The Sullivan Express.

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTEREST OF MOULTRIE COUNTY.

J. H. Waggoner & B. B. Haydon, ["WE HOLD THE BALANCE WITH AN EQUAL HAND, AND WEIGH WHATEVER JUSTICE DOTH DEMAND."] Editors & Publishers.

VOL. 1. SULLIVAN, MOULTRIE CO. ILL., FRIDAY, FEB. 26, 1858. NO. 25.

T. MILLIGAN,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Monticello, Ills.

Will practice in Piatt and the adjoining counties. 6 ly.

S. W. MOULTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Shelbyville, Illinois.

Will practice in Shelby and the adjoining counties. 6 ly.

J. S. POST,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Decatur, Ills.

Will practice in Macon and the adjoining counties. 6 tf.

H. P. H. BROMWELL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Vandalia Illinois.

Will practice in Fayett and all counties in the 17th, Judicial district. 6 ly.

J. R. EDEN. J. MEEKER.

EDEN & MEEKER,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

Having formed a partnership will attend to all professional business entrusted to them. Particular attention will be given to the collection of claims.

Office next door East of Perryman's store, where one of the firm will always be found.

Sullivan Ill. Sept. 17, 1857. 1 tf.

W. E. PORTER,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Notary Public,
SULLIVAN ILLINOIS.

PARTICULAR attention paid to buying and selling lands, paying taxes, redeeming lands, examining titles and conveyancing. All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to at moderate prices. 1 6m.

A. B. LEE. R. W. HENRY, JR.

LEE & HENRY,
Attorneys at Law,
SULLIVAN ILLINOIS.

Having formed a copartnership for the practice of law, will attend to professional business in Moultrie and adjoining Counties. Prompt and diligent attention paid to collecting, conveyancing &c.

Office in the South East, corner of the court house.

Sullivan, Jan. 14 '58. 24ly

DR. A. BIRCH,

Thankful for former patronage.—Respectfully continues to tender his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity.

He is prepared to practice in all the departments of the profession. Office on the West side of the public square, one door North of P. B. Knight & Co's Store.

Sullivan Sept. 17, 1857, 1 tf.

B. B. EVERETT,
Physician and Surgeon,

Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and surrounding country.

Office one door west of Walkers dwelling, where he may always be found, except when absent on professional business.

Sullivan, Oct. 8. 3tf

J. B. WAGGONER M. D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

TENDERS his professional services to all persons needing Medical or Surgical aid.

Office in Perryman's Brick—up stairs—one door East of the Printing Office.

Residence one square North of the Christian Church Sullivan, Illinois.

December 24, '57. 16-ly

DOCTOR
M. N. VAN-FLEET,

TENDERS his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity.

Calls promptly attended day or night.

Office in Perryman's Building.—Residence West side of town.

December '57. 16-ly

J. T. HITT. A. L. KELLAR.

HITT & KELLAR,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
Sullivan Illinois.

Respectfully tender their professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity.

Being well provided with surgical instruments, they are prepared to attend to any operations in a Surgical way, and promply attend to all calls by day or night, requiring the assistance of natures handmaids. Office on the West side of the public square, two doors South of Nebb & Browns brick. Sept 17, 1 tf.

THE SULLIVAN EXPRESS.

IS ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY,

JOSEPH H. WAGGONER, }
BENJAMIN B. HAYDON, } PUBLISHERS.

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Announcing candidates for office, $1,50 in advance in all cases.

LATTER-DAY WARNINGS.

BY O. W. HOLMES.

When legislators keep the law,
When banks dispense with bolts and locks,
When berries, whortle—rasp—and straw—
Grow bigger downwards through the box;

When he that selleth house or land
Shows leak in roof or flaw in right;
Whe habedashers chose the stand
Whoes window hath the broadest light;

When preachers tell us all they think,
And party leaders all they mean;
When what we pay for, that we drink,
From real grape and coffee bean;

When lawyers take what they would give,
And doctors give what they would take;
When city fathers eat to live,
Save when they fast for conscience' sake;

When one that hath a horse on sale
Shall bring his merit to the proof,
Without a lie for every nail
That holds the iron on the hoof;

When in the usual place for rips
Our gloves are stiched with special care,
And guarded well with whalebone tips
Where first umbrellas need repair;

When Cuba's weeds have quite forgot
The power of suction to resist,
And claret bottles harbor not
Such dimples as would hold your fist:

When publishers no longer steal,
And pay for what they stole before;
When the first locomotive's wheel
Rolls through the Hoosac tunnel's bore;

Till then let Cumming blaze away,
And Miller's saints blow up the globe;
But when you see that happy day,
Then order your accension robe!

TOOTH OF A MASTODON FOUND.—While some laborers were engaged in excavating on Dewey street, in this city, on Thursday, they dug up the tusk of a huge animal of former ages, generally called the Mastodon or Mammoth. The tusk in question was very much decayed and parts of it had entirely disappeared. The portion remaining was about seven feet in length, and these scientific gentlemen who saw the relic, supposed, from the appearance of the curve, that the whole tusk was originally about eleven feet in length.

This is the only instances we have heard of remains of the Mastodon being found in this vicinity. They have been found in Missouri and other portions of the South and West. The specimen found on Thursday broke in several pieces when it was attempted to be removed.—[New Albany (Ind.) Ledger.

—Ever defend the right.

IMPERISHABLE BEAUTY.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

It was a very plain face. My eyes rested upon it, for a moment or two, and then wandered away to the countenance of another maiden, whose beauty ravished the eyes of every beholder, and as I gazed with a feeling of delight, upon its transcending loveliness, an impulse of thankfulness stirred in my heart—thankfulness to the Creator of beauty. The first lady sat alone, around the other stood a group of admirers. So marked a contrast between the two, as well in features, as in the impression made thereby, excited, first, something like pity for her whom nature had endowed so poorly; and I turned to look at her again with a kinder feeling in my heart.

There she sat alone. Yes, her face was very, very plain; but it did not strike me as repulsive. The mouth, which had nothing of the ripe fullness that gave such an enamoring grace to the other maiden, was placid; and though not encircled by a perpetual wreath of smiles, calmly enthroned the gentle spirit of content. Her eyes were small, the lashes thin, and the arch above them faintly visible. Arch? I can scarcely give it that graceful designation. I had not yet seen the expression of those eyes. As I looked toward her, with that strange consciousness of observation which all have remarked, but which few can explain, she turned her eyes from another part of the room and looked at me. They did not flash brilliantly, nor strike me, at the first glance, as having in them anything peculiar. They were the common eyes we meet at every turn—no soul in them. I give my first impression. My second was different. I had turned my eyes away; but something I had seen, caused them almost involuntarily to wander back to the maiden's face. A friend whom I highly rdgarded—a young man of more than common worth—had crossed the room, and was standing before her. She had lifted her eyes to his face, and there was new light in them—not a dazzling, but a soft, winning light, that purity and love made almost beautiful.

They were conversing, and I watched for some time, the play of that unattractive countenance, unattractive no longer.

"Ah!" said I, "there is a beautiful soul within that casket."

And as I spoke, thus, in the silence of my own thoughts, I looked toward the maiden, who was still surrounded by a crowd of admirers.

"Her beauty is wonderful!" I could not help the utterance of this tribute to her charms. Yet scarcely had I spoken the words, when she turned to one of the group which had gathered about her, a slight curl of unlovely scorn upon her lips, and threw at him an arrowy word that wounded as it struck. She saw that it hurt, and a gleam of pleasure went forth from her brilliant eyes.

A filmy veil came between my eyes and that countenance, which a little while before, had shone upon me with a loveliness that was absolutely enchanting. I turned again to the other maiden. My friend still stood before her, and her eyes were lifted to his face. She was uttering some sentiments—what, I did not hear—but they must be good and beautiful in conception, to have filled every lineament with such a winning grace.

"Ah!" said I, the real truth dawning upon my mind, "here is the inner, imperishable beauty. The beauty which, instead of losing its spring-time freshness, forever advances toward eternal youth!"

A few weeks later, and my friend communicated to me the intelligence, that his heart had been won by the charms of this unattractive maiden. Once he had been a worshiper at the other shrine—the shrine of beauty; and I knew that, only a few months before, hand and heart were ready to be offered. Accepted they would have been, for he had personal beauty, attractive manners, wealth, and above all, a manly, honorable spirit.

For all I had seen, I was scarcely prepared for this. The maiden might be good—I did not question that—but she was so homely; and this homeliness would be only the more apparent in contrast with his elegant exterior. It was almost on my lip to remonstrate—to suggest this thought to his mind. But I prudently forebore.

"You know her well, I hope." I could not help the utterance of this caution.

"She is not thought to be beautiful," he replied, seeming to perceive my thoughts, "indeed, as to features, she is plain; yet, in person, she is tall, graceful, and with a carriage that a queen might envy."

This was true to the letter. I had not thought of it before. Nature had given at least this compensation.

"But the higher beauty," he added, "is of the soul. Scarcely has the blushing girl stepped forward through the opening door of womanhood, ere we see the lustre of her blossoming cheek beginning to tarnish in the social atmosphere, or to pale from hideous disease. But the soul's beauty dims not, wanes not, dies not. It is as imperishable as the soul is immortal."

"If she possesses this beauty!"

"I know that she possesses it," he answered, warmly. "I have seen it looking forth from her eyes, wreathing about her lips, and giving to every lineament a heavenly charm. It is musical in every tone of her voice."

"Goodness alone is beautiful," I said.

"And she is good," he replied. "I never met one who so rarely spoke of herself, or who seemed to take so loving an interest in humanity."

"That is God-like."

"Is not God the source of all beauty? To be God-like, then is to be beautiful. Ah!" he added, "I have found, indeed, a treasure! Morning and evening I thank the Giver, that he opened my eyes to see deeper than the unalluring surface. I was dazzled once, by a glittering exterior; but have a clear vision now."

"Win her and wear her then," I replied, "and may she be to you all your fancy pictures."

"She is won," he answered, "and I shall wear her proudly in the eyes of all men."

There was a world of surprise when it became known that my handsome friend was about leading his chosen bride to the marriage alter.

"How could he throw himself away upon such an ugly creature?" said one coarsely.

"He might have takan his choice from the loveliest," remarked another.

"He will tire of that face in a month All the gold of Ophir would not bribe me to sit opposite to it for a year."

And so the changes rung.

But my friend knew what he was doing. I was present at the wedding.

"If she were not so homely," I heard a lady remark, as she stood beside her handsome young husband.—"What can he see in her to love?"

I turned and looked at the speaker. Nature had been kind in giving her an attractive face; but the slight curl of contempt that was on her lip marred everything. I glanced back to the young bride's countenance; her pure soul was shining through it like a veil. To me, she seemed at that moment more beautiful than the other, and fare more worthy to be loved.

The brilliantly beautiful maiden of whom I have spoken, gave her hand in marriage about the same time. Her husband was a young man of good character, kind feelings, and with sufficient income to enable them to live in a style of imposing elegance. A series of gay parties was the social welcome given to the lovely bride.—But such honor did not attend the nuptials of her plainer sister.

A few years later, and the moral qualities of each were more apparent in their faces. I remember meeting both, in company, ten years after their marriage. I was standing at one end of the room, showy face, came in, accompanied by a gentleman whom I knew, not as an acquaintance, but as a man of business, and the husband of the beauty. I should scarcely have recognized the latter but for him.—What a change was there! At a distance the face struck you as still beautiful, but on a closer view, the illusion vanished. The mouth had grown sensual, peevish, and illnatured; the eyes were bright, but the brightness repelled rather than attracted. After awhile, wondering at the change I drew near and entered into conversation with her. The music of her voice I remembered. There was no music in it now; at least none for my ears.—A certain abruptness in her manners, born of pride, or superciliousness, was to me particularly offensive. I tried her on various subjects, in order to bring out some better aspects of her character. The Swedish Nightingale had just been here, and had sung to my heart as no living man or women had ever sung—I spoke of her. "Too artificial," was the reply, with an air of critical vanity, that gave to my feelings a ripple of indignation. I referred to a new poem, remarkable for its purity of style; she coldly remarked with depreciation on some of its special beauties, merely repeating; as I knew, a certain captious reviewer. I was in doubt whether she read even a page of the book. Then I spoke of a lady present. She tossed her head, and arched her lip, saying, "she's too fond of gentleman's attentions."

I varied still, my efforts, but to no good purpose. The more I conversed with her, the less beautiful became her face; for the unloveliness of her true character was perpetually gleaming through and spoiling the already sadly marred features. I left her side on the first opportunity, glad to get away Ten years ago, in all companies, she was the cynosure of every eye. The praise of her beauty was on every lip. But so changed was she now, that none bent to do her reverence. I noticed her sitting alone, with a discontented look, long after I had left my place by her side. Her husband, for all the attentions he paid to her during the evening, might have been unconscious of her presence.

But there was another lady in the room, who was, all the while, the center of an admiring circle. None, perhaps, considered her face beautiful; yet to every one who looked upon it, came a perception of beauty that associated itself with her individuality. In repose, her features were plain, yet not repulsive in the slightest particular. But, when thought and feeling flowed into them, every eye was charmed. There was a nameless grace in her manner, that gave additional power to the attractions of her countenance.

I was half in doubt, at first, of her identity, as I gazed upon her from a distant part of the room; she looked, in my eyes, so really beautiful. But the presence of my old friend who had been wise enough to prefer beauty of soul to beauty of face, removed all questions, and passing over, I added another to the circle, which had gathered around her.

There was nothing obstructive in her conversation; nothing of conscious pride; but a calm, and at times, earnest utterance of true sentiments.—Not once during the evening did I hear a word from her lips that jarred the better feelings.

"The good are beautiful!" Many times did this sentiment find spontaneous utterances in my thoughts as I looked upon her, and then turned my eyes to the discontented face of another, who a few years before carried off, in every company the palm of loveliness.

Yes, here was the imperishable beauty; Maiden! would you find this beauty? No matter if your features were not cast in classic mould, this higher, truer beauty, may be yours if you will seek for it in the denial of selfishness, and repression of discontent. "The good are beautiful." Lay that up in your thoughts. Treasure it as the most sublime wisdom.

Gather into the store-house of your minds sentiments of regard for others and let your hands engage in gentle charities. To do good and to communicate truth, forget not. It tempted to murmur think of your many blessings; if to repine, of the thousands who are sick and in suffering. Be humble, gentle, forgiving, and above all—useful. These are the graces that shine through the outer coverings of the soul, and reveal themselves in light and loveliness to all eyes.

The good never grow homely as they grow old. The outer eye may become dim, and the cheek lose its freshness, but in the place of earthly charms will come a spiritual beauty, unfading as eternity.

Knowledge.

What is knowledge?—a clear perception of that which exists—an accurate understanding of places and things—it is that which elevates man to his true dignity, and it is something that is in the reach of every individual—but can it be acquired without an effort? can it be possessed without studying? It cannot! Mark the difference between that individual who improves every opportunity of acquiring it, and the one who is entirely indifferent with regard to it. Look at the man whose mind is shrouded in ignorance! He has been endowed with intellectual faculties—he has, perhaps, been taught to read, but is too indolent to apply it to the acquisition of useful knowledge.—His knowledge of places and things extends no farther than his own parish—he knows nothing of the millions of human beings that inhabit the earth on which he lives. He is ignorant of that which exalts man—ignorant of what raises him above the animal creation, and places him in a position worth striving for—a position which we may all attain if we try.

OWEN TRUE.

—When once we begin deception every step leads us further from the truth.

Sullivan Express.

J. H. WAGGONER,
B. B. HAYDON, EDITORS.

SULLIVAN, ILL.

Friday, Feb. 26, 1858.

AGENTS.

The following named gentlemen are authorized to receive and receipt subscriptions for the "Express."

Stephen Cannon, Lovington.
J. T. Crawford, Marrowbone.
J. Y. Hitt, Sullivan.
M. N. Van Fleet, "

☞ All of our subscribers who have not paid for the "Express," can have till the issuing of the 26th No., or up to March 4th, to pay for the paper at the advance rates, which is $1,50. After that time we will be under the necessity of charging them $2,00. This we do owing to the tightness of the times; but all who do not pay by that time, will, most assuredly, have to pay $2,00. We mean what we say this time.

Mormon High Priest.

Upon the death of Joe Smith, the Mormon High Priest, the Seership of the Mormon church devolved upon his son—Joe Smith Jr.—at that time a youth of too tender an age to enter upon the duties of his office.—In consequence of young Smith's minority there were Regents appointed, among whom were Brigham Young, Wells and others, to attend to the overseeing of the brethren until young Smith's age should render him eligible to the duties of his office.

Joe Smith Jr., the true and lawful High Priest of the Mormon church, is a married man, about 24 years of age, and is a citizen of Nauvoo, in this State; is a man of sober and industrious habits, a peaceable citizen, and a true and loyal subject of our government. While he is a firm believer in the Revelation of his father, and the doctrines of the Mormon church generally, he utterly abhors the polygamous practice of the church under Brigham Young's administration, and says that polygamy among the Mormons is of recent origin, and is not a part of the original precepts of the church.

It is said that a large majority of the brethren at Salt Lake City are in favor of having young Smith move to their city, and take upon himself the duties of High Priest of the Mormon church. How much better it would be, not only for that church, but for our government, if Joe Smith Jr. would take upon himself the leadership of the "Latter-Day-Saints," instead of leaving it any longer with Brigham Young, the Sensualist and Traitor.

Facts in the Case.

There has been a great deal of gas exploded, and a considerable amount of ink scattered on the subject of "Female Demonstration" at Lovington; and now that we are occupying the "chair editorial," and have the documents in the case, we think that it is our "pitch in." So we will just take off our hat and shoulder our quill, and tell you what we know about the matter.

The good citizens of Lovington and vicinity, becoming tired of the evils arising from the use and sale of intoxicating liquors in their pleasant and growing village, "cast about them" how they could best get rid of so great an evil. The conclusion that they come to was, that they would raise money enough by subscription to buy out the "doggery," and spill the "sod corn" upon the ground. After arriving at this conclusion they visited William Taylor—the grocer—with whom they soon struck up a trade.

It will be seen by referring to the articles of agreement entered into by the parties, (which is on file in this office), that Mr. Taylor sold to the citizens all his liquors and license for the sum of one hundred dollars, to be raised by subscription and paid over to him. Mr. Taylor further agreed that he would not again sell spiritous or vinous liquors in Lovington or vicinity, neither give away any in his grocery, nor suffer any person to sell liquor on his premises &c. We are proud to say that as far as we know, or have heard, Mr. Taylor has religiously kept his part of the agreement.

After making the above bargain with Mr. Taylor, the ladies set about to see if they could raise by subscription the amount of money required to pay Mr. Taylor for his "sod corn" and license, and they went to work in such good earnest that, in a very short time, they had subscribed the sum of one hundred and twenty-six dollars and seventy cents—twenty-six dollars more than was actually necessary to meet their agreement.

After paying Mr. Taylor for his liquor &c., they proceeded to roll the barrels of "fire water" into the streets where they "caved in" their heads, (we mean the barrel heads), and let the glorious essence of sod corn run. In looking over the list of the names of the contributors to this landable undertaking, we notice the names of *fifteen ladies*, several of whom contributed the liberal sum of five dollars each. Those ladies have set about the great work in right down good earnest; and being "backed up" by good and liberal friends who will see them safely through in their noble undertaking, we feel sure that they will succeed in rooting out of their midst the evil of intemperance. But they cannot get rid of the evil so long as they allow the traffic in this destroying liquid to be carried on in their town; for so long as the horrible stuff is to be had there will be some persons in the neighborhood who will make brutes of themselves.

So ladies, "push ahead, keep moving" in the good cause in which you have enlisted, and do not ask to be discharged from the service till "the war's all over," when you can all return to your quiet and peaceable homes, and sit under your own vine and fig tree, where your ears will not be greeted with the demoniac yells of the inebriate, nor the privacy and pleasure of the home circle be intruded upon by the "*Sod Corn SOT.*"

Sleighing.

For the last two weeks we have had delightful sleighing, and the youngsters of this place are enjoying it "prodigously" and may be seen at almost any hour of the twenty-four "bobbin around," in all kinds of sleighs, jumpers, cutters, old sleds, and in fact any thing else that has the capacity to contain a "young America," together with a sliding property. We are sure that it would astonish any one not accustomed to witness such sights, to see some of the outlandish looking things that pass for sleighs now-a-days, for instance one that a certain "Pill Peddler" of our town rides in, and again a certain ox sled with an omnibus bed on it marked "Shelby" Oh, what sleighs!

☞ The legal voters of our town met at the Court house on Tuesday, last at 1 o'clock according to previous notice, to vote for or against incorporating the town.

On motion, P. B. Knight was chosen President of the meeting, and Beverly W. Henry Secretary; who after being duly sworn according to law, proceeded to hold an election, the result of which was, that there were fifty ballots "For Incorporation, and *one* "Against Incorporation."—From what we have since learned, we might say the votes cast were unanimous in favor of incorporation; for the man that voted "Against Incorporation," says he put in that ballot "jist phor phun."

☞ The Medical Gazette, of Lisbon, asserts that all the persons of that city who reside in houses lighted by gas, have escaped the yellow fever.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, to the legal voters of the Town of Sullivan Ills. that an election will be held at the Court House, in said Town on Wednesday the third day of March, 1858, for the purpose of electing a board of Town Trutees, to incorperate the Town of Sullivan.

Bev. W. Henry Sec.

☞ On last Wednesday we were favored with a call from P. L. Shut, editor of the "Banner" at Shelbyville Ill. Mr. Shut is a smart looking young man, and we should judge from his conversation that he is a good practical printer, and an editor of much notoriety. Success Mr. Shut.

Relief—Turn Out.

The friends of Temperance will hold a meeting at the Christian church this evening at 7 o'clock P. M. The meeting will be addressed by P. B. Knight Esq., of Hillsboro Ills. and Capt. A. B. Lee, of the Mexican Army.

Let the lovers of good order attend.

Temperance.

New Organization at Lovington.

EDITORS OF EXPRESS: Having just returned from a visit to the flourishing Village of Lovington in this county, which by the way, is one of the pleasantest localities in this rich and beautiful state, I feel just like giving you an outline of the "time" we had with the citizens of that place. It is well known by all that a high state of excitement has for some time existed in and around Lovington, growing out of intemperance and debauchery on one hand, and and a firm determination on the part of the good, sober, order-loving portion of the community on the other hand, to suppress this rapidly growing evil, which, at one time, threatened to blast the fair prospects and good name of the place. The tumult of excitement having subsided, reason and propriety at once dictated the establishment of a Temperance order; so that by the aid of combination and association the great aim and end of their efforts might be more easily accomplished.

For the purpose, therefore, of being present and assisting in the institution of a division of Sons of Temperance in Lovington, some twenty-three sons accompanied by a number of Ladies, who by the way are always happy to participate in enterprizes of benevolence and humanity, left Sullivan about 2 o,clock P. M. and arrived, all in good order in Lovington before night.

Upon our arrval, we found the hospitable mansion of our generous friends, Bradly, Thayer, Maddox' Martin, Wingate and others comfortably warmed and open to receive us. After partaking of sumtuous supper already prepared for us by the excellent ladies of the above named gentlemen, we repaired to the Hall, which is occupied by the Masonic fraternity, as also by the Sons. The Hall was soon densely crowded—not by the idle and inquisitive—but by a number of old and reliable citizens, who know what they are undertaking, and are determined to discharge the responsible duties incumbent upon them as Sons of Temperance. The prospects of Lovington Division are certainly flattering. The reputation of the members for honesty and firmness, their age and character, is sufficient garantee of their success.

This morning, after a pleasant sleigh ride of two hours, we reached Sullivan in fine spirits.

A SON.

☞ Treasury notes are selling in the street in New York, at three-eights to one-fourth per cent discount for Custom House purpose. The absorption of them by the public is moderate.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 17.

HOUSE.—Mr. Letcher, from the committee on Ways and Means reported the Deficiency Approbation bill.

Mr. Boyce called up the contested election cases of Mr. Brooks, contesting the seat of H. W. Davis, of Maryland, on the ground that the election was carried by fraud and violence.

Mr. Boyce argued against the prayer of Mr. Bocock, who asks exemption from the operation of act in 1851, and that the Committee on Elections proceed to take testimony.

The question was debated by Messrs. Phillips, Maynard, Wilson, Hatch, Bowie and Washburne, (Me.) No action taken.

Adjourned.

SENATE.—Mr. Houston presented a resolution, instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire into the expediency of the Government in establishing a Protectorate over Central America. Laid over.

Hale submitted a resoltion, instructing the Post Office Committee to inquire whether the transmission of the mail between Washington and Boston cannot be expedited so as to prevent a detention of twelve hours in New York. Adopted.

Mr. Thompson presented a bill to establish a Port of Entry at Tones river N. Jersey.

Mr. Chandler (Mich.) submitted bills making appropriations for deepening the channels of St. Mary's river and the St. Clair flats in Michigan. Referred.

Mr Mason, of Va. called for the joint resolution providing for the reception of the Turkish Vice-Admiral.

Mr. Clay, of Ala. objected to the expenditure of money for such a purpose, as there was no limit to the amount, and no benefit could accrue from it.

Mr. Mason replied, instancing the case of the restoration of the ship Resolute to the British Government, as doing much towards encouraging friendly relations with that power.

Mr. Seward corrected the erroneour impression that Amin Bey was an imposter. Acts of kindness and courtesy, never go unrewarded.

Messrs. Hunter and Biggs opposed the resolution.

Mr. Clak referred to a previous expenditures for the reception of a Turkish imposter, also for wine and cigars for Kossuth, and thought that we ought to be warned by past experience

Mr. Pugh thought that the gentlemen who sold ships to the Turkish Government ought to pay the expense for entering this office. We don't allow our officials abroad to take bribes why should we offer them to others? He should vote against the resolution.

Mr. Trumbull endorsed every word that Mr. Pugh had uttered.

Messrs. Stuart and Collamer advocated for the resolution.

Mr. Biggs offered an amendment, limiting the amount of $5,000.

The resolution was passed.

In the Indiana contested seats, Mr. Trumbull's amendment to decide the question immediately, was rejected.—Yeas 16, nays 28.

An amendment was adopted, that all testimony be returned to the Senate within ninety days, when the bill passed.

Mr. Hunter gave notice that he should move a substitute to Wilson's amendment to the Army bill, providing for the employment of volunteers.

☞ The number of vessels that arrived at New York during 1857, was 3,808, of which 2,802 were American, 715 English, and 121 from Bremen.—The number of passengers who arrived from foreign ports, including 11,265 from California, is 214,703.

☞ A lawyer named Perch has sued Weed, of the Albany Evening Journal, for a libel published eleven years ago. Percy has just begun to get mad about it.

☞ The weight of the gold held by the New York banks is but little short of sixty tons.

Death & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN SPIRITUOUS AND MALT LIQUORS

Take this opportunity of informing their friends that they continue the trade of making Drunkards, Bankruptst, Beggars, and Maniacs on the most reasonable terms, at the shortest notice.

The subscribers return their sincere thanks to numerous customers, and to all the tippling part of the community, for the exclusive patronage they now receive, and they hope that the many proofs that are now to be found of their success in the above line of business, will secure to them the increased support of drunkards and little drop-drinkers, as well as forever silence the advocates of total abstinence societies, those bitter enemies of their long established and popular trade.

Death & Co. beg leave to assure the public, that the articles in which they deal are the best and most pleasant poisons in the world; and they will warrant them certain death in every case where the individual perseveres in the use of them.

Death & Co, bring themselves under obligations to send more persons to the poorhouse, the prison, the gallows, and the grave-yard, than any other firm, and they will also do it with the greatest possible despatch; to accomplish these desirable ends, it is only necessary for the individual to take a glass occasionally, till he feels that quantity insufficient to gratify that craving appetite which it will soon create and when this rum, gin, whisky, brandy, wine, cider, ale, or porter, appetite is formed; the poisons are then prepared to brave temporal and eternal misery for the sake of another glass. In short, Death & Co, will spare no pains or expense to bring the wives and children of their customers to misery temporal and eternal, and drive to delirium and death as many as the public good may require. They are constantly receiving new supplies of the poisonous liquids, which they will sell by the glass, the bottle, the barrel or the hogshead.

For the accommodation of their numerous customers, and for the despatch of their increasing business, Death & Co., have appointed a suffi cient number of active agents, who are stationed at convenient distances, in splendid palaces, beer shops, and public houses. These palaces, beer shops, and public houses and groggerries may be known by the squalor, filth, and obscenity of the custimers who congregate around them, as well as by the odors of the poisen continually polluting the air around.

Satisfactory reference can be given to country jails, houses of correctoin, lunatic asylums, hospitals, work houses, insolvent debtors, courts, the court of bankruptcy, of the wives and families of those whom Death & Co., have had the happiness to make drunkards.

N. B.—Death & Co., beg leave to caution all tipplers and dram-drinkers from giving any heed to their wives, children or friends, or any advocates of total abstinence societies as these parties are enemies to his soul and body destroying business. Gentlemen, by calling on our agents, may see specimens of drunkards, and subjects for the charnel house, at all hours, by day and by night, Sundays not excepted.

Death & Co.

☞ Mrs. Peggs, daughter of J. A. Gex, committed suicide at Ghent Ky. on the 4th ult., by hanging herself in an apple orchard. The cause of the fatal act was the loss of her husband, to whom she was devotedly attached, who died about two months since.

☞ Those W. Smith, who killed Carter, the guardian and seducer of his wife, at the St. Lawrence Hotel in Philadelphia, has been acquitted. A very righteous verdict.

THE [illegible] PAST.

BY B. B. HAYDON.

Softly, softly blow ye winds,
That bear the mourner's sigh;
That whisper to the broken heart
Of broken ties.

Invoke the stars with milder beams,
To cheer that drooping heart;
The birds in softer, sweeter lay,
Bid care depart.

Break not with sudden force
Upon the [illegible]
But Kiss, [illegible] lip,
[illegible]

Let no rude hand with careless touch
Press heavily that brow;
Remember that [illegible] friend
Is gone, gone [illegible]

DEALING GENTLY WITH THE LITTLE ONES.—A child, when asked why a certain tree grew crooked, replied, "somebody trod upon it, I suppose, when it was little."

"He, who checks a child with terror,
Stops its play and stills its song,
Not alone commits an error,
BUT A GRIEVOUS MORAL WRONG.

[illegible]
Active life is no defect;
Never, NEVER break its spirit,
[illegible]

Would you stop the flowing river,
Thinking it would cease to flow?
Onward it must flow forever,—
BETTER TEACH IT WHERE TO GO!"

Were this [illegible] above
[illegible]
Would save from crushing many a little heart.

Bigamy and Larceny.

A young fellow named Coombs is now in prison in Boston, and on the air-line road to the Penitentiary, for bigamy and larceny. One of the papers says of him:

Some time ago he became acquainted with Miss Susan Cushman, the daughter of a wealthy [illegible] in Carver, Mass., and the parties being mutually attached to each other, the acquaintance ripened into an intimacy [illegible] arranged that the [illegible] the [illegible] bride's father. Matters went on very auspiciously for a few days, when the young husband suddenly disappeared, taking with him a valuable gold watch and chain belonging to [illegible] and a considerable sum of money belonging to her father.

He was searched for in vain, but was subsequently ascertained that he came to this city and went to board with a Miss or Mrs. Maria Ryan, in Broad street. After stopping there a few days, he left, but was subsequently met in Hanover street by the Ryan woman, and induced to return. [illegible] appears that she became infatuated with Coombs' appearance, and two weeks ago a marriage was consummated between them. He told her of his rich relations in Bangor, and it was arranged that they should go and visit them. All her household furniture and effects were packed up and taken in charge by her husband, to carry on board the boat. But instead of conveying them to the steamboat wharf, he had them taken to the shop of Elijah Jenkins, in Sudbury street, where he disposed of them, pocketing the proceeds.

On the day appointed for their departure for Bangor, Coombs accompanied his wife to the boat, telling her that all their furniture was on board, and, promising to return speedily, left her. She waited in vain for his return, and the boat sailed without him. On her passage to Bangor she discovered that she had been deceived.—She had no clothing except that she had on, and all the money she had was $5, which he had given her just before leaving.

☞ The house where the Burdell murder was committed is now tenanted. A dentist has taken the very rooms occupied by Burdell, and does a very good busines in advertising the fact.

☞ A bill has been introduced into the Virginia Legislature to sell all the free black people found there after three years, and apply the proceeds to the payment of the public debt.

☞ Ex-President Fillmore married a rich and handsome widow of Albany, N. Y., on the 11th inst., Mrs. McIntosh, whose husband made a fortune in the crockery business.

☞ We call *particular* attention to the Advertisement of "Death & Co." in this week's issue.

—Our "devil" says that the best thing the people can do is to subscribe for the "Express," forthwith.

We have to record the sad sequel to the marriage of a few weeks. Mrs. Nor[illegible] the house of Mr. [illegible] the latter part of last week, where her husband had made arrangements for her sojourn. Mr. N had commenced teaching school only a few rods from Mr. Morey's house, and employed a woman to take care of Mrs. N. who had been most of the time confined to her bed Yesterday morning the woman attending Mrs. N. went out of the room for something, and on her return found Mrs. N. out of bed, with a razor in her hand, which she had taken from a chest in the room, and with which she was cutting her own throat. She succeeded in cutting asunder the jugular vein and making an incision in the trachea. This occurred about 10 o'clock in the morning. A physician was called, who did not arrive at the house until about 2 o'clock, P. M. when he found Mrs. N. pulseless and extremities cold. The wound was dressed as well as circumstances would admit, and last evening when the physician left, Mrs. N. was still living. No hopes are entertained for her recovery.—Kewanee Dial, 10th.

Dangers of Early Rising.

[illegible] morning last, a curious incident occurred in a small [illegible] on Newbury street. A [illegible] struck by the splendor of the full moon, arose from his bed at 11 o'clock, supposing that it was morning, and proceeded to a store in West Market square in which he is clerk [illegible] and waited for custom. Seeing that there was no stir in the streets, he stepped out and got a view of the town clock which revealed his error, whereupon he shut up store and returned to his boarding house. Meantime, the young ladies of the family, hearing him go out, supposed that it was morning and got up also, but, finding their error, [illegible] again, getting safe into the arms of Morpheus before the early bird arrived. Not being able to get in at the door, and not wishing to discover his premature adventure to the family, he got a ladder and by it obtained access to his chamber, the noise of which, however, aroused the young ladies, who rushed down stairs to their parents, with the cry that a burglar was breaking into the house. He met the whole family in dishabille, armed with pokers, &c., and made himself known before serious consequences ensued.—Bangor [illegible]

Sixty-two farmers living in and about Middletown, Ct., have given notice to the citizens, that on Monday, 11 o'clock, they will come in with their ox carts, laden with wood and [illegible] to the poor, under the management of the Mayor and a committee of citizens. Not one of them will feel the poorer, for this [illegible] which speaks as well for their thrift, as their generosity.

[illegible] Counterfeit [illegible] dollar bills on the Northern Bank of Kentucky, have lately been issued. They are well executed.

Notes Lost!

Lost Notes! Lost Notes!!

N. A. Garland has two Notes on [illegible] for $40,00, and the other for $55,00. I think, in which there is a [illegible] failure of consideration, and hence I will not pay them.—No person should buy a note of him on me, as I will not pay them.

JAMES H. [illegible]

Sullivan, Feb. 26 '58. No. 25 3t

W. B. PORTER. C. S. STEELE.

PORTER & STEELE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
& SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

Sullivan, Illinois.

Will practice in the Courts of the 17th Judicial circuit. All business promptly attended. Office on West side of the square, one door South of Dr. J. Y. Hitt's office.

Feb. 26 1858. No. 25, ly

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois in favor of Samuel McNeedy and against Ambros Meeker, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to wit: The south half of Block No. 15 in the town of Sullivan, as the property of the said Ambrose Meeker which I shall offer at Public Sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state on the 18th, day of March A. D. 1858, to the highest and best bidder for ready cash. Sale to be between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day.

E. C. BERRY sheriff
of Moultrie county Illinois.

Feb. 26, 1858. 25–3t [$4,00.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois in favor of Jennings Reed & Co. and against Albert G. Snyder, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to wit: the south half of the south half of the south west quarter of section 19 Township 14 North of Range 6 East of the third principal meridian, containing 80 acres in Moultrie county Ills. as the property of the said Albert G. Snyder, which I shall offer at public sale, at the court-house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

E. C. BERRY Sheriff
of Moultrie county.
By W. R. LEE, Deputy.

Feb. 26, 1858. 25 3t. [$4,00.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution, to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the county court of Shelby county, in the State of Illinois in favor of Hugh Walden, & John Walden, Adm. and against Hiram Cox. I have levied upon the following described Lands to wit: the s e ¼ of the s e ¼ of sec. 3 the s ½ s w s e of sec. 3: w½ w½ n w sec. 11 and w½ w½ s w of sec. 11 all in Township No 12 N Range 6 E containing One Hundred and forty acres as the property of the said Hiram Cox, which I shall offer at public sale sale, at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1858 between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

E. C. BERRY, Sheriff
of Moultrie County Illinois.

Feb. 26th 1858, 25 3t. [$4,00

May Term of the Moultrie Circuit Court A. D. 1858.

State of Illinois, } Petition for
Moultrie county. } Partetion.

John Roney, Robert Roney, Joseph Roney, Joseph Sedgwick, Mary Segwick, his wife, Perry Walker and Emelia Walker, his wife, William Moore, Sarah Moore, James Moore, Sarah Moore, John T. Moore, George Moore, and Willis Moore, minors sue by their next friend Peyton Moore, Elvira Roney Albert Roney, also Minors who sue by their next friend John Roney Willis Jane minor who sues by his Guardian John Bankson, Cyrus Bankson and Emery Bankson, minors who sue by their next friend John Bankson, John Tyler, Sarah Tyler, Peyton Moore, John Roney, Mary Ann Roney his wife,

vs.

George Fredrick, Joseph J. Fredrick, Sarah J. Fredrick, Levi Fredrick, Elvira Fredrick, Matilda Hinkle, and Merryweather Underwood, Louisa Underwood.

AFFIDAVIT having been filed in the above entitled cause showing that George Fredrick, Joseph J. Fredrick, Sarah J. Fredrick, Levi Fredrick, Elvira Fredrick, Matilda Hinkle, a part of the above named defendants are non-residents of said State. Notice is therefore, given to said non-residents defendents that said cause is now pending in said court, that a summons issued in said cause is made returnable at said term and that they appear and answer the petition filed in said cause at said term.

ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk.
Wm. E. Nelson, Sol. for Pet.
Sullivan, Feb. 26, 1858. 26–[illegible]

Administrator's Notice.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that on the first Monday in April next, I shall attend before the county court of Moultrie county, at Sullivan, Illinois for the purpose of settling and adjusting all the claims against the Estate of Joseph Hendricks late of said county deceased, when and where all claimants are notified and requested to attend and present their claims in writing against said estate for adjustment. All persons indebted to said Estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay. WILLIAM DAVIS, Adm.
of Joseph Hendricks dec'd.
Sullivan. Feb. 26, '58.–25–6t. [$4,00

Money Wanted!

ALL persons indebted to me either by Note, or Book account, will find them in the hands of proper officers for collection, if not paid immediately; as Money I must and will have. A. THAYER.
Lovington, Feb. 25, 1858. 25 tf.

Livery Stable!
S. PURVIS

Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that he has opened a large Livery Stable, in the building formerly occupied by Thomason & George, where he keeps constantly on hand a good supply of the very finest Horses and Buggies; and hopes by close attention to business, and reasonable charges to merit a liberal patronage.

Sullivan Ill, Feb. 26, '58. No 25 ly

May term of the Moultrie county circuit court, A. D. 1858.

State of Illinois, }
Moultrie county. } In Chancery.
Milton Underwood,
vs. Petition
Wilber H. Robinson, for
Cornelia L. Lindsey, Partition.
& William Lindsey.

SATISFACTORY AFFIDAVIT having been filed in the above entitled cause showing that, upon due enqury the above named defendants, Wilber H. Robinson, Cornelia L. Lindsey, & William Lindsey cannot be found, and that process cannot be rendered upon them. Now therefore notice is hereby given to the above named defendants, that a Petition has been filed in the above entitled cause in our said, court, that a summons has been issued thereon returnable to the May Term A. D. 1858, of our said court, and that unless you, the said defendants personally be and appear before the Moultrie county circuit court, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Sullivan, in the county and State aforesaid, on the second Monday in the month of May next, and plead, answer or demur to said Petition the same will be taken for confessed against you and a decree entered accordingly.

ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk.
Eden & Meeker, Att'ys for Pet.
Sullivan, Feb. 26, 1858.–25–4t [$7,00

NOTICE.

J. W. R. Morgan Ex'r. of Andrew Hefflefinger dec'd. vs. James Hefflefinger, Agnes Hefflefinger, John West, Squire Woodruff, Mary Hefflefinger, Agnes Hefflefinger, Thomas Hefflefinger, Sarah Hefflefinger, James Hefflefinger, William Hefflefinger, Tamer Hefflefinger,

Of the March Term A. D. 1858, of the Moultrie County court. Petition to sell lands to pay debts.

Affidavit having been filed in the above entitled cause showing that James Hefflefinger, Agnes Hefflefinger, Agnes Hefflefinger, Thomas Hefflefinger, Sarah Hefflefinger, James Hefflefinger, William Hefflefinger & Tamer Hefflefinger, are non residents of the State of Illinois. Now therefore notice is hereby given to you, the said non resident Defendants, that a Petition has been filed in the above entitled cause in the clerk's office of the Moultrie county court praying for a Decree and order of said court, for the sale of the following described lands and Tenements, lying, and being situate in the county of Moultrie and State of Illinois, to wit: The n½ of Lot No. 2 of the s w qr. of sec. No 7 T 12 N R 5 E, also the undivided seven-tenth of the s w ¼ of the n w ¼ of sec. 11 and the whole of the s w ¼ of the n e ¼ of section 11, in T 12 n R 5 E belonging to the Estate of Andrew Hefflefinger dec'd. for the purpose of paying the debts of said decedent; that a summons has been issued thereon returnable to the March Term A. D. 1858 of said court, and that unless you personally be and appear before the Moultrie county court to be held at the court house in Sullivan on the third Monday in the month of March next and then and there plead answer or demur to said petition, the same will be taken for confessed against you and a decree entered accordingly.

CHARLES L. ROANE, Clerk.
EDEN & MEEKER, Sol. for Pet.
Feb. 1st, 1858. 22–3t. [$9,00

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Moultrie county, rendered at the February term thereof, A. D. 1858, upon a petition to sell lands for the payment of debts. We will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at public vendue, on Saturday the 20th day of March A. D. 1858, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M., at the door of the Post-office in Lovington, Ills., the following lands, late the property of John H. Maddox, dec'd, to wit:

The e½ of se qr. sec 26, 15 n. r. 5 e, 3 p m,
se qr of ne qr " " " " "
w½ of sw qr " 25 " " "
n½ of se qr of sw qr 3 14 " "
n½ of sw qr of se qr " " " "
e½ of nw qr of sw qr " " " "

or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts and charges of administration upon the estate of said decedent. The purchaser will be required to give bond and good security for the payment of the purchase money and a mortgage on the land. Payments to be made, one-half in six and the other half in twelve months from the day of sale. Upon compliance with the terms of sale, deeds will be made to the purchaser or purchasers. ELIZABETH MADDUX, *Adm'x.*
WM. W. MADDUX, *Adm'r,*
of the estate of John H. Maddux, deceased.
Sullivan, Feb. 1, '58. 22–6t. [$9,00

Moultrie County Circuit Court May Term A. D. 1858.

Charles Grindel, } State of Illinois,
vs. } Moultrie county.
Fredrick Grindel.
Attachment. Demand $487,50.

NOTICE is hereby given to the above named Fredrick Grindel, that a writ of attachment has been sued out of the circuit clerks office of the said county, at the suit of the above named Charles Grindel, against the Estate of you, the said Fredrick Grindel, for the sum of $487,50 and that the said writ, was directed to the Sheriff of said county, and made returnable to the May term A. D. 1858, of said court, which said writ has been duly returned into the clerks office of the circuit court of said county, by said Sheriff, as levied upon one red Cow and Calf, and twenty acres of Corn, more or less, left in the hands of Felix Grindel, also served on Alexander Porter, Felix Grindel, Thimothy C. Wood, James A. Underwood and William S. Underwood, as Garnishees in said attachment. Now, therefore unless you the said Fredrick Grindel shall be and appear before the Judge of our said court, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Sullivan, Moultrie county Illinois, on the second Monday in the month of May next, 1858, give bail and plead to said plaintiff's action Judgement will be rendered against you by default, for said sum and costs of suit, and the property so attached, ordered to be sold to satisfy the same with costs.

ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk.
Post & Lee atty. for Plt'ff.
Feb. 19 1858. 24–4t [$7,00.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution, To me direct and delivered, by the clerk of the county court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois in favor of A. Cochran, Adm. and against William Taylor and John D. Peniwell; I have levied on the following described property, to wit: n w of n w sec 18 Town 15 Range 5 East containing 40 acres; as the property of John D. Peniwell; which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan Illinois, on the 10th day of March 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day for cash in hand to satisfy said Execution.

Feb. 16 A. D. 1858. 24 3t [$4,00
E. C. BERRY Sheriff.
of Moultrie county Illinois.
By J. G KEARNEY Dep'ty.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution, To me direct and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois in favor of James A. McGuire adm. of the estate of Joseph Scott, and against William Sparks. I have levied on the following described Lands to wit: The n w ¼ of the s e ¼ of sec 20 town 14, range 4 east, also w ½ s ½ n e of s e sec. 24 Town 14 Range 4 containing in all 50 acres, taken as the property of William Sparks; which I shall offer at PUBLIC SALE at the court-house door in Sullivan Illinois, on the 10th day of March A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

E. C. BERRY Sheriff
of Moultrie County.
By J. G. KEARNEY, Deputy.

Feb. 16, 1858, 24 3t [$4,00.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois in favor of William Wright and against Joseph Clark. I have levied on the following described lands to wit; n e s e sec. 27 Town 13 Range 5 East 40 acres, as the property of Joseph Clark, which I shall expose to public sale at the door of the court house in Sullivan on the 10th day of March A. D. 1588, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

E. C. BERRY Sheriff
of Moultrie County.
By J. G. KEARNEY, Deputy.

Feb. 10, '58, 24 3t. [$4,00.

Of the May Term A. D. 1858, of the Moultrie county Circuit Court.

James Peniwell } In Chancery,
vs. }
Mary Peniwell. } Bill for Divorce.

Affidavid having been filed in the above entitled cause showing that Mary Peniwell, the above named Defendant is a non resident of the State of Illinois;

Now therefore notice is hereby given to you the said Mary Peniwell, that a Bill has been filed in the clerk's office of the Moultrie county circuit court, in the above entitled cause, that a Summons has been issued thereon, returnable to the next Term of said court, and that unless you personally be and appear before the Moultrie county circuit court, on the first day of the next Term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Sullivan on the second Monday in the month of May A. D. 1858, and then and there plead answer, or Demur to said Bill, the same will be taken for confessed against you and a Decree entered accordingly.

ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk.
Moultrie County Illinois.
Feb. 19, 1858. 23–6t [$6,75

WHY
Should I get an Insurance on my Life?

LET THE PRESENT TIMES REPLY,

BECAUSE,

"After an extensive acquaintance with business men, I am satisfied that, among one hundred merchants and traders, not more than three ever acquire independence."—Address by Gen. Dearborn, of Boston.

"It is no more the moral duty of a man to provide the daily bread for his family while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless, in the event of his death."—Edin. Journal.

"The relief from anxiety afforded by Life Insurance very frequently contributes to prolong the life of the insured, at the same time that it materially augments the comfort and well-being of those dependent on him."—McCulloch's Commercial Dict'y.

EPAMPLE.

Hon. Abbott Lawrence.—Among the bequests in the Will of the late Hon Abbott Lawrence, of Boston, was a Life Insurance, for the sole benefit of his wife, for $40,000, which, probably, has been subsisting for many years—showing the estimation he placed upon the subject of Life Insurance and its security.

Feb. 12, '58. 23–tf.

WESTERN VALLEY FIRE AND MARINE

Insurance Company
OF CHICAGO ILL.

Capital Stock, $500,000. *Paid in and Secured by Bonds and Mortgage on Real Estate,* $250,000

OFFICERS.
G. W. YERBY, President.
G. B. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.
S. M. GILBERT, Gen. Ag't.

REFERENCES.

Col. J. R. Hamilton, Chicago
Hon. J. Wilson, Com. I. C. R. R. Co. L. D., do.
Col. J. T. Little, do.
A. H. Burley, Bookseller and Publisher, do.
Hon. J. H. McClernan, Springfield, Ill.
Wm. B. Fondy, Esq., do.
Hon. O. B. Ficklin, Charleston, Ill.
W. N. Coler, Urbana, Ill.

THIS Company was organized on the 2nd March, 1857, and is prepared to take risks against Loss by Fire on all kinds of Insurable Property, at usual rates.

$250,000 of its Capital having been paid up and secured by Bond and Mortgage on Real Estate, it is now prepared to do business in all of the N. W. States and Territories.

W. B. PORTER, AGENT at
Sullivan Illinois.

January 21 1858. 20 tf.

NOTICE!
To Our Customers!

We have sold out our stock of goods, and are now settling up our business. All those indebted to us, will do us a favor by calling on us and settling the same, as we owe for our goods and cannot pay unless you pay us. Our Books are at the old stand where one or both of us can be found almost any day.

NABB & BROWN.
Dec. 31. No. 17 tf.

Printers Attention!

I wish to purchase a second handed Printing Press, large enough to print a twenty-four column newspaper. Any person having such a press to sell will please give me the size and price. Address,
JAMES D. MOUDY,
SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

Thunderation!

We wish our customers to come forward immediately, and settle their accounts. If they have no money we want their notes, as we are determined to keep everything square, so that none may grumble. This is so.
P. B. KNIGHT & Co.
Feb. 19, 1858. No 24 tf

Notice to pay Debts.

I will sue, after the 1st day of January, 1858, every man that owes me over twenty-five cents. I have worked for Moultrie county for years, without pay, and now I want it and must have it. Those who have deeds in my office, are requested to come and get them; I have no use for them.
Nov. 24th. tf. W. B. PORTER.

For Sale or Rent.

The building occupied by the subscribers, as a Law office, on the west side of the Public square. This is a first rate chance to any one wishing to start a book, drug or family grocery store in Sullivan.
W. B. PORTER.
Sept. 17, 1 tf.

Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing between Shepherd & Haydon, has been dissolved by mutual consent.—The business will hereafter be conducted by J. B. Shepherd, at the old stand. no 24 2t

WANTED 1000 Bushels Wheat at Vadakin's cheap store.

FRESH arrival at, J. E. Edens, Hats and Caps. Fancy caps for children. Sept. [illegible] 1tf.

HO, YE HUNGRY,
GROCERY
—AND—
Confectionary.

We take this method of informing our old friends and the public generally, that we are still on hand at the old stand ready and willing to wait on the people, and give them cheap Groceries, we are constantly receiving all article usually found in establishments of this kind, consisting in part of the following articles,

Nuts, Candies, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, Crackers Cheese, Pickles, Dried Herring, Rope, Brushes, Pencils, Pens, Blacking, Brooms, Pepper Sauce, Oysters, Sardines, Flavoring Extracts Perfumeries, Hair Oil, Cologne, Note Paper, Envelopes, Lard Oil, Combs, Pocket Knives, Razors shaving Soap, Violin strings and notions generally.

—ALSO—

GROCERIES,

which they propose to sell as cheap as any other house in town, consisting of

Coffee, Sugar,
Starch, Spices,
Cinnamon, Soda,
Pepper, Ginger,
Salt, Soap,
Tobacco, Fine Cigars,
Mackarel and White Fish,

Country produce taken in exchange for goods. J. R. McCLURE.
Sept. 17, 1857. 1 ly.

SADDLERY.
Lewis Zwech & Henry Burg,
EAST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE

HAVING associated together in the Saddlery & Harness making business, are now ready to fill all orders in their line, in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most accomodating terms.

We have on hand a good assortment of well selected Stock and

READY-MADE
articles, such as

SADDLES.
HARNESS,
BUGGY HARNESS,
BRIDLES,
MARTINGALS,
LINES,
HALTERS,
WHIPS,
TRUNKS of all kinds constantly on hand, and all that is commonly kept in their business.

They hope by constant attention to business, to deserve and receive a share of public patronage.

Job work done with neatness and dispatch.

Prices to suit the times, and all work warranted.

We will pay the highest market price for Hides, Deer Skins, & Sheep Pelts.
Dec. 10 1857. 14–tf.

GROCERY STORE,
CITY SALOON
IN FULL BLAST.
Eating Saloon,
NEW CONFECTIONARY.
J. B. SHEPHERD

HAVING Just opened on the South West corner of the public square, a new

OYSTER
SALOON,
AND EATING HOUSE.

Where the wants of the Inner Man can be abundantly supplied. He will also keep on hand a splended assortment of Fresh Confectionary.

☞ Fresh Oysters served up at all times to suit customers.

Also

A Fine lot of eating Apples constantly on hand.
Dec. 10 1857. 14 ly.

Lands for Sale.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms the following lands in Moultrie county. The title thereto is direct from the United States. They are unincumbered.

E½ N E	28	14	5	80	Prairie.
N½ S E	2	15	5	80	do
E½ lot 1 N w	2	15	5	40	do
E½ lot 2 N E	3	15	5	40	do
Lots 3 & 4 N E	3	15	5	196 61	do
Lots 3 & 4 N w	3	15	5	197 65	do
Section	13	15	5	640	do
E½ S E	14	15	5	80	do
E½ N w	25	15	5	80	do
E½ S w	30	15	5	80	do
N w	36	15	5	160	do
E½	23	14	6	320	do
Section	6	15	6	1078 72	do
E½	7	15	6	1025 94	do
E½ S w	7	15	6	80	do
E½	18	15	6	670	do
N w	18	15	6	160	do

I will also give particular attention to buying land lying in Moultrie county, and belonging to the Ills. C. R. Road Company. Purchasers of these lands, by applying to me for them, can save a trip to Chicago.
W. B. PORTER, Gen. Land Agent.
Sullivan, Ill., Sept. 17, 1 6m.

THE PRINTERS.

BY JOHN COOPER VAIL.

Hurra, for nature's noblemen,
The artists of the mind!
Hail! wielders of the mighty pen,
With every glory twined.
Where thought soars freely to its God,
Unshackled as he gave it,
The freemen rule o'er Freedom's sod,
As freemen long will have it.

Roll back the veil of many years,
The iron age just broken,
The spirit of a Faust appears,
To find out freedom's token.
A German still unknown to fame,
Made Europe's wise men wonder,
As he who holds a dearer name,
Drew down the living thunder.

'Tis yours the mighty past to solve,
The record of all ages,
And still like brilliant suns revolve
Around the future's pages.
You whispered to Genoa's son
A deed that seemed gigantic,
And he a world of glory won,
Across the broad Atlantic.

'Tis yours to wake the Russian slave,
To rouse the noble German;
To tell Hibernia she's a slave,
Downtrod by England's Firman.
To breathe the records of the past
To men of heart and daring,
When Borimere threw to the blast
A banner worth the bearing.

Pale Europe still must paler grow,
Her heartstrings now are breaking;
And her blood drops freely flow,
Oppression's soul forsaking.
They flow to water our fair tree,
And from it ne'er to sever—
A health to Franklin, Liberty,
And Freedom's press forever.

How to Earn a Home.

The other evening I came home with an extra ten dollar bill in my pocket—money that I had earned by out-of-doors work. The fact is that I am a clerk in a down town store, at a salery of $600 per annum, and a pretty wife and baby to support out of it.

I suppose the income will sound amazingly small to your two and three thousand dollar office holders, but nevertheless we contrive to live very comfortably upon it. We live on one floor of an unpretending little house, for which we pay $150 per annum, and Kitty—my wife, you'll understand—does all her own work, so that we lay up a neat little sum every year. I've got a balance of two or three hundred dollars at the savings bank, the hoard of several years, and it is astonishing how rich I feel! Who, Rothchild, himself, wasn't a circumstance to me!

Well, I came home with my extra bill, and showed it triumphantly to Kitty, who of course was delighted with my industry and thrift.

'Now, my love,' said I; 'just add this to our account at the bank, and, with interest at the end of the year —'

Forthwith I commenced casting interest, and calculating in my brain. Kitty was silent, and rocked the cradle with her foot.

'I've been thinking, Harry,' she said, after a moment's pause, 'that, since you've got this extra money we might afford to buy a new rug.—This is getting dreadfully shabby, my dear, you must see.'

I looked dolefully at the rug; it was worn and shabby enough, that was a fact.'

'I can get a new velvet pattern for seven dollors,' resumed my wife.

'Velvet—seven dollars!' groaned I.

'Well, then, a common tufted rug like this, would cost only three dollars,' said my cautious better half, who, seeing she couldn't carry her first ambitious point, wisely withdrew her guns.

'That's more sensible,' said I 'we'll see about it.'

'And there is another thing I wan't continued my wife, putting her hand coaxingly on my shoulder, 'and it is not all extravagant, either.'

'What is it? I asked softening rapidly.

'I saw such a lovely silk dress-pattern, on Canal street, this morning, and I can get it for six dollars—only six dollars, Harry! It is the cheapest thing I ever saw.'

'But haven't you got a very pretty green silk dress?

'That old thing! Why, Harry, I've worn it ever since we've been married.'

'It is soiled or ragged?'

'No, of course; but who wants to wear the same green dress forever? Everybody knows it is the only silk I have!'

'Well, what then!'

'That's just a man's question,' pouted Kitty. 'And I suppose you had not observed how old-fashioned my bonnet is getting!'

'Why, I thought it looked very neat and tasteful, since you put on that black velvet winter trimming.'

'Of course—you men have no taste in such matters.'

We were silent for a moment; I am afraid we both felt a little out of humor, at one another. In fact on my journey home, I had entertained some serions thoughts of exchanging my old silver watch, for a more modern time-piece of gold, and had mentally appropriated the ten dollars for furthering that purpose. Savings Bank reflections had come later.

As we sat before our fire, each wrapped in thought, our neighbor, Mr. Wilmot, knocked at the door.—He was employed in the same store as myself, and his wife was an old family friend.

'I want you to congratulate me,' he said, taking a seat. 'I have purchased that little cottage on the Bloomingdale road, to-day.

'What! that beautiful little wooden cottage with the piazza and lawn and fruit garden behind!' exclaimed Kitty amost enviously.

'Is it possible?' I cried. A little cottage home of my own, just like that I had often admired on the Bloomingdale road, had always been the one crowing ambition of my life—a distant and almost hopeless point, but no less earnestly desired.

'Why, Wilmot,' said, I, 'how did this happen! You've only been in business eight or ten months longer than I, at a salary a trifling larger than mine, yet I could as soon buy the mint as purchase a cottage like that.'

'Well,' said the neighbor, 'we have all been working to this end for years. My wife has darned, patched, mended and saved—and we have lived on plain fare, and have done with the cheapest things. But the magic charm of the whole affair was that we laid aside every penny that was not needed by actual positive want. Yes, I have seen my lay by red coppers, one by one.'

'Well, you are a lucky fellow,' said I with a sigh.

'Times are hard, you know, just now, and the owner was not what you call an economical man, and he was glad to sell, even at a moderate price. So you see that even 'hard times' have helped me!'

When our neighbor was gone, Kitty and I looked meaning glances at one another.

'Harry,' said she, 'that rug isn't so bad after all, and my green silk will do a year longer, with care.'

'And a silver watch is quite as good, for all practical purposes, as a gold repeater,' said I. 'We will set aside all imaginary wants!'

'The ten dollar bill must go to the bank,' said Kitty, 'and I'll economise the coppers, just as Mrs. Wilmot did. O how happy she will be among the roses in the cottage next spring!'

Our merry tea kettle suns as a cheerful little song over the fire that night, and the burden was, 'Economy and a house of your own, amid the roses and the country air!'

The heirs of Ruel Clapp, of Albany, New York, have recovered $104,000 of S. P. Townsend, the celebrated sarsaparilla man, being the amount, with interest, decided to be due Clapp as his partner, at the time of his death.

ATTENTION ALL.

J. PERRYMAN,

Is still selling Goods at the old stand.

He has a good stock of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
READY MADE

Clothing!

Hardware,
Queenesware, &c.

with most other articles usually found in this market, which he will sell at ready prices, to make room for the large stock of new goods he intends bringing on soon. He invites his old customers and every body else to come along and take some of the good bargains.

My Motto is

Quick sales and small profit, and no

HUMBUG,

He now offers his heartfelt acknowledgements to a generons and appreciating public, for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him this Spring, and he hopes by strict attention to their wants, to merit a portion of their patronage.

We often hear it said and never knew it fail, the least a man gets cheated the sooner he'll come again.

N. B. All persons indebted to me whose accounts were due last Christmas and prior to that time must pay up. It takes something more substancial than promises to satisfy those to whome I am indebted, and I intend to pay them with what is due me!—So come along and save costs on your part and disagreable feelings on mine.

JOHN PERRYMAN.
Sullivan Sept. 17,—1 ly

P. B. Knight & Co.

In the building formely occupied by J. J. & W. L. Hayden on the corner of Main and Madison.

We have now on hand and coming a large stock of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

which have been selected especially for this market. We can and will offer great inducements to our old friends and the public generally.

Goods will be offered at such prices that those wanting to purchase cannot fail to carry a *few* home with them.

We have almost every thing usually kept in dry good stores.

We call the attention of the ladies particularly to our stock of Dress Goods comprising all of the latest style, all of which we will sell at small profit; pleas give us and your own county town a call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and you will be satisfied that you can save money by buying at our establishment. We will take great pleasure in showing you our goods.

P. B. KNIGHT & Co.
Sullivan Sept. 17. 1 tf.

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY.

JUST received and for sale low for cash, a superior lot of

BOOTS & SHOES,

call and examin for yourselve as we will charge you nothing for showing goods.

J. E. EDEN.

Moultrie Lodge No. 181
A. F. & A. M.

MEETS regularly at their Hall in Sullivan, on the Monday evening of, or next preceeding each full moon. Transient brothers fraternally welcome. F. E. WAGGONER W. M.
P. B. KNIGHT, Sec.

Sullivan Division No. 398
SONS of TEMPERANCE.

THIS organization meets regularly on Saturday Night of each week at their Hall. Transient Brothers and Sisters are invited to attend.

R. P. McPHEETERS, R. S.

Moultrie Lodge, No. 158.
I. O. O. F.

Meets every Tuesday Evening in their Hall, over Vadakins Store. Transient Brothers invited to attend.

W. W. TEAGUE, Sec. J. B. KNIGHT, N. G.

FOUND;

The Best place in Illinois to buy Stoves, Tin and Japanned WARE!!

IT IS AT THE
Sullivan Stove Store
OF
CHAS. A. CARTER,

HAVING made additions to my stock by large purchases in St. Louis, I am now prepared to offer superior inducements to those wishing to purchase any kind of Stoves or Tin Ware. Having adopted the plan of purchasing from the manufacturer thus saving to my customers the profit of the wholesale dealers.

I have now on hand a large stock of the various kinds of Stoves consisting in part of Cooking, Parlor, Casket, Air-tight and the Golden Egg (a rich egg it is,) Coal, &c., &c.

To sum it all up, almost any kind, size, shape, or price one can wish,

PLAIN TIN-WARE.

Anything from a rattle to a churn, or a whistle to a bathing-tub. To say the least, anything that can be made out of Tin, Sheet-Iron, Copper or Zinc can be had at CARTER'S.

☞ All kinds of
JOB WORK
Executed promptly—*as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best.*

I would invite all
To give me a call;
And nowhere else buy,
Till you give me a try.

CHARLES A. CARTER.
October 22, 7 6m.

J. E. EDEN

At the South East Corner

Keeps constantly on hand a well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,
AND
GROCERIES,
HATS AND
CAPS,
READY MADE
Clothing.
QUEENESWARE,
& HARDWARE,

In fact every thing usually kept in a Dry Goods store. Cash purchasers and prompt time payers, will get goods as low as they are retailed any where in the West.—To his friends who have favored him a fair share of trade, he returns his thanks and feels confident that he can make it to their interest to continue their favors. The highest price paid for all kinds of Merchantable produce.

Sullivan Ill. Sept. 17 1857. 1 tf.

Look to your Interest.

NEW GROCERY.
W. D. LAYTON

Has just arrived in town, and has opened a new

Grocery & Provision
STORE,

On the North side of the square in the building formerly occupied and known as "Hill's Saddle shop."

He especially invites the attention of every body who want to buy the necessaries of life amazingly cheap for cash.

He also proposes to give the highest market price, for all kinds of

PRODUCE,

So Farmers, you need no longer weep and mourn, over your lot, as being deprived of the advantages, of a Rail Road, in your midst; For W. D. Layton has "come to town" and has brought with him the great remedy, which is: He proposes to sell as cheap and pay as high prices for produce, as is paid on the Rail Road.

Come along, times are hard, and money saved is equal to money made.

Candies always on hand for the children.

W. D. LAYTON.
December 10, 1857. 14-tf.

NEW CASH STORE.

H. F. Vadakin.

In Nabb's New Brick, west side Public Square!

HAVING purchased the entire stock of

GOODS,

of Nabb & Brown he feels confident that he can sell Goods to his customers at

LOWER PRICES

than ever offered before in this market. He cordially invites the attention of all in want of

CHEAP GOODS,

to an examination of his stock, as he will sell regardless of *profits.* He has now, and will keep constantly on hand a well selected stock of

Dry Goods,
GROCERIES,
QUEENESWARE,
STONEWARE,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, & CAPS,
Ready made
CLOTHING,
HARNESS,
SADDLERY,
CUTLERY, &C., &C.

My Terms are cash, or exchange for country produce, and no mistake. Please call Gentlemen and Ladies and see for yourselves.

Dec. 31 '57. 17tf.

JOHN LOVE, S. M. KEARNEY.

Love & Kearney,

Take pleasure in announceing to their old friends and the public generally that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a large and well selected lot of

FALL
AND
WINTER
GOODS.

well adapted to this market which we shall endeavor to sell at a reasonable profit to good customers; we invite the public to call and examine our stock of goods as we think we can make it to their advantage to buy of us.

Our stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
of every quality,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
SADDLERY,
Ready made
Clothing,
HARDWARE,
QUEENESWARE
GROCERIES,

Call and see us we charge nothing to show goods.

LOVE & KEARNEY.
North West corner public square.
Sept. 10, 1857. 2 tf.

WANTED 5000 lbs. Flax in exchange for Goods at
H. F. VADAKIN'S.

UNITED STATES
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
No. 40 WALL STREET.
W. B. PORTER, AGENT,
AT SULLIVAN.
Feb. 22, '58—28-1y

J. R. SWIFT,
GENERAL LAND AGENT AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Tolono, Champaign Co., Ill.
Principal Agent for the
SALE OF TOWN LOTS AT TOLONO
Refers to John Condit Smith, Chicago.

C. C. BURROUGHS.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
School Miscellaneous and
BLANK BOOKS,
WALL PAPER,
Window Shades, fancy Articles &c.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Cash paid for Rags.

STRATTON & HUBBARD,
WHOLESALE GROCERIES, and
Dry Goods,
CARPETS,
BOOTS & SHOES
HATS & CAPS.
STRAW GOODS &c.
Decatur Ill. 3tf.

A. G. STIPHER, D. D. S.
IS PREPARED TO PRACTICE
DENTISTRY,
In the latest and most approved methods.
He solicits patronage.
Dental Office: over Woods store, formerly occupied by Dr. Weaver.
Decatur, Ill. Sept. 17, 1857, 1 ly.

EAGLE HOUSE.

FELLOWMEN & TRAVELERS

I have again moved to my old stand, known as the Eagle House. I can say to my friends, and customers that I am prepared to give as good entertainment as can be had in central Ill.

JOSEPH THOMASON, Proprietor.
Sullivan, Sept 17, 1 ly

STEAM MILL,
Sullivan Illinois.

THIS MILL is now in full operation, and I am prepared to manufacture Flour of a superior quality, on the shortest notice. Flour will be given for Grain.

I will sell Flour at Rail Road prices.

JONATHAN PATTERSON.
Dec. 10, 1857. 3tf.

New School Books.

HAVING become local agent for the school books recommended by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction I offer them at very low prices to teachers, school directors, and country merchants.

Call and see me and I think I can offer such inducements as will induce you to buy of me, and therefore save freight and Express charges.

☞ Books put in the hands of teachers for examination free of charge.

C. C. BURROUGHS
Decatur, Ill. Sept. 17, 1857.—1 tf.

Legal Advertisements.

The following tariff of prices for Legal Notices, not exceeding ten lines will be the rates charged for insertions in this paper:

Attachment Notices,	$4,00
Partition suit,	4,00
Divorce Suit,	4,00
Foreclosure of Mortgage,	4,00
Guardians Notice to sell Lands,	4,00
Commissioner's Sale,	4,00
Administrator's Notice for Partial settlement,	3,00
Administrator's Notice for petition to sell Lands,	4,00
Administrator's Notice for final Settlement,	3,00

SULLIVAN EXPRESS
Job Printing Office.

THE ATTENTION of our friends, and the public generally, is invited to the fact that we are prepared to execute on the shortest notice and in the neatest and best manner, all kinds of

JOB PRINTING,
SUCH AS
Handbills, Posters, Programmes,
Horse-Bills, Cards,
CIRCULARS,
Blanks of every Description,

And in short all kinds of printing usually demanded of a country printing office. Having a large supply of Job Type, of modern styles, we flatter ourself that we will be able to execute work promptly, in superior style, and on very reasonable terms.

J. H. WAGGONER & [illegible] HANDON.
Office in the second story of J. Perryman's Brick.

Shaving, Shampooning and
HAIR DRESSING,
Done on short notice.

N. B. No [illegible] Shaving done on Sunday after 10 o'clock [illegible]

Shop on the west side of Public Square [illegible] doors north of Main street Sullivan Illinois.

With hair so long your insects harbor
So come along, and see Bill the Barber,
On the west side of the public square,
[illegible]
[illegible] your wool,
[illegible]

[illegible]
I scarcely know what man to trust,
I've trusted many to my sorrow,
So pay to day I'll trust to-morrow,
Come on boys and bring your dough,
And hand it over before you go.