

Sullivan Express.

J. H. WAGGONER, Editor. B. B. HAYDON, Editor.

Thursday, March 11, 1886.

AGENTS

The following named gentlemen are authorized to receive and receipt subscriptions for the "Express."

Stephen Cannon, Lovington. J. T. Crawford, Marrowbone. J. Y. Hitt, Sullivan. M. N. Van Fleet, Sullivan.

Disposed of.

I have this day sold all the accounts due me in favor of the "Express" office, on Job work, Advertising, and subscriptions to the paper, and my successors will fill all my contracts to the same; they also agree to pay all debts against the office, and against me, up to this date. All persons owing the office will find their accounts in the hands of my successors for collection, also those having claims against said office will have to look to the present proprietors for their pay, as all things so far as I was concerned has been satisfactorily settled with them.

JAS. D. MOUDY.

WAGGONER & HAYDON.

I now bid you adieu, as I expect to leave your pleasant little village next week and likely never to return, but be that as it may you all (friends and enemies) have my best wishes for your future success.

I say now as I have said before, that I leave the office in as good hands as it was when I occupied the editorial chair of the "Express." With Messrs Waggoner & Haydon, you are better acquainted than with me; and those who may not be, I can say cheerfully, that they are two of the best young men that I have ever become acquainted with, and I know that this community will (or should at least, extend to them a liberal support, for they justly deserve it. If you fail to extend to them a support, you never will be blessed with another paper and such noble specimens of mankind as the present publishers of the "Express."

JAMES D. MOUDY.

Plates and Pictures!

The celebrated and renowned Artist, G. W. Lynn, still lingers amongst us.

"Like the lute last note which lute to depart."

George is a fine fellow—a gentleman in every sense—and what is still more, he takes better pictures, (for less money), than has ever been taken in this town by any one else; that's so.

We believe there is no one that can excel him in taking Spherotypes—he makes a picture look as though it were standing out in front of the glass—it looks like it was alive—natural as life.

All who want likenesses had better get them now, because you will never meet with a better Artist, or a more favorable time. George remains an inveterate week. George remains an inveterate week.

By casting our eyes out at the window we see that the sidewalk enterprise is succeeding better than was expected. The work is going on at a rapid rate, and will, we have no doubt, soon be completed. There is nothing like an enterprising spirit.

GO TO BOOTS.

WARRAH for New Smokers. The Store known as "B. W. Henry & Co." New's just as clever as they get to be, and will sell goods, just right.

If you don't believe it, "try him on."

The election ordered by the Town Trustees, and held on Friday last, to ascertain the feelings of the citizens of this place, on the License question, to sell liquors, resulted as follows:

For License, 52. Against License, 52.

Major License, 11.

LETTER FROM TEXAS.

We are indebted to our friend Geo. W. Vaughan for the following interesting matter from Texas. He handed us a letter from which we made the following extract:

"We were traveling six weeks and three days, and I think we are about one thousand miles from home. We are all very much dissatisfied with Texas, and would have started back the next day after we arrived, had it not been so near winter and are sorry now, that we did not any way, since we hear what a pleasant season you are having there.

"We all built small houses to winter in, and when spring comes we expect to evacuate Texas. There is but little chance to know much about Texas, just to travel through it. The people here want settlers to come in, and they tell lies about the country, and its advantages. There is no money of any consequence. Only what is brought here by new-comers. The people must have an exorbitant price for every thing they sell, and no wonder, for they have but little to dispose of.

"The range is failing very fast. Tame grass does but little good here. The drought comes every summer, and spoils most of the crops, except wheat, it does as well here as in Illinois, provided the grass-hoppers don't eat it up. It is not healthy here for stock brought from Illinois. Our horses are not fit for use.

"I will now give you the prices current in this Country. Corn is worth \$1.00 per bu. Flour \$5.90 per hundred, Pork \$7.00, Beef \$3.00; it is very difficult to preserve meat of any kind. Sugar and Coffee are worth 20 cts. per lb., Sweet Potatoes 90 cts. per bu., Turnips 25 cts; and there are no other vegetables here. You were very fortunate in not coming here last fall. There is more Fever and Ague here than in Illinois, but the weather is warm and pleasant, and I think people afflicted with weak lungs, would do better in this Country than that.

"We will have to stay until grass comes in the spring, and then come home with ox teams. This is a beautiful country of prairie, but there is almost no timber at all. Apple-trees do but little good here, Peach-trees are low and scrubby.

"Wm. Frybarger, Wm. Wimberly and John Rowland are all going back to Illinois. There are but few here that are satisfied. Some stay because they dread a long journey, some because money fails, others because they have bought land and cannot sell it again.

"I suppose I have abused Texas about enough for the present, so I will quit, and when I get home tell you all about it. O, how I miss my old home! I often dream of it; but oh! the bitter reality I experience when I awake, and the bright, sunny pictures vanish.

"The above picture of the disad-vantages and inconveniences of the much-lauded State, Texas, was drawn by a lady who went to that State last Fall from Shelby county, Ill., and we suppose there is a good deal of truth in it; yet it is easily seen that the writer is 'home-sick,' and as a consequence, has, perhaps, 'shaded' the picture a little too much. It is very common for persons removing to a new country, to expect to find everything ready to their hand; it is necessary to render earth a paradise. And there is nothing more natural than for such persons, when they arrive at their new homes and find that they labor under numerous disadvantages they knew nothing of in their 'old homes,' to sing 'wail the spirit and the understanding.'"

"It has been said of the cheek of religion that it may be known sometimes by the line of hair in a sermon."

Late News.

WASHINGTON, March 2. The Speaker has appointed Edward, Ga., Harris, Ill., Groves, Pa., Curtis, Iowa, and Fish, Conn., as committee upon the Mat-tison case. Mr. Harris was excused on his previous request.

Resolutions adopted by the Legislature of Washington Territory were read, declaring that the proclamation of Martial Law by Gen. Stevens a patriotic act, and required to maintain peace in the territory.

Mr. Sherman (Ohio) submitted a resolution which was adopted, calling for information as to whether any money has been paid from the U. S. Treasury, to the year ending June last, for the Legislature of Kansas, and if so, under what act, and from what fund.

Mr. Florence presented a memorial from the Marine Underwriters of Philadelphia, against the alteration of law establishing the light house system. Referred.

A discussion took place on the bill for reorganizing the Clerks and other employees of the House, pending which the House adjourned.

SENATE.—J. P. Henderson, Senator elect from Texas, appeared and took his seat.

A communication was presented from the Legislature of Kentucky, offering a regiment of volunteers for service in Utah.

Several memorials were also read from the Legislature of Iowa, asking grants of land for railroad purposes.

Mr. Green called up the Kansas bill.

Mr. Broderick objected, as the Pacific Railroad bill had the priority.

The Kansas bill was taken up.

Mr. Green gave notice of a substitute for the admission of the States of Minnesota and Kansas together, hoping thereby to expedite business. He then proceeded to advocate the report of the Committee; remarking that the leading and controlling facts in that document could not be successfully controverted. An attempt had been made in the minority reports to evade some of them, but they stood unassailed.

He then passed to personal explanation, touching the statements in regard to the action of the Committee, published by the New York Tribune, which asserted that a majority of the Committee had made a positive promise to Messrs. Douglas and Collamer, not to report until the succeeding Monday, and subsequently violated that agreement. He proceeded to show the falsity of this statement, by a detail of facts in the case.

A discussion of some length took place between Messrs. Green and Douglas, when the former proceeded.

He said that he had a substitute for the bill reported by the majority Committee, which he would offer at the proper time. This substitute provided for the admission of Kansas and Minnesota together, the object being to expedite the business before the Senate, so that other important questions might come up for consideration. He then argued the legality of the Kansas Constitution, contending that it was republican in form and was a legal choice of the people. The population of Kansas by census entitled her to one Representative, and the constitution of the United States prescribe no specific number of inhabitants. He referred to the unsettled state of the Territory as a powerful and overwhelming reason for the admission of Kansas by one Representative. He referred to the peace and quietness to the Territory. He had received information to-day of a murder committed by a party opposed to the Lecompton constitution, and that Gen. Whitefield had been driven from the Territory under threats of assassination. This, he said, was the reason of the absence

Federal officers from Kansas.

It is useless to expect when there will be no more Kansas companies in the Union.

Mr. Collamer followed. He referred to the Missouri Compromise as having settled the Slavery question. It being a fair bargain, he thought it unjust in the South, after receiving her portion of the advantage to repudiate the compact.

Special from the Utah Expedition.

WASHINGTON, March 2. The War Department has received dispatches from Col. Johnston, to Jan. 4th. By some mistake the dispatches from Col. Johnston to the commanding officers at Forts Laramie, Kearney, and Leavenworth, were sent to head quarters in New York. Col. Johnston's letter to Major Lynde had not reached him; but Gen. Scott says enough is known from Major Lynde's of December 2d, to leave no doubt as to the inefficiency of the present means at Fort Laramie for transporting three months' supplies for Col. Johnston's command. As it is a matter of absolute necessity that supplies reach him by the 1st of June, measures for that purpose have been taken by Gen. Scott, as is indicated in the following:

Special Order, dated February 28. A train of at least twenty-six mule wagons will be organized with the utmost dispatch at Fort Leavenworth to go immediately with Colonel Hoffman to Fort Laramie, in Utah, commissary stores, men's shoes, and such other supplies as may be known to be much needed; two extra mules to provide for casualties, to be taken to each wagon. The mules and everything for this train, will be the best that can be got together at Fort Leavenworth, or within reach of it. Seven companies of cavalry and infantry will detail as an escort. The train will start as early as the 10th of March.

In a special order, dated March 1st, of Gen. Scott to the commanding officer at Fort Leavenworth, he directs the following to be sent to Gen. Garland, in New Mexico, by express: Col. Johnston reports that the Mormons intend intercepting Capt. Marcy, on his return with the mules and horses he ordered to obtain in your department. Notify Capt. Marcy of this, and see that he is strongly escorted on his return march and well provided with whatever he may require that you can spare.

The above orders were sent from Gen. Scott by telegraph to Bon-ville, thence to their places of destination by a special express.

Capt. Marcy is expected to leave New Mexico about the 20th of March.

No incident of military importance has transpired since his last communication, and that the troops are in excellent health and spirits. He expresses fears that he will not have sufficient draught animals. The greater number of soldiers who had been on the sick list, were rendered unfit for duty by frost-bite, and for this reason Col. J. recommends that each man be supplied with a pair of buffalo over shoes. Col. J. calls attention at great length to the line of communication with the army, and the necessity of providing means for defending the supplies, which must be sent forward early in the spring, and more especially to that portion liable to be attacked by the Mormons. Col. Johnston commands highly the bold works thrown up around Fort

By the Department.

We issue this week on Thursday in order to oblige some that are interested in the Circuit Court. In future we will issue on Friday.

Adam and Buddha.

This is a singular circumstance, connected with a traditionary foot-mark on the top of Adam's Peak in the island of Ceylon, which leads to conjecture that the Buddhist sect in India derived their early history, mankind from the same source that Moses did, if not from the followers of

the prophet. This peak is situated on the mountain range in the center of the island, and is a very sharp, attenuated, perpendicular needle of granite, rising to a height of 6800 feet above the level of the sea. Upon

the very apex there is a natural indentation in the surface of the rock, which bears some resemblance to the mark of a gigantic human foot, has been perfected by the aid of chisel and mortar, into the shape of a foot-mark. This is the work of ancient priests, and for ages the Buddhists of India have made pilgrimages to the top of this sacred peak, to venerate the foot-mark made by Buddha when he left the earth. The dimensions of the track are five feet and a half by two and a half, and about two inches deep.

There is a small temple erected over the rock, where the Buddhist priests attend, to direct the devotions of pilgrims and receive their offerings, which, by the way, amount to some twelve hundred dollars per year.

The Brahmins have also erected a small temple to Vishu on a shelf of the same rock, and their followers worship the same track as a foot-print of that Brahminical divinity. The Mussulmen of India also visit the peak, and adore the mark as the footstep of Adam the progenitor of the race according to Mahomedan as well as Jewish lore. The Portuguese who first visited Ceylon found that this remarkable peak had been named Adam's Peak by the Mahomedans, and adopted the same name, introducing it to the Christian world under that cognomen. Messrs. Marshall and Sowers, two Scottish gentlemen, while in the island some thirty years ago, made a journey to the top of the peak, which they found toilsome and very difficult. They were attended by several natives of the Buddhist faith, who made the pilgrimage with great devoutness in honor of Buddha. At a particular point in the ascent of the peak, these Buddhists made a solemn offering of needles and thread to their deity according to the universal practice of their sect.

This singular offering apparently alludes to the desire for clothes to cover their nakedness, which was experienced by our first parents after their transgression in Eden; and in we think we may trace a kindred origin in the Buddhist and Hebrew traditions of the first man—in short, that Buddha and Adam were one and the same person.

When Cape Breton was taken the first time, Father Moody served as chaplain. After the capture was effected, the officers of the navy and land forces dined together. Some of Mr. Moody's friends, who knew his partiality for long services, were apprehensive that he would be so long asking a blessing, that the food would get cold before they could commence eating it. When dinner was ready, Gen. Pepperell spoke to Mr. Moody, and he came to the table, lifting up both hands, and saying, "O Lord, we have no meat to bless thee for, we must refer it to eternity, for time is too short; so bless our food and fellowship for Christ's sake." His friends were so agreeably disappointed that they took down his long blessing in writing and brought it home, and by that means I obtained it.

The Scarlet Fever.—An immense sensation has been created in our fashionable circles by the introduction of the scarlet and exanthema by our ladies.

It has appeared simultaneously throughout all Christendom. Queen Victoria was the first English lady to be attacked by the disease. The Empress Eugenie goes in for it.—Lady Gove Ouseley wears it in a Washington, and too many we may expect, as the New York Times says, "a very great running along the pavement through a procession of criminals were going past in full sacerdotal costume."

Why Don't He Write.

BY CARRIE BULL. Wonder why he does not write? Oh! I should like to hear Glad tidings from an absent one Who is so very dear: Was sure upon his promise I firmly did rely, And told him what letters I A: With joy I would reply. Then what can be the matter? Why is it he don't write? Am I seldom ever thought of, Perhaps forgotten quite? He told me when we parted That he would not forget; But he surely has forgotten, For he has not written yet.

I'm sure he saw the tear-drop That trembled in my eye, And felt my soft lip quiver, When I tried to say "Good bye," He knew I felt that moment What I never could forget; And, though he said that he would write, He has not written yet.

I thought that every week or two A letter I would get; But days, and weeks, and months have passed, He has not written yet. I wonder why he does not write, 'T would be so sweet to hear By letters often from a friend, Who is so very dear.

THE DOUAY BIBLE.

The Catholic edition of the Bible in general use among that communion, is called the Douay Bible. It is copiously explained by the notes of Catholic divines, and is the only authorized version of the sacred volume sanctioned by the head of the church. It takes its name from Douay, a town in the northeast of France, the site of a celebrated Roman Catholic College, founded by Philip II. of Spain, A. D. 1569. Douay was captured by Louis XIV., of France, in person, in 1697, and taken from the French by the English, under the celebrated Duke of Marlborough, in the year 1710, during the war of the succession. But it was retaken by the French in 1713, following. It is a city of some importance, containing two other colleges, a foundry of cannon, an arsenal, and a military school, and is therefore well provided with weapons, carnal and spiritual, for the twofold warfare of the civilized world.

MOODY.—On Thursday evening last, in the town of Hallowell, Clay county, Missouri, one of the most wanton and diabolical murders was perpetrated on a German Gregory keeper by the name of Solomon Branger, by one Dr. George Tuley. An old difficulty existed between the parties, and the boys concluding to have some fun, got them together and compelled them to fight; the German got the better of the doctor, and wanted to quit after the first round, but the second was unwilling, followed him to his own house, dragged him from his counter, when he was stabbed by the doctor below the fifth rib, the knife penetrating through the liver. He died in a few minutes, and the doctor fled to parts unknown.

Shelbyville (Mo.) Danvers.

Family Names.

The following facts are from an interesting article on the family nomenclature of England and Wales, in the Sixteenth Annual Report of the Registrar General of England: "The indexes of births, marriages, and deaths for 1873, contain more than 21,000,000 names. In England, Smith is by far the most common name, while in Wales the name of Jones predominates. During the period above named, the number of births in England and Wales show 285,037 persons named Smith, and 200,000 named Jones. Of the whole population of England and Wales, in 1873, one person in 75 was named Smith, and one in 100 was named Jones. The name of Jones was a common name in Wales in 1485, and in 1486, Taylor was in 1487, and in 1488, Overhill was in 1489, and in 1490, Overhill was in 1491, and in 1492, Overhill was in 1493, and in 1494, Overhill was in 1495, and in 1496, Overhill was in 1497, and in 1498, Overhill was in 1499, and in 1500, Overhill was in 1501, and in 1502, Overhill was in 1503, and in 1504, Overhill was in 1505, and in 1506, Overhill was in 1507, and in 1508, Overhill was in 1509, and in 1510, Overhill was in 1511, and in 1512, Overhill was in 1513, and in 1514, Overhill was in 1515, and in 1516, Overhill was in 1517, and in 1518, Overhill was in 1519, and in 1520, Overhill was in 1521, and in 1522, Overhill was in 1523, and in 1524, Overhill was in 1525, and in 1526, Overhill was in 1527, and in 1528, Overhill was in 1529, and in 1530, Overhill was in 1531, and in 1532, Overhill was in 1533, and in 1534, Overhill was in 1535, and in 1536, Overhill was in 1537, and in 1538, Overhill was in 1539, and 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A Mother's Influence - Hon. Thomas H. Benton, in a speech in New York, turned to the ladies, and referring to his mother, said: "My mother asked me never to use tobacco, and I have never touched it from that time to the present day; she asked me not to game, and I have never gamed; and I cannot tell this day who is winning and who is losing in games that can be played. She admonished me, too, against hard drinking, and whatever capacity for endurance I may have at present, and whatever usefulness I may attain in life, I attribute to having complied with her pious and correct wishes. When seven years of age she asked me not to drink, and I made then a resolution of total abstinence society at a time when I was the sole constituent member of my own body, and that I have adhered to it through all time I owe to my mother."

A Lock of Queen Elizabeth's hair, with an original poem, by Sir Philip Sidney on receiving it, have lately been found in an old folio volume of the Arcadia at Wilton. The hair is of a golden brown, without a tinge of red, the London Athenium says, and in every country under the sun such hair would be pronounced beautiful.

PLOWS!!

F. P. HOKE,

Takes pleasure in announcing to the public and everybody else, that he now keeps constantly on hand, and manufactures, to order, the most improved quality of Plows, of every description, and at prices to suit the greatest lovers of money. Every one had better buy a Plow, and if it don't work well, return it, and get your money.

WAGONS.

A splendid lot, of the latest, and most approved style on hand and in the right way, and at as reasonable prices as anybody else. Shop one door east of the Post Office, March 11th, '58. No. 27 tf

Of the May term A. D. 1858, of the Moultrie county Circuit Court.

State of Illinois, ss. Moultrie county,) James Mastin,) vs.) John Ginn, Catharine Welch and Harriet Welch,) Petition for Partition & Dower. AFFIDAVIT having been filed in the office of the Circuit Clerk of said county, that Catharine Welch, one of the defendants in the above entitled cause is a non resident of said State, notice is therefore given to you the said Catharine Welch, that a petition in the above entitled cause has been filed in this office, that a summons has been issued in said cause, directed to the sheriff of said county, returnable to said term of said court, now therefore notice is hereby given to you the said Catharine Welch, that unless you shall personally be and appear at said term of said court, on the first day thereof to be holden at the court house in Sullivan on the second Monday in the month of May 1858, plead, answer or demur to said petition, and a decree entered accordingly.

ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk. Post & Lee atty. for Plff. Feb. 19 1858. 24-31 \$7.00

J. T. DUFFIELD M.D. Physician & Surgeon. Tenders his professional services the citizens of Whitley's Creek, and all needing medical aid.

Notes Lost. Lost Notes, Lost Notes!! N. A. Garland has two Notes on M. A. Garland, one for \$40.00, and the other for \$55.00, I think, in which there is a total failure of consideration, and hence I will not pay them. No person should buy a note of him on me, as I will not pay them. JAMES H. KELLAR, Sullivan, Feb. 25 '58. No. 25 3c

Master in Chancery's Sale of Real Estate. By virtue of a decree of the Moultrie county Circuit Court rendered on the 10th day of October 1857. I shall offer for sale for cash in hand, at the court house door in Sullivan, Ill. on the 9th day of April next, the following described real estate to-wit: a part of the N W 1/4 of section one, in Township 13 N R 6 E bounded as follows, commencing at the N W corner, of the steam mill tract, thence East, with the North line of said tract, to the North line of Higginbotham's tract thence East with the line of the Higginbotham tract which was sold out of said N W 1/4 of section one, to Wm. Kellar, thence North with Kellar's line to the S E corner of Thomas Davis' tract, thence west with the South line of said Davis tract thence South to the place of beginning, as the lands of N. A. Garland, to satisfy a Mortgage in favor of W. B. Porter, and others. JOHN PENWELL, Master in Chancery. March 5th, 1858. 27. 4t \$5.25

Sheriff's Sale. BY virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois in favor of Joseph Sell and against John H. Whetstone, I have levied upon the following described Lands to-wit: N E 1/4 of the S E 1/4 of section 6 Town 12 Range 6 East, and N E 1/4 of the S W 1/4 of section 19 Town 12 Range 6 East as the property of the said John H. Whetstone which I shall offer at public sale at the door of the court house in Sullivan on the 27th day of March A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution. E. C. BERRY Sheriff of Moultrie County. By J. G. KEARNEY, Deputy. March 11, '58, 27 3t. \$4.00.

Masons, Look. Borrowed a Masonic Regalia of M. Brown, on the occasion of a Masonic Celebration, some two years ago west of Sullivan four miles. When I returned, I left Regalia with some one in town, but some how it got misplaced, and that's the last I've heard of it. Any person giving me any knowledge of the same, will be liberally compensated. J. R. ANDERSON. Mar. 11, no 27 1/2

NOTICE is hereby given to the above named Fredrick Grindel, that a writ of attachment has been sued out of the circuit clerk's office of the said county, at the suit of the above named Charles Grindel, against the Estate of the said Fredrick Grindel, for the sum of \$487.50 and that the said writ, was directed to the Sheriff of said county, and made returnable to the May term A. D. 1858, of said court, which said writ has been duly returned into the clerk's office of the circuit court of said county, by said Sheriff, as levied upon one red Cow and calf, and twenty acres of Corn, more or less, left in the hands of Felix Grindel; also served on Alexander Porter, Felix Grindel, Timothy C. Wood, James A. Underwood and William S. Underwood, as Garnishers in said attachment. Now, therefore unless you the said Fredrick Grindel shall be and appear before the Judge of our said court, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Sullivan, Moultrie county Illinois, on the second Monday in the month of May next, 1858, give bail and plead to said plaintiff's action Judgement will be rendered against you by default, for said sum and costs of suit, and the property so attached, ordered to be sold to satisfy the same with costs. ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk. Post & Lee atty. for Plff. Feb. 19 1858. 24-31 \$7.00

J. T. DUFFIELD M.D. Physician & Surgeon. Tenders his professional services the citizens of Whitley's Creek, and all needing medical aid.

Notes Lost. Lost Notes, Lost Notes!! N. A. Garland has two Notes on M. A. Garland, one for \$40.00, and the other for \$55.00, I think, in which there is a total failure of consideration, and hence I will not pay them. No person should buy a note of him on me, as I will not pay them. JAMES H. KELLAR, Sullivan, Feb. 25 '58. No. 25 3c

May term of the Moultrie county Circuit Court. STATE OF ILLINOIS, Moultrie county,) In Chancery. Milton Underwood,) vs.) Wilber F. Robinson, Cornelia L. Lindsey, and William Lindsey,) Partition. Satisfactory Affidavit having been filed in the above entitled cause showing that upon due enquiry the above named defendants, Wilber F. Robinson, Cornelia L. Lindsey, & William Lindsey cannot be found, and that process cannot be rendered upon them. Now therefore notice is hereby given to the above named defendants, that a Petition has been filed in the above entitled cause in our said court, that a summons has been issued thereon returnable to the May Term A. D. 1858, of our said court, and that unless you, the said defendants personally be and appear before the Moultrie county circuit court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Sullivan, in the county and State aforesaid, on the second Monday in the month of May next, and plead, answer or demur to said Petition the same will be taken for confessed against you, and a decree entered accordingly. ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk. Edon & Meeker, Attys for Pet. Sullivan, Feb. 24, 1858.-25-4t \$7.00

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. BY virtue of a decree of the Probate Court of Moultrie county, rendered at the February term thereof, A. D. 1858, upon a petition to sell lands for the payment of debts. We will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at public vendue, on Saturday the 20th day of March A. D. 1858, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M., at the door of the Post-office in Loxington, Ills., the following lands, late the property of John H. Maddox, dec'd, to-wit: The 1/2 of sec 26, T. 15, N. R. 3, E. 3 P. M. or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts and charges of administration upon the estate of said decedent. The purchaser will be required to give bond and good security or the payment of the purchase money and a mortgage on the land. Payments to be made one-half in cash and the other half in twelve months from the day of sale. Terms may be made to the purchaser or purchasers. ELIZABETH MADDUX, Adm'r. of the estate of John H. Maddox, deceased. Sullivan, Feb. 17, 1858. 22-31 \$4.00

May Term of the Moultrie Circuit Court A. D. 1858. STATE OF ILLINOIS,) Petition for Moultrie county,) Partition. John Roney, Robert Roney, Joseph Roney, Joseph Sedgwick, Maria Sedgwick, his wife, Perry Walker, and Emelia Walker, his wife, William H. Moore, Susan J. Moore, James M. Moore, Sarah E. Moore, John T. Moore, George Moore, and Willis Moore, minors sue by their next friend Peyton Moore, Elvira Roney, Albert Roney, also minors, sue by their next friend John Roney, William Jane minor who sues by her Guardian John Bankson, Cyrus Bankson and Emery Bankson, minors who sue by their next friend John Bankson, John Tyler, Sarah Tyler, Peyton Moore, John Roney, Mary Ann Roney his wife. George Fredrick, Joseph J. Fredrick, Sarah J. Fredrick, Levi Fredrick, Elvira Fredrick, Matilda Hinkle, and Merry-weather Underwood, Louisa Underwood. AFFIDAVIT having been filed in the above entitled cause showing that George Fredrick, Joseph J. Fredrick, Sarah J. Fredrick, Levi Fredrick, Elvira Fredrick, Matilda Hinkle, and Merry-weather Underwood, Louisa Underwood, are non-residents of said State. Notice is therefore given to said non-resident defendants that said cause is now pending in said court, that a summons issued in said cause is made returnable at said term, and that they appear and answer the petition filed in said cause at said term. ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk. Wm. E. Nelson, Sol. for Pet. Sullivan, Feb. 26, 1858. 26-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. PUBLIC notice is hereby given that on the first Monday in April next, I shall attend before the county court of Moultrie county, at Sullivan, Illinois for the purpose of settling and adjusting all the claims against the Estate of Joseph Hendricks late of said county deceased, when and where all claimants are notified and requested to attend and present their claims in writing against said estate for adjustment. All persons indebted to said Estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay. WILLIAM DAVIS, Adm. of Joseph Hendricks' estate. Sullivan, Feb. 26, '58. 25-31 \$4.00

Money Wanted! ALL persons indebted to me either by Note, or Book account, will find them in the hands of proper officers for collection, if not paid immediately, as money I must and will have. A. THAYER, Loxington, Feb. 25, 1858. 25-31

Money Wanted! ALL persons indebted to me either by Note, or Book account, will find them in the hands of proper officers for collection, if not paid immediately, as money I must and will have. A. THAYER, Loxington, Feb. 25, 1858. 25-31

CABINET SHOP.

Smith & Grossy. The pleasure in announcing to the public generally, that we have just received from the Old North Side, a large assortment of Parlor Chamber and Kitchen Furniture, on short notice and at very LOW PRICES. All sizes and qualities kept constantly in hand, and made to order on application. Terms, to Cash.

COFFINS!

They hope by selling furniture at lowest prices, and close attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage.

Sheriff's Sale. BY virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the county court, of Shelby county, in the State of Illinois in favor of Jennings Reed & Co. and against Albert G. Snyder, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: the south half of the south west quarter of section 19 Township 14 North of Range 6 East of the third principal meridian, containing 80 acres in Moultrie county Ills. as the property of the said Albert G. Snyder, which I shall offer at public sale, at the court-house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M., and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution. E. C. BERRY Sheriff of Moultrie county. By W. R. LEE, Deputy. Feb. 26, 1858. 26 3t. \$4.00.

Sheriff's Sale. BY virtue of an Execution, to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the county court, of Shelby county, in the State of Illinois in favor of Hugh Walden, & John Walden, Admrs. and against Hiram Cox. I have levied upon the following described lands to-wit: the 1/2 of the 1/2 of sec. 3, T. 11 N. R. 12 W. S. 3 E. 1 of the 1st Township 12 Range 6 East containing One Hundred and forty acres as the property of the said Hiram Cox, which I shall offer at public sale, at the court-house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1858 between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution. E. C. BERRY Sheriff of Moultrie County, Illinois. Feb. 26th 1858. 25 3t. \$4.00

Sheriff's Sale. BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois in favor of Samuel McNeil, against Amos Meeker, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: The south half of Block No. 15 in the town of Sullivan, as the property of the said Amos Meeker, which I shall offer at Public Sale, at the court-house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1858, to the highest and best bidder for ready cash. Sale to be between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day. E. C. BERRY Sheriff of Moultrie county Illinois. Feb. 26, 1858. 25-31 \$4.00

PORTER & STEELE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.

Office in West side of the square, one door South of Dr. J. T. Hill's office. Feb. 26 1858. No. 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

WESTERN VALLEY FIRE AND MARINE Insurance Company OF CHICAGO, ILL. Capital Stock, \$500,000. Paid-in and Secured by Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, \$250,000. G. W. YERBY, President. G. B. ARMSTRONG, Secretary. S. M. GILBERT, Gen. Agt. REFERENCES: Col. J. R. Hamilton, Chicago. Hon. J. T. Little, Com. I. C. R. Co. L. D. Col. J. T. Wilson, do. do. do. A. H. Burley, Bookseller and Publisher, do. Hon. J. H. Beckstein, Springfield, Ill. do. Wm. B. Fondy, Esq., do. Hon. O. B. Ficklin, Charleston, Ill. do. This Company was organized on the 2nd March, 1857, and is prepared to take risks against Loss by Fire on all kinds of Insurable Property, at usual rates. \$250,000 of its Capital having been paid up and secured by Bond and Mortgage on Real Estate, it is now prepared to do business in all of the S. W. States and Territories. W. B. PORTER, AGENT at Sullivan Illinois. January 21 1858. 20 tf.

Livery Stable! S. PURVIS. Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that he has opened a large Livery Stable, in the building formerly occupied by Thomas & George, where he keeps constantly on hand a good supply of the very finest Horses and Buggies, and hopes by close attention to business, and reasonable charges, to merit a liberal patronage. Sullivan Ill., Feb. 26, 1858. No. 25 1/2

NOTICE! We have sold out our stock of goods, and are now settling up our business. All those indebted to us, will do us a favor by calling on us and settling the same, as we owe for our goods and cannot pay unless you pay us. Our Books are at the old stand where one or both of us can be found almost any day. NABB & BROWN, Dec. 31, No. 17 tf.

Thunderation! We wish our customers to come forward immediately, and settle their accounts. If they have no money we want their notes, as we are determined to keep everything square so that none may grumble. This is a notice to pay debts. P. B. KNIGHT & Co. Feb. 19, 1858. No. 24 tf.

For Sale or Rent. The building occupied by the subscribers, as a Law office, on the west side of the Public square. This is a first rate chance to any one wishing to start a book, drug or family grocery store in Sullivan. W. B. PORTER, Feb. 17, 1858. 17 tf.

WANTED 1000 Bushels Wheat at Yadin's cheap store.

HO, YE HUNGRY, CONFECTIONARY.

We take this method of informing our old friends and the public generally, that we are still on hand at the old stand ready and willing to wait on the people, and give them the Groceries, we are constantly receiving all article usually found in establishments of this kind, consisting in part of the following articles: Nuts, Candies, Raisins, Eggs, Cakes, Crackers, Cheese, Pickles, Dried Herring, Rope, Brushes, Pencils, Pens, Blacking, Brooms, Pepper Sauce, Oysters, Sardines, Flavoring Extracts, Perfumeries, Hair Oil, Cologne, Note Paper, Envelopes, Lard Oil, Combs, Pocket Knives, Razors shaving Soap, Violin strings and notions generally. GROCERIES, which they propose to sell as cheap as any other house in town, consisting of Coffee, Sugar, Spices, Starch, Soda, Pepper, Ginger, Salt, Soap, Fine Cigars, Mackeral and White Fish, Country produce taken in exchange for goods. J. R. McCLARK. Sept. 17, 1857. No. 25 1/2

SADDLERY.

Lewis Zwick & Henry Burg. HAVING associated together in the Saddlery and Harness making business, are now ready to fill all orders in their line, in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most accommodating terms. We have on hand a good assortment of well selected Stock and READY-MADE articles, such as SADDLES, HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, BRIDLES, MARTINGALS, LINES, HALTERS, WHIPS, TRINES, commonly kept on their business. They hope by constant attention to business, to deserve and receive a share of public patronage. Job work done, with neatness and dispatch. Prices to suit the times, and all work warranted. We will pay the highest market price for Hides, Deer Skins, & Sheep Pels. Dec. 10 1857.

GROCERY STORE.

CITY SALOON IN FULL BLAST. Eating Saloon, NEW CONFECTIONARY. J. B. SHEPHERD HAVING just opened on the South West corner of the public square, a new OYSTER SALOON, AND EATING HOUSE. Where the wants of the Inner Man can be abundantly supplied. He will also keep on hand a splendid assortment of Fresh Confectionary. Fresh Oysters served up at all times to suit customers. A Fine lot of eating Apples constantly on hand. Dec. 16 1857.

NOTICE!

Of the May Term A. D. 1858, of the Moultrie county Circuit Court. State of Illinois, ss. Moultrie county,) James Penwell,) vs.) Mary Penwell,) Bill for Divorce. AFFIDAVIT having been filed in the above entitled cause, showing that Mary Penwell, the above named Defendant is a non resident of the State of Illinois. Notice is hereby given to you, the said Mary Penwell, that a Bill has been filed in the clerk's office of the Moultrie county circuit court, in the above entitled cause, that a Summons has been issued thereon, returnable to the 12th term of said court, and that unless you personally be and appear before the Moultrie county circuit court, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Sullivan on the second Monday in the month of May A. D. 1858, and there plead, answer, or demur to said Bill, the same will be taken for confessed, and a Decree entered accordingly. ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk. Moultrie County Illinois. Feb. 10, 1858. 23-31 \$6.75

NOTICE! We have sold out our stock of goods, and are now settling up our business. All those indebted to us, will do us a favor by calling on us and settling the same, as we owe for our goods and cannot pay unless you pay us. Our Books are at the old stand where one or both of us can be found almost any day. NABB & BROWN, Dec. 31, No. 17 tf.

