

Coanigans

The Sullivan Express

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTEREST OF MOULTRIE COUNTY. Editors & Publishers.

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BUSINESS CARDS.
E. E. WAGGONER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

DOCTOR
J. E. DUNNINGTON
TENDERS HIS RESPECTFUL

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
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SULLIVAN EXPRESS,
ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS:
1.50, Incorably in Advance.

A HOME FOR ALL.
"And every man went into his own house."

The king unto his palace proud
Returneth from the throne,
The noble to his castle hoar,
The peasant to his cottage door,
The monk to cloister lone

The soldier hasteth to his camp,
The sailor darts the deeps,
The traveler spreads his tent at night
That decks the forest-green with white,
And 'neath its shelter sleeps.

The Greenland hunter scoops a cell
Beneath incumbent snows,
The son of Africa to his kraal,
The Indian to his wigwam frail,
With cane-like roof-tree goes

The eagle knows his eyrie cell,
The lion loves his lair,
The beaver builds his lodge of reed,
Foxes have holes, and birds their nests,
Where dwell the houseless—Where?

There is a mansion free to all,
Whence none are turned away,
Even those who never had home before,
Are welcome though its unlock'd door
To enter in, and stay.

No foe of gold the loaves pay,
In that sepulchral bower,
But "dust to dust," and forehead white
Doth give each applicant the right
Of mastership and power

No gorgeous robes the inmates wear,
No paintings deck the wall,
It hath no revelry by night,
No casement fair with taper'd light,
No downy couch, or hearth-stone bright,
Yet, 'tis the home for all.

'IMPUDENT TO MOTHER.'
BY CLARA SNYDER.

"Mother, I say I will have that pink hat, and my new dress shall be made to trail just as Kate Trevor's does; and that steel-hooped skirt I will have before Sunday!"

She declared Miss Upstart, with a determined and impudent air, to her pale and worried-looking mother.

"You know, child," was the reply, "that your father will not approve of my allowing you to dress yourself out in such a style. He is not able to buy so many new things for you as often as you require them. And when I do not wish you to sweep the streets just because other foolish girls do! Why can't you have some good material my child, or at least some good side material for your mother's wishes?"

Miss sat in a big, stuffed chair, with her elbows on its arms, and her little feet tap, tap, tapping the floor; her pretty, blue morning dress falling open in front, displayed a finely embroidered skirt, small white hands too soft ever to have had much acquaintance with burden or brush, were lying idle, and her head, all glossy with its smoothly combed hair, leaned against the back of the chair.

She eyed her mother most scornfully, and indeed one would have thought that the woman who stood before the luxurious ones, was herself a creature of the same order.

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hundred things to do before dinner-time, and no help could she expect from Miss Whitehands.

Look at the mother's hands! Poor hands!—worked out of shape by laboring early and late, summer and winter, for her family. How many hours of former toil had been cheered by pleasant hopes of the time when the little girl, trotting about her, playing all day long, would just as cheerfully aid her loving mother.

But the dear daughter had grown into a selfish and saucy creature, who seemed to care for her parents only for what she could force out of them. She would not, without more trouble than the work was worth touch a single thing about the house; all she wanted was to dress up, and flaunt up and down the streets, to "see the girls," and if the whole truth were told—the men.

When her mother remonstrated with her for any of her follies, she received impudence for her pay, as in the case above given.

Then, viewing the weary flogging figure before her, the girl replied to the gentle appeal of her mother:

"Well, I mean to have what things I need; and I mean to have my own clothes made to suit myself. I wouldn't be seen in such duds as you wear. I do wish you'd go and put something decent on if you are going to stay in here."

"I wish, Lucia, that you would not always dress up so of mornings. If you would only put on something that you could work in, and would come and help me a while of mornings, then perhaps I could fix myself up a little, and have some chance to rest."

"You might rest enough, and fix yourself up enough, too, if you'd a mind to. You always would work, and go looking any way. I believe you love to do so; but you never need to think I'll be like you, for I never will."

"I'm afraid you won't be like any body that is what she should be," said the poor mother, in a desponding tone, going out to the kitchen.

They were not able to hire help.

"Mother! mother! screamed Upstart, "I've got your purse, and am going down town after that hat."

"No, no—you must not have it; it is too high priced, and you don't need any new hat now."

"I will have it, I say. Now you needn't say another word against it. That's the way you always do when I want anything. I declare you are too bad. But I am going."

Experience had taught the wicked girl that she had but to be violent and insolent, and quick in her operations, to be always measurably sure that they would be successful. So down she went, and she bought the hat.

She had the beautiful new silk made too long for her. She had the new skirt which made a balloon of her; and then she strutted up and down and down and up the street, an object for the disapproving remarks of the town.

Every one knew that her mother's circumstances, and how hard she had to work to support her family.

The mother was greatly blamed for not obliging the foolish girl to stay in door more, and employ herself about something useful.

The young man made sport of her taking time to attend much to her personal appearance. She had a

she had set her neck—what she

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very willing to make her think that he admired her, but to his mates he spoke in the most disrespectful terms of her character and her conduct.

This is usually so. Girls are pretty certain to get wofully paid for ill treating or disobeying their mothers—their very kindest, most deeply loving earthly friends.

Probably there never yet was a young girl who, at her mother's expense, set up to be a lady, who was not seen completely through and most heartily despised, even by the very persons for the sake of whose admiration she was straining herself, and squeezing her parents' half to death.

But no matter what hardships overtake a girl who ill-uses her mother. If she meets with trouble which breaks her heart, and kills her body, it may bring her to repentance for her ingratitude, and be the means of the salvation of her soul.

American Character.
The character of the American is stamped with many and bold peculiarities. Schooled or unschooled, he never lacks capacity to accomplish what he undertakes—whatever is possible to man.

He has an instinctive ingenuity which devises new ways to accomplish everything; his disposition is to cut loose from the antique and customary. Nothing delights him so much as experiment and hazard, and experiment he will, though the price be annihilation.

What has made this "Anglo-Saxon" so different from his progenitor—so utterly unconservative?—Nothing but the force of circumstances.

Necessity is the mother of invention, and of course the inspirer of the inventive mind which has had more necessity to battle than the American.

A voluntary pilgrim to the wilderness, his life has been molded and strengthened, and his wits sharpened by the very vicissitudes of his condition. It is almost strange that such an ordeal has not left him unclean and savage, but instead of this he is the frailest, most generous and most polished of men.

He who has felt peril, want and suffering, knows how to exercise human sympathies. The wilderness, rugged life, and comparative poverty of the American have made him independent, ingenious and noble, beyond the measure of ribbons and titles.

He is born and bred to think and act for himself, and so, as he is clear of the masses.

And what giants have grown of his stock—men exalted in every art and profession. Heroes, sages and hard, and best of all, intelligent, hard-working men, proud of their crafts and callings. Energy and endurance are synonyms with the American.

These push him to the outermost verge of things. They unfurl his sails to the remotest seas, and place imperial trophies for him from battle-fields. By the qualities of his social position, and civilization, he is carnal voracious. He swallows up, and will continue to swallow up, whatever comes in contact with him—land or empire. Whoever closely scans the aspect of the genus man, cannot fail to see that the Anglo-Saxon is destined to conquer the world—and the American branch of the family will get the larger share of the spoils.

With the muscles of the jaw, we can crack a nut with a force much exceeding the dead weight of the entire body.

This line makes the connection.

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A Wolf in Sheep's Clothing.
Mr. Frederick W. Porter, the defaulting agent of the American Sunday School Union, whose fall, made such a sensation a short time since, has at length made a full and complete confession of the great wrong he has done.

He stood very high in the Society and in the church, and he was almost the last man who would have been suspected to be guilty of so foul a deed.

In a letter recently laid before the Board of the Sunday School Union, he has made a complete confession. He began his wrong doing nineteen years ago. The plan was the same that he pursued to the last. His temptation was the mulberry and silkworm speculation, nineteen years ago, and, under the garb of religion, he has for that long time carried on his dishonest plans.

He allows that, at the start he knew it was wrong; but he hoped to be able to meet the notes as they matured.

But as he was unable to do so, he was compelled to renew his notes and pay a heavy bonus. Thus, for nineteen years, he has been treading the thorny path of sin, praised for virtues that he knew he did not possess, and taking of the sacrament, which, according to his own professed faith, was adding damnation to himself with each unworthy reception.

He defrauded the society out of over \$88,000; but the Philadelphia broker who aided him to the dishonest gain, promptly paid all the notes that his name was on, and the loss was lessened nearly \$40,000.

Mr. Porter confesses that in the nineteen years of fraud he has used the name of the society to the large amount of \$600,000, by renewals and reissues. No wonder he is a sick man—one whom, if the law does not reach, the grave will soon cover up.

Nineteen years of fraud and crime, and perpetrated in the name of religion—with despair looking him in the face—exposure waiting for him at the corners of each street—with remorse gnawing at his heart—and the worm that dies not hastening to his repast! Mr. Porter's confession will soon be made public.

Fix Your Mind.
Lay it down as sound maxim, nothing can be accomplished without a fixed purpose—a concentration of mind and energy. Whatever you attempt to do, whether it be the writing of an essay, or whittling of a stick, let it be done as well as you can do it.

It was this habit that made Franklin and Newton, and hundreds whose labors have been of incalculable service to mankind. Fix your mind closely on what you undertake—in no other way can you have a reasonable hope of success. An energy that dies in a day is good for nothing—an hour's fixed attention will never avail. The heavens were not measured in a day. The inventions that bless mankind, were not but the work of a moment's thought and investigation. A lifetime has often been given to a single object.

If you, then, have a desire to bless your species, or to get to yourself a glorious name, fix your mind upon something, and let it remain fixed.

With the muscles of the jaw, we can crack a nut with a force much exceeding the dead weight of the entire body.

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LAUGHTER.
Laughter is not altogether a foolish thing. There is even wisdom in it sometimes. Solomon himself admits there is a time to laugh, as well as a time to mourn. Man only laughs—man, the highest organized being, and hence the definition that has been proposed of "man, a laughing animal."

Certainly, it defines him as well as a "cooking animal," a "tool-making animal," a "political animal," or such like. Laughter very often shows the bright side of a man. It brings out his happier nature, and shows of what sort of stuff he is really made.

Somehow we feel as if we never thoroughly knew a man until we hear him laugh. We do not feel at home with him till then. We do not mean a mere smigger, but a good, round, hearty laugh. The solemn, sober visage, like a Sunday's dress, tells nothing of the real man. He may be very silly, or very profound, very cross, or very jolly.

Let us hear him laugh, and we can decipher him at once, and tell how his heart beats. We are disposed to suspect the man who never laughs. At all events, there is a repulsion about him which we cannot get over. Lavater says: "Shun the man who never laughs, who dislikes music or the glad face of a child." There is what everybody feels, and none more than children, who are quick at reading characters; and their strong instinct rarely deceives them.—Blackwood.

MISERLY AVARICE.—A German beggar woman at Elizabeth, N.J., who had for years subsisted on the private charity of the public, which she gained by her equal poverty and apparent necessities, recently died, and an examination was made of her effects.

To the astonishment of all, there was found among them ten or twelve thousand dollars in excellent bonds and mortgages upon the best of property, all of which was available cash. This miserable creature had been saving and investing the proceeds of her beggary, except that which was necessary to save her from starvation, until it had attained this very respectable sum.

Leaving no heirs, the money will revert to the town in which she lived.

DELICATE EATING.—The "Digger Indians" of California, catch cardrags of grasshoppers by drying them into a pit dug for the purpose, after which they are baked by a fire encircling the pit, and then pulverized into flour, from which various delicate wafers are prepared for the Indian palate.

Fashionable Christians.
Often as the modest reflexes of my experience move in long procession of manifold groups before me, the distinguished and world-honored company of Christian mammothites appear to the eye of my imagination as a drove of camels heavily laden, yet all at full speed, and each in the confident expectation of passing through the eye of the needle without stop or halt, both beasts and baggage.—Coleridge.

PETTYING STRATA.—The Placerville (California) Argus says: "There is a little stream which empties into Shasta Valley, possessing the singular property of incrustating everything that falls into its waters, with a complete coat of stone. Flowers, leaves, grass, pine buds, etc., will become completely encased in the course of a week or two, retaining in its process their natural form."

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Sullivan Express.

J. H. & E. E. Waggoner,

EDITORS & PUBLISHERS.

SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

Friday, Aug. 6, 1858.

County Fair.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Moultrie County Agricultural Society, in Sullivan, on Saturday, August 14th, at 10 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements for holding a County Fair.

By order of the President.

E. E. WAGGONER,

Corresponding Secretary.

Sullivan, Ill., August 6 1858.

Religious.

Our METHODIST friends commence a Campmeeting on Friday, September the 3d, at the new Camp-ground, four miles west of this place.

Rev. ALLEN HOBBS, of Ind., will preach at the Christian Church, in this place, on next Sunday, at the usual hour.

The "Little Giant" is coming! Hon. S. A. DOUGLAS will address the citizens of this county, at Sullivan, on Monday, September 20th, at 10 o'clock A.M.

Hon. R. J. OGLESBY will address the citizens of this place, to-morrow—Saturday.

W. W. CRADDOCK will address our citizens again, in this place, on Saturday (to-morrow)—7th instant—at 2 o'clock P.M.

COUNTY FAIR.

The Board of Managers of the Moultrie County Agricultural Society met at the Court House in this place on Saturday last, for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements for holding their First Annual Fair. Four members of the Board being absent, the following resolution was adopted, and the Board adjourned, to meet again at the same place, on Saturday, the 14th instant, at 10 o'clock A.M.

Resolved, That the Moultrie County Agricultural Society hold their First Annual Fair, at Sullivan, on Thursday October the 21st 1858.

It is hoped that at the next meeting there will be a full attendance of the members of the Board. Come friends, now that we have set this ball in motion, do not let it stop, from sheer neglect. You are all in favor of having a County Fair, but you want others to get it up. Now, members of the Board, remember that you have been chosen by the members of the Society to attend to this very business, and every time you refuse or neglect to attend a meeting of the Board, you are guilty of a dereliction of duty. See to it that you are PRESENT at 10 o'clock, SATURDAY morning, August the 14th.

Have You Got

Any money, or can you get any of anybody else, to square up your old subscriptions? We will give you till the 15th of this month, you who commenced with this volume, to pay up at the advance rates—\$1.50; but if you let that time pass by without responding to this call, it will, most assuredly, require \$2.00 to do us any good. This is positively the last call. Remember it is said, with truth too, that money saved is equal to money made.

We have on our table the first No. of the "Western Star," a new paper, published at Newton, Jasper Co. Ill., by Messrs. Conner & Wade. The Star is a neatly executed paper, and will no doubt be liberally supported by the citizens of Jasper county. Its politics are Republican.

WANTED!

A Big Show to come along to find out if there is any money in this part of the country—if there is any, a show can find it.

Sunday Evening Walk.

Who, on some fine summer evening, has not spent a few hours in a pleasant walk with the softer sex? If any there be who never had such an excursion, then he has failed to enjoy all of the pleasures of earth. After having been busily engaged in the office and in the study, to take a stroll over the hills and valleys, away from the din and bustle of town, with the "fair one," gathering the wild flowers of the forest, picking up pebbles by the way, and listening the while to the "feathered poets of the grove"—the wild birds' songs, accompanied by creatures almost sylph-like in their movements and graceful in their actions, is, indeed, the very quintessence of bliss on earth. During such excursions the mind must necessarily be roused from the dullness and monotony of every-day life, to the contemplation of nature's beauties in their utmost purity and chastity. Oh, how the cares of life seem lightened on such occasions!

How the mind ceases to brood over the little difficulties and vexations which every one has to encounter more or less, and feasts on the rich things which the earth so profusely furnishes. What mind is so insatiable as to not appreciate such scenes, and who so stupid as to not enjoy them.

Oh, give me a walk in the forest, where
The birds are gay, the blossoms fair,
In the golden rays of the setting sun,
Walking beside the lovely one.
Where is the heart that would not give
Years of drowsy days and nights,
One little hour, like this, to live—
Full, to the brim, of life's delights?"

For this Express.

Church "Sleepers."

Messrs Editors: I hardly ever go to Church but what I see something that seems strange to me, it may be altogether owing to the manner in which I have been raised, but be that as it may, I cannot help it.

When I go to church and see persons of both sexes, and members of the church too—professed followers of the Great Redeemer—taking a cozy little nap during the rehearsal of the tragedy enacted upon Mount Calvary, I cannot help thinking that they would have served their Maker better had they stayed at home and slept, where they would not have disturbed others, and also, that their religion is, at least, tainted with that kind known to us as hypocritical. It is an old adage that "actions speak louder than words," but I do not know whether it holds good in religious matters, but if it does, it shows that the "church sleepers" do not take any more interest in divine things, than they pretend to.

When I see young ladies and young gentlemen screwing, twisting, wriggling, surging and winking; I think they have been very badly raised, or else they are in need of a dose or two of McLeans Vermifuge.

When I see young men lying down on the benches, I cannot help thinking that that part of their body which generally comes in contact with the bench, is in some way out of kilter.

GREENE HORNE.

Hog Cholera.

The Princeton Clarion, Gibson Ind., describes the ravages of this disease, in that section of country, as cutting down big and little, fat and lean, with but few premonitory symptoms. It says:

The heaviest hog raisers have lost from three-fourths to four-fifths of their stock. We hear of a few cases where recovery is expected of the remnant of a drove infected, but left in a condition not very flattering for the making of pork this season. Every public road seems to be strewn with the stench from the rotten carcasses left to moulder and decay near them; and some of the branches are running with greasy water where the carcasses have been thrown in, as a convenient place to get rid of them.

—Wonder if the young man who had the distant headache has recovered!

From Salt Lake City--Arrival of the Mail.

The mail from Salt Lake City arrived here yesterday morning in charge of Benj. J. Rupp. The news from Utah is to the 3d inst.—seven days later than our last advices.

Gen. Johnson passed through the city on the 26th of June, and encamped thirty miles beyond it, where he still remained at the time the mail left. The troops were in good health.

On the 7th, two days after Col. Johnson's arrival at the city, the Mormons commenced returning from Provost. Brother Brigham arrived on the 1st of July, accompanied by about one-half of the sisters who compose his harem. Heber Kimble arrived also, with a moiety of his wives. The road from Provost to the city was perfectly alive with Mormons returning to their homes, and would perhaps continue so for several days after the mail left.

The Mormon leaders express a willingness to submit to the authority of Gov. Cumming, but protest against the appointment of any person to an office in Utah who has heretofore resided in the Territory, except he be a member of their church.

Gen. Harney was at Cottonwood Springs, where he would remain until he could have an interview with the chiefs and head men of the Cheyenne tribe of Indians, who have for some time back given indications of an unfriendly feeling towards the whites.

Mr. Rupp reports the roads from Laramie here in a very bad condition, and the waters high. South Platte and Walnut creek were both swimming, and he was compelled to stop twelve hours at the Nehema before he was enabled to cross it.

Large numbers of Mormons are leaving or have left Salt Lake City for the States, declaring it their purpose to not again return. They are heartily sick and tired of Brigham's tyrannical policy pursued towards his followers, and assert that still greater numbers would leave if it were in their power to get away. —[St. Joseph Gazette.

Horrible Death.

A boy of eleven years of age, by the name of Meisenheimer, who was in the employ of Jos. Burnap, Esq., living three miles north-west of Hillsboro, met death in a most horrible manner last Saturday. Mr. Burnap had been reaping with a machine, and went to the house for a moment on some errand, leaving the boy seated on the machine, in charge of the team. While thus seated, he observed a snake close by, and called out to his companion, (another boy), at the same time cracking his whip. This started the horses, and although they did not run, young Meisenheimer was unable to control them, and was jerked off and thrown in front of the sickle. Almost instantly, and before the horses could be stopped, the boy was completely cut in pieces. Both legs and one arm were severed from the body, and the heart torn out. It is needless to say that he died instantly. [Herald, Hillsboro Ill.

—An old Dutchman who had recently joined the temperance society, was taken sick, and sent to the doctor to prescribe for him, who ordered him to take an ounce of brandy per day.

The old chap overhauled his arithmetic, and found in the table of apothecaries weight that eight drachms make one ounce.

"Mine Gott!" said the Dutchman, "dat is de temperance for me. I didn't got but six drams before, and now I gets eight."

—The man who couldn't stand it any longer, has taken a seat, and is now comfortable.

WASHINGTON.

JULY 28.

The course to be pursued toward Paraguay is now determined. Having occupied much attention, it is reliably ascertained that from the isolated position of Paraguay, and the difficulty of access, it is capable of making a vigorous resistance to an outside force independently of the few small vessels amounting altogether to an armament of six or eight guns. Lopez has three or four good steamers, recently constructed in England, at eligible points on the river, and a fort mounting one hundred guns of different calibre. He has a standing army of 12,000 men, and has recently received from England a cargo of arms and ammunition, and has in his employ several French Engineers and ordnance officers.

The Administration will send a fleet of six or seven vessels, including the Harriet Lane and Fulton, the former to be the flag ship of Commander Page who has been selected. The Commander has proceeded to the North, in order to charter such additional steamers as may be adapted to the expedition. Although it is not supposed it will be necessary to fire a single gun, yet in view of the defensive preparations of Paraguay, it is determined that our force shall be sufficiently formidable to meet all possible contingencies. A Commissioner has not yet been selected.

There is authority for stating that on such letter as that purporting to have been written by Secretary Cass to President Martinez, on the subject of the latter's refusal to sign the Cass-Yaissari treaty, was never written.

Lord Napier had a long interview with Mr. Cass, to-day.

NEW ORLEANS.

Steamship Philadelphia is below, with Havana dates, to the 24th inst.

The American brig Nancy has been seized, for smuggling, and her men imprisoned.

Farmers' Daughters.

Girls, don't look toward the city with longing eyes if you would preserve the rosy freshness of your cheeks stay in the country air and sun.

Don't persuade your fathers to sell their farms and go into town to deal in dr. goods! if you do they will probably lose farms, goods and all.

Don't ape city costumes by wearing cloth gaiters when you walk: they are not suited to rough country roads; or by inviting an evening party of your neighborhood friends to meet at nine o'clock, for that is their usual bedtime.

When you would adopt a custom, ask if it is suited to country life, not if it is fashionable in the city.

Don't paint your faces; exercise and fresh air will do that.

Don't stand in awe of a young lady "just from the city." I should rather look for a wife where there is less starch and carmine, among the farmers' daughters, who have the glow of health in the cheek, and the sparkle of intelligence in the eye.

Don't look upon the city beaux as a superior order of beings; you know nothing about them.

Rest satisfied to be farmers' daughters; you know not what you would sacrifice were you to change places with the envied city girls. Go to work, and make yourselves and your homes attractive and lovely as you can.

Read, and study, and use all the means within your reach, to cultivate your minds. Select from your associates of both sexes, those who are equally aspiring with yourselves, and meet in social gatherings to improve your conversational talents, and perfect, easy, unembarrassed manners.

SIX SIGNS OF A FOOL.—A fool says the Arab proverb may be known by six things: anger without a cause; speech without profit; change without motive; inquiry without object; putting trust in a stranger; and not knowing his friends from his foes.

CLEANLINESS may be said to be the foster mother of love. Beauty indeed most commonly produces that passion in the mind, but cleanliness preserves it.

No Taste.

Strangers coming in our midst are struck with the dilapidated appearance of our fences. We have become so used to it ourself that we never think of it. But how much better would it look, if our lots and gardens were enclosed with neat picket or board fences; and these nicely painted and kept in repair. If we had such fences we really believe we should be ashamed to allow so many weeds to grow near them. We ought to pay more attention to decorating our town. It would be much pleasanter to the people who live in it, and to such as are looking for a handsome location, it would present a much more tempting appearance. We must remember that the money we make is not intended to be amassed, but should be expended for our comfort and happiness. The home that is neat and cleanly will have more charms for its inmates. The "child-hood home" would certainly not be enhanced in recollection, by a vision of broken and patched fences, shattered buildings, and gardens o'er grown with weeds.—Herald, Hillsboro.

The above suggestions might be very profitably acted upon by a part of the citizens of Sullivan.—Ed.

EXTRAORDINARY BIRTHS.—It is stated by Burdock that the wife of a countryman, in the Moscow district, had given birth to 69 children at 27 confinements—four times, four at one birth; seven times, three, and sixteen times, twins. In the year 1800, the Vienna papers contained the following announcement:

Maria Ann Helen the wife of a poor linen weaver in Neulerchonthfeld, 20 years married, bore, at 11 confinements 82 children—28 living, and 4 dead; 26 males and 6 females; all were children of one man, and nursed by herself. The last time she had three children, 1 living and 2 dead. Her husband was a twin, she herself one of four. Her mother had born 23 children, and died during a confinement with twins. The greatest number of children ever born at one birth appears to have been six, all of whom were boys, and all dead. The woman who gave birth to them, had been twice married, and had already given birth to 44 children; during her first marriage, which lasted 22 years, she bore 27 boys and 3 girls; in her second marriage, which lasted 3 years, she bore 14 children—3 at the first, 5 the second, and SIX at the third confinement.

Aunt Lizzie's Courtship.

Why, you see, when my man came a courtin' me, I hadn't the least thought of what he was after—not I. Jobie came to our home one night, after dark, and rapped at the door. I opened it, and sure enough there was Jobie.

"Come in," sez I; "take a cheer."

"No, no, Lizzie," says he, "I have come on an errant, and I always do my errants fust."

"But you had better come in an' take a cheer, Mr. W——."

"No, I can't. The fact is, Lizzie, I've come on this 'ere courtin' business. My wife's been dead these three weeks, and everything's been goin' to rack and ruin right along. Now, Lizzie, ef you're a mind to have me, and take keer of my house and my children, and my things, tell me, and I'll cum in an' take a cheer; if not, I'll git sunboby else tu."

Why I was skeered and said: "If you come on this courtin' business, come in; I must think on it a leetle."

"No, I can't till I know. That's my errant, and I can't sit down till my errant is done."

"I should like to think on a day or two."

"Now, you needn't, Lizzie."

"Well if I must I must—so here's tu ye, then."

So Mr. W—— came in. Then he went after the 'Squire, an' he married us right off, an' I went hum with Jobie that very night. I tell you what it is—these long courtins don't amount tu nothin' at all. Just as well do it in a hurry.

"You look as though you were beside yourself," said a wag to a fop, who was standing by a donkey.

Guess what these lines are for.

The Royal Love After Marriage.

If one may judge from the following account, the married life of Queen Victoria's eldest daughter glides on as smoothly and as pleasantly as possible.

The little lady really loves her lord more devotedly than is often the case in her rank in life, and there are many anecdotes in circulation illustrating the artless manner in which she displays her attachment. The other day the Prince went over to Postdam on important business, 'i. e.' drilling and manœvering his brigade of Guards; but he had scarcely been absent a few hours when he was recalled to Berlin by a telegraphic dispatch from the Princess, begging him to return immediately. He hastened back in the utmost alarm, fancying something dreadful had occurred, and was quietly relieved by her receiving him in her usual health and spirits, only stating, when questioned, why she had sent for him in so violent a hurry, that she had felt such a longing to see him again; and beside, she added, on her husband's remonstrating with her for calling him away from his professional duties, mamma always telegraphs to papa when she wants him.

This reference to what her mamma does, the little Princess considers a justification for any offence she may commit against the starch etiquette of the Prussian court. One day she put on her bonnet and walked across the street to her father-in-law's without even a footman behind her, to the inexpressible horror of her Obuhofmeisterin, or duenna-in-chief, who exclaimed that no Prussian princess had ever been guilty of such a breach of decorum. "But mamma does so at Osborne," returned Vic the Second, "and if mamma does, why should not I?" Her affability and good nature have made her generally popular, though she almost raised a rebellion in the kitchen lately by insisting that the female domestics should all wear caps.

Now the German maid servants are remarkably proud of their hair, and never think of putting on a cap for fear of spoiling their luxuriant tresses. Great was the commotion, therefore, when the Princess issued her orders to that effect, but the little lady was inexorable. "In mamma's establishment they all wear caps," she said, "and so they must in mine." Since the departure of her mother-in-law, the Princess of Prussia, in Berlin, she has much more of her own way than she used to, the Queen being so entirely taken up with attending to the King that she is not able to interfere with her, and the Prince yielding, like a gallant husband, to all the innocent caprices of his fair young wife.

The late Col. Robert Kelly, failed at the taking of Seringapatam, where he commanded the centre division, spoke eleven languages. His eldest son, father of the present Attorney General, spoke nine modern languages. We believe that the present Attorney General, their descendant, speaks six modern languages. The above Col. Kelly always corresponded with his brother in Latin.

PRETTY GOOD.—At the Fourth of July celebration, held at Lexington, the following toast was offered: "Hoops and tight pants!—the unqualified representatives of financial extremes. May the charms of the ladies be as boundless as their skirts; and may the gents never get a tight as their breeches."

Candidates.

Announcement see 2d, in column.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN MONROE, of Charleston, as a candidate to represent this county and Cole, in the next State Legislature.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. W. CRADDOCK, of Coles county, as a candidate to represent this county and Cole, in the next State Legislature.

Messrs. Editors: You will please announce the name of JOHN H. ARZOO, as a candidate (subject to a Convention) to represent the counties of Coles and Moultrie, in the next Legislature, and oblige. MART VERNON.

We are authorized to announce B. A. CORNWELL as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the coming November election.

Messrs. Editors: You will please announce my name as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the coming November election.

W. R. LEE.

Family Groceries:

GOLDEN STATE, BOBOLLO

Tea, Rice, Ground Ginger, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, All Spices, Soda &c. &c. Just received from Sale as cheap as the original and as good as the best. At 1000

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the county court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Andrew Cochran Adm'r of Wm Chapman, and against Wm Taylor & John D. Peniwell, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: The SW 1/4 of sec 24, 40 acres, and the W 1/2 of sec 24, 50 acres, all in Town 15 N, R 4 east; as the property of the said John D. Peniwell, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door, in Sullivan, in said State, on the 14th day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sheriff of Moultrie County Illinois.
By Wm. R. LEE, Deputy
July 23d 1858—45-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an Execution, To me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Freeman, Wallard & Co., and against John E. Maddux, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: The SW 1/4 of sec 24, T. 15, R. 4 East, 40 acres, as the property of the said John E. Maddux, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 25th day of August A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY Sheriff of Moultrie County Illinois
By W. R. LEE, Deputy.
Aug. 6th 1858.—47-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Josiah Reeves & John Collins, and against John E. Maddux, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: The SW 1/4 of sec 24, T. 15 N, R 4 east 40 ac's; as the property of the said John E. Maddux, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 26th day of August A. D, 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, sheriff of Moultrie county Illinois.
By W. R. LEE Deputy.
Aug. 6th 1858.—47-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of John A. Freeland & George Purvis Adm'r of John D. Poor dec'd and against Aaron Hagerman, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: The NW 1/4 of sec 33, T. 14 N, R 5 east, 40 ac's; as the property of the said Aaron Hagerman, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 28th day of August A. D, 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
By W. R. LEE, Dep'ty.
Aug. 6th 1858. 47 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of William Moore, Ex'r of Robert Saunders dec'd, and against Thomas A. Maddux & Frederick W. Maddux, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: S 1/2 of SW NW sec 4, 20 acres, pt of SW of sec 4, 8, 35 do, SW NW sec 4, 10 do, all in Town 14, Range 5 East; also, The SW 1/4 of sec 13 40 acres, and the NW 1/4 of sec 36, all in T. 15 Range 4 east; as the property of the said Defendants, which I shall offer at public sale, at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 28th day of August A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
Aug. 6th 1858 47 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Henry Rodinugh, and against John Q. Adams, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: The NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec 15, T. 15, R. 6 E, 40 acres; as the property of the said John Q. Adams, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 28th day of August A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
Aug. 6th 1858 47 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Alfred Thayer for the use of D. D. Randolph and against Henry M. Hall & Kendall B. Peniwell, I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: Three acres off the SW 1/4 of sec 19, T. 14 N, R. 5 East, as the property of the said Kendall B. Peniwell, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 21st day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
By W. R. LEE, Dep'ty.
July 30th 1858 46 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Joseph Y. Howell assignee of Alfred Thayer, and against Abram Nigh & Morrow Porter, I have levied upon the following dereribed Real Estate to-wit: The E 1/2 of NW 1/4 of sec 15, T. 15, R. 5 east, 80 acres, as the property of the said Morrow Porter, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 21st day of August A. D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
July 30th 1858 46 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of John Burg, and against Noah Minor, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Part of the E 1/2 of the NW 1/4 of sec 33, T. 14, R. 4 east, as the property of the said Noah Minor, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 21st day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
July 30th 1858 46 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of John Roney, Robert Roney, Joseph Roney, Joseph Sedgwick & Mary Sedgwick his wife, Perry Walker & Emeline Walker his wife, William H. Moore, Susan J. Moore, James M. Moore, Sarah E. Moore, John T. Moore, George Moore, Joshua Moore, Henry Moore and Willis Moore, the last six being minors, who sue by their next friend, Peyton Moore; Elvira Roney & Albert Roney, all 80 minors, who sue by their next friend, John Roney; Willis James, minor, who sues by his guardian, John Bankson; Cyrus Bankson & Emery Bankson minors, who sue by their next friend, John Bankson; John Tyler & Sarah Tyler his wife, Peyton Moore, John Roney & Mary Ann Roney his wife,
vs
George Fredrick, Joseph J. Fredrick, Sarah J. Fredrick, Levi Fredrick, Elvira Fredrick, Matilda Hinkle, and Merryweather Underwood & Louisa Underwood his wife.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
AFFIDAVIT having been filed in the above entitled cause, showing that George Fredrick, Joseph J. Fredrick, Sarah J. Fredrick, Levi Fredrick, Elvira Fredrick, Matilda Hinkle, a part of the above named defendants, are nonresidents of the said State. Notice is therefore given to said nonresidents, defendants, that said cause is now pending in said court, and that a summons has been issued in said cause, made returnable at the said term; and unless you, as the said defendants, personally appear at said term of this court, to be holden at the court house in Sullivan Illinois, on the 2nd Monday in October 1858, and plead answer or demur to said petition, the same will be taken for confessed against you, and a decree entered accordingly.
ARNOLD THOMASON, Clerk.
William E. Nelson sol. for pct.
Sullivan Ill. July 30th 1858 46 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an Execution, to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the Circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of James Cunningham, and against Jas. Bennett, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Lot 2 of NW 1/4 of sec 30, T. 15, R. 5 E, 70 acres; as the property of the said James Bennett, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 14th day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, sheriff of Moultrie county Illinois.
By W. R. LEE, Deputy
July 23d 1858—45-3w.

Moultrie Lodge, No. 158.
L. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday Evening in their Hall, over Vadakin's Store. Transient Brothers invited to attend.
W. W. TRACY, Sec. J. B. KNIGHT, N. G.

Administrator's Notice.
PUBLIC notice is hereby given that on the third Monday in October next, I shall attend before the Probate court of Moultrie county, at Sullivan Illinois, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all the claims against the Estate of John D. Farmer late of said county deceased, when and where all claimants are notified and requested to attend and present their claims in writing against said estate for adjustment. All persons indebted to said Estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay.
HENRY MARTIN, Admr.
of John D. Farmer dec'd.
Sullivan July 16, '58. 44-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution, to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Willis Short, and against John Frederick & Samuel McCune, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: The NW 1/4 of sec 8, T. 13, R. 5 east, 40 acres; as the property of the said Samuel McCune, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 14th day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sheriff of M. C. Ill.
By W. R. LEE, Dep'ty.
July 23d 1858—45-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of William F. Thornton, and against Jacob Black & Elizabeth D. Black, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: The E 1/2 of NW 1/4 of sec 3 T. 13 R. 4 E, 80 acres, and the SW 1/4 of sec 2 T. 13 R. 4 E, 40 acres, and the W 1/2 of NW 1/4 of sec 11 T. 13, R. 4 east, 40 acres; as the property of the said Jacob Black & Elizabeth D. Black, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 14th day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
By W. R. LEE, Dep'ty.
July 23d 1858—45-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of two Executions to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, one in favor of Sumner Clark, surviving partner of the firm of Clark & Duffield, and one in favor of Clark & Dater, assignees of Clark & Duffield, and against William P. Corbin, I have levied upon the following described real estate, to-wit: Lots 2 and 7, in block 8, and 30 feet off the south end of lots 3 & 4, in block 8, in the town of Sullivan; as the property of the said Wm. P. Corbin, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 14th day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day for cash in hand, to satisfy said executions.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
July 23d 1858—45-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of two Executions to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, one in favor of Crow, McCrary & Co., and one in favor of James S. Watson & Co., and against B. Knight, Joel Knight, and Elza Knight, I have levied upon the following described Real estate to-wit: The NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec 2, and the NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec 2, all in township 13, R. 5 east, 80 acres more or less; as the property of the said Joel Knight which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 14th day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
July 23d 1858—45-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered, by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois in favor of Anson Birch, for the use of Aaron George, and against Ambrose Meeker I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: The SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec 10 Town 13, range 5 E, 40 acres; as the property of the said Ambrose Meeker, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 14th day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, sheriff M. C. Ill.
July 23d 1858—45-3w.

Sullivan Division No. 308
SONS OF TEMPERANCE.
This organization meets regularly on Saturday Night of each week at their Hall, Transient Brothers and Sisters are invited to attend.
R. P. HOPKINERS, R. E.
Not quite enough advertising.

Lumber! Lumber!
C. Knight's
MATTOON LUMBER YARD!
MATTOON.
Near the T. H. A. & St. L. R. R. DEPOT.

I am now prepared to furnish Pine, and Poplar Lumber at prices that
Defy Competition!
My Stock, now consists of
Pine & Poplar
Finishing Lumber,
Siding, dressed
and undressed,
Poplar & Ash.

FLOORING!
SHINGLES!
And, in fact, everything required for building purposes.
I also have constantly on hand fresh burned **Alton LIME**, which I will sell as cheap as the cheapest.
C. KNIGHT.
Mattoon Ill. July 16, '58—44-3m

PREMIUMS.
PREMIUMS! PREMIUMS!!
AS an inducement for persons to interest themselves to get names for the "Mercantile Guide," we offer the following premiums: Upon receipt of the names, pay in advance, we will forward them, by express or otherwise, if ordered to the address of those entitled to the same.
For 300 subscribers cash, \$35.00
For 250 subscribers we will give a splendid fine gold watch warranted, 30.00
For 200 subscribers and elegant gold locket, 4 glasses, worth 15.00
For 150 subscribers one elegant bracelet, worth 11.00
For 100 subscribers one gold vest chain worth 10.00
For 75 subscribers one gold pen and holder worth 8.00
For 50 subscribers one gold pen and holder worth 6.00
For 40 subscribers one gold pen and holder worth 3.00
For 15 subscribers one medium gold pen and holder worth 2.00
For 12 subscribers one gold pen and holder worth 1.00
All communications should be addressed to
W. BLACKBURN,
Editor and publisher of the N. Y. Mercantile Guide, No. 163 Greenwich street, N. Y.
Newspapers throughout the Union publishing the above appropriately displayed, including this notice, two months, and calling attention editorially to the same, and sending us the paper, will be entitled to an exchange, and receive a gold pen and holder worth \$12.
no 44-2m.

HO, YE HUNGRY,
AND
CONFECTIONARY.
I take this method of informing my old friends and the public generally, that I am still on hand at the old stand ready and willing to wait on the people, and give them cheap Groceries, I am constantly receiving all article usually found in establishments of this kind, consisting in part of the following articles,
Nuts, Candies, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, Crackers Cheese, Pickles, Dried Herring, Rope, Brushes, Pencils, Pens, Blacking, Brooms, Pepper Sauce, Oysters, Sardines, Flavoring Extracts Perfumeries, Hair Oil, Cologne, Note Paper, Envelopes, Lard Oil, Combs, Pocket Knives, Razors shaving Soap, Violin strings and notions generally.
—ALSO—
GROCERIES,
which I propose to sell as cheap as any other house in town; consisting of
Coffee, Sugar,
Starch, Spices,
Cinnamon, Soda,
Pepper, Ginger,
Salt, Soap,
Tobacco, Fine Cigars,
Mackarel and White Fish,
Country produce taken in exchange for goods.
J. R. MCCLURE,
Sept. 17, -1857. 1 lx.

My Ice-Cream Saloon Is now well fitted up for the accommodation of the Ladies & Gents of Sullivan and vicinity.
Patronage respectfully solicited.
J. R. Mc.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of J. & W. E. Haydon, assignees of Jas. Elder, and against James H. Keller, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: The SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec 31, T. 14, R. 5 East, 40 A; as the property of the said James H. Keller, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 21st day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
By Wm. R. LEE, Deputy.
July 30th 1858 46 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of J. & W. E. Haydon, assignees of Jas. Elder, and against James H. Keller, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: The SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec 31, T. 14, R. 5 East, 40 A; as the property of the said James H. Keller, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 21st day of August A.D. 1858, between the hour of 9 o'clock A.M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
E. C. BERRY, Sh'ff M. C. Ill.
By Wm. R. LEE, Deputy.
July 30th 1858 46 3w.

NEW FIRM!
J. B. & M. T. SHEPHERD.
DEALERS IN PRODUCE, FAMILY GROCERIES AND CONFECTIONERIES.

Will continue business at the Old stand, formerly occupied by J. B. Shepherd, south-west corner Public square.
Have, and will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of Varieties, such as will suit this market, consisting, in part, as follows: Brown, crushed & Loaf sugars, coffee, tea, syrups, molasses, vinegar, tar; paints, oils, turpentine, and pure white lead; paint brushes, window glass, dye-stuff, &c. &c. Also a fine assortment of chewing and smoking tobacco, cigars, nails, barrel & dairy salt, white fish, mackerel and sardines; Candles, candle-wicking, cotton batting, twine, brooms, buckets, wash tubs & boards, family & toilet soaps, shaving soaps and cream; dried fruits and nuts of all kinds; sweet and butter crackers, figs, dates,
raisons; stick and fancy candies of all kinds; cloves, nutmegs, pickles, pepper, ginger, all-spice, ground mustard, powder, caps, shot, lead, matches, fancy perfumery, hair oils, pocket combs and knives, cap and letter paper, &c. All country produce taken in exchange for goods; such as bacon, corn meal, flour, eggs, &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

Any of our friends wanting a good glass of ale, cider, soda, or
LEMON ADE,
well iced, by calling, will be promptly attended to.

TO THE Ladies and Gents!
OUR ICE-CREAM SALOON
Is now open for the season, and their patronage is solicited.
J. B. & M. T. SHEPHERD.
Sullivan, Ill., June 25. '58—41-ly

Selling Goods AT COST!
JOHN PERRYMAN
Is still selling Goods at the Old Stand. He has a good stock of

HO, YE HUNGRY,
AND
CONFECTIONARY.
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS "CAPS,
READY MADE CLOTHING!
Hardware, Queensware &c.

With most other articles usually found in this market, which he will sell at ready prices, to make room for the large stock of new goods that he intends bringing on soon. He invites his old customers and everybody else to come along, and take some of the good bargains.
—HIS MOTTO IS—
NO H U M B U G G I N G!
HE now offers his heart-felt acknowledgments to a generous and appreciating public, for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him, heretofore; and hopes, by strict attention to their wants, to merit a large portion of their patronage. We often hear it said, and never knew it fail, the less a man gets cheated the sooner he'll come again.

I WILL SELL GOODS AT COST
—FOR—
CASH,
Or at small per cent. over cost, on the usual time, to prompt paying customers.
JOHN PERRYMAN.
Sept. 17th, 1857.—1-ly.
Just received a full assortment of Building & fencing Nails at

NEW CASH STORE.
H. F. Vadakin.
New Brick, West Side of Square.

I am now receiving my Spring Stock of goods, which were purchased at greatly reduced prices, and will be sold at a very small advance on cost. Thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon me by my friends and the public generally, I hope to merit and receive a continuation of the same. My object will be to keep a good stock of

Choice Prime Goods,
and to sell at such low prices as to induce

CASH BUYERS
to trade with ME. I intend to confine myself, as closely as possible, to the CASH SYSTEM; and as I shall sell goods so much below the Cashier Prices, persons having money to pay for goods will find it much to their interest to buy of me.

My stock consists, in part, of Brown and Bleached Domestic, Prints, Lawns, Challis, Linens, Laces, Trimmings, Heavy Goods, &c. &c.—
Groceries, Queensware, Stoneware, Hardware, Boots & Shoes of nearly all kinds, and at very low prices; Hats and Caps, Ready-made Clothing, Harness, Saddlery, Outlery, White-lead Oil &c. &c.—In fact I keep almost every thing usually kept in Dry-good

STORES,
To which I invite your attention as to quality and prices, before purchasing elsewhere.
Dec. 31 '57. 17th.

SADDLERY.
Lewis Zweech & Henry Burg,
EAST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE.
HAVING associated together in the Saddlery & Harness making business, are now ready to fill all orders in their line, in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most accommodating terms.
We have on hand a good assortment of well selected Stock and articles, such as
READY-MADE SADDLES, HARNESS, BUGGY HARNESS, BRIDLES, MARTINGALS, LINES, HALTERS, WHIPS,
BOOTS & SHOES of all kinds constantly on hand, and all that is commonly kept in their business.
They hope by constant attention to business, to deserve and receive a share of public patronage.
Job work done with neatness and dispatch.
Prices to suit the times, and all work warranted.
We will pay the highest market price for Hides, Deer Skins, & Sheep Pelts.
Dec. 10 1857. 14-1f

SCHOOL COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE

THE Law requires the Township Trustees to prepare, or cause to be prepared by the Township Treasurer, the clerk of the board, or other person, the census and condition of schools, in their respective districts. Those who have not received the proper blanks for this purpose, will please call at my office, in Sullivan.
N. H. I have been directed by the Superintendent, if the above report was not handed in before the second Monday of October next, to employ some person to attend to the same; and also the respective Trustees for the amount; see sec. 51, Act of 1857.
The money will be withheld from all districts where there is no report.
J. T. HITT, School Com.
July 22d 1858—45-4f

