sent out a general "S. O. S." call, asking all steamers near Montauk Point to go to the assistance of the Ontario. The naval station also took steps to send the revenue cutter Acushnet, at Woods Hole, to the steamer's assistance. Tugs also started out from New London. Soon after the Watchhill life saving crew also started in a big power boat.

Meanwhile the Ontario, under its own steam, reached Montauk Point and was beached about a mile and a half west of the life saving station there. It landed its passengers shortly after 4:30 o'clock. They went ashore just after the fire broke through the deck, making further attempt at fighting it impossible. The passengers were landed after a battle with the surf. None was hurt, although most of them were drenched, according to a wireless message.

Soon after the passengers quit the vessel the flames reached a point barely fifteen feet away from the wireless room. The wrecking tug Tasco from New London is near the scene. She is equipped with wireless.

At 8:30 Captain Bond sent word to shore that the fire was under control. The vessel was then hauled aground and apparently in no danger of breaking up. A wrecking tug is on the way from New York to pull the vessel off the rocks, if possible, when the fire is extinguished.

Supervisors Report.

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF MOULTRIE TOWN OF SULLIVAN.

The following is a statement by A. N. Woodruff, Supervisor of the town of Sullivan in the County and State aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the 30th day of March, 1912 showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purpose expended, during said fiscal year, ending as aforesaid.

The said A. N. Woodruff, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the following statement by him subscribed is a correct statement of the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year above stated, the amount of public funds received and the sources from which received, and the amount expended, and purposes for which expended, as set forth in the said statement.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of March, 1912, A. N. Woodruff, Supervisor.

Table with columns: AMOUNT, RECEIVED FROM WHAT SOURCES, and EXPENDED FOR WHAT PURPOSES. Includes entries for amount of public funds on hand, received from County Collector, and various taxes.

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F. M. Pearce, Clerk at election in dist. number 2. O. D. Lindsay, 1 day service on canvassing board.

W. H. Birch, use of ivory bars at election dist. number 2. Zack Hilliard, Constable at election in dist. number 4.

Chas. C. O'Brien, use of store room at election dist. number 4. J. M. Yarnall, Clerk at election in dist. number 4.

O. M. Hilliard, Clerk at election in dist. number 4. Walter Swan, Clerk at election in dist. number 4.

J. W. Holland, Judge of election in dist. number 4, and 1 day service in returning ballots. H. A. Friedrich, Judge of election in dist. number 4.

J. W. Evans, Judge of election dist. 4, and 1 day service in counting ballots. F. M. Waggoner, 1 day's service on canvassing board.

H. N. Bupp, 1 day's service on canvassing board. A. N. Woodruff, 1 day's service on canvassing board.

C. A. Corbin, table for town clerk's office. W. G. Cover, printing annual report of Supervisor.

John W. Gaddis, 1 day on auditing board. O. Enterline, 1 day on auditing board.

A. N. Woodruff, 1 day on auditing board. O. D. Lindsay, 1 day on auditing board.

Herchel Cummins, cleaning clerk's office. O. D. Lindsay, services as town clerk.

Geo. D. Barnard & Co., stamps for clerk's office. O. D. Lindsay, services as Clerk.

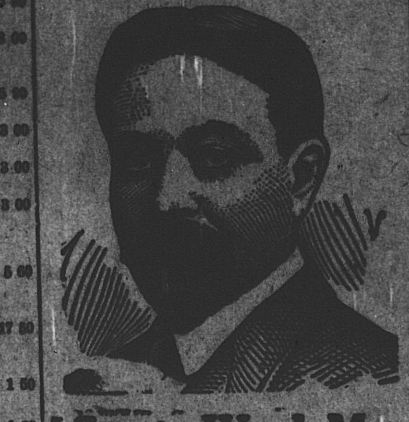
F. M. Waggoner, services as assessor. F. M. Waggoner, services as assessor.

Art Ashbrook, services as assessor. Herchel Cummins cleaning office.

Robt. Jess rebate on dog tax. A. N. Woodruff, 3 days on auditing board.

J. E. Plank, 2 days on auditing board. Wm. Bay, Clerk of election in dist. number 5.

THE EDEN HOUSE, SULLIVAN, ILL. Monday, April 22, 1912. One Day Only and Returns Every 28 Days. Hours 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.



I Say to Weak Men NERVOUSNESS, WEAKNESS, FAILING POWER. Nervousness, Weakness, Loss of Vitality, Head Dizziness, Dropsy, etc.

STRICTURE, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES. Obstruction, Difficult, Painful Passage, Discharge, Straining, Pain in Back, Bladder, etc.

VARICOCELE. It is a knotty, bumpy, twisted, worm-like condition of veins, more often on left side, hanging lower.

GENERAL DISEASES. DR. MULLINS HAS TREATED AND CURED MANY THOUSANDS OF CASES IN THE YEARS OF HIS EXTENSIVE PRACTICE.

J. M. MULLINS, M. D. 20 South State St., Chicago, Ill. Registry Number 42,310-46,839

O. F. Foster DENTIST. Office hours 8:00 to 12:00 1:00 to 5:00—Phone 64. Over Todd's Store south side square Sullivan Illinois

A. A. CORBIN LICENSED EMBALMER AND UNDERTAKER. ANSWERS CALLS PROMPTLY AT ANY AND ALL HOURS

DR W. E. SCARBOROUGH Physician and Surgeon. Special attention given Diseases of Women.

GUY UHRICH Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director. No distance too far to make calls day or night.

CHAS. C. LEFORGEE ROBT. F. VAIL WM. R. HUFF LeForgee, Vail & Huff Attorneys-at-Law

F. M. PEARCE Real Estate and Insurance Notary Public. OFFICE IN OLD FELLOW'S BUILDING SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS

FREE Imported Stallions. All sick people are welcome to consult with me FREE and confidential whether you take treatment or not.

BELGIAN Jules De Leerbeek Certificate Number, A 699. Is a beautiful sorrel, has grand style and action. Weighs 2100 lbs.

PERCHERON GERANT Certificate Number, A 375. This stallion does not need any introduction, having made three seasons at the Birch barn, and has proven to be one of the best producing Stallions that has ever been in Moultrie county.

TERMS OF SERVICE—Belgian, \$20.00 to insure. Percheron, \$15.00 to insure. Colts to stand good for service fee. Disposing of mares or moving them from the county causes service fee to become due and payable at once.

A premium of full service fee for best colt and half service fee for second best colt from each Stallion. From mares bred during season of 1912.

John Barnes Owner and Keeper. Residence Phone, 245. Barn, 69.

COURVILLE Registry Number 42,310-46,839 which has been placed on record. Renewed on the 4th day of March, 1912.

PURE BRED PERCHERON BAY BROWN Better known as the Patterson Company Horse.

Will make his season at Willard Buxton's barn, two miles north of Masonic Home and one-fourth mile west of Two Mile school house. He is going into the season in good shape.

I solicit your patronage. Willard Buxton

SEEDS Fresh, Reliable, Pure Guaranteed to Please. Every Gardener and Planter should test the superior merits of our GREAT NORTHERN SEED CO.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS THE DIAMOND BRAND. Labeled Ask your Druggist for THE DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in Red and Gold wrapper.

Club Rates. Daily Chicago Examiner \$2.00. Youth's Companion until March 30, \$1.75. RURAL ROUTE Chicago Record Herald \$3.50. St. Louis Republic \$1.50.

For President of the United States CHAMP CLARK OF MISSOURI

Somebody Ought to Tell Them. The trouble with a good many wives is that they don't know that less than one woman in every thousand can manage to look bewitching in a kimono.

Zemo Fur Dressing. No more dirty coats from heads. Zemo stops dandruff. Apply it any time with tips of fingers. No smell, no smear.

Think Shark Can Smell Death. There is an old superstition among sailors, which is still believed in, that when a shark persistently follows a vessel it is a sign that some person on board is going to die.

Stops cramps in two minutes; toothache or pain of burn or scald in five minutes; hoarseness, one hour; muscleache, two hours; sore throat, twelve hours—Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil, monarch over pain.

Discouraging Progress. "You're not doing as well in your mathematics as you ought to be, Johnny," said Mrs. Lapelling; "at your age your cousin Horace was half way through differential calculus."

If you haven't the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulax will prevent constipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels without griping. Ask your druggist for them. 25 cents.

Much Harder Question. "What," said an interviewer to a candidate, "do you intend to do if you are elected?" "My goodness!" said the poor fellow, "what shall I do if I'm not elected?"

"My little son had a very severe cold. I was recommended to try Chamberlain's Remedy, and before a small bottle was finished he was as well as ever," writes Mrs. E. Silke, 37 Dowling Street, Sydney, Australia.

DIXON—After nearly seventeen years of service as a policeman, with only three days lost and those on account of a death in the family, Andrew J. Phalen resigned from the Dixon force. He was appointed Jan. 1, 1895. He is 6 feet 3 inches and weighs 235 pounds.

BELLEVILLE—While he was operating a sawmill near Belleville, Albert Vernier, forty-eight years old, slipped and fell on a rapidly revolving circular saw two feet in diameter and was nearly cut in two. The teeth sawed through the ribs into his lungs and kidneys.

AURORA—Unusually bad country roads prevented many farmers from bringing their produce to the new municipal market, which opened here, but there was a large attendance of town buyers and the market promises to become a popular institution.

CHICAGO—Ella W. Case, of the firm of Case & Martin, "father of the pie business in Chicago," died at his residence, 3334 Washington boulevard. He had been engaged in the business in Chicago for nearly sixty years.

GALESBURG—Shortly after he took an automobile ride W. A. Jordan, one of the most active reform and church workers here and president of the W. A. Jordan company, died suddenly from heart disease.

DELICATE CHILDREN Made Strong by Vinol. "I wish I could induce every mother who has a delicate, sickly child, to try your delicious cod liver iron tonic, Vinol."

"It restored our little daughter to health and strength after everything else had failed. It tastes so good she loved to take it—not a bit of cod liver oil taste.—Mrs. C. W. Stump, Canton, Ohio."

The reason Vinol is so successful in building up puny, delicate, ailing children, is because it is a combination of the two most world-famed tonics—the medicinal body-building elements of cod liver oil, aided by the blood-making and strength-creating properties of tonic iron.

WIND HURLS HOUSE 200 FEET Storm Damages Property and Injures Score of Persons Near Niles Center.

A windstorm visited the northern suburbs of Chicago. Frame buildings were torn from their foundations, chimneys were blown down, windows were broken, and greenhouses were crushed by the drive of a forty-five mile wind weighted with a heavy rain.

The most spectacular event happened near Niles Center on the farm of Peter Tilges. The farmer, his wife and five children were in the small frame house when it was lifted into the air and carried 200 feet before it again touched the ground.

Chicago Thieves Also Get Candidate's Private Correspondence. Some thieves in Chicago, believed to have been employed by political enemies, stole a big suit case containing wearing apparel and important private correspondence and papers from the apartments of Governor Woodrow Wilson at the Hotel Sherman.

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STEAL WILSON'S SUIT CASE Chicago Thieves Also Get Candidate's Private Correspondence. Some thieves in Chicago, believed to have been employed by political enemies, stole a big suit case containing wearing apparel and important private correspondence and papers from the apartments of Governor Woodrow Wilson at the Hotel Sherman.

High Lights on Parade Easter Pageant at Atlantic City is One Riot of Color. At Atlantic City, N. J., one hundred thousand visitors joined in the resort's board walk Easter parade.

COAL STRIKE ENDED One Million Men Will Return to the Mines in Great Britain. At London, Eng., the Miners' federation after a long conference decided to advise all the miners in Great Britain to resume work.

DELICATE CHILDREN Made Strong by Vinol. "I wish I could induce every mother who has a delicate, sickly child, to try your delicious cod liver iron tonic, Vinol."

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The Washing Machine that Really Washes Clothes Clean. THIS is the famous "Boss"—the machine with the mechanical wash-board—improved by the high speed, fly wheel attachment.

Hand. Tell us the kind you want. A child can easily run it. The clothes are rubbed, squeezed and thoroughly washed, far better than they can be by hand.

THE BOSS WASHING MACHINE CO., Norwood Station, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Epitome of the Week's News

Because Governor Vessey lost his false teeth and could not appear at Progressive Republican conference was delayed two hours at Sioux Falls, S. D. The teeth were found in the linen at the laundry.

Announcement was made at the department of justice that Charles W. Morse, the banker-convict, serving at Atlanta, would be removed immediately to the government hospital at Hot Springs, Ark.

In an unsuccessful attempt to ambush American troops on the Island of Jolo, 30 Moros were killed. Lieut. McGee of the Second cavalry was badly wounded and three troopers were slightly injured.

The Burley Society of Kentucky is a trust, in the opinion of United States Judge Hollister, expressed during arguments of the E. C. Eschley Tobacco company's suit against the society at Cincinnati.

England is on the verge of the greatest labor crisis in her history. Reports from the mining districts declare the men are voting almost unanimously in favor of the establishment of a minimum wage.

Robert Bacon, American ambassador from the United States to France, admitted he had mailed his resignation to President Taft. He will accept the offer of the fellowship at Harvard to succeed the late Judge Lowell.

Unless the Denver & Rio Grande railroad accedes to the demands of the firemen for a 10 per cent increase, there is a possibility that the entire system may be tied up the first of the week and 3,000 firemen, engineers, trainmen and conductors walk out.

Division of big contracts, similar to the division of territory, was a common practice with the Chicago packing companies as late as 1905. It was indicated by the testimony of the former manager of Armour & Co.'s dressed beef department, Jerome H. Pratt, who was recalled to the witness chair for the government in the packers' trial in Chicago.

Petitions are being drawn and a campaign is planned to save Rev. Charles V. Richeson, condemned to be electrocuted during the week of May 19 for the murder of Avis Llanell, his former sweetheart.

Six men are known to be dead and property variously estimated at from \$15,000,000 to \$30,000,000 was destroyed in a fire which in three hours consumed the mammoth building of the Equitable Life Assurance society, commonly known as 10 Broadway, New York, but occupying nearly all of a block in the very heart of the greatest financial center of the world.

The total absence of a reply from Minister Calhoun to the last inquiry from the state department as to the necessity for the presence of American troops in China and a complete silence for forty-eight hours completely mystified state department officials.

The status of the seven days' cold spell follows: Coldest spot in United States, Hayward, Wis., 45 below. Warmest places in United States, Los Angeles, San Francisco and Tampa, Fla., 50 above. Deaths—Chicago, 5; Indiana, 3; Wisconsin, 2; Michigan, 2; Texas, 5; New York, 3, and St. Louis, 2.

Detective W. J. Burns was freed at Indianapolis of the charges of kidnaping John J. McNamara, convicted dynamiter, by Federal Judge Anderson, before whom habeas corpus proceedings were instituted when Burns was ordered to fall under a state indictment.

Five hundred American troops were ordered to Chin Wang Tao from Manila. The battalion will be transported on board the transport Thomas, now at Manila, and will be used to guard the American concession of the railway between Pekin and the coast.

The Franco-German Moroccan treaty, which ended the war crisis a few months ago, brought about, in a dramatic manner, the resignation of the French foreign minister, Justin de Selves.

China's rejuvenation was observed in San Francisco by a celebration participated in by nearly every person in Chinatown. The main purpose of the celebration was to do honor to the election of Dr. Sun Yat Sen to the presidency of China.

Several bands of Arabs, accompanied by Turkish regulars, advanced upon Anzara, near Tripoli. The Italian army opened fire and the attacking party retired.

Orders for the first battalion of the Fifteenth Infantry regiment to leave for China have reached Manila and the expedition was prepared immediately. Maj. James M. Arrasmith will be in command of the 500 enlisted men and 15 officers.

W. Morgan Shuster's repeated representations to the cabinet of his desire to leave Persia at an early date and the consequent necessity of relieving him of his duties, after giving him notice, having produced no effect, he transferred his books to Mr. Quinn, his chief assistant.

Canadian mineral production last year totaled \$105,000,000, an increase of 14 per cent. Gold production amounted to more than \$10,000,000; silver, \$17,000,000; nickel, \$11,000,000, and pig iron \$11,000,000.

The Republican state central committee, in session at Des Moines, Ia., selected Cedar Rapids, Ia., as the place of holding the Republican state convention. The date agreed upon was April 24.

In a letter submitted to President Taft by Senator Curtis (Rep.), Kansas, Judge William C. Hook denied that his son was a railroad attorney in the Oklahoma two-cent fare cases, which he decided favorably to the railroads.

Horrible atrocities have been committed by the tribes in Portuguese Africa during an uprising of the natives there, according to a dispatch received from Angola by the Seepo. A number of Portuguese officials captured by them were burned alive.

Don Jaime, second son of King Alfonso, has been sent to Switzerland and will enter a sanitarium. He has been suffering from defects in hearing and in speech. Several operations have been performed upon him.

Uncle "Henry" Dorman of Liberal, Mo., celebrated his 113th birthday anniversary. It was not a very strenuous celebration he indulged in, however, for he lives in a bed and has been there the last six months.

John M. McCord, who a few weeks ago, while in a fit of despondency, sought "legally" to kill his wife, three children and himself, is dead in Louisville, Ky., as the result of an accident in the car barns of the Louisville Street Railway company.

Cornered after a shrewd battle of wits, Andrew Carnegie admitted to the Stanley committee that the steel industry is now dominated by the steel trust and that the day of competition has passed.

Seven Turkish gunboats were sunk in a terrific naval engagement with an Italian war fleet in the Red sea, according to an official dispatch received at Rome. An armed yacht which accompanied the Turkish fleet was captured.

Representative La Follette of Wisconsin has introduced a bill providing for postage of one cent per ounce or fraction thereof on first class mail matter.

On the ballot for a successor to United States Senator Thomas H. Paynter, whose term expires in March, 1913, Ollie M. James received 105 votes in the Kentucky legislature. His Republican opponent, Edwin P. Morrow, received 23 votes.

Fifty families, mostly women and children, seeking a haven from the meningitis epidemic, arrived in Austin from Texas points. A large number of families is said to have passed through on route to San Antonio, where the disease has not appeared.

Protests against the appointment of Judge William C. Hook of Kansas to the United States supreme court have failed. President Taft held visitors at the White House that he had decided to name Judge Hook.

A sympathetic strike of more than 300,000 members of the Federated Railroad Shop Employees, to be called within a month and possibly within two weeks, was predicted by Ernest L. Reguin, president of the Federated Shop Employees of the Harriman lines.

Despite the 60-mile lashing gale and blinding snow, steeples worked 300 feet on the twin spires of St. Patrick's cathedral, New York, stringing lights for the illumination to welcome Cardinal Farley.

There is a prospect of the establishment of a Jewish university at Jerusalem. A wealthy Indian Jew has bequeathed \$400,000 to found a college at that city.

Sixteen hundred freight handlers of the Boston & Maine railroad struck out of sympathy for the striking trans-Atlantic longshoremen. More than 5,000 men now are out and business is being paralyzed.

In a last desperate effort to save himself from the gallows, Dr. Harry Elgin Webster pleaded guilty before Judge Farrand in the district court at Creges, Ill., to the murder of his bigamist wife, Bessie Kent Webster, and threw himself on the mercy of the court. Judge Farrand announced that sentence will probably be imposed January 22.

Discussions of civic problems are to take the place of time-honored Wednesday night prayer meetings at the Linwood Christian church in Kansas City. The first meeting in the new movement will be addressed by Judge E. E. Porterfield of the juvenile court on the treatment of child offenders.

The right of shippers to recover the amount of an excessive freight rate from railroads, before the interstate commerce commission has declared the rate excessive, was denied by the supreme court in a decision of Clarence D. Robinson of West Virginia against the Baltimore & Ohio railroad.

Frank A. Munsey issued a statement in which he declared that his newspaper publications, five in all, would support Colonel Roosevelt for nomination for the presidency.

The Chinese republicans terminated the armistice with the government, according to a dispatch received from Nanking, capital of the republic of China.

The missing torpedo boat destroyer Terry and also the destroyer Ross were picked off Cape Hatteras by the United States scout cruiser Salem, according to wireless messages.

A sensation was sprung in Boston when it was reported that counsel for Richeson was planning to go to the supreme court of Massachusetts and ask for a reopening of the case.

NEWS OF ILLINOIS

ITEMS OF GENERAL STATE INTEREST FRESH FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

SMALLPOX CLOSES A COURT

Jurors and Witnesses in Cherry Mine Cases Exposed to Disease—Schools Dismissed and Public Gatherings Forbidden.

Princeton.—Smallpox at Ladd, a mining town in Bureau county, closed the circuit court here. Jurors and witnesses in the Cherry mine cases, set for trial at this term, are said to have been exposed to the disease. More than fifty cases are reported at Ladd, the schools have been dismissed and public gatherings forbidden.

Springfield.—A plea that he was seeking to protect a relative from injury, and had no intention of violating the federal injunction issued to restrain striking employees from interfering with Illinois Central railroad property, failed to save Harry Andrews of Clinton from sentence in the United States district court. Andrews said he feared striking railroad men would attack his brother-in-law, and requested the latter not to work. Judge Humphrey sentenced him to serve 30 days in the Peoria workhouse. James Meagher, James T. McClosky and Fred Irwin, who were arrested with Andrews on the same charge, waived examination and was given a hearing before Judge Humphrey.

Elgin.—Mrs. Martha Garner, 70 years old, fell on an icy sidewalk and was instantly killed.

Mount Vernon.—Patrick Manion, aged ninety-two, died as the result of injuries from a kick by a horse. He was born in Ireland and came to America in 1842. In his early work as a contractor he helped construct the York & Erie railroad, Louisville & Nashville railroad and Hudson & Delaware canal.

McLeansboro.—Rev. and Mrs. H. H. Williams of this city left for Sidell where Rev. Mr. Williams has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Christian church. For the past year he has been pastor of the Christian church here.

Dixon.—Mr. and Mrs. Ludwig Baker celebrated the sixty-third anniversary of their marriage with a dinner at the Nachusa hotel. Mr. Baker is eighty-six years old and Mrs. Baker is ninety. They have resided at 210 Crawford avenue, this city, for 43 years, coming to Dixon in 1857 from Somerset, Pa., where they were born and where they married.

Bloomington.—Many cities were represented at the annual convention here of the Illinois Commercial Hotel association. Revision of the state laws governing hotels was discussed and changes were recommended to the legislature.

Bloomington.—Leonard ("Baby") Bliss, reputed to be the largest man in the world, was found dead in his home. He had not been seen about the place for several days and neighbors made an investigation, finding his frozen body, seated in a chair in his night clothes, and gas escaping from a gas stove. It is believed he arose several nights ago to get warm and in some way accidentally opened the jet unknowingly.

Moline.—Dr. Cora Emery Reed of Rock Island was held to the grand jury without bail on a charge of murder. She is alleged to have performed an operation that resulted in the death of Mrs. Arthur Putney, aged 27, of East Moline.

Mount Vernon.—John Dobbs, 50 years old, was killed in a runaway. He was a wealthy widower and leaves five children.

Elgin.—An investigation of the death in Boston, Mass., on Dec. 4 of Mrs. Fannie McConnell Maher, a former Elgin girl and recently of Chicago, is being made by her relatives through Elgin attorneys. Relatives say she died at a dinner party after drinking a glass of wine, said to have contained cyanide of potassium.

Peoria.—The coroner's jury which investigated the death of Miss Emma Otto, who committed suicide by jumping into the Illinois river, held Jack Henderson, a telegraph operator in the employ of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway, responsible for her death. It was shown that Henderson had been keeping company with the girl for some time, that he had deceived her, and that on discovering that he was a married man, she declared she would rather jump in the river than marry him. Henderson has disappeared.

Springfield.—The equipment of the Illinois National Guard with all the accoutrements of war used in the regular army, is contemplated in plans for 1913, outlined by Adjutant General Frank S. Dickson. This equipment will be supplied by the federal government. Adjutant General Dickson will make a requisition on the government supply house to clothe 5,000 militiamen with service khaki suits. His list of wants will include many items of lesser magnitude. The total will be greater than any requisition ever made by the state soldiery. "Our idea," said the adjutant general, "is to put in a complete equipment for service, to give everything to the National Guard that the regular army has."

Springfield.—Secretary of State Rose said that petitions received from candidates through the mails will be given due consideration by the attaches of his office. "The mails will be disposed of first," he said. "The petitions will be filed from the waiting ones, until the next mails arrive. I have no agreement with anyone regarding the filing of petitions."

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Centralia.—Louis Thomas was seriously injured by the explosion of a can of gasoline. William McHenry was badly injured in a coal mine when a large quantity of coal fell upon him.

Springfield.—Chairman Frank D. Whipp of the State Board of Joint Estimate announced the committee of three which will manage the matter of standardizing as to weight and quality the clothes worn by inmates in hospitals for the insane. The committee includes: Dr. W. L. Athon, Anna State Hospital, chairman; Dr. George A. Zeller, Peoria; Col. J. O. Anderson, Quincy.

Pana.—J. W. Jones, 72 years old, was killed by a falling tree on his farm.

DeKalb.—Five boys were found in a haystack east of DeKalb by the local police. The boys ran away Monday from the St. Charles home. When found they were half frozen, having slept out in a snowstorm. They will be returned to St. Charles.

Centralia.—Centralia's society women no longer can play cards for prizes. This is the ruling handed down by Chief of Police M. Duncan. Card playing in saloons and cigar stores for drinks, cigars or checks was stopped several days ago. Chief Duncan issued a notice that if card playing was carried on at receptions and "at homes" in the future he would make prosecutions. Society women are indignant over the ruling.

Pana.—Juanita, six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pedro Jolly, died from hydrophobia caused by the bite of a dog in August. The girl had shown symptoms of rabies for several days. Physicians were powerless to help her. She bit her parents and fears are entertained for their safety, it is said.

Nashville.—Washington county is suffering from a severe blizzard. Wheat has been damaged and there is a poor outlook for the crop.

Bloomington.—A deal was closed by the Illinois Wesleyan university for the acquisition of the mansion of A. E. Demagne, one of the finest homes in Bloomington. The structure will be converted into a dormitory for coeds. The university paid \$40,000 for the property.

Princeton.—The one hundred and first anniversary of the birth of Owen Lovejoy, anti-slavery statesman and orator, was celebrated here under the auspices of the Bureau County Historical society. William A. Meese of Moline delivered an address on "The Underground Railroad in Illinois" and Senator Hugh S. Magill of Princeton spoke on "Lovejoy the Statesman." Mr. Lovejoy was representative from this district from 1855 until his death in 1864.

Chicago.—Firemen saved the lives of members of three families when flames broke out simultaneously at 6000 South Halsted street and 6841 South Carpenter street. Three families were made homeless and a woman was overcome by smoke in the Carpenter street fire. Firemen suffered intensely from the cold. Water froze on their faces, and they were repeatedly driven to seek shelter.

Viroqua.—John White, aged ninety years, father of 21 children, died. His eldest son is sixty-four. A large number of grandchildren and great-grandchildren survive him. Mr. White became blind some time ago and kept account of the days of the week and month by putting a little stick into the ground each day.

Salem.—William D. Gramley, a farmer, died from injuries received in a runaway. He is survived by a widow and one child.

TOWNSHIPS SINCE CHRISTMAS

TRAIN, TWO ENGINES AND ROTARY SNOWFLOW STUCK NEAR FAITH, S. D.

LINE IS ORDERED OPENED

State Rail Board Tells C. M. & St. P. It Must Push Through Drifts—Blizzard Follows Blizzard for Weeks.

Mobridge, S. D.—The state board of railroad commissioners has ordered the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad to get a train over its branch line from Mobridge to Faith, S. D., if it takes every locomotive on the system to push a rotary plow through the great snowdrifts which are blocking the line from end to end.

The last train reached Faith on Christmas day, since which time not a message of any kind has come from the town. Faith is on a branch line twenty miles south of Mobridge.

On December 25 a heavy snow fell and no effort was made to run a train over the line for several days. When half way to Faith the train that was finally sent out got stuck in a cut filled with snow and was unable to go forward or to return here. A relief train was sent out and this got stuck. A rotary plow pushed by three locomotives went after the relief train and finally released it, bringing the passengers from the first train back to Mobridge, where they yet are.

Cuts Filled With Snow. Blizzard after blizzard filled the cuts deeper and prevented relief. Whenever a locomotive with a plow was sent out, it had hard work getting back to Mobridge. One locomotive was forced to melt snow for use in the boiler.

On January 6 fifty men with shovels were set to work in an attempt to rescue the rotary plow. When within three miles of it another blizzard came along and filled the cuts which they had shoveled clear. The road finally sent to the mountains for its most powerful rotary plow, with which an effort will be made to break the blockade.

The citizens of Faith are not suffering, as they are supplied with provisions and fuel. At present the branch train, two locomotives and a rotary plow are snowbound out on the line, with no prospects of release until the big plow from the mountains arrives.

Five Joyriders Die. Trenton, N. J.—Five persons, three young women and two men, met violent deaths in a joy ride at Brookville, a few miles from Trenton, when the big Lozier touring car in which they were riding skidded on the icy highway and plunged into the water power canal there.

Iowa Heroine Is Ill. Des Moines, Ia.—Miss Kate Shelley, the heroine who became nationally famous because of her daring act in creeping across High bridge, near Boone, in a storm and warning a Northwestern train of the broken bridge, is critically ill at her home near Boone.

Arkansas Steamer Sinks. Little Rock, Ark.—En route from Marietta, Ark., to Helena, the steamer Nettie Johnson struck heavy ice on Lake L'Anguille and sank in 25 feet of water. Two passengers were drowned. Fourteen were rescued.

General Strike Feared. Lawrence, Mass.—A general strike of all mill workers in New England is feared as the result of the rioting that followed Friday's walk-out of 21,400 operatives, who struck as a protest against their wages being reduced through the operation of the mandatory 54-hour-a-week law. Business is at a standstill here.

Killed in Family Fight. Tampa, Fla.—Insensed because his wife, from whom he had been separated, received a young caller, W. D. Moore shot and fatally wounded his father-in-law, J. R. Robinson, at the Robinson home in Arcadia, near here, and was killed by Robinson's son. The son, John L. Robinson, is wounded, but not fatally.

To Scale Mount McKinley. New York.—Prof. Herschel C. Parker of Columbia university is on his way west for his third attempt to ascend to the summit of Mount McKinley. He proceeds direct to Seattle and will join Belmont Brown, his companion for the rest of the trip, at Tacoma.

\$100,000 Court House Burns. Logan, W. Va.—The \$100,000 Mingo county court house, with all the county records, five business houses and eight residences, were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$250,000.

Frontenac Hotel Is Burned. Frankfort, Mich.—The Frontenac hotel, owned by the Ann Arbor railway and valued at \$150,000, is in ruins, destroyed by a fire of unknown origin. The hotel was used as a summer resort and was closed.

Congressional Notes

Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas made his annual attack on the New York cotton exchange, and the predatory wealth of the country. His address was characteristic of his former speeches in the senate and at least one of his auditors manifested an unusual interest and keen delight at his eloquence. Mrs. Davis, his bride at a few weeks, occupied a seat in the private gallery, and listened intently to the Arkansasian.

A joint committee of congress met with a commission from Pennsylvania to consider plans for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg. It is proposed to commemorate the battle by the erection of a monument to cost \$500,000.

Charles W. Morse, the former New York banker, was ordered transferred from Fort McPherson, Ga., to the army general hospital, Hot Springs, Ark. President Taft and Attorney General Wickham decided on the transfer, believing special medical treatment was necessary.

The Lodge amendment to the resolution for the ratification of the treaties with Great Britain and France has stirred unexpected opposition from Democratic senators. It is favored, however, by three-fourths of the Republican senators who accept it as a compromise of all differences.

President Taft's economy commission has decided to recommend the discontinuance of the position known as "naval officer."

Representative Smith of Texas, a Democrat, attacked President Taft in the house for alleged failure to protect Americans on the border during the Mexican revolution last year.

Samuel Gompers and the executive council of the American Federation of Labor urged the house committee on labor to report a bill creating a department of labor, with cabinet rank.

Republican insurgents met defeat in their first clash in the house in an attempt to upset Republican Leader Mann's power to name all Republican candidates for places on the house committee.

Representative Hensley of Missouri, from the committee on labor, reported the bill of Representative Booher of Missouri, making interstate shipments of convict-made goods subject to state laws.

President and Mrs. Taft gave the first big reception of the winter at the White House in honor of the diplomatic corps. This reception, with that to the army and navy, are the most brilliant in color, at least, of any during the season, and practically every diplomat and legation attache in Washington attended.

The changes in committee assignments made necessary by the death of Senator Frye were made by the senate. Senator Nelson was made chairman of the committee on commerce, Senator Smoot of the committee on public lands, Senator Richardson of the committee on printing, Senator Lorimer of the committee on Pacific islands and Porto Rico, and Senator Poindexter of the committee on mines and mining. Senator Crane was assigned to the vacancy on the committee on commerce and Senator Dillingham to the vacancy on foreign relations.

The discharge of 1,100 clerks from the census office because of the lack of funds has so crippled the thirteenth decennial census work, according to a report from Director Durand to Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, that it will be impossible to complete a number of important subjects by June 30, the date set by law for the publication of all the results.

An investigation of Indian land timber contracts, held by the Weyerhaeuser interests and other large companies in the West, is under consideration by the house committee on Indian affairs.

Chairman McCumber, of the senate committee on pensions, has a bill of his own, embodying both age and service features which he will urge as a substitute. His estimate of the annual cost under his bill is approximately \$17,000,000, while the Sherwood bill is estimated at about \$75,000,000.

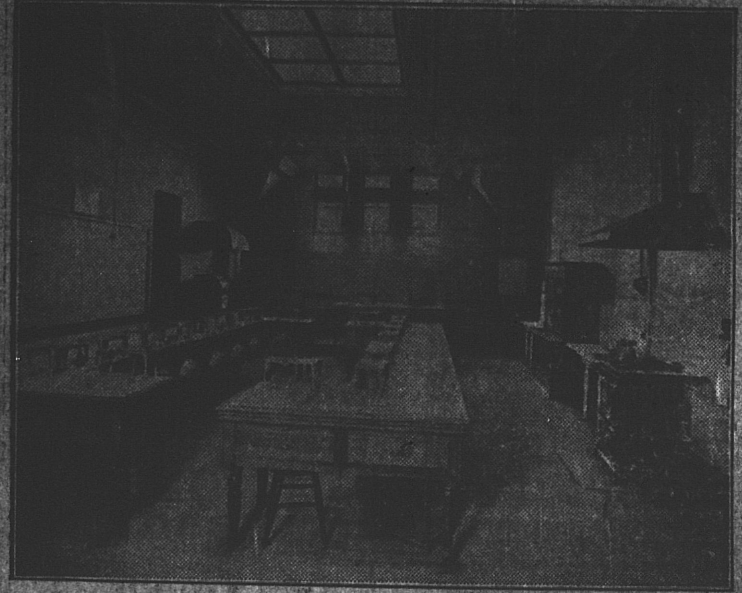
Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester, and president of the National Conservation association, issued a statement urging the defeat in congress of a bill introduced by Representative Baker of California, granting a water pipe line right of way through Mena national forest to the Hydro-Electric company of California.

Representative Dyer of St. Louis has introduced a bill amending the immigration and naturalization laws to provide that any alien 21 years of age and upward who has served in the United States army navy or marine corps during the civil war, the Spanish war or the Philippine insurrection, and who has received an honorable discharge after one enlistment, may be naturalized in any court of competent jurisdiction upon the exhibition of his discharge and his identification by two competent witnesses.

The house committee on foreign affairs granted Representative Bartholdt a hearing on his resolution appropriating \$50,000 for the entertainment of the Interparliamentary Union during its conference in Washington next fall, and voted unanimously to report it.

Senator Newlands' bill providing a co-operative program of river improvements for the federal government and the states, was referred to a subcommittee composed of Senators Burton, Newlands, Martin, Crawford and Godfrey.

TRAINING IN DOMESTIC SCIENCE FOR GIRLS IN HIGH SCHOOLS OF ILLINOIS



By HELEN H. PINCOMB
University of Illinois.

Three years ago 43 high school girls located in 24 counties in Illinois were teaching a few girls of the state to select and prepare suitable food, to serve it attractively and know its value, to choose cloth suited to its purpose, to cut and make undergarments, dresses and shirt waists, to know quality and respect genuineness, to plan economically, to appreciate pure air and know how to secure it, to be of real service at home and take pleasure in the service, to be artists rather than artisans in the home. This year 96 high schools are teaching these things in 50 different counties.

Equipment in these schools costs from \$300 to \$800 and occasionally less. In some cases equipment is simple and inexpensive. Old slate blackboards are made into table tops by the boys in manual training. Utensils are furnished by the woman's club. Instead of gasoline stoves, in some communities the gasoline or acetylene gas plant is available. In the picture the equipment shown is more elaborate;

COMPETITIVE COW TEST IN ILLINOIS

By C. C. HAYDEN,
Assistant Professor of Dairy Husbandry, University of Illinois.

About three years ago a club was organized in Iowa, known as the "Cow Culture Club." Its subject was the improvement of the dairy cattle of the state. One of its members offered \$1,000 to be given in prizes for the cows producing the largest amount of butter fat in one year. A state-wide contest was started and 107 cows were entered. Later, the same person offered an equal amount for a like contest in Wisconsin, in which contest over 500 cows were entered.

Believing that a similar competition in Illinois would encourage more general testing and more intelligent breeding, the department of dairy husbandry of Illinois has taken the matter under consideration but no funds were available for prizes. Finally Mr. C. F. Reynolds, then editor of the Prairie Farmer, took up the idea on his own initiative and presented it to Mr. B. D. Butler, the publisher, who offered \$1,000 and they agreed to solicit prizes from other sources. In all, offers of nearly \$3,500 worth of prizes were secured. The majority of the offerings in merchandise were to be given as monthly prizes. This latter was done in order that the prizes might be more widely distributed. The contest was open for entries October 1st, 1910, and closed November 1st, 1911. All records will be contested October 31, 1912. For the first month the entries came in rather slowly and for a time it seemed doubtful if the effort expended would be worth while. Later, however, they came in more rapidly and at the close, 197 cows representing 24 Illinois herds, had been entered.

Name of Cow	Guernsey	Total Lbs.	Total Fat	Total Cream
Golden Elaine, 5 1/2 years	20,485	5,417.4	485.222	483,292
Beth's Delight, 4 1/2 years	21,725	5,922.5	576.775	522,550
Mother's Queen, 7 1/2 years	22,716	5,271.1	395,545	398,545
Rayanna, 7 1/2 years	19,770	10,152.2	472,505	478,505
Mrs. William of Riverside, 7 1/2 years	15,533	11,194.3	558,594	559,594
Rosetta of Lebanon, 4-5 years	20,322	10,025.2	497,795	474,905
Lady Chesterbrook of Haddon, 5 1/2 years	22,791	11,973.5	597,734	597,734
Bealey Farm Frelia, 2 1/2 years	25,351	3,864.3	476,555	593,791
Holstein				
Freshland DeKol 3d, 4 1/2 years	21,045	16,110.4	616,914	623,690
Pietertje Lass Pauline Homstead, 2 yrs.	123,044	12,973.4	478,493	624,321
Jersey				
Uncle Peter's Mattie, 3 years	22,560	5,884.5	304,223	485,672
Uncle Peter's Flora, 4 years	22,594	5,205.7	334,147	475,127
Pedro's Spotted K., 2 years	19,255	5,202.3	320,522	395,222
Uncle Peter's Importa, 2 years 3 mo.	24,921	3,422.3	399,012	395,222

The conditions of the test were such that any cow owned by a resident of the state could be entered regardless of whether or not she was a pure-bred animal. Where pure-bred cattle are tested, the test is conducted in such a manner that the cow may be admitted to the advanced register at a reduced cost for testing. To encourage the entry of grade cows, the cost was made just one-half that for the pure-breds.

The 24 herds are mostly in the northern part of the state but extend as far south as Edwards county and from Vermilion county on the east to McDonough county on the west. Hol-

stein, Guernseys, Jerseys, Brown Swiss and grades have been entered.

Some of the best records made thus far have come from herds which were previously practically unknown to the public and whose owners did not realize how good their cows were.

The work has increased so rapidly that it has been difficult to secure a sufficient number of properly-trained men to do the testing. There are now under test about five times as many as at any previous time. Besides this, it has stimulated greater activity in short time tests among the breeders of Holsteins. The work of checking up the records requires the entire time of one clerk and part time of others.

This increase is the more remarkable when we consider the small number of good herds of pure-bred cattle within the state. Probably not over 2 per cent. of the cows within the state are pure-bred registered animals and only a very small fraction of 1 per cent. have been officially or privately tested for production of milk and butter fat. This shows that there is a vast opportunity and great need for improvement. No stone should be left unturned that will help bring this about. To this end, the competition seems to be serving its purpose well. Already the station has had letters from breeders expressing their appreciation of the work and its benefits to them.

No phenomenal records are being made, but a large number of them are very creditable, and practically all are sufficient to admit the cows to the advanced register which, after all, is more important than the winning of a few prizes. The system of giving monthly prizes has made it possible for a large number of cows to win prizes and thus far, they have been quite evenly distributed among the herds.

To the present time, the following cows have completed their year's work:

Name of Cow	Guernsey	Total Lbs.	Total Fat	Total Cream
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Beth's Delight, 4 1/2 years	21,725	5,922.5	576.775	522,550
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Uncle Peter's Importa, 2 years 3 mo.	24,921	3,422.3	399,012	395,222

The above table shows that but one of these cows has made a really poor record and some have made very good records. If the production of all cows in Illinois were raised to the above average, at least one-third of the cows might be disposed of and yet we would receive the same amount of product. To place cows of different ages on the same basis, 1 per cent. of the actual production was added for each month the cow is under 5 years of age.

Cleanliness With Turkeys.
Cleanliness is absolutely necessary for success in turkey raising.

IS IDOL OF THE TEACHERS

Grace C. Strachan, Leader of the Movement for Equal Pay in New York.

New York.—Grace C. Strachan is considerable of a heroine among the 14,000 women who teach in the schools of New York. She is president of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers and was a leading advocate in the long struggle which resulted in equal pay for teachers regardless of sex.

In New York as elsewhere in American cities women predominate in the teaching force, but until lately what men were employed received larger salaries. The women believed they should receive the same remuneration



as men doing similar work and finally they won out. But the victory has not been altogether without its drawbacks. Heretofore, because of the difference in salaries demanded, the tendency has been to exclude the men in favor of the women wherever possible.

Now, however, the salaries being equal, the women find themselves differentiated against whenever men teachers are procurable. The number of the latter, however, is limited, and not very many women find themselves excluded from the better positions.

Out of the campaign for the passage of the equal pay bill have grown many charges of the corrupt use of money.

At the hearing held in New York Miss Strachan stated that the women had spent \$100,000 to bring about the passage of the equal pay law. Miss Strachan denies that any of this money was paid to influence legislation. Most of it went to lawyers. On the other hand Owen Behan has been charged before the grievance department of the Bar association with having raised a corruption fund to further legislation for the men teachers.

CROCKETT'S LONE STAR HOME

Old House Near San Antonio Treasured as a Memorial to the Texas Hero.

San Antonio, Tex.—Davy Crockett's old home in Texas in the vicinity of San Antonio is treasured as a memorial to the Lone Star hero whose adventurous career in the early days of the west is filled with many thrilling events.

As one of the defenders of the Alamo he has won fame as a martyr to liberty. He was one of the six survivors who surrendered to the Mexican general, Santa Anna, and was shot after the surrender by Santa Anna's orders. Crockett's career has furnished the theme for many a thrilling tale of the frontier.

He was born in Tennessee in 1786, and his youth was spent in hunting and pioneer work in the western part of that state. He was elected to con-



Davy Crockett's Home.

gress from that state in 1826, but his opposition to certain of Jackson's measures resulted in his defeat in 1830. He joined the Texans in the struggle for independence from Mexico in 1836, and was one of the famous 140 who defended the Alamo at the cost of their lives.

UMBRELLA ROUTS A FOOTPAD

Plucky Pennsylvania Young Woman Beats Bold Purse Grabber Till He Runs Away.

Altoona, Pa.—Instead of screaming and then fainting when she was held up by a bold highwayman while on her way home with half a month's pay in her purse, Miss Margaret Dixon, a pretty auditor in a shoe store, courageously repelled the insolent fellow.

She was carrying a closed umbrella, and when the footpad attempted to wrest her handbag from her grasp, she bravely began beating him over the head.

The attack took him by surprise, and he was on the run before he knew it, and there was not a single pedestrian in sight.

RECOGNIZED THE ACTION



Little Nell—I didn't know that they played "I Spy" in church, mamma.

Mamma—What do you mean, my child?

Little Nell—Why, the preacher said "Let's Play," and everybody held their hands up to their faces.

The trouble with a good bit of reform is that it is badly in need of reforming.

Why He Couldn't Sit Down

Harry, aged six, is an orphan; but an indulgent grandmother and kind maiden aunt have taken care of him. The first pair of knickerbockers were secured recently, and it was a proud moment for the boy when his aunt put them on him on Sunday morning and he was permitted to go to church with his grandmother. Naturally maiden aunts know very little about the arrangement of knickerbockers, and there was a suspicious fullness in front and an equally mystifying tightness in the back to be observed, as the little chap trudged happily along. In church Harry sat down, but did not appear comfortable and stood up. "Harry, sit down," whispered his grandmother. He obediently climbed back on the seat, but soon slipped off again. "Harry, you must sit down." "Grandma, I can't. My pants is choking me." She looked more closely than her dim sight had before permitted, and discovered the new little knickerbockers were on hind side before Harry stood up during the remainder of the service.

Wanted "Mill" Supplies.

"I see that you deal in mill supplies."

"Yes."

"Well, I'd like to buy a pair of boxing gloves."

THE ONE TO BE PLEASED



De Jaw—No, we never have roast pork at our house any more.

De Fav—Why, I thought you were very fond of it?

De Jaw—So I am, but my wife's pet dog won't eat any of it at all.

Looking Upward.

(In 1999)—"Marie, bring out the aeroambulator, and take baby up for an airing."—Judge.

A Hold-Up

An Oppressive Trust.

Before the Coffee Roasters' Association, in session at Chicago on Thursday, Thomas J. Webb, of Chicago, charged that there is in existence a coffee combine which is "the most monstrous imposition in the history of human commerce."

There is very slight exaggeration about this statement. It comes very close to being literally true. There is a coffee combine in Brazil, from which country comes the bulk of the coffee used in the United States, which is backed by the government of Brazil and financed by it, which compels American consumers, as Mr. Webb said, "to pay famine prices for coffee when no famine exists."

The worst thing about this is that the consumers of the United States have been compelled to put up the money through which this combine, to further cinch them, has been made effective. There were formerly revenue duties imposed upon all coffee entering the United States. These taxes were denounced as an imposition upon the people; as taxing the poor man's breakfast table, and the like. The taxes were removed. Immediately thereafter Brazil imposed an export duty upon coffee up to the full amount of the former customs taxes in this country. The revenue which formerly went into the treasury of the United States was diverted to the treasury of Brazil. The poor man's breakfast coffee continued to cost him the same old price.

But this was only the commencement. The "valorization" plan was evolved in Brazil. Through this plan the government, using the revenues derived from the export duties for the purpose, takes all of the surplus crop in a season of large yields and holds it off the market, thus keeping the supply down to the demands of the market and permitting the planters to receive a much higher price than they would otherwise have done.

The United States consumes more Brazilian coffee than does the rest of the world. We are the best customers of Brazil, and Brazil buys little from us. Now Brazil is promoting, financing and maintaining a trust designed, and working effectively for the purpose, to compel American consumers to pay an exorbitant price for the coffee they use. What is the remedy?—Seattle Post-Intelligencer—Nov. 19, 1911.

He did

"Compels"

tax Americans

Get this clear

Then this

Standard statistics of the coffee trade show a falling off in sales during the last two years of over two hundred million pounds. Authenticated reports from the Postum factories in this city show a tremendous increase in the sale of Postum in a like period of time. While the sales of Postum invariably show marked increase year over year, the extraordinary demand for that well-known breakfast beverage during 1911 is very likely due to a public awakening to the oppression of the coffee trust. Such an awakening naturally dispels the multitude who suffer from the ill effects of coffee drinking to be more receptive to knowledge of harm which so often comes as a result of the use of the drug-beverage, coffee.—Seattle Creek Evening Star—Dec. 19, 1912.

POSTUM

is a pure food-drink made of the field grains, with a pleasing flavour not unlike high grade Java.

A Big Package
About 1 1/2 lbs. Costs 25 cts.
At Grocers

Economy to one's purse is not the main reason for using Postum.

It is absolutely free from any harmful substance, such as "caffeine" (the drug in coffee), to which so much of the nervousness, biliousness and indigestion of today are due. Thousands of former coffee drinkers now use Postum because they know from experience the harm that coffee drinking causes.

Boil it according to directions (that's easy) and it will become clear to you why—

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Michigan.

Around the County

East Whittier

Wilbert (Bert) Waggoner died at the home of his mother Mrs. Neely Waggoner about 2 a. m. Tuesday. A few years ago he went to Arkansas where he contracted a severe case of malaria poisoning. Later Bright's disease developed. He was the oldest son of Mrs. Waggoner, deceased and wife. His immediate relatives besides his mother, are two sisters Mrs. M. A. Mattox of Sullivan, Mrs. W. I. Layton living near Atlantic, Iowa, and a brother Richard Waggoner living somewhere in Missouri. He was forty-three years old and unmarried. The funeral was preached at the residence of his mother at 1:30 p. m. Wednesday, and the remains taken to the Waggoner graveyard near by for interment.

About 1:15 o'clock Monday morning the dwelling house of the late William Niles was found to be ablaze. A general alarm was sounded by telephone, to which all responded, but nothing was saved except a box of meat. As the house had been shut up for a week the fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin, the motive yet to be learned.

You will look awhile before you find a better medicine for coughs and colds than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It not only gives relief—it cures. Try it when you have a cough or cold, and you are certain to be pleased with the prompt cure which it will effect. For sale by SAM HALL, and all dealers.

Allenville

John Martin, who is attending school at Charleston, spent Sunday with his mother.

Dorothy Leffer spent Sunday with Bertha Preston.

Riley Burcham spent Friday night with his parents.

Born recently to Mr. and Mrs. John Lowe, an heir.

Valeria Burcham began her school at Harmony Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Beck closed their school here last Friday, and gave a program which was well attended, and all enjoyed it very much. This is their third year here which speaks well for them.

The Easter exercises were well attended at the Christian church Sunday night.

You can make old Campbell furniture harmonize with new surroundings by applying one coat of Chamberlain's Varnish Stain. These stains are transparent and impart a fine color and finish without obscuring the grain of the wood. Any experienced person can use them. Apply to A. C. CORBIN, for color card.

Lovington

The Mothers club regular meeting was held at the city school building Friday afternoon. A very interesting program was rendered.

For rheumatism you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it and see how quickly it gives relief. For sale by SAM H. HALL and all dealers.

A lecture course has been organized in Lovington, and a course purchased from a Chicago bureau.

Harmony
L. N. Marble and Edgar Hoke are having some tiling done on their farms.

Uncle John F. Hoke is improving slowly from his recent illness.

Bruce calls Friday were B. F. Miller, W. G. Butler and son Mrs. Grace Selock and Mrs. Laura Bond.

Harvey Carter was a business caller in Sullivan, Thursday.

Clem Messmore and wife were in Sullivan, Monday.

Granville Marble of Bement visited over Sunday with home folks.

J. E. Briscoe, and Luther Marble's were the guests of I. N. Marble's Sunday.

There were several egg roasts in this vicinity Sunday afternoon and night.

Several from here attended the election held in Kirksville, Tuesday. Mrs. Jane Miller and daughter Mamie and Mrs. Emma Selock spent Tuesday with relatives near Allenville.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh Containing Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold of the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Chesey & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio by F. J. Chesey & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price 25 c. per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Dunn

Mrs. John Hawbacker and son Leslie spent Friday night with Willard Shasteen and family.

Miss Anna Cooley is visiting with her friend Miss Effa Standerfer.

Mrs. Walter Shipman was the guest of Mrs. Frank Monroe of Bethany Saturday.

Miss Effa Standerfer was shopping in Bethany Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Willard Standerfer was the guest of Mrs. Walter Shipman Sunday afternoon.

Harry Standerfer attended the old settlers' contest at Bethany Wednesday night.

Walter Shipman was a caller in Bethany Wednesday.

Rev. Wm. Webb filled his regular appointment at Oak Grove Sunday.

Mrs. Jesse Cunningham, Mary Shipman, Mrs. Taylor, and Miss May Shipman spent Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Walter Shipman.

Dr. Cunningham of Bethany was the guest of J. Cunningham's Thursday.

Miss Ethel Grigsby of Sullivan was the guest of Albert Taylor's Tuesday night.

Miss Fern Butts was shopping in Sullivan, Wednesday.

Mrs. Jessie Swank is visiting this week with Grover McMahan's of Bethany.

Godfrey Shipman was a caller in Bethany, Wednesday.

YOU RISK NO MONEY.

Our Reputation and Money are back of This Offer.

We pay for all the medicine used during the trial, if our remedy fails to completely relieve you of constipation. We take all the risk. You are not obligated to us in any way whatever, if you accept our offer. Could anything be more fair to you? Is there any reason why you should hesitate to put our claims to a practical test?

A most scientific, common-sense treatment is Rexall Orderlies, which are eaten like candy. They are very pronounced, gentle and pleasant in action, and particularly agreeable in every way. They do not cause diarrhoea, nausea, flatulence, griping, or other inconvenience. Rexall Orderlies are particularly good for children, aged and delicate persons.

We urge you to try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. Three sizes, 10c., 25c., and 50c. Remember you can get Rexall Remedies in this community only at our store—The Rexall Store, A. G. BARRUM, Sullivan, Ill.

Efforts Not All Wasted.
A Geneva ear and throat specialist declares that yawning is helpful; in fact, that it is one of the most beneficial forms of exercise. Hereafter speakers who are a little shy on eloquence may know that at least they do some good to their auditors.

THE MICROBE IN YOUR HAIR.

It Has Been Proved That Microbes Cause Baldness.

Professor Unna of Hamburg, Germany, and Dr. Sabouraud, the leading French dermatologist, discovered that a microbe causes baldness. Their theory has time and again been amply verified through research experiments carried on under the observation of eminent scientists. This microbe lodges in the Sebium, which is a natural hair oil, and when permitted to flourish it destroys the hair follicles and in time the pores entirely close, and the scalp gradually takes on a shiny appearance. When this happens there is no hope of the growth of the hair being revived.

We have a remedy which will, we honestly believe, remove dandruff, exterminate the microbe, promote good circulation in the scalp and around the hair roots, tighten and revitalize the hair roots, and overcome baldness, so long as there is any life left in the hair roots.

We back up this statement with our own personal guarantee that this remedy called Rexall "93" Hair Tonic will be supplied free of all cost to the user if it fails to do as we state.

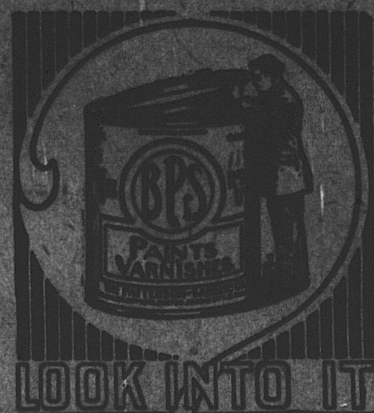
It will frequently help to restore gray and faded hair to its original color, providing loss of color has been caused by disease; yet it is in no sense a dye. Rexall "93" Hair Tonic accomplishes these results by aiding in making every hair root, follicle, and pigment gland strong and active, and by stimulating a natural flow of coloring pigment throughout the hair cells.

We exact no obligations or promises—we simply ask you to give Rexall "93" Hair Tonic a thorough trial and if not satisfied tell us and we will refund the money you paid us for it. Two sizes, prices 50 cents and one dollar. Remember, you can obtain it in Sullivan only at our store—The Rexall Store, A. G. BARRUM, Sullivan, Ill.

The SEASON of the YEAR TO PAINT

AS * TO * WHAT * BRAND - SEE -

A Complete Line of
DRUGS
Sundries,
Toilet Articles,
Glass,
Putty,
Paints,
Lead, Oil,
Varnishes,
And a generally representative line of
Medicines.



The Paint Question will be settled when you let us open up a can of B. P. S. Paint for you.

Come In! We'll explain why we believe B. P. S. is the Best Paint Sold.

Sam B. Hall

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Diamonds, Fancy Goods, Cut Glass, China, Bric-a-Brac, Silverware, Table ware, Souvenir Spoons.

An elegant line of Rings, Bracelets, Brooches, Neck Chains, and a complete line usually carried in such stocks.

OFFICIAL BALLOT

FIRST WARD

PEOPLES CITIZENS
FOR ALDERMAN
 CHARLES F. McCLURE O. B. LOWE

The above is a fac-simile of the official ballot to be voted at the annual city election to be held in the first ward in the city of Sullivan Illinois, on Tuesday, April 16, A. D. 1912.
ART ASHBROOK, City Clerk.

OFFICIAL BALLOT

SECOND WARD

PEOPLES CITIZENS
FOR ALDERMAN
 T. F. HARRIS G. S. THOMPSON

The above is a fac-simile of the official ballot to be voted at the annual city election to be held in the second ward in the city of Sullivan, Illinois, on Tuesday, April 16, A. D. 1912.
ART ASHBROOK, City Clerk.

Official Ballot

THIRD WARD

PEOPLES CITIZENS
FOR ALDERMAN
 J. T. ENTERLINE CHAS. H. MONROE

The above is a fac-simile of the official ballot to be voted at the annual city election to be held in the third ward in the city of Sullivan, Illinois, on Tuesday, April 16, A. D. 1912.
ART ASHBROOK, City Clerk.

ATTENTION! SMALL FRUIT GROWERS

All kinds of small fruit plants to be delivered at my home six blocks south of public square, in April, 1912.

Strawberry Plants a Specialty

No. 1 plants, well tested varieties. Prices, 60c, 70c, and 80c per 100. Call on me or drop a card as I am confined to the house.

C. S. TABOR, Sullivan, Ill.

Impetueux 79722

We wish to call the attention of breeders to the imported Percheron stallion we have recently purchased. He is a dark steel gray of great style and conformation coming four years old, weight 2000 pounds. He is a very easy keeper resembling a Belgian in this respect, being very big of middle and close coupled. His bone is very clean and flinty and his action is perfect, as it is seldom you see a horse his equal in this respect. Impetueux is a colt of much style and finish having the same characteristics in this respect as his noted ancestors the Brilliants. We would like to speak of his blood lines, but will try to do this later.

Impetueux 79722 will make the season of 1912 at the home place of J. B. Wiley, six miles east of Sullivan, and four miles north-east of Allenville.

Our terms are very reasonable. Call at the farm and see the horse. If you haven't time, call phone 729, on Sullivan line.

WILEY BROS., Owners.

MELVIN HULSAPPLE, Keeper.

Prizes for Best Colts

We wish to call special attention to the prizes which will be awarded to the owners of the best colts sired by our Stallion Impetueux 79722. We wish to get every one acquainted with this horse and his get, so we have made arrangements for a colt show to be held some time in September, 1912. For the best colt sired by Impetueux we will give one service fee, \$15, plus \$1.00. For the second best, a cash prize of \$10.00. For the third best, \$5.00. Fourth best, \$3.00 and the fifth \$1.00.

Considering the very low price at which we are standing this stallion, it will certainly pay any one having good mares to call and inspect this horse.

WILEY BROS., Owners.

Wabash R. R. Colonist Rates.

March 1st to April 15th, daily low one-way colonist rates, in effect from Sullivan to many points in the West and Northwest via Wabash R. R. Very low rates to Washington and Oregon points. Read, Oregon, \$33; Portland, Oregon, \$33; Seattle, Washington, \$33; Los Angeles, California, \$32.55. See Wabash agent. 5-9

Essence! Try Zemo.

Yes try Zemo. That's all you need do to get rid of worst case of eczema. You take no chance, it is no experiment. Zemo is positively guaranteed to stop itching, rash, raw, bleeding sores, make a pimple face smooth and clean. Zemo is a wonder and the minute applied it sinks in, vanishes, leaves no evidence, doesn't stick, no grease, just a pure, clean, wonderful liquid and it cures. This is guaranteed. Try one 25-cent bottle and be convinced. B. B. Hall's Drug store.

Pale Faces

Pale-faced, weak, and thaly women—who suffer every day with womanly weakness—need the help of a gentle tonic, with a building action on the womanly system. If you are weak—you need Cardui, the woman's tonic, because Cardui will act directly on the cause of your trouble. Cardui has a record of more than 50 years of success. It must be good.

Take CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Effie Graham, of Willard, Ky., says: "I was so weak I could hardly go. I suffered, nearly every month, for 3 years. When I began to take Cardui, my back hurt awfully. I only weighed 99 pounds. Not long after, I weighed 115. Now, I do all my work, and am in good health." Begin taking Cardui, today.