NUMBER 52

are in strict accordance

with the latest developments in Optical Science.

Why Take Chances

With the traveling opticion, who cannot carry the suitable saulpment for properly testing your eyes?

COME TO AUGUSTINE, 'or 18 years Decaur's Leading Opticina. His glasses will please you. His factory, on the premises, insures prompt deliveries.

MR. RUSSELL H. OPLINGER



Being a Boy.

It's the greatest thing in the world to be a boy. A real, live American boy gets more genuiue pleasure out of life, to the square inch, than any other being in the world. Many things the ordinary citizen overlooks interests a boy. He gets unlimited pleasure out of tricks and trifles that yould be a bore to an ordinary adult

The boy who bas not manufactur ed a kite, has mused much. Every boy has gone swimming in the creek or pond, caught frogs and crayfish, and set traps for muskrats and minks Pity the boy who has not thus come in contact with nature, He has missed much that nothing in his exerience afterward can compensate

with the feedly of basine, a conpeculiar keeness of observation hat is why they can see inn where there fail to see it. Much of a boy's ducation comes through his keen obervation

Within the past year I came to know a boy who could name, describe, and tell much of the habits of more than twenty different species of birds in his locality. He could and the kind and number of eggs de-

posited

That hoy was using his powers o observation in obtaining wholesome pleasure and at the same time was dening and educating himself in By effective way, Boys, use your owers so that an increase and not a crease may result from their ex-

Since the Creator has so rich! blessed boys with all that goes to aid in adjusting themselves to their con ditions, it naturally follows that he xpects much of them. They have much to do in their own development. Many tasks fall to them which should be willingly and cheerfully performed . Boys owe much to thei parents. No one will do so much for them, or have so much patience with their faults. They owe not a little to their teachers who work so bard to teach them to help themselves And still another class comes in for the help and consideration of boys, This class is their playmates. How much fun could boys have without their playmates?

uphind he is unhappy and makes hogs to buy more land to raise more others unhappy. If he is unjust in corn to feed more hogs to get more is dealing with others his future is money to buy more land etc. gerous and little trust can be ed in him.

I hope all boys who may chauce

Parmers Can Stand | LUST OF PROMITING

Farmers have demonstrated their ability to live in spite To Be Offered on School Work of unfavorable conditions or actual misfortunes. The closing year has been one of unprecedented reverses. The Department at Washington has done its best to minimize the failure or shortness of crops, but its own reports show that a more disastrous year seldom came to the farms of the United States. In certain localities 1881 is referred to as bad, but it was not. That year was bad in places, and pos-sibly as great local failures in some crops as this year, but in 1913 the good crops are decidedly local and exceptional, the reduced yields and failures extend all over the country. Taking the country over, the wheat crop was fair, but every thing else is away below normal. Such a scarcity of seasonable garden products was never known, and there are places in the corn belt where good and ordinarily successful farmers must buy their corn supply where such a thing as that was never known before. And many other things farmers are accustomed to have in abundance they must buy or do without.

Yet in all these reverses the farmers are confident and cheerful, and are ready as the wood choppers say, to "spit a on their hands and try it again." A large acreage of winter wheat has been sown, and as a rule it was put in in
good condition and is looking well. Also in many of the
Best origins best hay-producing sections large areas of grass have been sown, and so far that, too, promises well. Farmers may be knocked down, but they won't stay there. They are accustomed to overcoming difficulties and they have learned to always be ready for them.

But there are those who will suffer more because of the calamities of this year than the farmers will. It is not necessary to enumerate the classes of business that will suffer from that condition. And freight traffic will be reduced from both ends of the line and that will seriously effect the carrying trade. We scarcely know whether to mention the consumers of farm products, though it would seem that class would be the first to name as sufferers. But under the present monstrosity of a marketing system we do not know. These supplies are so absolutely controlled by profit grabbers that, whether crops are good or bad, the supply is only what the speculating stores choose to make it, and there is perhaps enough now to supply the demand as they usually supply it. It depends on them.

Some things, however, are proved by the year's crop of failures. One that farmers can stand much and yet live This ought to have been strown before. Otherwise they nst them from a business standpoint. Another is that business generally depends upon the farmers. When their resources are crippled trade is crippled. We need not specialize further. Everybody is interested in a prosper ous agriculture, and everybody should aid the farmers in any movement that is calculated to bring them what belongs to them and thus add to prosperity.

We publish this week a final estimate of local crop production of Illinois and the United States and prices, based upon prices of December 1. The statistics are taken from describe the nest of many of them the United States Department of Argiculture.

CROP	illinois.		UNITED STATES,	
	1913	1912.	1913.	1912.
Corn, bushels price-Dec. 1 value	282,150,000 63 cents \$ 177,745,000	41 cents,	69 cents.	3,124,746,000 49 cents, 1,520,454 000
Wheat, bushels price Dec. 1 value	41,888,000 86 cents. \$ 36,024.000	9,818,000 88 cents, 8,641,000		76 cents.
Osts, bushels price Dec. 1 value	104,125,000 38 cents. \$ 39,568,000	182,726.000 30 cents 54 818,000	39 cents.	
Potatoes, bushels price Dec 1 value	5,750,000 89 cents, 5,118,000	13,837,000 60 cents, 8,302,000	, 69 cents	51 cents.
Sweet Potatoes, bu price Decvalue	560,000 \$1.06 594.900	95 cents.	73 cents	73 cents
Hay, tous price Dec, I value	2,450,000 \$ 14,10 34,545,000	3,266,000 12 60 41,152,000	12.4	11 79
25、1、1740年代社会公司基本的证明,1820年代的企业的规划。1820年代	DECEMBER OF BUILDING DOC	1. 6年後日,李江日前國社(中國的)。10日	the west of the stander of the or of the	88-41-7C-888889884-7015

From a Hog Raiser.

P. J. Patterson, of Cedardale farm, at the southeastern limits of Sullivan. has had much experience in raising Boys owe it to themselves, their hogs. As his system has been a sucparents, teachers and playmates to cess, we publish a letter from him to be honest, kind and just The boy the boy corn growers of Moultrie who is dishonest weakens himself county as some of them may wish to and makes others weaker. If he is feed their corn to hogs, and sell the

"As a hog feeder I am often asked, Does it pay to feed this high-priced corn to hogs?' I answer, 'Yes,' and read this short article, know how here are some figures to prove that it y I hope all boys, who read does: On June 26, 1913, I bought 38 article, know how to work pigs that weighed 31 pounds each, all work and no play makes jack On July 16 I bought 12 that weighed I boy" is an old adage, and the 37 pounds each, and on August 15 site of this adage is quite as I like to see a boy play and hard, but when a boy is at work not want to see him play at all and play do not mix well or the other will have the first Which will it be?

37 pounds esch, and on August 15 I bought 25 that averaged 47 pounds. I fed them just enough corn to keep them growing until October 1, then I began to increase the feed. On October 25 I placed them on full feed and they averaged 107 pounds. they averaged 107 pounds. I contin-

until December 22 when I sold them. Their average weight was 2051/2 pounds. They had consumed 200 bushels of old corn and 570 bushels of new corn, making a total of 770 bushels of corn. I also used 2000 pounds of shorts in making slop, which cost me \$29 00. I gave them all the slop they would drink twice a day. The water was furnished by my compressed air water system, which is piped into all of my feed lots. The hogs were fed on a concrete platform 12x36 feet, and drank from a concrete trough 24 feet long, on each side of which was a concrete walk four feet

The total first cost of the 75 pigs was \$250 or 8 3-4 cents per pound. I sold them for 7% cents per pound and received \$:157.00. By calculating you will find that I received \$:.14 per bushel for the corn I ted these hogs. I made it pay, and pay well," P. J. PATTERSON.

For Sale-White oak fence posts. THOS. H. FINLEY. ued to give them all they could eat 47-tf. FRANK DOUGHTY, R. R. 4.

the Moultrie County ers' institute.

Jan. 14, 15, 16, 1914

display of school work, done upils of any one school, to be a pupils at according to number of pupils

Beat es a a y ou Should or Should b 7th and 8th grades

Best original e Make Our Russi Open to all panil pending a rural county. First coupson, Second school in Mo prize \$1,00, G.

open to all al or village unty, First Prize, Ham-B. F. Peaorigina pupils attendit

in Monitrie in Monitrie \$5.00 gold med-and prize \$1.50 al, E, A. Colle

Duited States, Piret prize \$1.00/ bis, made of corn. ub, C. A Gibson. Best map o prize \$2.50. 8

Best map of First prize \$3 and prize \$1.0

irle county, drawn set prize, best pair fit prize winner— Best map of by grade pupil, of shoes in stor T, G, Hughes, trade, Sickafus nd prize \$1 50 in

Best paper Corn Crib' I problem and cash, Van D. R How to Gauge a rate with a solved ing. Prize \$2.50

Best model ouse; select ye prize **35** cash,

Best free has enell, prize for tot made, \$1

ade, SI,oo cash 5th grade, \$1.00 cash. 6th grade, \$1.00 cash.

7th grade, \$1.00 cash

8th grade, \$1,00 cash. By high school, \$1.00 cash, J.

Best penmanship from any grad-

school pupil. 1st prize \$1.00 cash 2nd prize, 50 cents cash. Best penmanship from any high school pupil. First prize, \$1.00 cash, Dr. S. W. Johnson. 2nd prize, 50 cents cash, Dr. S. W. Johnson.

Best selection of woods grown in Moultrie county. Sample to be about eight inches in length and two or

three inches in diameter, First prize, \$1.00 in trade, Frank McPheeters. and prize, 50 cents cash, Frank Mc-Best Exhibit of 10 pieces construc

tion work (any school.) Exhibits to be made of paper, pasteboard, wood, reed, raffia, or yarn. First prize, \$2.50 cash Best chair made of wood, any size.

Boy under 18 years. First prize, pair Plymouth Rock chickens, value \$4.00, Frank Doughty. 2nd prize, \$1.50 in trade, W. H. Walker.

Children Under 14 Years.

Best half dozen button holes 1st prize, \$1.00. 2nd prize, 50 cents.

Best kitchen apron, 1st prize. \$1 00, 2nd prize, 50 cents. Best specimen of band sewing.

st prize, \$1.00. 2nd prize, 50 cents. Best essay on Illinois history, pupils under 16. 1st prize, \$1.00 prize, 50 cents.

Essays are all limited to 1000 words and orations to ten minutes time for delivery.

All school exhibits to be left in the office of of the county superintendent All exhibits must be in the county

superintendent's office not later than 2 o'clock, January 14th, 1914 The orations are to be delivered in

the evening of January 15th in the

Distraction in Liquefaction. Corn is an easy crop to carry-pro-

vided it is in the crib and not in the bottle. Many a poor fellow has got in the ditch because he tried to liquidate his corn crop by the wrong method, and carry it in a bottle.

For Rent-A good farm of 176 acres Two residences. Farm lies by Smyser church, Whitley township, I. C. Armantrout, Mattoon, Illinois, or this office.

We want to take this space this week to tell YOU that if you have added anything to our business success the past year, we thank you most heartily for your support and hope we may habe the pleasure of serbing you the coming year to our mutual good.

If you are not a patron of ours we cordially inbite you to become one. It will do both of us good.



We wish you one and all a Happy and Prosperous New Year



har fine train there was a changing into com. hoy who had come for the family cow. He made her get up from where she boys driving home the cows.

older people condemn, yet he is the and the beast of the earth bringing man of the future.

will be in the future does not depend depends on what we are and the ef-

fort we put into life, The men who have accomplished the most in life have had the most

humble beginnings.

Southern Illinois. fired with ambition to become a ing? The farmer boy's. lawyer. Today he is a prominent lawyer with a lucrative practice. He has held many positions of honor, Boys, what one boy has done we all can do it we will. Just buckle in, tions and blessings upon you, You may have to take a few hard knocks but we will win if we have the grit to keep fighting. Just grab opportunity, don't wait for it to come to you. Be like the boy who was going down the street and saw the sign "Boy Wanted." He took down the sign and walked into the man's office with it. The man said "Here boy, what are you doing taking down my sign?" "Well," said the boy, "I don't see tuat you need it any longer as I am the boy," The boy got the W. B. HOPPER. job.

Education

ed the people to a higher and nobler plane of civilization. It has the power that leads to success for the individual and the republic or kingdom and in preparing for that home and that molds our future in the crucible of life.

Wanted-Washing at home. 2110 adv 51-3 Blackwood street,

The farmer boy. Who watch his own eyes the mystery of life as it had been lying and warmed his feet unfolds and breaks forth from the on the warm earth. The President egg in the nest? Who is it that each remarked to the men, that he had spring and summer beholds the wondone the same thing when a boy, derful story of creation acted out by All the men agreed that they had al- nature herself: The earth bringing so had the same experience. So forth grass, the herb yielding seed, these great men were once barefoot and fruit tree yielding its kind; and every living creature, the fowl of the A boy may do some things that air, the cattle and creeping things, forth after its kind? Who hears the This is a great country. What we call of the wild and the tame alike and knows them? Who knows where on how much money we have but it the turkey hides her nest and the rabbit rears her young? Who knows the smell of the fresh earth and new mown hay? Who feels the touch of the morning dew and catches the first breath of the east wind? The I am personally acquainted with a farmer boy. Whose cheek shows boy, with a crowd of boys from an hands and feet tingle with the joy of orphan asylum, in New York, to being and doing? Whose time from sun to sun is filled with fruitful, He was adopted by a farmer and healthful, labor? Whose muscles spent his early life on a farm. One grow tired in the open air and under day he happened to go to the coun-blue sky? Whose appetite is ever ty seat, and went to the court house, keen and large and robust? Whose where court was in session. He was sleep is sweet and deep and refresh-

Blessed of all boys is he whose work is so joyful that it seems like play and whose play is so useful that it seems like work Our congratula-

But now the big school of barnyard and pastures and field, with its lessons of life and growth and work and reward is closing its season and a ringing bell announces the open-ing of the smaller school on the hill, A school of lessons and books and teacher. A school that will be bright or dull as you make it. Lessons that will be good or poor as you study them. A teacher who will be them. strong or weak as you help or annoy her. May the big school and the little school be brought so close together that the lessons learned in the one may help you to live the life and do the work of the other. May the years in the little school enlarge Is the greatest lever of civilization.

Is the greatest lever of civilization. love for the life and work of the grand dynamic force which has upliftfarm an ever better, healthier and more useful farmer boy.

F. G. BLAIR, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

STEMS OF CURRENT INTEREST GATHERED FROM EARTH'S FOUR CORNERS.

ALL THAT IS GOING ON

Bist - Week's News Stripped of Us necessary Verblage and Prepared for Quick Consumption by Busy People.

External commerce of Porto Rico has increased five-fold since 1898, according to the report of the governor of the island and other officials, issued by the bureau of insular affairs for the fiscal year 1913.

Two hundred passengers were in jured when the Canadian Northern train from Duluth, Minn., and Fort William, Ontario, was derailed by a broken rail near Lobette, Mun., and seven coaches overturned into a ditch.

There has been a tremendous ingrease recently in the number of young men offering themselves to the army recruiting officers for military e. Last month there were 5,00 applications, 2,000 more than ever before recorded in time of peace.

Cardinal Sebastian Martinelli, who was papal delegate in the United States from 1896 to 1992, is seriously Ill in Rome. The cardinal, who is 65 years old, is prefect of the sacred conregation of rites.

Postmaster-General Burleson asked the house postoffice committee for an immediate emergency appropriation of \$1,000,000 to operate the parcel post until June 30. Of \$1,000,000 appropriated to begin the new system, Mr. Burleson reported all but \$22,000 had been spent on Dec. 6.

Chief Sam, a highly important my-hued brother of Fort Smith, Ark, who claims to be chief of a tribe West Africa, is collecting \$25 per m the negroes in his vicinity, agreeing to take them to his dominon. Many are digging up.

James A. Marshall, superintendent of the Lincoln state reformatory, at Pontiac, was found guilty of treating the inmates with cruelty and his re moval was directed by the state civil service commission.

Dry B. Clark Hyde will be tried a Col. Thomas H. Swope of Kansas City, ording to an announcement from the office of Floyd Jacobs, county

An exchange of shots between Mexican and American soldiers on the Amtrican line two miles west of Presidio, Tex., resulted in the death of Luis Orozco, a federal regular, from the army of Gen. Mercado.

All assistant postmasters will be ex empt from the civil service under the postoffice appropriation bill completed by the committee on postoffices and to be reported immediately after the holiday recess.

Secretary Bryan asked the house foreign affairs committee to include in the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill \$150,000 each for em bassy buildings in Mexico and Tokio and \$140,000 for Berne.

Attorney-General McReynolds has made public details of an agreement for the reorganization of the Ameri-can (Bell) Telephone and Telegraph company, which will prevent litigation to dissolve that corporation under the anti-trust act, and under which competitive conditions will be restored to telephone service of the entire country, and the combine will dispose of its holdings in the Western Union Telegraph company.

Coal dust in a tunnel driven far into a mountain blew up. Flame and smoke shot from the mouth of the mine, the mountain rocked as if by an earthquake and 38 men, trapped by the explosion, were killed.

George E. Davis, an iron worker, arrested in New York a few months ago, pleaded guilty to a charge of having conspired to transport explosives illegally when arraigned in the federal court.

Two negroes, Ernest and Frank Williams, were lynched by a mob at Blanchard, La. They had confessed to killing Galvin Ballard, whose body was found hacked to pieces in his store.

The Dominican government ordered the arrest of a number of persons in connection with a conspiracy said to have been discovered in the course of elections on Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Albert T. Patrick, whose husband served 10 years in Sing Sing prison as the murderer of William Marsh Rice, a Taxas millionaire, died of cancer at Tulsa, Ok. Patrick and their children were at the bedside.

An investigation into the operations of the Keckuk power dam, with a view to forielture or amendment of the charter of the Keokuk & Hamilton Power company, is provided for in a resolution offered in the house by Tepresentative Henry T. Rainey of Il-

with good effect. Miss Yosh Ndoo Ye, a Chinese student in the Teachers college, New York, almost strangled a youth she asserted had robbed her.

ing for the man or men who murdere John Barrett, 60 years old, at his hom near Fort Plain, N. Y., after beating his daughter Katherine, 20 years old into insensibility. The father was slain when he went to the aid of his daughter.

A school for suffragists has been founded in Pittsburg and will begin with the first of the new year, under the auspices of the Equal Franchise federation of western Pennsylvania.

Two men were killed and many other passengers were injured in a head-on collision between a Union Pacific freight train and the eastbound Los Angeles limited train No. 8, near Black Buttes, Wyo.

The Corning, N. Y., Business Men's association has hired an aviator from Bath to fly to Corning dressed as Santa Claus and distribute gifts to children of the city from his aere-plane as he flies low over the streets.

Richard Bartholdt, who has for 22 years represented a Missouri congressional district, announces his retire ment at the expiration of his present term.

Charlie White of Chicago, by brilliant boxing and hard lefts, shaded Ad Wolgast of Cadillac, Mich., in their 10-round no-decision boxing contest in

Jack Johnson, the heavyweight champion, and "Battling" Jim Johnson, another negro pugilist of Galves-ton, Tex., met in a 10-round contest in Paris, which ended in a draw.

Following her custom of years, Mrs. Russell Sage turned over to the New York park commissioner \$1,905, suffi cient to give a Christmas present of \$5 to each laborer in Central park receiving no more than \$3 a day.

The trustees of the estate of the late Michael Cudahy have exchanged two large apartment building proper ties in Chicago for lands in Colorado, with the intention of establishing a model cattle ranch and later of carrying into effect a great irrigation project.

Mrs. Charlie Sing, a white woman accused of the murder of her Chinese husband in Chicago, was acquitted when Judge McDonald took the case from the jury. Sing, a restaurant keeper, was stabbed to death two months ago. His wife was found unconscious near him.

President Yuan Shi Kai's plans for permanently doing away with the Chinese parliament received the unquali indorsement of the military and civil governors of all the provinces.

Shah Kai-Fu, who was Chinese con sul at New York from 1904 to 1908 was appointed Chinese minister at Washington in succession to Chang Yi Tang.

The administration currency reform bill, proposing a revision of the finan-cial system of the United States and the creation of regional reserve banks to act as stabilizing elements in the banking and financial world, passed the senate by a vote of 54 to 34.

The United States court of appeals at New York decided the famous Danbury hatters' case in favor of D. E. Loewe & Co., the plaintiffs, and against the United Hatters of North America. The court affirmed a judgment in favor of Loewe & Co. and against the hatters' organization for \$252,130.

Joseph Nolan, 45, editor of the Shabbona Chieftain of Shabbona, Ill., was found hanging in a rear room of his printing plant by his 16-year-old daughter Blanche, who had gone to call him to supper.

Gen. Francisco Villa, the rebel military chief, issued a notice that he would guarantee the rights of all foreigners and all Mexicans who have given no support to the Huerta gov-

The British cabinet has decided against official representation of Great Britain at the Panama-Pacific exposition.

Representatives from states bordering on the lower Mississippi river are very hopeful that the house committee on rivers and harbors will act favorably on the Ransdell-Humphreys bill appropriating \$60,000,000 to complete the levee system on standard lines, laid out by the army engineers within ten years.

The Nobel prize for literature for 1914 is to be awarded, according to the Pall Mall Gazette, to Thomas Hardy, the English author.

Bank Examiner Sherill Smith of Pittsburg took charge of the First National Bank of Elizabeth, at Elizabeth, Pa., on instructions from Wash ington. It was stated at the bank that it had too much slow paper on hand to make further operation advisable.

The George Boone gas well, near Lawton, Ok., brought in a few days ago, was declared to be a million-foot gasser. The owners have decided to save the well, instead of going deeper after oil. They will drill other wells near the same location.

FEDERAL OWNERSHIP WOULD BREAK MONOPOLY CONGRESS-MAN ASSERTS.

TO COST ABOUT \$900,000,000

Our Rates Ahe the Highest Among Twenty Nations, and as a Result We Rank Only Ninth as Users of the Telegraph,

Washington, D. C.—Government ownership of the nation's telephone lines would cost less than \$90,000,00, Representative Lewis of Maryland

Representative Lewis does not propose to have the government take over the telegraph companies. His plan is to have the government first own the telephonic network of the country and compete with the private telegraph companies.

Governments Disinherited. "The perversion of the laws of public and private financiering," said Mr. Lewis, "by which public governments have been disinherited of their normal functions, has led to corruption and demoralization.

"Investigation discloses that our telegraphic rates are the highest among 20 countries. The result of these abnormal rates is that we rank but ninth as telegraph users. 🧳

"It will not be necessary to take over the telegraph lines here (capitalized at \$240,000,000), as both kinds of communication can be handled on the telephone wires, which exceeds the teleghone wires in mileage and geographical distribution.

"The cost of acquiring the telephone networks is indicated as something less than \$900,000,000, for which it is proposed to issue 3 per cent bonds, payable in 50 years."

Schmidt is Abnormal.

New York.—Allenists who have been called in the case of Hans Schmidt, the alleged priest murderer, united in declaring him abnormal. A long hypothetical question is being formulated at present, and court has adjourned until the interrogation has been completed.

Mrs. Pankhurst Leaves London. London.—Mrs. Emmeline Pank-hurst, the militant suffragette leader, left London very quietly for Paris on the way to Switzerland to recuperate from her weakness brought about by a "hunger and thirst strike" in Hollo way jail.

Merchant Killed From Ambush, Chicago.—Thomas Scheer, mer chant, who was shot to death near his home, is believed by the police to have been killed by an enemy who waited in hiding until Scheer approached his home. The police found \$73 in his pocket.

Man Slain in Hotel. Chicago.—The body of Neis Elmer Ohaman, 35 years old, on his way from Duluth, Minn., to Sweden, was found in his hotel room here. His throat had been cut and the contents of his suit case scattered about the

Harmony Meeting.

room.

Indianapolis, Ind.—As a result of a meeting held here a committee, consisting of five Republicans and five Progressives, was appointed to consider means of reuniting the Republican and Progressive parties.

Aviator Killed in Auto.

London.-Robert Bertram Slack, an English aviator, was killed in an auto-mobile accident between London and

Boy, 15, Spanked, Ends Life. Vernon, Ill.—Garland Shephard, 15 years old, ended his life at the home of his grandparents here because he had been spanked.

Accepts Suffrage Post. New York .- Mrs. Medill McCormick of Chicago has accepted the chairmanship of the congressional committee of the National Suffrage associa-

Cardinal's Will Missing.

Rome:-A rumor is current in Vatican circles that a box supposed to contain the will and other important papers of the late Cardinal Rampolla has disappeared.

Newspaper Woman Weds. Chicago.—After following Gen. Caranza's army from Nogales to Hermosillo, in the capacity of a newspaper writer, Miss Elizabeth Murray Newman Coffin was married to Frank W. Shepard, a member of the state legislature from Elgin.

Boy Hunter Kills His Brother, Illiopolis, Ill.—Charles Wach, 17 years old, accidentally killed his 9year-old brother. John. The gun with which he started hunting was accidentally discharged.

Tango Under Ban. Fort Smith, Ark.—President John C. Futrall of the University of Argersity senate has adopted a resolu-tion prohibiting the turkey trot, tango and other so-called objectionable dances by the students.

DECISION FAVORABLE TO STATE APPARENTLY, BUT IS HELD UP UNTIL JAN, 10.

SUITS MAY NOTBE BROUGHT

Railroad Officials Say That Proceed ings Filed in Attempt to Recever Overcharges Will Constitue Contempt.

Kansas City, Mo.-Almost simultaneously with the filing at Jefferson City of a suit for \$2,000,000 against the Missouri Pacific railroad by John T. Barker, for alleged overcharges made by the road while the 2-cent fare and maximum freight rate laws were enjoined, Judge Smith McPherson, in the federal court in Kansas City, made a new order suspending until Jan. 10 the decrees he had ordered at the

morning session of the court.

The order left the Missouri rate cases in a more complex legal tangle

By this order, the railroad lawyer say, the bringing of any and all suits against the railroad is stopped until the motion is heard, and further claim that any suit filed at present will make the litigant stand in contempt of

court. Barker, however, says that he will continue to file suits and press claims for settlement despite the madified de-

Cannibals Kill Scientists. Brisbane, Queensland.—Dr. Deining-er, a German scientist, his German assistant and fourteen native sergeans of police, who accompanied the exploring party into the interior of Neumecklenburg, formerly New Ireland, in the Bismarck archipelago, were killed by cannibals recently. The news of the deaths of the explorer and his party was received here.

Negro Bootlegger is Killed. Bartlesville, Ok.—While running from officers Ollie Weston; negro, was shot in the eye at Delaware, Ok., by Marshal William Mayfield of Lenapah, Ok., and instantly killed. The negro was bringing eight quarts of whisky to Lenapah when officers overtook him and ordered him to surrender. He and his brother fled.

Auto Bandits Club Victim. Gleveland, O.—Three automobile E. Christian, president of the Heckler Davidson Constructon company, and former member of the board of elections, in front of his home, clubbing him so badly he may die. The rollhim so badly he may die. bers obtained \$180 in money, a \$250 diamond stud and a valuable watch. They drove away at terrific speed.

Woman Throws Red Pepper.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Entering the confessional of the Holy Cross church of Minneapolis, under the guise of desiring to make confession, a woman attacked Rev. Henry Jajeski, the pas-tor, and threw a handful of red pepper in his eyes.

U. S. Printing Bureau Designer Dead. Washington, D. C. — James G. Hill, 72 years old, formerly supervising architect of the treasury department, is dead here. He became known as the designer of the bureau of printing and engraving and also of the government printing office.

Washington.-Attorney General Mc-Reynolds told friends that scores of independent telephone companies in the United States are gratified with the agreement the so-called telephone trust has made with the department of justice, which will give them the use of thousands of miles of trunk lines operated by the Bell company.

20.789 Irish Came Here This Year London.—Emigration is depleting the population of the United Kingdom at the rate of 36,000 a month, according to statistics published, and covering the first 10 months of the current year. The figures show the preference of Irishmen for the United States.

Panama Canal Steamer Launched. Stettin, Germany.—A large turbine steamer for the Panama can'l service of the Hrmburg-American line was launched here and christened "High Admiral von Tirpitz." The vessel is to have a speed of 19 knots.

Cuban Women Seeking Vote. New York-Cuban women want the vote and are organizing, according to a letter received here by Mrs. Ray. mond Brown, president of the New York State Suffrage association, who is asked to lend her name to the movement.

Jury Out 65 Hours Disagrees: Ottawa, Ill.—All court records of La Salle county were broken when a jury disagreed after being out 65 hours con sidering the case of B. F. Krouse, deputy sheriff charged with embezzle

Cuts Own and Baby's Throat. Marshall, Ill.—While seated at the supper table Mrs. Mary E. Fix seized

ITEMS OF GENERAL STATE IN TELEGRAPH.

DEVICE AVERTS TRAIN WRECK

atic Derailment Throws Freight Into Ditch Near Joliet in Time to Let C., R. I. & P. Passenger By.

Joliet.—Automatic derailment appa

ratus saved a Chicago-bound express train from a head-on crash into a run away freight train near here on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific rail-road. Air brakes on the freight, which was composed of coal cars, failed to work. After it had passed the second stop signal the derailment switch automatically was opened and the runaway freight was shot into the ditch just in time to let the passenger train by. The Frisco Flyer of the Rock Island passed the scene of the wreck ten minutes later. The freight engine was over turned, and John T. Sutherland Rockdale, engineer, and Henry Bausell, fireman, were buried beneath tons of coal. A rescue crew dug the men out with picks and shovels and found them uninjured.

Springfield.—After having decided the township high school law of 1911 unconstitutional, the Illinois supreme court reverses itself in a decision in the case of the people ex rel. B. Cant et al vs. H. S. Crossley et al, an appeal from the circuit court of Rock Island county. The circuit court de-clared the act in question unconstitutional and ousted the school board. Fifty or more high school districts in various parts of the state have organized under the new law, and the re-sults of a decision holding the act void would have been to invalidate thousands of dollars' worth of school bonds. The judgment of the lower court was reversed and the cause remanded with directions. Justices Cook and Dunn joined in a dissenting

Aurora.—Joseph Nolan, editor and owner of the Shabbona Chieftain of Shabbona, was found hanging in a rear room of his printing plant by his six-teen-year-old daughter, Blanche, who had gone to call him to supper. Nolan was accidentally shot in the head by his son Harold, ten years old, early in the summer of 1910 at Lee, and hovered between life and death at an Aurora hospital for months. He is survived by a wife and five children. No-lan was a Chicago man. He went to Shabbona seven years ago after buy-

ing the newspaper.

Mount Vernon—The crusade to stop crap shooting among boys in the Mount Vernon high school has resulted in the joining of forces of State's Attorney Joel F. Watson and City Attorney Frank C. Thompson to stamp out all forms of chance games conducted by merchants, and an order has been issued which forbids the use of candy punch boards, cigar machines or the distribution of tickets with each purchase by the business men.

Centralia.—As a climax to an intended joy ride from Christopher on a Chicago, Burlington & Quincy freight, Ernest Herd is dead and Mark Killjon and T. E. Jones, all youths, now are in St. Mary's hospital suffering from severe injuries that ultimately may result in their death. The accident occurred at Sesser, when the train broke in two. young men were sitting on the rear end of a gondola and were thrown under the wheels of the train.

Paris.—The annual meeting of the Edgar County Agricultural and Mechanical association was held here. and the election resulted as follows: General superintendent, Charles H. Lamb; superintendent of permits and privileges, B. F. Beals; directors, William Stewart, John Wallace, Robert McCubbins, Walter Tate and Frank

Mount Vernon -At a meeting of the Ewing Presbytery here Rev. H. D. Wooding was transferred from Pinckneyville to Bloomington, Rev. Charles McClure was transferred from Flora to Mount Carmel, Rev. J. W. Ritchie from Dwing to Muskogee, Okla., and Rev. Mathew Brooks from Sumner to Equality.

Jerseyville.-While a sheriff and a deputy were attempting to arrest her on a warrant charging bigamy, Mrs. Dollie M. Johnson, a bride of two months, shot away her right arm and part of the shoulder in what is believed to have been an attempt to commit suicide. A shotgun was used.

Taylorville.—Fay D. Slate, editor of the Mount Auburn Tribune, was acquitted of the murder of Dr. Bennett Windsor, mayor of Auburn, whom Slate shot on May 16. Slate pleaded self-defense. The jury returned the verdict after being out 14 hours.

Bunker Hill.-C. P. Fisher has been arrested on the charge of arson. He is charged with burning a five-room house in order to get a share of the insurance money.

Decatur.-X-ray and slit skirts and transparent stockings were barred in the Charleston high school at a special session of the girl pupils and w an members of the faculty here. The teachers said that conditions had be come shocking and they proposed to put a stop to the scanty dressing.

Anna.—Rev. W. V. McAdoo, pastor

of the First Presbyterian church of Mount Vernon, has been tendered a supportable Mrs. Mary E. Fix seized a butcher knife and cut the throat of her 2-year-old grandson, killing him instantly. She then drew the blade across her own throat, inflicting fatal wounds.

Mount verhou, na First Presbyterian call by the Anna First Presbyterian call by the Ann

ILLINOIS HAPPONINGS

Olney.—Jacob Dauwalder died here-as the result of a runaway. He was-fifty-six years old. Chester.—Dr. H.O. Adderly, former

mayor of Chester, was acquitted of the charge of accepting a bribe from a local lighting company for a favorable

Decatur.—After a search, Douglas Grant, a negro, was captured and ta-ken out of town by the sheriff to es-cape a mob which was forming. The negro is charged with attacking four white women.

Champaign.—Mrs. Edward Fultor wife of the professor of the English de partment of the University of Illin died. She was a graduate of Vass and formerly was professor of math matics in Wells college, New York.

Decatur.—Charged with having stabbed Jacob Rogchnig in the back while celebrating a christening, Math-ew Dobrinch was ordered held without bail by W. A. Gray, coroner, at Litchfield. Shelbyville.-While lowering him-

self by means of a block and tackle-from the top of an 85-foot stand pipein Sheffield, a young man named Jan-sen lost his hold and fell to the ground. He was only slightly injured and his escape is considered remarkable.

Johnston City.-J. T. Swartner, a. driver, was caught between an empty car and the curb in the Johnston City Coal company mine, and his body was so badly crushed he died a few hours later. He came here from Royalton.

and had worked only one day.
Quincy.—State's . Attorney Fred:
Wolfe has issued orders that all saloons in Quincy must remain closed on Sundays. The state is acting on pro-tests by the Civic Improvement league. Federation of Catholic societies and ministers. The Anti-Saloon league has appointed a committee to submit local option to a vote next spring. The votes by women are expected to make the city "dry."

Joliet.—A prison monthly, written and edited by convicts in the Illinois state penitentiary here, will appear this week. Warden Allen desire have the paper printed inside the institution, but it was found that not one printer was among the 1,500 prisoners. The paper will be known as the Prison Post and the editor will be Peter Van Vlissingen of Chicago, under sente

for forgery.

Mount Vernon.—After a long chase in a Chicago & Eastern Illivois engine and on foot, Sheriff Payne and Deputy Garthing caught Charles Field and George Tate of Centralia, who had held up and attempted to rob Charles Johnson, a wealthy farmer, living: north of Mount Vernon. The two men-admitted the attempt at highway hery, it is said. Johnson is seventy-five years old, but succeeded in pro-tecting himself and saving his money.

Quincy.—After deciding the Quincy poultry show will be given on a higher plane than ever before, the association elected officers as follows: President, J. W. Meyers; vice-president, Edward: Reuter; secretary-treasurer, A. D. Smith: superintendents, William Pickman and David Reuter; judges, Carl Drae, Des Moines, Ia.; J. C. Johnson. Petersburg, Ill.; Charles C. Keeler. Winimac, Ind., and D. E. Hale, Chi-

Centralia.—John Gorman, a survivor of the Titanic, is wanted by the police on a charge of having forged the nameof a local firm to a check of \$90. He draws a pension of 60 cents a day from the White Star line. Gorman helped man lifeboat No. 3 and suffere such exposure as to impair his health. He was employed by a real estate firm, here and bore a good reputation. It: was because of his not asking a cash. consideration for the loss of his sonal effects that he got a pensions from the steamship line.

Peoria.—Charges made by Rev. C. G. Clarke of the First Congregational church that Chief of Police W. Rhoades had turned a young Syrian girl over to a white slaver was dropped in an exciting investigation by a committeerepresenting the Association of Com-merce. The hall was packed with backers of the reform movement leader and with friends of the city administration. The minister refused to submit his evidence or produce witnesses unless certain conditions were agreed upon. The committee would not agree

ipon any conditions. Duquoin.—The Perry county board: of commissioners, controlled by Demo-crats for the first time in many years, organized this week. It is composed of Louis Croessmann, Duquoin; Jabes Brown, Cutler and Uriah Wendell, Willisville. The board made the following appointments: Mine inspector.
Alfred M. Lee, Duquoin; physician,
Dr. S. B. Hiller, Pinckneyville; supervisor of highways, Frank House, St. John; poor farm overseer, D. O. Bols-menue, Pinckneyville, and overseers. of the poor, J. H. Gregory, Duquoin; Charles Cook, Tamaroa; Lewis Malan, Pinckneyville; J. B. Ervin, Swanwick; W. T. White, Cutler, and Charles Brad ley, Willisville.

Springfield.—A conference of former State Senator Frank Funk of Bloomington and former Gov. Richards Yates had with Governor Dunne is interpreted as indicating the governor's intention to make Funk a minority member of the new state utilities com-

Trenton.-C. L. Riemann, who has been mayor of Trenton for many years, has filed his resignation with the city council. He will remove to Oklahoma, to devote his entire time to the oli business. He has valently business. He has valuable holdings in that state. A special election will

Annual Convention Will Be Held in Freeport.

SESSIONS JANUARY 27 TO 29

lry Cow Demonstration Will Be a ure of the Program at the Fortieth Gathering of Illinois

Springfield.—Preparations are being made for the fortieth annual convention of the Illinois State Dairymen's association, to be held in Freeport January 27, 28 and 29.

The meeting place is to be the audience room in the new building of the alles and Odd Fellows, splendid meeting place. Room for exhibits of machinery and sur lies will be provided in the same ! Iding, and also space for the butter, milk and choose ex-

hibits.

Besides exhibits mentioned in the foregoing, prizes will be offered for estile in Stephenson, the county in which Freeport is located, and neighring counties. These prizes will be sufficient to bring out a good exhibi-tion of dairy stock, and if there are ugh entries a 24-hour milk test will

A feature of the program will be a dairy cow demonstration, or a lecture to illustrate which the cattle in the exhibit will be used. The judge of the entries will give in detail to the dairymen present the reasons for his decisions, and notice with on the art. decisions, and point out on the animals the features governing his deci-

As a practical feature for the butter makers there will be a butter judging contest, in which members of the association will be eligible to compete.

The program will be made as practical as possible. Breeding up the dairy herds, economical and profitable dairving, dairy barn construction, hoge as a dairy side line, alfalfa and ensilage will be among the subjects to be

Civil Service Examinations.

Many highly paid positions in the state service are thrown open to the general public by an order of the state vivil service commission calling examinations for various dates early in 1914. Vacanices exist at present in most of the following positions, and they will likely attract many appli-cants. The positions, salary per month and date of examination, respectively, are as follows:

Assistant to chief inspector of grain, 19308.33; May 2. Assistant deputy warden (peniten-tiaries), \$125 to \$150; June 6.

Assistant registrar (U. of I.), \$75 to \$150; March 7. Assistant state deportation agent

\$200; June 6. Assistant state veterinarian (per day), \$8; January 8.

Assistant superintendent of building and grounds, Springfield, \$150; Feb-

ruary 7.
Assistant superintendent of public instruction, \$233.33; March 7. Biologic chemist (psycho. inst.) \$175; March 7.

Chief clerk (state food commission) \$150; April 4. Clerk to president board of prison

industries, \$150; April 4.
Clinical pathologist (psycho. inst.) \$175; March 7. Collector of tolls (Illinois and Michi-

gan canal), \$75 to \$90; February 7. Corporation assistant (secretary of state), \$200 to \$250; January 3.

Deputy warden (penitentiaries), \$183.33; February 7. Inspector of licensed employment gency, \$125; May 2. Investigator (inheritance tax depart

ment), \$100 to \$200; February 7. Laboratory helper (psycho. inst.) Parole agent, \$125; April 4.
Pathologist (psychopathic \$175; March 7.

Physician, general, \$100 to \$183,33;

Principal, \$75 to \$100; March 7. Property and economy officer (board of administration) \$125; June 6. Reimbursing investigator,

May 2. cretary board of arbitration, \$208. 33; January 3. Secretary industrial board, \$202.65; June 6.

Secretary bureau of labor statistics \$208.33; April 4. Secretary rivers and lakes commis-sion, \$300; April 4.

State agent, live stock, \$100 to \$141.67; February 7. Supervising grain inspector, \$200 to 2228.33; May 2.

Supervisor of high schools, \$333.38; March 7. Teachers of adult blind (ten nths), \$140; March 7. rs, advanced, \$45 to \$60: March 7.

Mine Workers Elect.

Returns from the thirteenth annua United Mine Workers, composed of Montgomery, Macon and Christian counties, show the election of F. Davis of Pana president for the minth successive time. T. Hunter of Nokomis was named secretary treasurer. Other was named secretary-treasurer. Other Receptation: A. S. Haywood, Witt, co-president; J. P. Devlin and E. Thitely, Witt, and L. J. Lynch, Pana, aditors; W. Shakespear, Witt, first recetive board mamber.

The state highway commission armounced the list of those who passed the recent examination for highway superintendent, with the exception of the candidates from Cook county. These latter will not be announced until the litigation in the counts over two lists submitted by factions of the county board is terminated. The last examination was held for those counties which had failed to enter candidates in the former examination, or whose candidates had all failed to mass.

The list of those who passed in this supplemental examination is as fol-

Stephenson county, O. G. Hively; Winnebego county, A. R. Carter; Mont-somery county, Arthur Ware and A. N. Paner; Shelby county Paner; Shelby county, N. A. Baxter ad Thomas Inman; Clinton county, John T. Goldsmith, H. J. C. Beckmeyer John T. Goldsmith, H. J. C. Beckmeyer and F. A. Lietzie; Jefferson county, Tony Filchford and Henry Weisbecker; Christian county, C. C. Stanfield; Hancock county, E. B. Gordon, William Burgner and John H. Horner; Livingstone, county, R. W. Osborn, John W. Whalen; Mercer county, W. C. Grant, J. E. Russell; Washington county, John A. Davenport, Jr. county, John A. Davenport, Jr.

Speakers Are Announced.
Subjects for the addresses to be delivered at the general sessions of the sixth annual meeting of the State Teachers' association in Springfield have been announced in the program for the meeting now being issued. The meeting will be in session December 29 to 31. The following general ses-

sion programs have been arranged:
General sessions, hall of representatives, Monday, December 29, 7:45 p.
m.—Music, Imperial quartet; invocation, Dr. Donald C. Matheod, pastor First Presbyterian church, Springfield; president's address, S. B. Hursh, Western State normal, Macomb; music, quartet; address, Hon. Edward F. Dunne, governor of Illinois; address, William State St "The Next Step in Education," Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, Chicago; appoint ment of committees; music, quartet.

Hall of representatives, Tuesday December 30, 8:45 a. m.—Music, quartet; report of treasurer, Charles McIntosh, Monticello; report of secretary of association, G. W. Conn, Jr., Wood stock: "Education and the Last Gen eral Assembly," H. S. Magili, Spring-field; "Proposed Legislation"—a fore-word by W. R. Hatfield, chairman state legislative committee; (a) "A Sanita-tion Law," U. J. Hoffman, Springfield; (b) "A Larger School Unit for Admin istrative Purposes," W. W. Coultas, DeKalb county; (c) "A State Pension and Retirement Fund," Cyrus Grove, Stephenson county; (d) "A Minimum Wage for Teachers," Mary Carney, Normal; (e) "Vocational Education," B. F. Harris, Champaign; (f) "Tenure of Position of Superintendents and Teachers," C. M. Bardwell, Aurora; (g) The Supreme Court and the Township High Schools," F. G. Blair, Springfield; (h), "An Increased State Distributable Fund," C. E. Joiner, Monmouth; music, quartet; report of committee on resolutions, G. P. Randle, Danville; report of committee on appropriations, Gerard T. Smith, Peoria.

General sessions, Tuesday, December 30, 7:45 p. m.—Music, quartet; annual address, Francis G. Blair, superintendent of public instruction; address, "Is There Any Science in Education?" W. P. Morgan, Western State normal, Macomb; music, quartet; address, "The Basis for Judging Class Room Instruction," Dr. Frank Mc-Murry, Columbia university; music,

Hall of representatives, Wednesday, December 31, 8:45 a. m.—Music, quartet; business; address, "Women's Vote in Its Relation to Child Welfare," Mrs. Lucy B. Owen, Chicago; music, quartet; address, "Blending the Vocational and Non-Vocational in Education," Dean Eugene Davenjort, University of Illinois,

Crop Production in State.
Final estimates of production and values (based upon prices December 1) of crops of 1913 and 1912, in the state of Illinois, as made by the United States department of agriculture. are given below:

ted States departme	nt or as	ricarear o,
are given below:		11 (41)
Crop.	1918.	1912.
Corn, bushels	282,150,000	426,320,000
Price Dec. 1\$.63	8 .41
Value\$	177.754.000	\$174,791,000
Wheat, bushels	41 888,000	9,818,000
Price Dec. 1\$.86	\$.88
Value\$		\$ 8,641,000
Oats, bushels	104.125.000	182,726,000
Price Dec. 13	.38	\$.30
Value	20 568 000	\$ 54,818,000
Rye, bushels	808,000	768,000
Price Dec. 1\$		\$.70
		\$ 538,000
Value	68,000	88,000
Price Dec. 1	.80	\$.80
Value	54,000	\$ 70,000
Value	acid to	W
Price Dec. 1	7.47 1.954	
Value :		36210
Rice, bushels		
Price Dec. 1		********
Value		*******
Potatoes, bushels	5,750,000	13,837,000
Price Dec. 1\$	60 me as 89.	\$.60
Value	5,118,000	\$ 8,302,000
Sweet potatoes, bu	560,000	784,000
Price Dec. 1\$	1.06	\$.95
Value	594,000	\$ 745,000
Hay, tons	2,450,000	3,266,000
Price Dec. 1		\$ 12,60
Value	\$34,545,000	\$ 41,154,000
Tobacco, pounds	560,000	684,000
Price Dec. 1		\$.90
Value		\$ 62,000
Cotton, bales	*******	******
Pound price Dec. 1	********	*******
Value	*******	********

New Incorporations.

Secretary of State Woods issued cortificates of incorporation to the follow

ing: International Patent Title and Indemnity company, Chicago; capital, \$2,500. Incorporators—Archibald W. Loss, Margaret C. Loss and Hul Henri

Leland Piano Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, \$2,500. Incor-porators—Charles J. Mulvey, Benja-min H. Jefferson and August John Lehmkuhl.



EW YEAR'S is the oldest and the most widely observed of all the world's festal days. In every coun-try this day has been celebrated from the beginning of divilization. The day does not come simultane-ously all over the globe, for some countries have a different calendar from that of America and Europe. All countries, however, aim to have their civil year coincide, in duration, and as far as practicable, with the The nations which hold their fes-

solar year. tival in accordance with the Gregorian calendar, comprising the United States, Great Britain, France, Germany and most of the other white countries are those which are leaders in civiliza-tion, and give the law to the world.

In its universality this day differs from all the others which have written their names on the world's calendar. Thanksgiving is a strictly American holiday, which did not extend beyond the boundaries of New England until about a generation ago. Nowhere outside the United States does the Fourth of July make any especial demand for observance. It had neither a local habitation nor a name until we furnished them. Not until after Yorktown and the adoption of the sonstitution was this aspiration of 1776 transmitted into fact. By the Puritans Christmas placed under the ban, and not until a time within the easy recollection of living men was it permit-ted to cross the boundaries of New England. Moreover, primarily Christmas is dedicated to the children, and in its observance the older members of the family are merely subsidiary. In celebrating it the children hold the center of the stage, with the adults as the properties and accessories which give the spectacle its scenic effects. But New Year's dedicates itself to the grown-ups especially to those who have the capacity and the inclination for physical and social activity. Particularly does it send out its appeal to everybody who has the freshness of spirits and the enthusiasm which give zest to enjoyment of all sorts, who are capable, when occasion demands, of turning back the hands on time's clock and thus who can, through a child's eyes, look out upon life.

Although this is the oldest of the world's gala days, its especial function is to tell us to look forward and not backward. For the moment the sponge has drawn itself across the desires and the deeds of the year which, a few hours ago, was thrust back into the shadow. A blank tablet rises before us, on which the coming days will write their story. On the world's calendar this incoming cycle figures as 1914, but for the present hour this arbitrary division may be disregarded. And while the hour remains with us we are all privileged to set up our own calendar. While the transition casts its spell upon us everything is new. We are at the beginning of an era. This is day 1 of year 1 in the new dispensation. The uncertainties and the adversities of the dead cycle can no longer molest us or make us afraid. Eyen where fortune has been kind to us in the recent past, the days which are before us stand ready to hand us choicer prizes. Keeping sunshine in the heart, we can laugh at any tales which the therthis days lasts hope is the only deity which claims any allegiance from any of us. All are invited to

A NEW YEAR'S THOUGHT.

"Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, with all thy soul, and with all thy mindhim shalt thou serve and to him shalt thou What then will be the reward of faithful love

and service be? Or are we working without the hope of a reward? To be pure and true, love must be disinterested. Granted. Yet, is there not an exquisite joy, a keen incentive to further service, in the encouragement which God in his infinite goodness grants to use from time to time, and that in spite of all the imperfections of our love and service? Why, then, should we not look forward to our great reward—God's approval?

If we truly love him, should we not strive with all our might for his final "Well done?" Surely it is not wrong to look forward to the lov of that assurance, even while we are fully aware of our coming short of it, yet, in our best work; for thus we learn to know more, and to think more, of the love which, seeing the intention, gives us credit for the effort, though the result may not be, is not, what we had hoped to offer him.

With such thoughts the New Year begins. As a child tries to please the father he loves so dearly, as a friend who seeks every opportunity to prove his friendship, so may we loving, thankful children of our God, rejoicing in the knowledge of his love, go on our way, full of trust for the fu ture, neglecting no opportunity, however small it may be, to prove our thankful love, and asking him to kindle in us an intense desire to please him, an ardent longing for his blessed words of nendation, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant!"

HER MISTAKE.

"What is a young man's maiden speech, pa?" "His first one, my dear."
"Dear me! I thought it was a proposal."

build their air castles without any fear of any dissillusionment, "for over the sea lies Spain." We can get all the exaltation which came to Abou Hassan when the amiable deception of Haroun-al-Raschid was played upon him, without any of the ill effects which we may presume came to him when his dream of power dispelled itself. The day and the scene invites us to enjoyment, and to contribute to the enjoyment of others. For this one day, at least, of the year the golden age is no myth. It is here with us, and we must utilize it while it stays. This is the hour when life's wireless telegraphy carries greetings of good will between all the individuals and all the peoples of of the earth. To every one of us the world stretches forth the glad hand and salutes us with a "May you live long and prosper."

The old prophets conceived the sublime thought that the Creator set the heavenly bodies in their places to mark for man the progress of time. The early leaders of the human race who watched the stars in their courses, and from their movements worked out the division of the days and years, left a blessing behind them for all time to For if we are to believe the records of the rocks and clays the first men who litted their faces to the skies in profound awe and with germs of thought stirring in their brains had little if any more conception of time and of the moving planets than the brutes that shared with these primitive savages the caves or the huts which were all the houses they had. It took long ages to learn that the sun is a fixed body as regards our earth, to divide the globe into degrees and the day into 24 hours. The seasons came and went and savage man had no conception of why beyond the sun's declension below his senith and the return of the flery orb to a place high above his head. Then from the crude superstitions of astrology men of high civilization worked out our year and set the day that, as this we now live, marks the beginning of a new circle of the four seasons.

The crudest savage needed as propliet with a message from the sides to teach him that if he desired to prolong his life he must work. He was the man of all generations who knew best that "in the sweat of his face" he must "eat bread" if he ate at all. Stored-up wealth there was none. Each generation began practically where the last did, with no inheritance to profit by. Nor was there a spark of charity to minister to the needs of age or sickness. The child born with low vitality met its fate early in its career. The man who met with an accident sufficient to incapacitate him for the chase or for war was left to perish miserably where he fell. When age dimmed the eye or made the hand nerveless the useless one was not permitted to be a burden on society. As the wounded deer is left, as the aged wolf is abandoned, so was the wounded man or the toothless woman. Parentage or other relationship counted nothing.

As civilization climbed the path of progress to higher levels toil became more constant, more pressing. The savage has few needs and therefore much leisure. He needs no weekly day of rest. With increasing needs to meet man had to bend his back more incessantly and to strain muscle, tendon and ligament. Life had more enjoyment at the cost of longer hours of toil, that made rest seem very sweet. Then arose the leader of men, the reformer, the teacher, philosopher or prophet who ordained that as there were times and seasons so there should be days of rest. If we were to run the world around we would find many Sabbaths. The follower of Mohammed takes his rest on Friday, the Hebrew on Saturday, the Christian on Sunday. And the man of advanced ideas who gave man his Sabbath was a leader and a benefactor in very deed. The man who stands in the Escorial in Spain

and looks on the sepulchers of kings reaching back 300 years, has a span about as long as the most ancient history of America. When he goes to Granada he is face to face with the times of the Moors, whose invasion of the peninsula was centuries before Columbus was born. As he looks on some paved road or some aqueduct he is carried back to the Scipios, to Hannibal, and back to his forefathers who moved about here; and so we go back to Carthage, which was a great city before Rome was founded, and Carthage takes us over the sea to Asia where Moses' people and some Philistines came into combat. And we go to Egypt and its pyramids, to the Pharaohs and Jacob and his children, and on back to Abraham and the nomad chiefs who fed their flocks in the fat plains of central Asia as long before the Christian era as it is from the year 1911 In these lands, among these races of men, grandfathers and great-grandfathers count for little. One meets whose ancestors took part in the expulsion of the Moors, with others whose ancestors resisted them when they first invaded Spain, and still others whose forbears were in the armies of the Scipios or of Hannibal. The mind loves to dwell on the memory of these far-away days and to dream of the way of life of men and women who died so long ago, and to whom we owe our being and our civilization. The oldest title lands in the ac states do not go back far. There are titles in Spain that date back centuries. Castles here are owned by families who come down directly or collaterally for ages. To these a generation is as short as a year to us in our brandnew civilization. It is all impressive, but after freaming of such things the mind inevitably reerts to our own generation, to our own time,

and the question comes up with spontaniety, "What of all this to me?"

In a country so new as ours, where one's great grandfather was about the earliest on record, time does not impress us. It seems as if every-thing began yesterday. In old lands whose his-tory goes back centuries upon centuries the prog-ress of time seems very impressive.

But say what we will, it is our own life that is

But say what we will, it is our own life that is the most impressive, and as the years stretch out behind us the memory of our own youth makes a deeper impression on us this New Year's day than all the written history of the world, than all the traditions of all the races, than all the records of the rocks. The individual souls on days like this naturally divide into two classes. On New Year's day youth looks to the future and age to the past. To the young all the paths before the feet look rose-strewn and smooth. So be it. Let the eye brighten as it feasts in anticipation on the good things that must like average here to the and Youth. brighten as it feasts in anticipation on the good things that must lie everywhere to the end. Youth! Youth! The time when there can be "no doubt of any mystery save that life's longings and its hopes could die." Let youth dream on of reses without thorns, of bright days without a cloud, of hopes that always find fulfillment, of ambitions always fully satisfied. All we need do for youth is leave it alone with its dreams, its hopes, its ambitions. With these it will take care of itself. And let not age, whatever the years may have brought, say a word, shake a head or give a dubious look to dispel the glory of the dream, the brightness of the hope, the vaulting nature of the ambition. Time will do enough of this. So let youth have its undimmed joy today.

undimmed joy today.

But age looks back. The fires of ambition are dimmed. They are all burnt-out ashes now. The hopes that buoyed us up so safely in youth have found what there is of fulfillment all toe little, of disappointment all too much. We dream no longer of joys to come, but of grief that has so strewed the path along which we have come. The smell of the woods in early spring when the first violets bloom, or in the heat of summer when all is like the spice islands, or in fall when decay is in the fallen leaves, or in winter when death absorbs all, no matter to the aged, all call back to days long gone. We walk alone now, and all along the far road lie mounds where we stood and confided to the breast of Mother Earth so many that walked with us in the heydey of our life. The mother whose soft touch banished pain, the father whose ripe experience taught us where to walk, the brothers and sisters who were our playmates in those days when the world was all sunshine. Then when the wing of love ceased to brood over us in the paternal nest and we went forth to create a new family under the banner of love, how a day like this calls up all the joy and tenderness of these days of early manhood and womanhood! So we dream of the long-lost clasp of the hand of lover or friend; so we dwell in tender memory on all those days of hope, of joy, of expectancy and fruition. We feel that all will soon be over. This may be our last New Year's day on this earth where we have passed so many eventful years. When those who are left again "ring out the old, ring in the new," we may not be here to ring either chime of belis. So we sit and dream and call up from the treasure-house of memory the faces, words and deeds of those who walked with us in the days of our youth and of our prime. But we would not be gone yet. He is less than a man who thus can sit and dream, think of his dehopes that buoyed us up so safely in youth have found what there is of fulfillment all too little, of us in the days of our youth and of our prime. But we would not be gone yet. He is less than a man who thus can sit and dream, think of his departure, and not "cast one longing, lingering look behind." We must go to the poets to interpret this life to us. Not to the great ones of the world, but to those whose verse deals with the common things of life: to Burns and his "banks and braes o' bonnie Doon," his "Highland Mary;" to the man who wrote "Home, Sweet Home;" to the poet of the poor slave in the south and his "Suwanee River." We can go far back in the ages and all River." We can go far back in the ages, and all the time the common heart of a common humanity was the same as now. King David would take the aged Barzillai to the capital, to the court. But the plain man of the people would be left alone to dream the last dreams of life in peace. "Let me go back that I may die in mine own city." And after death "be buried by the side of my father and of my mother." Oh! the tenderness of old age! There are no fierce passions left. Ambition builds no more castles in the air. Just to be let dream of the days that are gone, of the early home and all it contained, and then lie down with the companions of youth and for centuries and centuries, throughout the great eternity, let our ashes mingle with those we loved so well.

NEW YEAR RESOLUTIONS.

While New Year is only an imaginary life drawn through time to mark its divisions, it posses a sentiment which moves us all. It marks a definite starting point in our lives every year and we take a fresh hold upon our prospects and renew our faith in ourselves and look out upon the coming year as upon a new, fair field, with promise of better things. I do not much believe in formal resolutions proclaimed loudly from the eminence of our vanity. The man who, on New Year's, "swears off" his bad habits for a definite period and notifies his friends and neighbors, is, from my observation, only hypnotizing himself. He may honestly intend to stick to his good resolutions, and perhaps makes his announcement as a sort of mental and moral prop. But if he is in deadly earnest he only needs to promise allegiance to God and himself. If he does the things he means to do his friends and neighbors will give him credit, and if he fails they will not know of his broken vows. Reforms come from within and deeds, not words, prove a man's sincerity.

The old year has been kindly a one to the farmers of America. They have prospered, and they have made national advancement in social and moral life, better methods of farming, and a broader view of the field of endeavor have been among the achievements of the old year. From the year to come we hope that every one of us may have greater prosperity, larger blessings, and better lives.

AN ABANDONED PROJECT.

"Two hearts that beat as one." The Museum

"Oh, well," he went on, continuing his soliloquy, "I suppose we could get up a freak like that, but she wouldn't be in it with the twoheaded girl, anyhow."-Puck.

THE SATURDAY HERALD OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF MOULTRIE COUNTY.

LARGEST CIRCULATION. BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM MRS. AMERICA D. LILLY JOHN W. HIXSON.... Business Manage

Entered at the postoffice in Sullivan, Illinoi as Second-class Mail Matter.

Terms of Subscription (IF ADVANCE) Three months

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 97, 1918.

King of The Harem.

The seal is a polygamist, The larger and stronger males have harems, ranging from 20 to 40 in number according to the fighting strength of the "King of the Harem." One bull has been known to have 200 cows in his harem.

Naturally there is a large surplus of mateless males whose one object in life is to get a harem of their own, entailing continuous warfare and bloodshed in which often the female is torn to pieces or maimed in the struggle for ownership. To kill off a goodly number of these disturbing hichelors of the herd is therefore necessary—not only for the good of the herd itself but also for the good of the skins, for naturally a mutilated skin or an old one has but very little market value.

Nearly two years ago Congress made a law stopping the killing of seals entirely on the U S. Islands, for five years, except seals needed for food by natives on the islands. While from the usual standpoint of gamepreservation this seemed a good thing, zoologists and experts on seal life are not in favor of it. They say that the ruling regarding the preservation of deer or grouse does not apply to the seal. They claim that if the number of male seals is not kept down they will continue to fight and kill each other, and the pups and temales of the harem as well—that only a small percentage of male seals is needed to increase the herd. But besides this if the killing is closed for five years thousands of skins will be lost, because a skin older than four years and a half is worthless. Scientific men say that killing rightly governed, with none on the open sea, will mean's quick growth of the

However, Congress decided the other way, and closed the season for five years. The skins of the several thousand seals killed under the law as food for natives are not to be sent to London as formerly. Secretary Redfield has ordered otherwise. Af ter a thorough investigation he has ordered that the entire quantity be sold in the United States. After a close study of the fur markets of the world he selected Funsten Bros. & Co. of St. Louis to act as agents of the government in their disposal.

In 1837 a seal skin fetched from \$2 to \$3; in 1890, \$17 to \$30: while in 1909 the price reached the \$40 mark. The prices on seal garments, how ever, have indicated a fictitious value. due to the heavy duty entailed by ty, N. C. with 190.4 bu., it cost London shipments, and fur dealers 33,25 cents per bushel while the have had to demand an exhorbitant figure for an article which is a home product and should and could have been, bought for much less.

Boys' State Fair School.

The exhibits of live stock were held in the northwest part of the Fair Grounds Fine hog and sheep barns have recently been erected.

in the horse barn were many imported. There were Standard bred, coach and saddle horses of the light type, Percheron, Belgian, Shire and Clydesdale of the draft types and Shetland and Welsh ponies.

Almost every breed of cattle were exhibited, both dairy and beef types. Some of them were Shorthorns, Galloways, Guernsey, Jersey, Herefords, Angus and Polls There were some exhibits of milking machines which would be in operation at certain times during the day If they cameras in this part of Illinois; there rapid growth, are a success, the time is coming is never a group too large for us to when the dairyman, instead of photogragh, performing the milking by hand will have it done in much less time by machinery.

The exhibits of fine hogs were the new hog barn of pavillion. Almost every breed was represented except the wild hog. Some breeds exhibited were Poland China, Chester White, Duroc, Jersey Berkshire, Hamp shire, Tamworth and large York shire.

In the sheep pavilion were the exhibits of the producers of wool and mutton. There were the American Merino and Rambouilett of the fine wool type; the Shropshire, Hampshire, the type, and the Cotswold, Lincoln and Leicester of the long wool

Some exhibitors had very large exhibits. These men make a business, of producing pure blooded stock and try to improve the breeds which they

All stock was brought to the coliseum where they were shown, judged and the best ones awardad prizes. RALPH BOYD.

Superior School

Perhaps no school in Moultrie rapid strides forward than the Center, in Jonathan Creek township since they awakened to the betterment of the conditions of school affairs in their district. In the last two years they have erected a model school building and added much to the modern improvements. They will consider no teacher but the best educationally, morally and socially. The improvement in the

district is miraculous. From a standard school they have become what is known as a Superior School. State Superintendent, Blair, spent Thursday of last week with them and confered the degree of a Superior School.

Mr. Blair pronounces this the second best school in the state; It is the fifth superior school in the state. There are other districts in Moultrie, county Ill. that are now striving for the same distinction.

Boy Corn Growers.

Walker I ee Dunson of Alexander City Tallapoosa county in Ala., has broken the record for corn growing He raised 232.7 bushels on a single acre at the much protein, do not expect him to cost of 19.9 cents per bushel.

is J. Jones Polk of Prentiss. Jeff genous food come from milk and eggs, Davis county, Miss., with 214 4 plenty of these rich and relatively Cameron, Kinston, Lenoir councrop of the second oue cost 21 4 cents per bushel to raise.

The Tomato Growers

Miss Clyde Sullivan of Ousley, Loundes county, Ga, has canned 2,464 cans of tomatoes out of a yield of 5,354 pounds. Miss Lizzie Kelley of Union S C, a yield of 4.375 pounds of tomatoes ranked second place, third fine horses, some of them being place to Miss Lucy F. Bale of Augusta, N. J. who raised 3.980 pounds of tomatoes.

Modern Photography.

Your tamily and friends want ed to see you-pictures with your natural, conventional expression.

Such portraits are a pleasure for us to make and for you to have made. Drop in and have a chat-you will is good for them on their growing hardly know you are being photographed. This is modern photography—the result is a natural, intimate likeness.

We also have one of the few Cirkut appetite result in more than healthy

TERRYS Art Studio, "The home of Adv-48-4 Mrs. TILFORD ELLIS. life like pictures." Phone 5. adv. Lovington, Ill. R. R.

McKinley Corn Club Boys, Washington, D.C., Dec, 17, 1913. Editor Saturday Herald:-

Our chaperone thought it well to write a starter coday to fill in leisure ime as some of the papers are in a

We arrived here at 10:45 December 1th. That afternoon we visited the capitol and listened to debates in the house and senate for a while. The senate office building was next visited, where we met Senator Sherman and made him a short visit. We visited the Washington monument Friday morning. It is about fifty feet square at the base and 555 feet high, Southdown, Oxford and Dorset, The walls for the first 58 feet, which of the medium wool and mutton was built before the Civil war, are 15 feet thick. Then the walls for the rest of the distance taper from 12 to to feet in thickness. There is an elevator large enough for thirty persons in the monument.

We saw paper money being made at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, only two of the five processes. We visited the office building and laboratories of the Department of Agriculture, Saturday morning Hon, David Houston presented the diplomas. In the afternoon we trip was sixteen miles and we had a fine time. A very fine view is had of it. Vernon from the river, A person cannot see everything thoroughly in one hour. We saw the house, the county has made longer and more barn and coach house, and the gardens. We will call on the President and Mrs. Wilson Monday afternoon.

I don't know how I will ever repay Mr. McKinley for the kindness he is showing me. It is the greatest education I know of.

Very truly yours. ORVAL SAMPLEY.

What The Growing Boy Needs The appetite of a growing boy is

constant source of astonishment to his mother, and the ease with which he consumes more food than the adult members of the family convinces her that his tastes are abnormal. the forgets that in the second period of rapid growth that comes in the "teens" Nature is making every effort to buid a perfect individual and needs ell the help she can get. She cannot build without a wealth of material, and so every boy who is physically more active than his father and mother, who is using his brains for study and growing rapidly besides, needs an abundant supply of food. What should this food be? Should his diet be limited or his taste questioned? Generally speaking, no. He needs all kinds of food, and he generally craves what he needs. He needs protein to build a man's frame and he needs a larger proportion of it than the average adult requires. He also needs fat and starches to furnish the heat and energy burned out in his everactive body and to keep his tissue plump and rounded While he needs get it all from meat. Indeed, it is Second corn club boy this year better that no small part of this nitrocheese, beans and peas. If he has bushels, the third was J. Ray cheap foods he will not crave meat so inordinately as most growing boys do. The boy needs a large quantity of carbohydrates. That is why his demand for bread and butter is limited only by the supply at hand, and why he uses almost as much butter as bread. Let him have all he wants. By the pound, butter is expensive, but it is pure, wholesome food, and he can use it readily, It will not make him ill; quite the contrary. And do not be afraid of sugar and sweet foods. Sugar is a true, concentrated food. Give him candy for desert. He craves it and his craving is natural, not abnormal. The boy's instincts will lead him to choose the all-around diet he needs. To limit his choice to a few articles compels him unconsciously to overuse the one he likes best. To regulate his diet to the tastes or foods of his father or mother is cruelty and will probpictures of you as they are accustom- ably result in an undernourished child. If grown people wish to ex- don: periment on new foods they have the right to do so, but they do not have the right to inflict their ideas of what children Good food in variety and plenty of it is what the child needs, and it it is provided his taste will not be abnormal nor will his astonishing

Mammoth Bronze turkeys; goblers Ask to see some of the Cirkut \$4.00, hens \$2.50. Seven miles north of the Masonic Home,

Notice of your sale will be printed under this heading ree of charge when the Herald prints your sale bills.

Administratrix's Public Sale.

I will sell at public sale on the old ho Sullivan, one-half mile south of Chipps, to

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1914. Commencing at 10a, m., the following decribed property to-wit:

Il HEAD OF HORSES-One bay mare twelve years old, weight 1850; one bay coming eight years old, weight 1625; one foal by Barnes's gray horse, weight 1500; one bay horse coming six years old, weight 1275; one bay filly coming three years old, weight 1425; one coming two year old colt. weight 950; these two are mates. One brown filly coming three years old, weight 1800; one bay mare colt, one gray " are colt, two bay horse colts, all coming two years old; one old family horse.

SIX HEAD, OF CATTLE-One Hereford cow five years old, will be fresh in January; one Jersey cow five years old, will be fresh in January; one Jersey helfer two years old with calf by side; one Jersey heifwent by boat to Mt. Vernon. The er calf, coming yearling; one black buil calf, coming yearling.

> NINE HEAD OF HOGS-One Duroe so and eight pigs.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS-One Destin Binder, one Fan Mill, one Iron Roller, one Oats Seeder, one Corn Planter, one Disc. one Farm Wagon, one Harrow, one two-row Stalk Cutter, one pair of Pitless Scales.

TERMS OF SALE:-All sums of \$10.00 and under, cash in hand. On sums over \$10 a credit of 12 months will be given, purchaser to give note with approved security. bearing 7 per cent interest from date, before property is removed.

LUNCH.ON THE GROUND.

Mrs. Ellen Drew. Administratrix of Estate of J. W. Drew

SILVER & BURNS, Auctioneers

NO OPERATION -Dr. G. F. Dougherty-1913

The Specialist Of Internal Diseases. Has been ja the prese ocation 36 years. One patient cured sends another. I have never changed location in

all my life. Patients come to me. APPENDICITIS

Treated and cured without as operation by the use of my SPECIAL FURMULA_OF INTERNAL MEDICINE perfected years

I have a RECORD of hundreds of cases of APPENDICITIS treated and cured without an operation. This RECORD is open for inspection to those interested. If your family physician can not cure appendicitis without an OPERATION have him com with you : I will give him some valuable in

Liver and

Intestinal Disorders: Inactive or Torpid Liver. Intestinal Fermentation and Putrefaction. Intestinal Auto-Intoxication and Complications.

Bile Tract Infection:

Inflammation of Gall, Bladder and Ducts Catarrhal Jaundice. Gall Stone Diseases and Sequelae.

DISEASE OF THE STOMACH Years ago I perfected a SPFCIAL FORM-ULA OF INTERNAL MEDICINE for the treatment and cure of diseases of the stom ach. I have a RECORD of hundreds of cases cured. I am better able to handle those cases for they have been my specialty all my professional life.

I DO NOT TRAVEL

It is not necessary for me to travel. Patients are coming from all parts of the state. My time is fully taken. You must secure a date before coming. Many dates are taken in advance. I accept, examine and give treatment to only two patients in one day. No Sunday work. Office closed on Sunday. For Particulars and dates, address

DR. G. F. DOUGHERTY. Lock Box 24 Neoga, III

Notice to Hunters

The undersigned do hereby forbid any hunting on their lands, premises or land controlled by them. Violators of the law will be prosecuted to the limit.

President, Jas. L. Lane; Secretary, John Clayton; Treasurer, D. L. Maxe

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It means added knowledge, broader minds, greater interests— for every member of the family—through the following famous Record-Herald features:

Daily there are articles devoted to the household—advance fashion news, helpful housekeeping hints, etc., etc.—Sparkling editorial comments on tanics of the day hulliont through a facility of the day hulliont through the day of the day hulliont through the day of torial comments on topics of the day—brilliant thoughts of big minds on timely subjects—clean, crisp columns of sports—pointed paragraphs by one of America's foremost humorists—clever cartoons of passing events—and a continued story by some noted author. The Record-Herald news gathering facilities are world-wide in scope, and unrivaled in reliability. Comprising the news of the Associated Press—telegraph news from special correspondents in every large city of the East and in every town of the Central West—news that comes over leased wires from New York and Washington—and the foreign cable service of two of the biggest New York City newspapers.

AND ALL FOR 1 CENTS A DAY!

It's nothing to hesitate over! It's something to grasp—NOW, while it's offered! / Stop in at the office, or send us a check with your order, while the opportunity lasts.

Here's the Proposition, Briefly: THE SATURDAY HERALD, one year,\$1.00 BOTH to you TODAY (special price for one year) 3.50

DOWNWARD COURSE.

Fast being Realized by Sullivan People.

A little backache at first.

Daily increasing till the back is lame and Utinary disorders may quickly follow Dropsy and often Bright's disease.

This frequently is the downward course of kidney ills. kidney illa.

Don't take this course. Sullivan residents should profit by the following experience.

Mrs. B. Berry, 1121 Wabash Ave. Mattoon, Ill., says: "I had severe attacks of backachand if I stooped. I had trouble in straight ening. My head also ached and the action of my kidneys was irrregular. I could not steep weil and in the morning I was all tired out. Seeing Doan's kidney pills advertised, I got a supply and began using them. They toom made me feel better and stronger in every way."

For sate by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster—Milloura Co., Buffalo New York,

Foster—Milbura Co., Buffalo New York, sole agents for the United States. ember the name-Doan's-and take

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Harry A Shaw

Farm Sales a Specialty

Write or call on me.

-Adv. | Bruce, 3 on 1;

e Fact Remains

No amount of misrepresentation by the peddlers of alum baking powders, no juging with chemicals, or pretended analys or cooked-up certificates, or falsehoods of any kind, can change the fact that

Royal Baking Powder has been found by the offi-cial examinations to be of the highest leavening efficiency, free from alum, and of absolute purity and wholesomeness.

Royal Baking Powder is indispensable for making finest and most economical food.

Monday.

LOGAL NEWS TIEMS

A. F. Burwell, of springfield, was

J. T. Grider transacted business in Decatur, last Monday,

in Sullivan, last Saturday.

Mrs. Turner Ford, of Allenville, spent Monday in Sullivan. Miss Iessie Buxton has accepted a

position in O. L. Todd's dry goods

the Twenty club Thursday evening of last week

All Keen Kutter goods guaranteed, Not the cheapest but the best. J. M. Cummins & Son. adv. 51-2

Dennis Cook and family will move to their farm near Bethany, about the first of March

Grover C. Hines and family visited over Sunday with relatives in Lov-

ington, Hot Water Bottles and Fountain Syringes at MCPHEETERS. East side

drug store. Prices \$1 to \$3. 47-tf Miss Nettie Bristow is doing the stenographic work in the office of

Attorney F. M. Harbaugh. Miss Emma Jenkins has accepted the position of stenographer in the

office of Attorney E. Miller Fresh lard at the DeBruler & Olehy butcher shop; 12 cents per pound. Opposite Eden House. Adv.

Fresh lard 12 cents per pound at the DeBruler & Olehy butcher shop. Opposite Eden House. Adv

There were no Christmas exercises at the Christian church this year. The school was given the treat last Sunday morning.

Lafe Bond has traded his Sullivan property for a farm near Moccasin. Each of the parties have moved to the property they traded.

Mrs. Mattie Harris returned Friday night of last week from a visit with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Zoe Harris and children, in Danville,

Judge W. G. Cochran went to Lovington, Saturday, to preach the juneral of Mrs. Funston. She was near 90 years of age. W. O. Funston is

Clyde Patterson and wife are now in St. Petersburg, Florida. We are in receipt of a letter from Mr. Patterson which states that the climate is proving beneficial to his wite.

The students of the Hewitt and Stricklan school districts expect to be in their new school houses when school opens again after the holi-

For Sale-Big type Poland China male hog, good as anybody's; seven miles west of Mattoon on Western Avenue road. PHILLIP G. WAGGON-ER, Gays, Ill, R. R. adv 49-4

Fred Leeds severed his connection with the Sullivan Democrat, Tuesday, and left for East St. Louis to visit his sister, Mrs. Nellie Moberly, and his school law of 1911 is valid. It will father, F. M. Leeds.

Ideals are like stars; you will never succeed in touching them with your the desert of waters, you follow them as your guides and thereby you reach

The boys who made the trip to Washington as a reward offered by Ex-Congressman W. B. McKinley, Chamber of Commerce, went before for best corn raisers this year, have the board of supervisors at their last returned. They express themselves loud in their praise of the courteous Orval Sampley, of near Bethany,

J. H Baker was in Springfield

The Sullivan schools were closed Weanesday for a week's holidays.

J. A. Sabin and tamily are visiting his mother near Noblesville, Indiana Mrs. L. B. Scroggin entertained the Friends in Council, Monday after-

Harry Harsh visited over Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Ernest Tinsman, in Chicago.

Mart Taylor and family moved to Mrs. Lucretia Peadro entertained E. J. Miller's farm near Lovington on Wednesday.

Roy Seright and wife, of Louisville, spent Christmas in Sullivan with reltives and friends.

Everything was very quiet in Sullivan, Christmas day, Most every- proficient in the service. one took a holiday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed McCar. thy, a son. It died Sunday night and was buried on Monday.

Mrs. Verne Gifford is teaching the Bruce school in the place of a Mr. Drake, of Allenville, who resigned,

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sona, sr. spent Christmas with their daughter, Mrs. this week. We have a greater one Stanley Peters and husband, in Pittsfield.

teacher's certificates in Supt. Roughton's office, Friday and Saturday of last week

Remember the big Farmers' Insti tute to be held in Sullivan, January 14, 15 and 16. We will publish the program next week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Mattox, held a reunion at their home south of town. Christmas. All the immediate relatives of the family were present.

Mrs. Claude Harris and three children, of Decatur, spent this week in Sullivan with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira McIlwain, in Sullivan.

Mrs. Walter and her son, Willard on Findlay visited in the Herald office. Wednesday, They were enroute to Bethanyto bewith relatives, Christ-

Court adjourned, Friday, till Monday, when the Beiber case will be called for trial. The sheriff and assistant have been busy this week issuing subpoenas.

Mrs. D. B. Isenburg, of White City Kansas, arrived in Sullivan Saturday, for a month's visit with her mother, Mrs. Clara Grigsby, sister Mrs. Paul Hankley, and other relatives and friends.

The Chamber of Commerce brought a fine entertainment to Sullivan Friday night of last week, "The Dawn their attorneys to the supreme of Plenty". The K. P. Hall was not large enough to admit all who wished to hear the lecture. All who heard tha lecture praise it very highly. The Chamber of Commerce are going to furnish several other free enttetainments. A more spacious room will be used next time.

The supreme court has reversed itself and decided that the high be remembered that Delbert Duncan. of Sullivan, had taken the contract for and was erecting a township high hands, but like the seafaring man on school building at Herrick, when the law was declared void. His many friends have been watching this with interest as it meant a big financial loss to Mr. Duncan.

W. A. Steele, president of the meeting, and asked the board to in. low: as having a delightful trip, and are stall four lights on each of the four sides of the court house grounds, one treatment accorded them by Chester light to be located at each corner and A. Willoughby, the personal repre- two near the center on each side. sentative of Mr. McKinley, while The board of supervisors gave favorthey were on the trip. Moultrie able consideration to the proposition county was represented this year by and appointed a committee to act in connection in the matter.

Bert Fultz and family visited over Christmas with his brother Met Fults and wife in Hillsbaro.

Willis Harris and wife left Wednesday for Wayland, Missouri, to visit Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Miller. The latter is their daughter Fern.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Cazier went to St. Louis, Wednesday morning to visit their daughter, Mrs. Jas. Rhodes and family. Their son, Walter is aring for their home, while they are

Grover Smith, of Chicago, visited his uncle, J. H. Smith and family from Wendesday until Sunday. He has a good position with Bear Bros.& Brodie, Clothiers,

D. W. Duncan and sister, Miss Rena, are visiting relatives in Maryville, Tenn, Mr. Duncan will return soon. Miss Duncan will stay the remainder of the winter.

M. B. Whitman and wife had s Christmas tree wednesday evening, for the entertainment of their family and some intimate friends. Light refreshments were served.

Mrs. Lenua Fred arrived in Sullivan, Wednesday from Texas, to visit her father, B. D. Uhrich and family, Snow tell all along the route she traveled until she reached Dalton

Dr. Lawson and wife entertained over Christmas, the latter's father and mother, Dr. and Mrs. D. D. Grier, of Gays, and in addition to them Mrs. Lawson's sister, Mrs. Harlie Gregory and family, of Moweaqua.

Miss Emma Jenkins lesigned her position as stenographer in the office of Attorney F. M. Harbaugh last Saturday. Her plans are to take a course at Brown's Business College, in Decatur, that she may be more

Misses Mabel Chipps, Gladys Hudson, and Messrs, Paul Chipps, Harry Harsh, Roy Patterson, Eden and Nealy Martin, all students of the University of Illinois, sre spending i vacation of two weeks with their

Our story "Fran" is completed coming. Our readers enjoyed the last two stories so much that we are Thirteen young people wrote for making a selection this time that will please them better.

> The Harmony school has a graduat ing class of nine, six boys and three girls. The boys are very energetic and ambitious. Some of them wrote at the examination for teachers last Friday and Saturday. They are exceedingly proud of their teacher, Vernon Smith, and think he is second to none.

Mrs. W. E. Storm served a four course turkey dinner Christmas. Her guests were her son, Harvey Storm, of Bloomington, Walter E. Storm, of Arthur, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Storm and son, Linvill, of Windsor, Messra, and Mesdames Harry Storm, John Wilson and their families, of Ash

New Hearing Overruled.

Judge W. G. Johns held a session of court in Sullivan last Saturday for the purpose of passing on motions for a new trial. The motion was erruled in the Geo W vs. the Aetna insurance company and Aaron H. Miller and Delmar Hill indicted for perjury. The two last were sentenced to a term in the pentitentiary and were taken last Monday morning.

An application to have them re leased on bond was presented by court.

A writ of supersedeas was issu Wednesday. Robert Hill and Frank Ferrell went to Chester with the necessary papers to confer with the warden, Thursday. Today noon, Friday, nothing more is public in Sullivan.

Birthday Party.

Mrs. Myrtle Pence entertained, on last Saturday evening, from 4 to 6, Miss Ola Reedy and her class in Sunday sohool, consisting of twenty-five boys. The party was in honor of their son Clyde's tenth birthday.

The boys enjoyed themselves as only boys can around a Christmas tree. But most of all they enjoyed the "bell hont".

Refreshments consisting of cake and ice cream were served. The names of the boys are mentioned be:

Thomas Mouroe, Paul Uhrich, Paul Wood ruff, Allie Gritsmaker. Willie Gritsmaker, Ward Walker, William Walker, Shanks, Ray Wood, Forest Wood, Ivan Myres, Clarence Batson, Russell McPheeters, Ralph Stricklan, Wyman Hughes, Fred Roese, Dwight Ball, Herbert Wood, Clarence Fleest, Clark Lowe, Rex Shirey, Clyde Pence,

Cooperative Meeting.

The board of education and teach-ers in the Sullivan school arranged a program and anounced a meeting to be held in the assembly room of the high school building, on Thursday evening, December 11.

The meeting was a success from beginning to finish.

One of the noticeable feature was prevailing good order and system it certainly proves that the school is well disciplined and that the pupils respect the instructors. The room was crowded and the boys very politely gave up their seats and stood during the evening as quietly and orderly as could be desired.

The teachers in a receiving line welcomed the visitors.

Sperintendent Finley presided at the meeting. Dr. S. T. Butler in an appropriate manner stated the purpose of the meeting.

The gist of the discourses was the expectancies of the different factors of the school. Rutus Harshman represented the parents One of the desirables with him was a more practic al education. It occurred to us how appropriately the parents'cooperation with the the teacher would produce the result. Miss Jeanette Ralston, of the grades, represented that department, one point she emphasized, was parents do not visit the shool Why not the teacher visit every home represented in her room. Parents and children will appreciate it.

Others were J.A. Sabin in behalf of the board of education, Miss Olive Martin the high school and then Miss Ruth Drish for the high scehol. A good talk was made by Superintendent Roughton. An excellent program was rendered by the pupils at different intervals

The meeting will be productive of much good. A better understaning will be existing among the factors of the school, and cooperation will prevail. There has been very little or no for that is a matter of circumstance friction in the school this year and But every one has his own life and excellent results are indicative. Prof. end in his own hands to make or mag Pinley and his very able corps of What his equipment for life will be. instructors; deserve encouragement, and what he ought to do or not do. and coopertion from all other factors will depend principally upon his way of this school,

"The End Is Not."

The Neoga Physician, Dr. G. F. Dougherty, has not only surprised There is enough zeal in most every the Medical Profession, but he has convinced the people in this part of the state and other states that his Special Formula of Internal Medicine cures appendicitis without an operation.

This unusual procedure caused his eyes so he can see things as they much comment and the doctor was classed as a quack. His success in treatment of this dreaded disease has changed this opinion and he is now being solicited to make known to the medical profession the Special Formu-

la for his cure. Patients are making dates with him far in advance. Many are coming from others. "The End Is Not." The Doctor in the near future will enlarge his office and laboratory room. A special Chemist will be in charge, While a Special Pathologist will assist, the Doctor will personally supervise the examination of each

patient. His success in the treatment of Internal Diseases, Stomach, Bowels, have to build everything on this an-Liver, Heart and Kidneys has been known in this part of the state for a For Appendicitis" that he gained a

national reputation. today for the cure of appendicitis, the the main ends you will miss the high Doctor ramarked in language of Ella Wheeler Wilcox. "This, too, shall pass away,"-Mattoon Commercial-Star, August 25, 1912.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Sunday School 9:30 a. m. 10:45 a. m.—Preaching by pastor. Snbject—"The Voice of The Past." 7.00 p. m.—Preaching. Subject — "The New

We want you in our Bible school Good teachers and an inspiring school will be found. We would be glad for your help and regular attendance.

Church,"

Are you a regular attendant at some church? If not we would be pleased to see you in the services at the Christian church. Don't stay away on acco unt of your clothes not being as good as some one else's, The sermons will help you, Good congregational singing. A splendid sociable crowd of people will greet you. Get the church going habit a

W. B. HOPPER, Pastor.

Doan's Regulets enres constipation with griping, nau sea, nor any weakening effect. Ask your druggist for them. 25 cents per

People's Market Place

Storage room for reut.

W. H. WALKER, Phone 231, 17-tf. All Water Bottles and Fountain Syringes are guaranteed at Mc-PHEETERS' East side drug store, 47-tf

So acres for rent, \$7 an acre cash in

advance. Apply to R. E. Shields, Bethany, Ill. Adv. Fresh lard for 12 cents per pound. at the DeBruler & Olehy butcher

shop. Opposite Eden House, Adv For Sale-White Plymouth Rock cockerels. FRANK DOUGHTY, R. R.

Get prices on Hot Water Bottles and Fountain Syringes at Mc-PHEETERS' East side drug store, 47-tf For Sale -- A base burner. P. J.

HARSH. For Sale-A good team of weanling

W. d. WALKER, Sullivan, mules. Illinois.

CHURCH SERVICES

METHODIST CHURCH Sunday School 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. Subject-"The Dying Year and ts Appeal."

Preaching at 7:00 p. m. Subject-"The Record of the Closng Year."

Epworth League services at six 'clock, led by the pastor.

You are invited to these services. J. F. WOHLFARTH D. D., Pastor.

To the Boys of Moultrie

No one can control his beginning. of looking st life and on the spirit with which he takes hold of life. He can deal with it at arm's length

or he can grip it at short range. young fellow to get a great deal into life if he has the disposition to look at things with a good degree of seriousness. I do not mean by seriousness sourness, but a practical easnestness. He must take the lids off really are. He must take the cotton out of his ears so he can hear the good advice given him. He must give at tention and focalize if he would win success. The sun-glass will conivert ordinary temperature into heat by contracting solar lines to a focus. It s worth a whole fortune to get well stirred up; to get all the energies of one's being drawn out in warm intensityupon a single purpose. Find something that is true and then be

tremendously committed to it. Keep yourself in good health for much depends upon that. That is the foundation for everything else.

Be a clean vígorous animal. domestic, civil and business life wt imal strength.

This does not mean to be strong quarter of a century, but not until is to be barbarians. You must avoid he formulated his "Bloodless Cure stimulants, licensiousness and dirt of every kind. It is fine to enjoy the sports. They are legitimate enjoy-Speaking of surgical procedure of ments. But if they are made to be purpose of living. They must be in-

If you would live by the exercise of your mental and not your physical powers, you will have to discipline succeed as others have. There is a lengthening list of great men, who have risen to prominence from humble beginnings. Let this encourage you. Put aside your doubts and have faith in yourself. Set your ambition high and work with the encourage ment inspired by the example of the men who are every day winning life's greatest prizes, with no better equipment than brains, energy and selffaith such as you have.

J. F. WOALFARTH, D. D.

Ornaments last longer than anything else that man makes. There are brooches and necklaces in museums more than 40 centuries old. Mo ments, perhaps, stand second, and houses third. The life of furniture is shorter still. There is very little fur-niture in England which dates be-yond the year 1500. Pictures last longer than furniture, and there are paint-ings still in fair condition which have weathered six centuries of life.

married last Satur lev of 2:3 p. n, in Goshen, Indiant. Pary vere companied by Mrs. Mattle smith, he bride's mother.

After the wedding the party went, to Elkhart, Indiana, to visic a dist. C.D. Hall, the bride's aunt and a sister of Mrs. Smith's.

The groom is a son of J den l'avior, living northwest of Sullivan

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor will reside in Elkhart, Indiana, where he has se-

Arabia's Great Dezert.

In Arabia it seems that there is a tract of land unexplored which is Britain. Probably there is no more desolate waste to be found in the entire globe than that which is called the "dwelling of the void." Not a single river is estimated to flow throughout its entire 400,000 square

Poultry and Eggs

Highest market cash price paid for Poultry, Eggs, Veal, and

Hides of All Descriptions

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Licensed Embauner and Funeral Director

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First Time in Clubs Until this year Collier's has been sold at \$5.50. Now the price is \$2.50 and we have secured

ial Offer to Our Re

What You Get in Collier's

THE HERALD \$1.00 | \$2.5 Important, Though Unnoticed. We are apt to underestimate the force of unorganized conviction in politics and religion. Milk costs a city as much as water, for all that its supply is enfocussed, so little impressive in any way. The milk has lofty aqueduct is not of more ac-

Master's Sale. Moultrie County, | 16 Moultrie County Court. Rosa Beck and Addie Dishman, et al

No. 7259 In Chancery. Partition. Vs. Charles Dishman and Walter Dishman, et al Public notice is hereby given that in pur-

suance of a decretal order entered in the bove entitled cause in the said Court at the September term, A. D. 1913, I. Geo. A. Sentel, Master in Chancery for said court, on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1914, at 10 the mind in this competitive age to o'clock in the forenoon of said day, will self at public suction to the highest bi at the west door of the court house in Sullivan, in said County, the following described real estate, situate in the County of Moultrie and State of Illinois, to-wit:

The southeast quarter (1/4) of the northeast quarter (14) of section twenty-five (25) township thirteen (13) north range five (5) east, of the Third (8rd) Principal Meridian in the County of Moultrie and State of Illi-

Upon the following terms, to-wit: Casl

in hand on day of sale. Said premises will be sold together with all and singular the tener ents, and here GEO. A. SENTEL. Master in Chancery.

Dated December 8th, A. D. 1918. L. A. MATTOX, Solicitor for Complainants. I. J. MILLER, Guardian ad Livem J. B. TITUS and C. S. EDWARDS, Solicitors for Defendants. 51-4

Light for Photography. Photographers now receive very similar to that through the tional studio skylight by vapor electric lamps filled with carbon ide instead of mercury vapor.



interested in charty of the church. Ashton become interested in Fran and while take we of her, holds her hand and I y sapplire Clinton, sister of Roi nton, chairman of the school bear tells Gregory she wants a homim, Grace Noir, Gregory's privality, takes a violent dislike to Fresching her to go away at one tells Gregory and wants a home lim. Grace Not. Gregory's private lary, takes a violent dislike to Frankvischer to go away at once hints at a twenty-year-old secret the room. Frank related the story of regory magnitude a young girl a glield while attending college and descried her. Frank is the child of marriage. Gregory had married in twife three years before the deat and's mother. Franks takes a liking the anish mother. Franks takes a liking the gregory districts and the with them and takes her to he with them the sources of the sure tary musually the sure of the sure target a house of the sure target a home. Grace decides to associate the sure of the sure target and daughter. Franks tory. Franks tory franks to associate the sure of the sure in the a corner by the threat of expensive and the corner of corne

CHAPTER XXIII.-Continued. He met her eyes unfalteringly. "It's lready nine o'clock," he said with sin-ular composure. "Don't forget nine-

Then he disappeared in the crowd. Then he disappeared in the crowd.

Then, to her amazement, she beheld Hamilton Gregory stumbling toward her, looking neither to right nor left, seeing none but her—Hamilton Gregory at a show! Hamilton Gregory here, of all places, his eyes wide, his head thrown back as if to bare his to her startled gaze.

"Frant" cried Gregory, thrusting forth his arms to take her hands 'Fran! Even now, the bars divide us



"Up, Samson, Un!

But oh, I am so glad, so glad God answered my prayer and saved you, Fran-my daughter!"

CHAPTER XXIV.

Near the Sky.

It was half-past nine when Abboti met Fran, according to appointment, before the Snake Den. From her hands she had removed the color of Italy, and from her body, the glittering rai et of La Gonizetti.

Fran came up to the young From out the crowded street, all quiv-ering excitement. In contrast with the pulsing life that ceaselessly changed her face, as from reflections g light-points, his composure nowed almost grotesque.

"Here I am." she panted, shooting quiszical glance at his face, "are you ready as me? Come on, then, and a'll show you the very place for us."



Abbott inquired serenely: ere in the Den?"
"No," she returned, "not in the Den. You're no Daniel, if I am a Charmer

No dens for us." "Nor lion cages?" inquired Abbott still inscrutable; "never again?"

"Never again," came her response.

Fran stopped before the

"Let's take a ride," she said, a little "Let's take a ride," she said, a little tremulously. "Won't need tickets. Bill, stop the wheel; I want to go right up. This is a friend of mine—Mr. Ashton. And Abbott, this is an older friend than you—Mr. Bill Smookins."

Mr. Bill Smookins was an exceedingly hard-featured man, of no recognizable age. Externally, he was blue overalls and greasy tar.

Abbott grassed Bill's band and in-

Abbott grasped Bill's hand, and in-quired about business.

"Awful pore, sense Fran lef' the show," was the answer, accompanied by a grin that threatened to cut the

by a grin that threatened to cut the weather-beaten face wide open. Fran beamed. "Mr. Smookins knew my mother—didn't you, Bill? He was awful good to me when I was a kid. Mr. Smookins was a Human Nymph in those days, and he smoked and talked, he did, right down under the water— remember, Bill? That was sure-enough water—oh, he's a sure-enough Bill, let me tell you!"

Bill intimated, as he slowed down the engine, that the rheumatism he had acquired under the water, was sure-enough rheumatism—hence his change of occupation. "I was strong enough to be a Human Nymph," he explained, "but not endurable. Nobody can't last many years as a Human

Abbott indicated his companion Here's one that'll last my time." The wheel stopped. He and Fran were barred into a seat.

"And now," Fran exclaimed, "it's all ups and downs, just like a moving pic-ture of life. Why don't you say some-thing, Mr. Ashton? But no, you can keep still—I'm excited to death, and wouldn't hear you anyway. I want to do all the talking—I always do, after I've been in the cage. My brain is filled with air—so this is the time to be soaring up into the sky, isn't it! What is your brain filled with?—but never mind. We'll be just two balmy! aren't you glad we haven't any strings on us—suppose some peo-ple had hold!—I, for one, would be willing never to go down again. Where are the clouds?—Wish we could meet a few. See how I'm trembling—always do after the lions, Now, Abbott I'll leave a small opening for just one

"I'll steady you," said Abbott, brief-ly, and he took her hand. She did not appear conscious of his protecting

"I never see the moon so big." she went on, breathlessly, "without think-ing of that night when it rolled along the pasture as if it wanted to knock us off the foot-bridge for being where we oughtn't. I never could understand why you should stay on that bridge with a perfect stranger, when your duty was to be usher at the camp-meeting! You weren't ushering me, you know, you were holding my handmean, I was holding your hand, as Miss Sapphira says I shouldn't. What a poor helpless man-as I'm holding you now, I presume! But I laughed in meeting. People ought to go outdoors to smile, and keep their religion in a house, I guess. I'm going to tell you why I laughed, for you've never guessed, and you've always' been afraid to ask—"

'Afraid of you, Fran?" "Awfully, I'm going to show you— let go, so I can show you. No, I'm in

earnest—you can have me, afterwards . . Remember that evangelist? There he stood, waving his hands-a I'm doing now-moving his arms with his eyes fastened upon the congregation-this way-look, Abbott,"

"Fran! As if I were not already looking.

"Look—just so; not saying a word-only waving this way and that . . , And it made me thing of our hypi tizer—the man that waves people into our biggest tent—he seems to pick 'em up bodily and carry them in his arms. Well! And if the people are to be waved into a church, it won't take much of a breeze to blow them out. I don't believe in soul-waving. But that doesn't mean that I don't believe in the church—does it?—do you think?

"You believe in convictions. Fran you don't have to say that you believe

-there's nothing on the out side, and oh, sometimes there's so little, so little under the roof—what do you think of me, Abbott?"

"Yes

"But do you!" she interposed, still

unsteadily. "In the superlative? I could be supported. All in all, he is a don't see how you can, after that exhibition behind the bars. Anyway, I want you to talk about yourself. What made you go away from town? But that's not the worst; what made you stay away? And what were you doing off there wherever it was, while poor little girls were wondering themselves sick about you? But wait!—the

wheel's going down-down-down.
. . . Good thing I have you to hold to-poor Miss Sapphira, she can't come now! Listen at all the street criers, getting closer, and the whistle sounds—I wish we had whistles; the squawky kind. See my element, Abbott, the air I've breathed all my lifethe carnival. Here we are, just above the clouds of confetti. . . . Now we're riding through ... pretty damp, these clouds are, don't you think! Those ribbons of electric lights have been the real world to me. Abbott—they were home. . . . No. Bill, we don't want to get out. We in-Bill, we don't want to get out. We in-tend to ride until you take this wheel to pieces. And oh, by the way, Bill— just stop this wheel, every once in a while, will you?—when we're up at the very tiptop. All right—good-by." And Abbott called gally, "Good-by, Mr. Smookins!"

"I'm glad you did that, Abbott, You think you're somebody, when some-body else thinks so, too. Now we're rising in the world." Fran was so excited that she could not keep her body from quivering. In spite of this, she

fastened her eyes upon Abbott to ask, suddenly: "'Most'—what?" "Most adorable," Abbott answered as if he had been waiting for the prompting, "Most precious. Most be witchingly sweet. Most unanswerably nd eternally—Fran!

"And you—" she whispered.
"And I," he told her, "am nothing

but most wanting-to-be-loved." "It's so queer," Fran said, plaintive ly. "You know, Abbott, how long you've fought against me. You know it, and I don't blame you, not in the least. There's nothing about me to make people. . . . But even now, how can you think you understand me,

when I don't understand myself?"
"I don't." he said, promptly. "I've
given up trying to understand you.
Since then, I've just loved. That's easy."

"What will people think of a super-intendent of public schools caring for a show-girl, even if she is Fran Nonpareil. How would it affect your ca

"But you have promised never again to engage in a show, so you are not a show-girl."

"What about my mother who lived and died as a lion-tamer? What will you do about my life-history? I'd never speak to a man who could feel ashamed of my mother. What about my father who has never publicly acknowledged me? I'd not want to have anything to do with a man who

-who could be proud of him." "As to the past, Fran, I have only this to say: Whatever hardships contained, whatever wrongs or wretchedness-it evolved you, you, the Fran of today—the Fran of this living hour. And it's the Fran of this living nour that I want to marry?"

Fran covered her face with her hands. For a while there was slience then she said:

"Father was there, tonight." "At the lion-show? Impossible! Mr

Gregory go to a—a—to—a—"
"Tes, it is possible for him even to go to a show. But to do him justice, he was forced under the tent, he had no intention of doing anything so wicked as that, he only meant to do some little thing like running away-But no, I can't speak of him with bit terness, now. Abbott, he seems all changed.

Abbott murmured, as if stupefied Mr. Gregory at a show!' "Yes, and a lion-show. When it was

ver he came to me-he was so excited-" "So was I," spoke up the other

"You didn't show it. I thought maybe you wouldn't care if I had been eaten up. . . . No, no, listen. He wanted to claim me he called me daughter' right there before the people, but they thought it was just a sort of-of church name. But he was won derfully moved. I left the tent with him, and we had a long talk-I came from him to you. I never saw any-body so changed."

"But why?" "You see, he thought I was going to be killed right there before his eyes, and seeing it with his very own eyes made him feel responsible. He told me, afterwards, that when he found who it was in the cage, he the of mother in a different way—he saw how his desertion had driven her to carning her living with showmen, so I

SOLING ASSESSED

but no, no . . ."
"You see? He can't, on account Mrs. Gregory. There's no future for him, or for her, except to go on living as man and wife—without the secretary. Me imagines it would be a sor of reparation to present me to the world as his daughter, he thinks it would give him happiness—but it can't be. Grace Noir has found it all out—" "Then she will tell!" Abbott ex

"Then she will tell!" Addott ex-claimed, in dismay.

"She would have told but for one thing. She doesn't dare, and it's on her own account—of course. She has been terribly—well, indiscreet. You can't think of what lengths she was can't think of what lengths she was willing to go—not from coldly making up her mind, but because she lost grip on herself, from always thinking she couldn't. So she went away with Bob Clinton—she'll marry him, and they'll go to Chicago, out of Littleburg history—poor Bob! Remember the night he was trying to get religion? I'm afraid he'll conclude that religion isn't what he thought it was, living so close to it from now on."

"All this interests me greatly, dear because it interests you. Still, it doesn't bear upon the main question." "Abbott, you don't know why I went to that show to act. You thought I was caring for a sick friend. What do you think of such deceptions?"

"I think I understand. Simon Jef-ferson told me of a girl falling from a trapeze; it was possibly La Gonizetti's daughter. Mrs. Jefferson told me that Mrs. Gregory is nursing some one. The same one, I imagine, And La Gon-izetti was a friend of yours, and you took her place, so the mother could stay with the injured daughter."

"You're a wonder, yourself!" Fran declared, dropping her hands to stare at him. "Yes, that's it. All these show-people are friends of mine. When the mayor was trying to decide what carnival company they'd have for the street fair, I told him about this show, and that's why it's here. Poor La Gonizetti needs the mone dreadfully—for they spend it as fast as it's paid in. The little darling will have to go to a hospital, and there's nothing laid by. The boys all threw in, but they didn't have much, themselves. Nobody has. Everybody's poor in this old world—except you and me. I've taken La Gonizetti's place in the cage all day to keep her from losing out; and if this wasn't the last day, I don't know whether I'd have promised you or not. . . . Samson was pretty good, but that mask annoyed him. So you see—but honestly, Abbott, doesn't all this make you feel just

a wee bit different about me?"
"It makes me want to kiss you Fran."

"It makes you"—she gasped to do-that? Why, Abbott! Nothing can save you." "I'm afraid not," he agreed.

The car was swinging at the highest reach of the wheel. The engine stopped.

She opened her eyes very wide. "I'd

think you'd be afraid of such a worldfamous lion-trainer" she declared drawing back. "Some have been, assure you." "I'm not afraid," Abbott declared,

drawing her toward him. He would have kissed her, but she covered her



face with her hands and bent her head "Up!" cried Abbott. "Up, Sam

Fran laughed hilariously, and lifted her head. She looked at him through her fingers. Her face was a garden of blush-roses. She pretended to roar but the result was not terrifying; then

she obediently held up her mouth.
"After all," said Fran, speaking
somewhat indistinctly, "you haven't somewhat indistinctly, "you haven't told why you ran away to leave poor Fran guessing where you'd gone. Do you know how I love you, Abbott?"
"I think I know."

It was a good while later that Ab-bott said: "As to why I left Little-burg: Bob knew of a private school that has just been incorporated us a college. A teacher's needed, one with ideas of the new college. ideas of the new education—the edu-cation that teaches us how to make ooks useful to life, and not life to books—the education that teach happiness as well as words and fig-ures; just the kind that you didn't find at my school, little rebel! Bob was an old chum of the man who owns th property so he recommended me, and I went. It's a great chance, a magnificent opening. The man was so pleased with the way I talked—he's new to the business, so that must be his excus—that I am to be the president."

Fran's voice came rather faintly— "Hurrah! But you are to be far, far above my reach, just as I prophesied. Don't you remember what I said to you during our drive through Sure-

Enough Country?"

"And that isn't all," said Abbott. looking straight before him, and pre-tending that he had not heard. "In that town—Tahlelah, Okla.,—I discovered, out in the suburbs, a cottage— the dearest little thing—as dear as . . . as Mr. Smookins; just big enough for a girl like Fran. I rented

if at once—of course, it oughn't to be standing there idle—there's such a fragrant flower garden—I spent some time arranging the grounds as I think you'll like them. I didn't furnish the cottage, though. Women always like to select their own carpets and things,

Fran's face was a dimpled sea of pink and crimson waves, with starry lights in her black eyes for signal lights. "Oh, you king of hearts!" she exclaimed. "And shall we have a exclaimed. "And shall we have a church wedding, and just kill 'em?"

Abbott laughed boyishly. "No—you must remember that your connection with show-life is at an end."

"But—and then—and so," cried Fran rapturously, "I'm to have a home after all, with flower gardens and carpets and things—a sure-enough home—Abbott, a home with you! Don't you know, it's been the dream of my life to-to-

Abbott was inexpressibly touched. "Yes, I was just thinking of what I heard you say, once—to belong to

Fran slipped her arms about his neck. "And what a somebody! To belong to you. And to know that my

ome is our home. . . ."
Abbott, with a sober sense of his unworthiness, embraced her silently. From far below came a sudden sound, making its way through the

continuity of the street-uproar. It was the chugging of the engine. The wheel began to revolve.

Down they came down down Fran looked up at the moon. "Goodby," she called, gaily. "The world is good enough for me!" (THE END.)



LIKE PIRATE DAYS OF OLD on the steamer Dortmund of the Ham-

Men Who Were Shanghaled Fron Norfolk, Va., Seek Satisfaction From Authorities.

The days of the oyster pirates and old wind jammers were recalled when Walter McGirth, son of a North Carolina farmer, and Ebert Cocran, son of a former Pittsburg banker, told how they had been changhaled at the point of a pistol and forced to work their way as seamen to Hamburg when they thought that they were going to ship to Boston, says the Philadelphia Times. The immigration authorities are hand ling the case and a deputy United

ling the case and a deputy United is eyes, in eyes two men, is on the way to Norfolk to arrest the agent who shipped them.

The two young men met last November in Norfolk, Va. Both were out of employment and sought work about the docks. They were met, according to their story, by an alleged crew shipping agent, who offered to book them

burg-American line, which was lying at the docks. The young men were told that the ship was bound for Boston. They accompanied the agent to an office.

They say that they met a Swede the way and he consented to go along. The three were asked to sign shipping papers, but the Swede refused to sign until he had read them. This angered the agent, who is alleged to have drawn a revolver and knocked

The young men say that they were given about \$3 worth of clothing and put about as worth of clothing and put aboard the ship. Then they learned that they were bound for Ham-burg instead of Boston, but were forced to work. When the steamer reached the other side of the Atlantio the young men went to Consul General Skinner at Hamburg and lodged their complaint. Mr. Skinner sent them back to this country to make their complaint to the immigration authorities.

New Testament Has Given Us Revelation of God Which Stands to Reason.

F the ideas of God expre and other nations seem so a sometimes we cannot help law at them, let us remember the the ideas of people who never as New Testament and they we that reason ignorant of the be-revelation it contains of the

revelation it contains of the character and work of God, in the son and teaching and the service humanity of Jesus Christ.

Even some of the Jews who of themselves God's people, and scribed him as well as they knew in portions of the Old Testament, given us some views about our Henly Fether which distinctly p they did not knew what they it talking about. Some of their not about were so varue, imperfect, un about were so vague, imperfect, entrus and repugnant they are without a par-ticle of value except as disclosing by what a painful experience man aproached the light.

Need New Testame

The men, for example, who describe God as commanding women and children to be treated with the utmost cruelty, vulgar and barbaric shame, and all for his glory, certain-ly needed a New Testament as much

ly needed a New Testament as much as any heathen.

One reason for the belief of mil-lions in the divinity of Jesus is found in the fact that he has given us a revelation of God which stands to reason. The God he has taught us to see and love and worship and obey and serve is like a father, a friend, a comforter and a helper in every time of need. A God who knoweth our of need. A God who knoweth our frame and remembers we are but dust. A king who does not govern with an everlasting club always in evidence, but he leadeth us in the paths of right-cousness for his name sake.

"I and my Father are one," said Jesus. Would you know what God is like? He seems to ask. See! And he feeds the mutitude at the close of

a weary day as they are all seated on a green hillside, and as if to show how our Father in heaven answers our daily prayer, "Give us our bread."

Between the Sinner and Death, And Jesus stands between the sinner and those who would stone her to death and reveals God as telling men to look into their own hearts, and think of their own guilt and after that lift the scale and weigh all hu-

man faulte: Because the justice of our God is the kind of justice that gives a chance to all who have done wrong and are sorry and will promise to do better. And Jesus on the cross gives us an il-lustration of the patience of fatherhood which, having loved, will love unto the end. And so through the ages faith has deepened that our Lord demonstrated what he was by what he did. One of the first illustrious converts who with all of his learn-ing and social prestige acknowledged Jesus as his Saviour thus confessed, "Rabbi, we know that thou art a teacher, come from God, for no one can do the things thou doest unless God be with him."—Rev. Frederick E.

FOUND HAPPINESS IN CHRIST.

Early Followers of the Saviour Looked to Assured Victory Over Evil, and red Victory Over Evil, and They Achieved It.

With "the sentence of death in nemselves" the early Christians faced the world, and astonished it by more than their "stubbornness." They were the most essentially happy people of the day-Jesus was their hope, their sufficiency was of God, their name were written in heaven, they were full of love for all men—they had "become little children," as Jesus put it, glad and natural. Jesus brought them into a new world of possibilities. A conduct that ancient moralists dared not ask, the character of Jesus suggested, and the love of Jesus made se-tual. "I can do all things," said Paul. "in him that strengtheneth me." They looked to assured victory over evil and they achieved it. "This is the victory that has overcome the world— our faith." Very soon a new note is heard in their words. Stoicism was never "essentially musical;" Epicetus announces a hymn to Zeus, but he never starts the tune. Over and over again there is a sound of singing in Paul as in the eighth chapter of Romans and the thirteenth of First Corinthians, and it repeats itself. The Holy Spirit was a glad spirit, a gladness—joy in the Holy Spirit—w the secret of Christian morality

Our Father Always Near. A pretty story of his childhood is id in Robert Louis Stevenson's autobiography. He speaks of a day in his childhood when he accidentally lock-ed himself in a dark room. He could childhood when he accidentally lock-ed himself in a dark room. He could not turn the key to release himself, and he was in terror by reason of im-agined enemies, until his father came to the door and called to him. Then he became quiet in a little while the music of his father's voice made him forget his surroundings and his terrors. And he actually enjoyed the remaining time of his imprisonment before the coming of the locksmith. So we may bear terrors, difficulties. So we may bear terrors, dangers every untoward thing we remember that God is with who speaks reassuringly.

VALUE OF THE LEGUMES

They Will Board Themselves If Given Lodging.

Feeding Them the Minerale and Then Feeding the Results to the Grain Crops Makes the System Complete.

By H. A. M'KEENE. retary Illinois Farmers' Institute

In talking to a farmers' institute ssful farmer of Iroquois county,

"The prominent and everlasting problem in maintaining high production is to keep enough nitrogen in the soil out of which to make crops, ad because of this the clovers of sinous crops are the fundamental basis of a high production. This means that these crops are the important ones of a rotation, and the feature of the legume crop is its ability to secure nitrogen from the air.

"When we study the chemistry of the legume plant we find the bacteria which gather the nitrogen through the plant require in addition only the mineral elements, carbonates and phosphates. If any crop can occupy land on the European plan—i. e., get its own food if you give it lodging—it is the legume crop. All it requires is that it be fed plenty of calcium

and phosphate.
"We must understand these fundamental differences between the legume and the grain crops. If we feed the legume crops the minerals, and feed the results to the grain crops, we have the system complete. It is absolutely necessary to do this, because the bacteria which prepares the food for the grain crops must have vegetable matter on which to thrive. The bacteria which gather the nitrogen from the air do not need the assistance of organic matter. You have seen the wild sweet clover crop grow luxuriously on a railroad ballast or a pile of cinders; it gets its own food. If you give the legumes a place to stand where the minerals are abundant they will feed themselves. They do not have to have the same mois ture supply that grain crops do be cause the nitrogen feeding bacteria will thrive with a lower moisture content than will those which feed the grain crops. When we turn under the legume crops to feed the grain crops we have the system which brings high production.

"The soy bean is the best substitute for clover that I know of, but clover is the best legume crop that grows in an ordinary rotation. Alfalfa beats it only under a five-field, four-year rota only under a nve-liefd, four-year rota-tion of wheat, corn, oats and clover grown upon four fields for five years while the fifth field is kept in alfalfa. The clover should be seeded on the wheat for plowing under the next year before planting corn. At the end of the fifth year the alfalfa field is brought into the rotation and one of the four fields seeded to alfalfa for

another five-year period.

"The problem with growing soy beans is weeds. With plenty of car-bonates and phosphates, most any well-drained land will produce a crop of soy beans that will smother weeds. if it has a chance, but on ordinary land this crop does not grow suffi-ciently strong to smother the weeds On this kind of land soy beans should be planted thin, so they can be cultivated—sow them through every third opening in the drill—21-inch rows, this will permit cutivation. But on ground that is not foul and is well drained so that it can be well prepared with all weeds destroyed before the first week in June, the time to plant, we can plant them as the ordievery opening. This permits of no cultivation except such as we can do with the weeder or harrow."

Mr. Mann hopes soon to have some figures showing the results of follow ing soy beans with grain crops as compared with grain crops following clover in the same field and under like conditions.

Diseases of Poultry.

There is a poisonous fungus growth in the blood in nearly all the fatal diseases. Fowls never perspire, so that many of these evils may be thrown off. On the contrary, they must resort to respiration. The result is that the great majority of poultry disease lungs, and, therefore, it is in these parts that we must look for the symptoms of disease.

Disposal of Manure. The most important part of the table sanitation from the other fellow's standpoint is the disposal of

The liquid manure should be aborbed by the bedding and the bedding changed every day. The solid anure should be cleaned up morning and evening and thrown in a flyproof box or vault. If possible, have it hauled away daily.

Unnecessity Horses.

Any more horses than are actually required to do the work on a farm should be considered as luxuries unless some profit may be derived by keening tham.

Handling Turkeys.

When handling turkeys be sure to get hold of the shanks; if you get hold of the thighs you will strip off a lot of feathers that will be required to keep the turkey warm this winter.

SELECTING THE SEED COR

nould Be Fully Matured—Unav ness in Growing Plants Due to Constitutional Weakings.

We too often think that the only necessary test for seed corn is that it will show a reasonably high per cent-of germination, and do not take into leration the fact that the

consideration the fact that the sees kernel may furnish more or less nour-ishment to the young corn plant as well as to the germ, which may have a high or low vitality itself.

The importance of the good effect of the kernel in giving the young plant a vigorous start is best realized when we consider that the plant grows in direct proportion to its less surface; that a corn plant six inches surface; that a corn plant six inches high will become 12 inches high in about the same time that a plant three inches high will become six inches high; or one 12 inches will become 24 inches high, and that this ra-tio, with certain limitations, will hold good until near the close of the period of enlarging growth, so that the advantage throughout the season is with the plant that is given the best

When seed corn is in perfect condiion the kernel will furnish its entire contents in the support of the young plant, but if it has received injury, only a small part of its contents may be absorbed by the growing plant, the constitutional weakness of some plants often making several inches difference in the height. Corn that is not fully mature has not finished storing food in the kernel, hence is not fully prepared to resist injury from expansion of moisture by freezing or the development of mold from

warmth.

The selection of seed corn should be made in the field, where the growing plants may be considered in con-nection with their environment— where we can be sure that the excellence we observe is due to the seed rather than to something which just happened to be in its favor, an advantage which plants growing under nor-mal conditions would not enjoy. A

good ear matured on a plant growing in a hill with two other plants should be rated much higher than an equally good ear on a plant growing in a hill by itself. We should also be careful not to se-

lect seed ears from plants or varieties that ripen a long time before hard frosts may be expected, for such ears will not have stored in the kernels as much of the necessary plant food as will those which have used the entire season for development. The ears should be allowed to remain on the stalks as long as possible, re-moving them only in time to avoid freezing weather, as more or less material may be transferred from the stalks to the ears after the stalks seem to be well ripened. It should be kept in mind that only in a soil abundantly supplied with the neces sary plant food elements can perfect nutrition be secured.

Seed corn should be thoroughly dried by the circulation of dry air without excessive heat, and even when dry it should not be exposed to extreme cold, as this tends toward exhaustion of vitality.

PICKED UP IN THE ORCHARD

Nitrogen is a Necessity and Good Way to Supply It is by Sowing Cover Grop—Other Notes.

The orchard must have nitrogen, and a good way to supply this is to sow a catch-or-cover crop at the last cultivation—say oats or crimson clover, or both. Of course, crimson clover is not for the cold climates.

If you have cultivated your orchard as late as the latter part of September, you may have some dead trees plant, we can plant them as the ordinary drill will sow them through freezing. Cultivation should be svery opening. This permits of no stopped in time to allow the sap to land pays for itself by the first harvest retreat into the roots.

Good young apple trees come high, but the poor ones are dearer than any other kind.

In planting fruit trees for family use, select the varieties that appeal to the palate of the home folks, but for the markets select those varieties that keep best and are in greatest de-

Apples should be thoroughly cooled as soon as separated from the tree, st as milk should be as soon as drawn from the cow.

fore the snow falls, it is a good plan to go through the orchard and, with a coarse rake, gather up all diseased or rotten apples or other fruit left on the ground, and destroy them.

If you have any apples yet to go to market, try grading them carefully; keep an accurate account of your selling transactions, and we think that you will find that this work will prove profitable.

We shall all find many new varieties of strawberries in the catalogue this winter that look attractive; but it is safer, as a rule, to stick to the known standard varieties and let the other fellow do the experimenting.

Build Substantial Barn.

It is not so many years since any old barn was sufficient for the farmer Today the man who is building a barn has his blue prints all made out be-fore hand. It is the only safe way, and the barn is the place where he makes most of his money, where he spends most of his working hours, therefore it is important to have it in just as good condition as possible.

Save the Feathers.

When killing the poultry, it will pay to save the soft feathers if any considerable number of fowls are concerned. Always keep the white and the colored feathers sepr.

THE NOTES OF A PROMINEN JOURNALIST WHO MADE A TRIP THROUGH WESTERN CANADA

A prominent journalist from cago, some time ago, made a jour through Canada obtaining a thoro knowledge of the land and people a of the "boundless possibilities" tl Canada, the virgin land, affords. an American Sunday newspaper published after his return the inter ing account which we print as follows. He writes:

Why did you emigrate from the United States? I asked a farmer Western Canada.

"I believe that for a poor man We ern Canada is the most favorable land," was the reply, "and I have now found that it is the Paradise of the

The farmer, a pioneer of the had five years earlier left lowa for Canada to secure a new home there After traversing the country for som time, he started his home on the ope prairie and with steady industry de voted himself to the working of the virgin soll. Now he is the well-to-de owner of that endless sea of waving wheat ears that goes on for miles be fore my eyes. His strong, sunburned figure finds the best background in his farm treass. farm itself, which is the outcome of his ceaseless activity—a pretty two-storled dwelling house, a large clean stable, in the midst of a hamlet of arns, sheds and outbuildings, a use ful garden overflowing with products; horses, cattle, sheep and swine on the rich pastures, and around to the horison wheat, golden wheat.

"In Iqwa?" the farmer continued, "I farmed on rented land, for at the price of \$100 per acre I did not possess money enough to buy. I might farm I might farm as I could, more than the living for myself and family. I could not attain. Sometimes the harve turned out good, sometimes bad, I the grand total was a bitter combat to keep want from the door. It was im-possible to lay by for bad times and in spite of all trouble and work an old age free of care was not to be thought of. My death would have brought bitter poverty to my wife and ought bitter poverty to my wife a

"I decided to break-up and go Canada, where at least I could fight out the struggle for existence on my own land. I started out with a mule team, all my earthly possessions were in the prairie-schooner with my wife and children. Then I took up a home-stead of 160 acres to which I added by purchase gradually; now as a whole I count about 3,000 acres as my own. The whole property is free of debt. I do not owe a cent to anyone, I bought my land for \$2-\$10 per acre, now I would not give it up for \$50."

"Do you mean to say that you paid for the whole land in the five years?"

I interrupted.
"In a much shorter time," replied the farmer. "The land paid for itself, some already by the first harvest, and at longest in 3 years each field had brought in its purchase price. If you doubt that land in Western Canada pays for itself within 3 years you can easily convince yourself of the truth of my assertion. Let us assume that a farmer buys a farm of 160 A. at \$15 per A. for \$2,400. Farm machines, seed, ploughs, moving and threshing might bring up the outlay to about \$10 per acre. If the farmer sows the 160 A. for 3 years in succession with wheat and harvests 20 bus. per acre, then the product of an A. at the aver age price of 75c per bu. is exactly \$15 per acre. 'If you deduct the \$10 out-lay, you will retain a clear return of For 160 A. the annual excess amounts to \$300, consequently the farm has after the third harvest brought in the purchase price of \$2,400.

Sometimes and not rarely—the of 35 bus. of wheat bring in more than the purchase price of \$15 per acre. As in some years I harvested more self how quickly I paid for my farm. "Would you not prefer your own

farm in Jowa?" I asked.
"No," replied the farmer, "never will I go back, in general very few American settlers return to the old home. In Iowa a 160 A. farm costs \$100 per A., \$16,000; in Western Canada \$15, only \$2,400. For the same money that you require to buy a 160 A. farm in Iowa, you can buy here in Western Canada a farm of 1,000 acr I have money enough to buy a farm in Iowa, if I wished. But there my yearly income would be a small one, whereas here I work for a great gain. There I would only be a small farmer here I am a large landed proprietor.

In a corner of the farmyard I had during our conversation noticed a mound of earth overgrown with sses and wild flowers. To my in quiry as to what it was, I received the reply: That is the ruin of the wooden shack covered with sods, which I called my home when I settled here five

years ago."

I gathered a wild aster from the ruin and flung it into the air. In a purplish-glittering line the wind drove the ped farmhouse. What a contrast between the lowly earthy hat of yesterday and charming palace of today! This contrast says enough of the unbounded possibilities, which this new land offers to the willing worker. How

years worked his way up to being a well-to-do farmer and esteemed citi-sen? More, the farmer did not require to say. Why did he emigrate? WHY? Why! saw the answer with my own eyes."—Advertisement.

BUMPED HIS SELF-CONCEIT

ig Lady's Reason for Chico Escort Not Exactly What He Had Imagined it to Be.

Mr. Blank (we've got to call him that because he's really a very decent fellow, and he'd kill us if we told his real name) is first tenor in a glee club. He sings in a choir, too. Every body likes him.

The other night a hunch of your

people met for a social session at a certain house in the suburbs. They ate and danced and they sang. And when it was all over the prettiest young woman there—she hadn't been escorted thither by any chosen cav-

dier—said:
"I walk home, but it's a lonesom walk and I'm afraid. There have been holdups in this part of town. So I choose Mr. Blank to see me safe home." On the way home Mr. Blank was considerably swelled up. The prettiest girl had chosen him from a crowd of personable bachelors, and his feelings of self-satisfaction were sable. He couldn't resist saying: "Why did you think I was the strongest and bravest man there to-night?"
"I didn't," answered the girl. "I

picked you because I knew you could holler the loudest!"—Cleveland Plain

HAD "THE GOODS" ON GERALD

Little Sister, After the Manner Her Sex, Was an Eager Witness Against Small Brother.

Geraldine was a meaning patient nd her twin broth chief was dosing her, to their su preme delight, when their mother chanced to observe them. Being a Christian Scientist, she told them that they must not "play sick"—they must play pleasant games.

A few days later Geraldine ran to

her mother, shocked and horrified exclaiming: "Mother, Gerald said as awful bad word!"

The mother turned toward the boy

who had sulkily followed his sister and who now sturdily declared: "I didn't!".

"Yes, he did, too," protested the girl, dropping her voice to a sepulchral whisper. "He said 'Doctor.'"

Something to Be Thankful For In her dressing room one evening Sarah Bernhardt summoned one of her attendants, and ordered her to bring some peaches from the nearest shop. Either the maid misunderstood the order or she thought, as the saying goes, "That any old fruit would do," for she came back a few minutes goes, "That any old fruit would later with half a dozen plump, juicy pears in a basket.

At the moment, Bernhardt was de claiming to a friend about the dearth of good new plays, and anybody would have thought she was too sorbed in her lamentations to notice the maid's mistake. She took a pear from the basket slowly and, apparently, unconsciously, and the maid turned to leave the room.

In an unlucky moment the girl paused at the door and looked round. Then, with astonishing swiftness and accuracy of aim, Bernhardt raised her hand and the pear flew through space, smashing itself to a juicy pulp on the girl's face.

"Thank heaven!" was all she said;

"thank heaven it wasn't an apple!"

Tea From Coffee Leaves. s every from leaves, while coffee is derived from berries or beans. Just here is where something has been overlooked in the opinion of a scientific investigator. The leaves of the coffee plant are not only available for making a everage, but they possess propertie which make them more valuable than

the coffee beans. In appearance and fragrance the dried coffee leaves very much resem-ble those of the tea plant. An infusion of them being made, just as in the case of ordinary tea, an aromatic beverage is produced that is bitter to the taste, but not disagreeable so, and which contains almost as much theine as real tea, while there is a much smaller proportion of tannin.

It may yet be possible to grow tessand coffee on the same plant.

Unpleasant Encounter. "I was told young Staylate had quite an encounter with Maude Brown's father?"

"Yes. He did. He met the old man tacking home from the club just as he was leaving and in trying to avoid one nother they both fell down the terrace and broke a \$7 garden vase. And now the old man says he was assaulted by two burly ruffians, and Staylate sn't dare to go near the house for lear he'll be recognised as both of

The Reason. "Mabel is always in a pet."
"That's why she isn't one."—Balti-sore American. Dre Am

Goif Player (exasperated at caddle's inexperience)—I wonder where all the good caddles go to? Caddie (meekly)-To heaven, sir.

A simple remedy against coughs and al throat irritations are Dean's Mentholate Cough Drops—50 at all good Druggists.

With All That Was in Him. Mose was a hodearrier, black as tar, bandy-legged and glad of it. He was relating to some white men on the rear of a car the results of a fight he re-cently had indulged in.

cently had indulged in.

"Dat nigger tole me to keep muh
han's offen dat pile of sewer pipe," he
said, "but de boss done thie me to
fetch 'em in, 'an I suttinly were gonter
fetch 'em. So de big coon ups and
takes hol' of muh ahm and says, 'niggah, beat it,' he says."

"Did you beat it?" came sympathetically from a listener.

"Did Ah beat it? Co'se Ah didn' Ah jes' rapped dat coon on de jaw."
"Did you hit him hard?" was another desultory question from

"Hit 'im ha'hd? Man, I jes' n ly put everything in dat lick Gawd A'mighty evah did gimme." It was agreed that it was "some" blow.

ERUPTION DISFIGURED FACE

Lock Box 35, Maurice, Ia.—"In the spring of 1911 our little daughter, age spring of 1911 our little daughter, age five years, had a breaking out on her lip and part of her cheek that we took for ringworm. It resembled a large ringworm, only it differed in that, it was covered with watery biliters that itched and burned terribly, made worse by her scratching it. Then the blisters would break through and let out a watery substance. She was very cross and fretful while ahe had it and had very little rest at had it and had very little rest at night. When the eruption was at its worst the teacher of the school sent her home and would not allow her to attend until the disfigurement of her

face was gone.
"I wrote and received a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, which we used according to directions, and they gave instant relief, so we bought some more. It gradually grew better. We kept on using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in three or four months the abild was entirely away. Ointment and in three or four monuments the child was entirely cured."
(Signed) Mr. Henry Prins, Oct. 22, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L. Boston."—Adv.

Heading Him Off.
"Heaven lies about us in our in-

"So does our father. Were you going to tell me something smart that your little boy had said?"
"All I have to say to you, sir, is good-day!"

Many a fellow who goes hunting for a wife bags nothing but his trousers at the knees.

The Iriahman challenged to a duel. "Shure, and the length to a duel. "Shure, arrived, "Will help wide abilitable."
"That won't do, said his second." As the challenged party you have the right to choose the arms, but chivalry, right to choose the arms, but chivalry, are and a that you should decide upon the same of th

"Is that so, indade?" returned the generous Irishman. "Then we'll foight it out wid guillotines."



Genede offers a hearty velocine to the Settler, to the man with a family looking for a home; to the farmer's son, to the renter, to all who wish to live under better conditions.

Canada's grain yield in 1913 is the talk of the world. Luxuriant Grasses give sheap fooder for large herds; cost of raising and fattening for market is a trifle.

The sum realized for Beef, Butter, Milk and Chieses will pay firty percent on the lavestment.

Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Ganada, or b

G. A. COURT

IN. W. O. R. R. Barne Grid.

Ganadian Government Act.

Canadian Government Act.

Don't Cut Out A SHOE BOIL, CAPPED HOCK OR BURSITIS FOR ABSORBINE

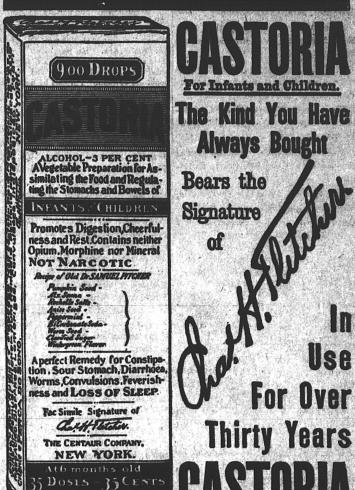
vill remove them and leave no blemial Reduces any puff or swelling. Docs 1 Illater or remove the hair, and horse can yorked. \$2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 K fr will remove ARSON BINNE, JR., the sudices to this most op-ne. For Bulk. Braker, Old Bares, fordlings, Va-clas, Varicolties. Allays Pals. Price 21 and 22 a druggion of editional. Will fell bare if you write. A. F. YOUNG, F. D. C.; 310 Tamps Os. Springfield.

ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICIN



BUY OF GROWER, choice recleaned, non rigated 1918 Alfalfa seed; \$7.50 per bu., as free. Ben Wilson, R. S. Winfield, Kar

W. N. U., ST. LOUIS, NO. 52-1913



ranteed under the Food

ct Copy of Wrapper.

AROUND THE ROUNT

Dunn

Mi.. V-nus Brown spent Tuesday night with her teacher Miss Ida Davis the program that was given Friday evening by the pupils of East Hudson was well attended and the children acted well,

Roors body must remember Saturday atternoon meeting at 2:30, Day I torget the meeting

Albert Hempton and Harve Riley were callers in Bethany, Saturday.

Henry McKim and family spent Sunday with O. L. Standerfer and

Henry McNeish spent Sunday with Daniel Shipman and family.

Godfrey Shipman bas returned to Decatur, for work,

Mrs. Irvin Hampton and Mrs. Millod spent Sunday with Charley Clark and family.

Joseph Soper, and family visited M. A. Gunter and family, Sunday. Elmer Silvers and wife and Mr and Mrs. George Atterbury visited Sunday with Andrew Waggoner and

Marshal Yarnell and wife were callers in Decatur, Thursday.

Mrs. Massie, from Dalton City visited Friday and Saturday with D. W. Shipman and femily.

Huron Adams and wife and Rev. Webb visited Sunday with Albert Hampton and family.

California Woman Seriously Alexmed.

"A short time ago I contracted a severe gold which settled on my lungs and caused me a great deal of annoyance. I would have me a great deal of annoyance. I would have bad coughtug spells and my lungs were so sore and inflaced I began to be seriously alarmed. A friend recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, saying she had used it for years. I bought a bottle and it relieved my cough the first night, and m a week I was rid of the cold and screness of my lungs," writes Miss Marie Gerber, Sawtelle, Cal. For sale by Sam B. Hall and all dealers.

Bruce.

Mrs. R. O Garrett, of East Whitley, was a Bruce caller, Monday.

Sullivan callers Thursday were Mrs. C. M. Hunter, C. F. Lane and family, and C. W. Harrington,

Omer Webb spent Sunday with home folks, near Gays,

Mrs. M. A. Lanum visited with her daughter, Mrs. J. E Righter, of near Allenville, from Wednesday uneir Friday

Mrs. C. P. Hunt is entertaining s brother whom she has not seen for fourteen years,

Mrs. Hester Walker is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Clara Scribner

Miss Anna Ray is assisting Mrs Nelson Powell with her household duties.

C. C. Luttrelt purchased two Jersey cows at the Huff sa'e, near Sullivan, Thursday of last week.

Emery and Wayne Righter, of Allenville, spent Tuesday night at C. W. Harringtons

Mary and Bessie Sullivan spent Sunday with Ruby and Marie Enter

J. J. Edwards, of near Shelbyville,

was a business visitor here, Friday. to C. O. Glasscock, Monday,

Cured of Liver Complaint.

"I was suffering with liver complaint," says Iva Smith of Point Blank, Texas. , and decided to try a 25cent box of Chamberrain's Tablets, and am happy to say that I am compleatly cured and can recommend them to

Graham Chapet

A good program and Christmas tice was given at the Henton school on Christmas eve

Theodore Layton and wife and Frank Graham were in Mattoon last Morday.

Emerson Pierce is spending a few days with his grandmother, Mrs. Isaiah Henton.

Claude Layton attended a public sale north of Mattoon last Saturday. The Goddard boys, who live near

Coles, spent Sunday with Norman Burwell. Mrs. Monroe Shaw and two young-

est children, are visiting her parents, Mr, and Mrs. George Nash, at Cameron, Missouri

Mrs. Bert LeGrand has been seriously ill for several days. Her baby boy, who is about two weeks old, is growing nicely,

Ralph Brunson, of Hammond, and Miss Minnie Leffler were married in Svilivan last Monday,

Misses Verle and Ethel Rhodes ovington, are visiting with frie

Mrs. Rose Fisk and little son, of Chicago, are visiting with her parents. James White and wife.

The revival at the U, B, church is still progressing. Good crowds have been attending. tained Mr. Gifford and wife, of Sulli-

Miss Kelley, of Mexico, Missouri, is here visiting Isaac Alvey and family and other friends.

Miss Lucile Ritchey, of Sullivan, visited with friends here over Sun-

Ray Evans and family and Ophs Yarnell and wife spent Sunday with Job Evans and wife.

Several from here attended the sale of Roy Sickafus, Tuesday,

Steve Reider and family attended a birthday dinner at John Emel's last

Thursday. A Christmas entertainment was given at the Reedy school Wednesday

flow to Bankrupt the Dectors

A prominent New York physician says, 'If it were not for the thin stockings and thin soled shoes worn by women the doctors would probably be bankrupetd." When you contract a cold do not wait for it to devalope into pasumouia but treat it at once. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is intended especially for coughs and colds, and has won a wide reputation by its cures of these diseases. It is most effectual and is pleasant and safe to take, For sale by Sam B. Hall and all dealers. and all deaters.

Morgan

Mrs. Guy Kellar and sons visited. Priday with Charley Neal and family

Miss Eva Johnson, of Jonathan Creek, spent a few days with Mrs. W. M. Johnson, last week.

Jasper Shaw and family, of Sullivan, and Mrs. I. S. Bailey and son, Roy, of Concord, Ill., visited Sunday with Charley Nighswander and fami

Winfield Murray was called to Decatur, Thursday to the bed side of his son's wife, Mrs. Barl Murray, who is daugerouslp ill.

Mrs. J. B. Cazier and son, Gerald, visited with Mrs. Jas. Chaney, Thurs-

E. O. Plummer and wife visited Thursday, with Logan Bathe and family, of near Harmony.

Mrs. Frank Emel spent Thursday with Mrs. Wm, Emel, in Sullivan,

Fit His Cure Exactly

"When father was sick about six years ago he read an advertisement of Chamber lain's Tablets in the papers that fit his case exactly," writes Miss Margaret Campbell of Kt. Smith, Ark. "He purchased a box of them and he has not been sick since. My sister had stomach trouble and was also benefited by them." For sale by Sam B Hall and all Dealers.

Weddings of The Week.

Dr. J. F. Wohlfarth, pastor of the Methodist church, had the pleasure of marrying two couples this week. The first one was married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. David, and the contracting parties were Orman Foster and Miss Hattie Rent-.C. W. Harrrington delivered cattle frow, both of this city. They have gone to house keeping at 1410 Strain

The other couple, William H. Fisher and Miss Mayme Baxter, were married at the Methodist parsonage Tuesday evening, the bride's sister and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Ohleevery one,, For sale by Sam B. Hall and all hy, accompanying them. May sunshine and much happiness attend all of them,

> Dyspepsia is America's curse. Burdoc Blood Bitters conquers dyspepsia every time. It drives out impurities, tones the stomach. restores perfect digestion normal weight and good heart.

Lovington

town, is very sick.

Miss Alice Porter is able to be out after several months' illness.

William McMullin is on the sick

Rev. Ada Taylor and Miss Clare Idal returned from Valley City last week where they had been assisting Rev. Barrett in a revival.

Bachelor's Blunder.
"If it wasn't for car fare and lunchcon," says a bachelor, "a woman
wouldn't have any need of money
when she goes shopping." But every
married man knows better.—Chicago

For any pais, from top to toe, from any cause, apply Dr Thomas, Eclectic Oil, Priu can't stay where it is used.

Springfield Student.

Springfield, Ill , Dec. 22, 1913. Dear Schoolmates;—I am going t

High school started September (and I entered the freshman class with 350. I like my school very much ined and my studies for this semester are English, Latin, algebra and cab-Claude Wheeler and family enter- inet making. Perhaps some of you may have noticed my chair in the ol exhibit at the State Fair. am determined to make a much better showing next year and sincerely hope to see a unmber of my Moultrie ounty friends represented in the ex-

Next semester I am going to take book keeping, English, algebra cabinet making, mechanical drawing and wood turning. There are 1200 pu pils in the high school now and of those more than one third are in the freshman class. We have a very fine Mrs. James Pierce is on the sick high school here but it is crowded to overflowing.

The students in the high school publish a paper, weekly. We do all work, furnish the copy, set the type aud print the papers Sometime I I will send some of you copies, for I think they are nice.

They have many societies in the high school but not many of them are for the freshmen. They are of all classes from amateur mechanics years. to the dramatic.

School opens at 8:15 a, m. and is dismissed at 3:15 p. m. The term is of ten months duration, with the five month semesters.

I think a city school has an advantage over the town and village school in the way of more studies and apparatus. Our chum, Howard Kuster, goes to the same school with me, Perhaps when he reads this he will write you a letter and do much better than I have. We are feeling a little sore at McKinley and his Corn Club, because we would like to see the nice little lassies have a chance to go on some of the big trips and we lads would enjoy a trip ourselves.

I will now tell, you something of the capital city. Springfield has a population of 50,000.

We have two large parks here be sides a number of small ones; we live near Washington park, the largest one. I spend much of my spare time there. It contains I to acres and has fine shade, a fine pavillion and love ly drives.

Lincoln park contains eighty-four acres and is similar to Washington park in many particulars. Both of Upp these parks have cluster lights along the drives.

There are several play grounds in Springfield equipped with swings, children.

The capitol building is very inter-The capitol building is very interesting; there we find the state officers in their respective departments with their respective departments with their assistants and the representative and senste chambers. I would be the capitol building is very interesting in the section. Usually it has been thought, by tartive and senate chambers. I would mers of ploneer districts, that virgin enjoy escorting my Sullivan teachers soil was sufficiently rich without any and school mates through the state addition of plant food. In fact, the house and over the city. My pape opinion seems to prevail in many sections that fertilizers should not be says that he actually believes I have used on any but poor soils. Mr. Scott city. The days were long last sum: County Agriculturist of Oneida country, Mr. E. L. Luther, in growing two one-half acre plots, side by side, on a be a "Boy Scout" in the city.

senal, the big Armory hall, historica to the other-one-half acre no adal museum,a fire house and the duck nond heside it the governor's manpreme court house where the highest practiced on both areas. courts in the state are held, the city and Oak Ridrge cemeteries, the big which received fertilizers mad mausoleum, Lincoln's monument. and the Lincoln home on 8th street which is much the same as when the martyred president left it for Wash. ington City, when he was elected president, the watch factory the state fair grounds and the fine buildings

These are but a few of the places I have became familar with. There are Mrs. Guy Bowers, living south of many other fine and interesting boulevards here. O. yes. I almost for get to tell you about my dog, Trixy I am obliged to keep her in the base. ment so the "cop" can't get her. Good night. I am sleepy.

Your schoolmate, DENTON BURWELL. 532, South, West Grand Boulevard, Springfield, Illinois,

A will has been found under eleven thicknesses of wallpaper by workmen engaged in stripping the walls of a house adjoining the Royal Marine ho-tel, Cowes, Isle of Wight.

Itching, bleedaig protrading or blind piles yield to Doan, a Clatment. Chronic cases soon relieved, finally cared. Druggists all sell it.

SPECIAL REASONS FOR OUR IN TEREST IN MORE AND BET-TER CROPS

(1) The population of continental america in the last decade has increased 21 per cent.
(2) During the last decade there has

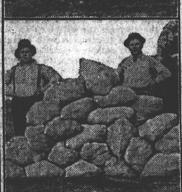
been an increased volume of crop pro-duction in this country of only ten (3) In 1910 approximately 49 per

cent, of the population of this country resided in towns and cities, whereas in 1900 approximately one-third of the population lived in towns and cities.

(4) Cereals and other crops in the middle west states during the last ten years show a gradual deterioration in

quality.
(5) From 1900 to 1913 our exports of agricultural products decrea cent., while our imports of agricul tural products increased 86 per cent. (6) Farm lands in the middle wes have increased in value at the rate of 85.9 per cent, within the last ten





us per A.—Lower pleture-ized—Yield 470 bus, per A.

A WISCONSIN POTATO TEST

About a mile out of Tripoli, Wis. shoot the chute, teeter-totters and nu. Mr. J. M. Scott has cleared off a farm merous other entertainments for the on the Jack Pine plains. He entered the woods in the employ of the lumbering firm, which cut the timber from

field of fairly uniform fertility. I have enjoyed looking at the relione-half acre he applied a fair ics of war, rambles through the arditional plant food was added. The same seed potato stock was used on both acres, and the same preparation sion with the beautiful grounds, su- of seed bed and crop cultivation was

During the growing season, Mr. Scott observed that the one-half acre more rapid and even growth than the other one-half acre, but the great difference was evident when it came to digging the crop.

The virgin soil produ per acre of potatoes of fair quality, while the acre which received the fertilizer, produced 470 bushels per acre of excellent stock.

Mr. Scott writes Mr. Luther con cerning the test as follows: Tripoli, Wis., Oct. 11th, 1913.

"Mr. E. L. Luther, "Rhinelander, Wis. Dear Sir:-"Potatoes all harvested. The fer-tilized one-half acre dug 235 bushels;

216 marketable and 19 bushe and sunburned. The other half acre (unfertilized) dug 195 bushel of which 165 bushel were marketable and 30 bushel small and sunburned.

"The next eight rows we/dug averaged nearly six bushels to the row. You never saw anything like it, in fact

the potatoes were too large:—I lb, to \$1 ozs. each, but nice shaped and

"I want to try the fertilizer next year as I am satisfied that it is O. K. Am making copy of this letter and you may if you wish send copy to Mr. "Yours for more and better nota

"J. M. SCOTT."

(Prize-winning Phrase in State Fair Contest)

BY popular vote, patrons of our lines have decided that the Illinois Traction System signifies IDEAL TRAIN SERVICE between St. Louis, Springfield, Peoria, Decatur, Champaign, Urbana and Danville.

Frequent schedules, clean, comfortable cars, block signal protection, parlor cars and sleepers, make possible this IDEAL TRAIN SERVICE.

Try the 'Road of Good Service' Next Time Illinois Traction System

(McKINLEY LINES)

THE NINTH ANNIVERSARY OF \$2.50 Subscription Bargain Offer

For several years it has been the custom of The Mattoon Daily Journal-Gazette to make a Subscription Bargain Offer at the close of the year.

The regular price of The Mattoon Daily Journal-Gazette by mail is \$4,00 a year, but during our Annual Bargain Offer period, which extends from this date to January 10, 1914, you may secure The Mattoon Daily Journal-Gazette for one year for \$2.50.

This offer is made to new and old subscribers alike, but only to those subscribers who receive their papers through

The Best Daily Paper in this Part of Illinois for One Year for Only \$2.50

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etamped on forks, spoons and fancy serving pieces is a guarantee of heaviest plating, perfect workmanship and exquisite design, assuring long and satisfying service. Any article of silverware marked 1847 ROSERS BROS. may be selected without further investigation.

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