

The Sullivan Express

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF MOULTRIE COUNTY. Editor & Publisher.

Ned Waggoner. [WE HOLD THE BALANCE WITH AN EQUAL HAND, AND WEIGH WHATEVER JUSTICE BOTH DEMAND.] VOL. II. SULLIVAN, MOULTRIE CO. ILL., FRIDAY, JAN. 21, 1859. NO. 18.

BUSINESS CARDS.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
No. 40 WALL STREET.
W. B. PORTER, AGENT.
AT SULLIVAN.
Feb. 12, '58-23-ly

STRATTON & HUBBARD,
WHOLESALE GROCERIES & DRY GOODS,
CARPETS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS.
STRAW GOODS, &c.
Decatur Ill. 5ct.

C. C. BURROUGHS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
School, Miscellaneous and
BLANK BOOKS,
WALL PAPER,
Window Shades, fancy Articles &c.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Cash paid for Rags.
New School Books.

O. ANDRUS, JEWELER.
Just from New York, will establish himself permanently in this place, and asks the patronage of the public. He has confidence that he will please all. Call and try him.—North side Public square—next week.

O. ANDRUS & Co.
N.B.—All work warranted 12 months, at Eastern prices.
Jan. 14th '59.—17-4 00

PORTER & STEEL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
& SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
Sullivan, Illinois.
Will practice in the Courts of the 17th Judicial Circuit. All business promptly attended. Office on West side of the square, one door North of Dr. J. Y. Hill's office.
Feb. 28 1858. No. 25, ly.

J. B. EDEN & MEEKER,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
Having formed a partnership will attend to all professional business entrusted to them. Particular attention will be given to the collection of claims.
Office next door East of Perryman's store, where the office of the firm will always be found.
Sullivan Ill. Sept. 17, 1857. 1 tf.

E. HUNT,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.
Mr. H. would respectfully announce to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that he has opened a Shop in Drs. Hill & Keller's office, west side public square, where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, in a fashionable and workman-like manner.
Sullivan Ill. Oct. 15th 1858. 4 tf.

DR. A. BIRCH,
Thankful for former patronage, respectfully continues to tender his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity.
He is prepared to practice in all the departments of the profession. Office on the West side of the public square, one door North of P. B. Knight & Co's Store.
Sullivan Sept. 17, 1857. 1 tf.

B. B. EVERETT,
Physician and Surgeon.
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and surrounding country.
Office one door west of Walker's dwelling, where he may always be found, except when absent on professional business.
Sullivan, Ill. 1858.

Moultrie Lodge No. 121
A. F. & A. M.
Meets regularly at their Hall in Sullivan, on the Monday evening of, or next preceding each full moon. Transient brothers fraternally welcome. E. S. WAGGONER, W. M.
P. B. KNIGHT, Sec.

Moultrie Lodge No. 160
I. O. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday Evening in their Hall, over Vaughan's Store. Transient Brothers invited to attend.
W. W. TUCKER, Sec. J. R. KNIGHT, N. G.

Sullivan Division No. 333
SONS OF TEMPERANCE.
This organization meets regularly on Saturday Night of each week at their Hall. Transient Brothers and Sisters are invited to attend.
P. P. McFETERS, R. S.

SULLIVAN EXPRESS,
ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

NED WAGGONER,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:
1.50, Invariably in Advance!

From the New York Ledger.
HAMILTON KIRK'S CHOICE.

BY AN OLD CONSTITUTOR.

(CONCLUDED.)

"I must first know what help you need, my good sir, and then I can the better judge of my ability to help you. Are you penniless?"

"All the money I have in my pocket is a poor pittance which I begged this morning."

"Have you broken fast this day?"

"No."

"Well—you shall go with me and get something to eat, and then we will see what further can be done."

"But I would not trouble you, kind sir."

"It is no trouble. I can furnish you with food more readily than I can with money; though God knows I would not send a worthy sufferer away empty-handed if I divided my last dollar. But come. My house is not far off."

Thus saying, Chancrey led the way from the shop, and the old man followed him. The house was soon reached and the youth introduced his companion to his widowed mother, who received him kindly, and at once proceeded to set a substantial breakfast before him. While the beggar was eating, Chancrey tried to find out how he could best help him.

"Have you any friends in this region?" he asked.

"I think I have," replied the old man. "If I could raise money enough to pay my fare in the stage I might reach them."

"I think I had a better way than that suggested Stewart. I shall not use my horse to day, and could have you taken ten or fifteen miles on your way without any expense to myself. I can easily find a boy who will be glad to drive for the sake of the ride."

And so the shoe-maker went on, trying to find out what the old man's most pressing needs were, that he might meet them with the most ease and readiness. Finally the beggar said that if he could be carried to the adjoining town he thought he should find friends there who would know him.

So Chancrey went out and harnessed his horse, and readily found a faithful boy who would drive over, and come back with the team. He asked the old man if there was anything more he could do for him, and when assured that there was not, he bade him good-bye, and saw him off.

"Well, Myra," said Hamilton Kirk, taking one of his daughter's hands, "I have been on a mission in the beggar's garb."

"What?—been away in that guise?" exclaimed the girl, in surprise.

"Yes. I called upon Joseph Vaughan, and upon Henry Walsh, and upon Chancrey Stewart."

"O, father! What must they have thought?"

"Why—doubtless that I was what I appeared—a poor beggar."

"But—didn't they know you?"

"Did you know me?"

"No."

"Nor did they. I went to try them—to see what kind of souls they have.

I knew beforehand that they were young men of good character, and that they were upright, honest and intelligent. But I just-to-know more. I wanted to know just what kind of a foundation each one had for the loves and affections of earnest life. So I tried them. Would you like to know the result?"

"Yes," whispered Myra, with a slight pucker about the nether lip.

"Then listen: You must know that the pale, wan color which I applied to my features, taken in connection with my eyes, was sufficient to give assurance to any man of observation that I was not a drunkard, as they could have no fear of trusting me on that account. Well—I called upon Mr. Vaughan first. He received me very coldly, and turned me away without even seeking to know my name. He had nothing to spare. His heart I found to be as hard as a diamond—and it may be as pure. Are you not disappointed in him?"

"No, father,—not at all." She spoke as though she felt relieved, in a measure.

"Well—next I called upon Henry Walsh. His heart opened in a moment, and he threw me out a dollar. He was generous—he was warm-hearted—but the feeling was an impulse, and not a principle. He didn't seem to care for my forlorn condition, nor did he betray any sympathy beyond the mere flash of generosity. He gave me of the only fount of he possessed—his money. His heart is warm, but the heat would not stand much testing by blasts and storms. In short, such a heart would be very apt to prove a spendthrift in its affections. What think you? Are you disappointed?"

And Myra whispered—

"No."

"Next I called upon Chancrey Stewart. I found him with his sleeves rolled up and hard at work. He greeted me kindly and I asked him for charity. He studied me from my looks awhile, and then sought to learn he could best help me. He did not offer me money, for he confessed that he had little to spare; yet he would divide his last dollar ere he would send me away empty-handed. He learned that I had not broken fast, and he took me to his home, and his mother prepared me a good meal. Then he learned that I wanted to go to W——, and he harnessed up his horse, and sent me on my way. Such a heart is not only true and warm, but it may be relied upon in the hour of need. Its impulses are governed by principle, and its duties are only circumscribed by the boundaries of humanity. I cannot poeome bankrupt, because its issues are sure to be upheld by a permanent fund of sense and reason. What think you, my darling?"

But Myra made no reply. She bowed her head, and trembled violently.

"Can't you answer me? Ah—dear! What precious one have I hit so nearly? Had your heart already sung that one out?"

And Myra whispered—

"Yes."

"Well, well," returned the old man, "I am not sorry for the pains that I have taken, for has proved to me that the heart of child is in the right place, and its instincts true and safe."

In course of time Joseph Vaughan asked for the hand of Myra, and was refused. Then Henry Walsh tried his fortune, and he, too, was sent away disappointed. At length Chancrey Stewart, when he saw that she still remained free, tremblingly told her of his love; and ere he left her he had

only been assured that his love was returned, but her envious old father had frankly given his consent to the proposed match. Myra never knew who was the old beggar man—the one whom the first had turned coldly, and whom the other had given his dollar; and it was not until Chancrey had been married several years, and had given continued proof of his nobleness of heart, that he was let into the secret.

The Soldier's Prayer Book.

The following curious broadside is taken from an English newspaper of the year 1774, and is there called "CANDID SPECTATOR'S."

Or the Perpetual Almanac, or Soldier's Prayer Book, giving an account of Richard, a private belonging to the 47th Regiment of Foot, who was taken before the Mayor of the town of Glasgow, for playing at cards during Divine service.

The sergeant commanded the soldier to attend church, and when the parson had read the prayers he took his text. Those who had a bible took it out; but this soldier had neither bible nor common prayer book; but pulling out a pack of cards, he spread them out before him. He first looked at one card and then at another. The sergeant of the company saw him, and said—

"Richard, put up thy cards, this is no place for them."

"Never mind that," said Richard.

When the service was over, the constable took Richard prisoner, and brought him before the Mayor.

"Well," said the Mayor, "what have you brought that soldier here for?"

"For playing at cards in church."

"Well, soldier, what have you to say for yourself?"

"Much, sir, I hope."

"Very good; if not, I will punish you more than ever man was punished."

"I have been," said the soldier, "about six weeks on the march. I have had but little to subsist on. I have neither bible nor common prayer book. I have nothing but a pack of cards, and I hope to satisfy your worship of the purity of my intention."

"Very good," said the Mayor.

Then spreading the cards before the Mayor, he began with the ace—

"When I see the ace, it reminds me there is only one God."

"When I see the deuce, it reminds me of Father and Son."

"When I see the tray, it reminds me of Father, Son, and Holy Ghost."

"When I see the four, it reminds me of the four Evangelists that preached Matthew, Mark, Luke and John."

"When I see the five, it reminds me of the five virgins that trimmed their lamps.— There were ten, but five were wise and five were foolish, and were shut out."

"When I see the six, it reminds me that in six days God created the heavens and earth."

"When I see the seven, it reminds me that the seventh day God rested from the works which he had made, and hallowed it."

"When I see the eight, it reminds me of the eight Righteous Persons that were saved when God drowned the world—viz: Noah and his wife, his three sons and their wives."

"When I see the nine, it reminds me of the nine Lepers that were cleansed by our Savior. There were ten, but nine never returned thanks."

"When I see the ten, it reminds me of the ten Commandments which God handed down to Moses on a table of stone."

"When I see the king, said the sol-

dier, it reminds me of the Great King of Heaven, which is God Almighty."

"When I see the queen, it reminds me of the Queen of Sheba, who went to hear the wisdom of Solomon, for she was a wise woman as he was a man. She brought with her fifty boys and fifty girls, all dressed in boy's apparel, for King Solomon told her which were boys and which were girls. King Solomon sent for water for them to wash themselves; the girls washed to the elbow, and the boys only to the wrists, so King Solomon told by that."

"Well," said the Mayor, "you have given a description of all the cards in the pack except one."

"Which is that?" said the soldier.

"The knave," said the Mayor.

"I will give your honor a description of that, too, if you will not be angry."

"I will not," said the Mayor, "if you will not term me the knave."

"Well," said the soldier, "the greatest knave I know is the constable that brought me here."

"I do not know," said the Mayor, "whether he is the greatest knave; but I know he is the greatest fool."

"I can count how many cards there are in a pack of cards, I find 52—as many days as there are in a year, 365—and I find four suits—the number of weeks in a month."

"I find that there are twelve piccadilly cards in a pack, representing the number of months in the year, on counting the tricks, I find thirteen—the number of weeks in a quarter. So you see, sir, the pack of cards serves for a bible, almanac, and common prayer book."

Charity.

The best charity is not that which giveth alms, whether secretly or with ostentation. The best charity—that which worketh no evil—is the charity that prompts us to think and speak well of our neighbors. Even if they be openly condemned, and that with warrant, it is a noble charity in us that to call their wounds by multiplying knowledge of their offenses. We are all ashamed to confess that our quickened instincts are to think ill of others or to magnify the ill of which we hear. There is a universal charge upon the shoulders, as much as to let well. I expected a much—it is just like him—I had my suspicions of her—'twould a tale unfold, and thus on through an endless chapter, with which every reader will be somewhat familiar, from his or her own experience. Now one who says, "I could a tale unfold," yet holds it back, leaving the hearer to infer any and every evil, abas character with the meanest, deadliest blow. Yet who is there that carries not this ever ready weapon—this poisoned dagger. The charity that gives, to help and not humiliate, is good, but the charity that makes us think no evil, is better. Let us seek to possess this charity and practice it, for it alone is the "Charity that covereth a multitude of sins."

Moderation.

Moderation is the golden string running through the pearl-chain of all virtue.

Every man must in a measure be alone in the world. No heart was ever cast in the same mold as that which we bear within us. There is a Father day, and he said it was muddy.

MARKING OF MONEY.

We are requested to pity the sorrows of a poor young man who in love, wants to marry, and thinks it cannot be done on eight dollars a week, and has no prospect of an increase of salary. We really have no pity to spare for this interesting case of domestic destitution. There is more in this than meets the eye, and we people generally are aware of, and we have a great mind to try, in a few words, to explain the mystery of it. It shall be done. Young gentlemen, attend!

Earth's seed.

Earth's seed is the best of everything for seed. So does the Universal Father. Throughout all the realm of nature there exists the most curious and wonderful provision for the seed. It will be all absorbed upon the earth, but only one, perhaps, will take root and grow into a tree, and that one is likely to be the acorn that has most in it of vigorous life, and that falls upon the spot most favorable to its growth. Among the wild horses of the prairie, the gallant steed of all is at once the noblest and the father of the herd. General, the fiercest killer, tells us that when two lions are rivals in love, the dispute is decided by a terrible fight, which leaves one of the two dead, and mangled upon the field, while the victor walks away into the shades of the forest, where he is housed, and there he is to be found. Therefore he is king by Divine right, a nature-appointed father of lions. And thus the race is perpetuated in its completeness, and the lion of today is as mighty and kingly a creature as the one with whose name Adam played in the Garden of Eden.

Among savage men, the same kind and necessary law prevails. They know not the law of reason, why the strongest man in the tribe, marries the most perfect maiden; but he generally does so, and thus the race is perpetuated. In the dark ages, so-called, the most valiant and courteous knight obtained as the prize of noble fighting, the hand of a high born beauty. Hence the wonderful perpetuity of the families they founded. The present King of Prussia, for example, is the direct descendant of a young and brave leader, who a few hundred years ago, left his father's house, with his horse and his weapons, to whilturne and remove by deeds worthy of a man.

The best for seed! Do you think this law of God does not hold in civilized times and countries? If you do, you are blind to the facts that lie right before your eyes. The main difficulty in the way of marriage among us is summed up in the phrase, want of money. I will marry when I have the requisite sum per annum, says our young friend. Very well, sir; among a hundred young men, starting equal in life, which will get the requisite sum per annum sooner? Will it not be the strong ones among them—that is to say, the industrious, the temperate, the saving, the intelligent, enterprising, those who are strong to do, to dare, and to refrain?

These hundred young men are as if were put upon their trial. The thing to be ascertained is, which of you are worthy to win a good woman's heart, and her most precious of your smiles? Which of you are wise enough, and strong enough to conquer a home? Which of you are fit to become fathers? Civilization, it is true, makes mistakes, and sometimes gives to inherited wealth and inherited fame advantages which are due only to original and sterling worth. But the general truth of what we have advanced must be apparent to every observer.

No more complaining, then, about the difficulty of marriage. Marriage ought to be difficult. It is the best of all the blessings that earth can give. It is honestly worth a life-time's heroic endeavor and a good marriage costs just that, and no less, for marriage begins on the wedding day, and ends with the end of life. Cease repining, O clerk, with eight dollars a week. Take your eight dollars a week in thankfulness. First give, by a tough, honest and brave wrestle with the world, that you are wise enough to marry. By that time one of two things will have happened: you will either have had your income increased, or you will have learned self-control enough to make eight dollars a week flow many a ploverman's nest nobly on less, and his something for a poor brother besides to—

Sullivan Express



E. E. WAGGONER, Editor & Publisher

SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS

Friday, Jan. 22, 1899

ROUND LONDON

AUTHORIZED AGENTS

In Chicago, Ill.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1896

Hon. S. A. Douglas

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS

We will furnish the "Express"

and the "Agricultural Monthly"

for one year for three dollars

We will furnish the "Express"

and the "North-Western Farmer"

for one year for two dollars

Agricultural

Why is it that the citizens of this

county who have been elected to take

charge of the Moultrie County Agricultural

Society do not take more interest

in its welfare and perpetuity than they do?

Is it because the object for which it was organized

is not of sufficient magnitude to interest them?

Is it because they are too selfish

to devote a few days in the year

to the developing of the resources

of our little, but fertile county? We

take it that the object of the Society

—the improvement of our stock and

—and developing the resources of our

county—as objects of the highest

importance, and if they are not

worthy of attention, we would think

some of those who may think differ-

ently to inform us of something of

greater interest to the citizens of this

county. That our agricultural society

deserves the time, talents and

money of our citizens, is a fact too

apparent to require argument.

That our citizens are too selfish,

or negligent, if you like it better,

to be willing to leave their own individual

affairs and devote a few days to the

The Legislature

The law-making body since the election of a United States Senator, has in the main, been exhibiting its power on various lines of a local nature, which we will not notice at this time; but there have been few things transpired in our halls of legislation, of a general character, which we think worthy of a passing notice.

Mr. Green reported to the House a resolution authorizing collectors to suspend the collection of the two mill tax immediately, and to refund any portion of said tax now collected. The question of suspending the collection of the tax is one in which all the citizens of our State are interested, and it has been the theme of quite a number of speeches, resolutions and contemplated bills in the legislature. But it seems to us that all the gas expended on this subject might have been saved by referring to the twenty-fifth article of the constitution which reads—

"There shall be annually assessed and collected, in the same manner as other State revenue may be assessed and collected, a tax of two mills, &c."

From the reading of this section of the constitution it seems plain enough to us that no act of the legislature can cause a suspension of the collection of this tax. The next subject of a general character to which we will refer is a resolution on the subject amending the constitution, which has already passed the House, without discussion, and has probably passed the Senate ere this. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, By the Senate and house of Representatives of the State of Illinois, that the electors of the State of Illinois be and are hereby recommended at the next election for members of the General Assembly, to vote for or against a convention to amend the constitution of the State of Illinois.

Senators Gandy, Underwood, Cook and others, made speeches in favor of the resolution, and our Senator (Post) in opposition to it.

We learn from the Daily Journal that W. W. Craddock, the Cole county representative, is the author of an act entitled "an act to more effectually suppress gambling." The particular features of this act we are not apprised of, but suppose that it will spit the gamblers pretty well. We do not know whether it provides for the punishment of the black-leg who pays his gambling debts in "spurious" or not, but suppose that it does not.

For Craddock to get up such an act, sounds to us very much like a rogue saying, stop thief. (Wonder if Crad got up this act because he was better posted on that subject than any other? Wouldn't be surprised if he did.)

Since our last, the following farmers have reported: C. W. Brooks, 25 gal; J. Ray, 20 gal; Wm. Ray, 20 gal; J. J. Dixon, 20 gal; R. Bando, 10 gal; John Dixon, 10 gal; J. Redwood, 10 gal; R. G. McHenry, 62 gal; John Milliken, 81 gal; R. Rutherford, 81 gal; A. McPeeters, 80 gal.

Mr. J. H. E. With pleasure we will discontinue your paper, when you pay up all arrearages, not before.

Washington, Jan. 17

The Senate chamber was crowded to excess to hear Mr. Dillard pronounce a eulogy on Mr. Harris of Illinois.

Mr. Seward presented the credentials of Mr. Wilson, re-elected from Massachusetts, and also the following resolution, which was adopted: "That the Secretary of the Treasury communicate to the Senate as freely as it may be in his power to do, the number of American vessels engaged directly in the palm-oil trade on the coast of Africa, the average number of their voyages annually, their tonnage, the nature and value of their exports and imports, and the amount of duties derived by them for the Treasury of the United States."

Mr. Shields offered a resolution, instructing the Committee on Territories to inquire into the expediency of organizing that portion of the original territory of Minnesota lying west of the new State, which was adopted.

Washington, Jan. 19. Senate.—A large number of memorials and resolutions in relation to mail routes and other routine business were presented.

Mr. Seward, of N. Y., introduced a bill amending the existing act on the slave trade. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Its principal provisions to hire ten steamers, to be manned, armed, equipped and considered as vessels of the navy, to be employed to cruise on any of the coasts of the United States, Cuba, Africa and elsewhere where the President may judge an opportunity is being made to carry on the slave trade. That any State may pass laws prohibiting the foreign or African slave trade within its limits. That no ship shall sail for the African coast without a clearance from the District Attorney, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall designate the parts of Africa, where American consuls shall reside and where only commerce shall be carried on.

The act repeals all acts incompatible with its provisions, and appropriates a million of dollars for the expense of carrying out its provisions.—Referred to the Committee of Judiciary.

Mr. Kennedy introduced a bill to establish a line of steamers between American and British ports. Mr. Simmons, of R. I., introduced a resolution and asked for its immediate consideration, that the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to prepare a plan for receiving a revenue adequate to meet ordinary expenses of the government by the imposition of specific instead of ad valorem duty; also to supply a schedule containing all needed information on the subject of specific duties.

The resolution was laid over until to-morrow.

The joint resolution reported from the Committee on Foreign Affairs to pay the salaries of the Ministers to the Argentine Confederation, Costa Rica and Honduras, was taken up and passed—43 against 6.

Mr. Houston, of Texas, made a feeling reply to Mr. Iverson's remarks of yesterday. He defended the consistency of his antecedents, and said if devotion to the Union has caused his political immolation he gloried in it as the proudest moment in his life. The offices he had held since for his ambition, and some of them had been attained through scenes of anguish and peril. He would relieve Mr. Iverson's mind as to his (Houston's) having any aspirations for office, by saying he would not accept the nomination if it were offered by all the political parties. He had higher, nobler, tenderer duties. His life had been expended to sixty-five years, forty-five of which devoted to the service of his country. Having performed his duties with fidelity, he wished to retire to his humble home, where the absence of wealth just suited his rugged nature. He concluded with severe but good natured remarks, eliciting loud applause in the galleries, which the President promptly stopped.

Mr. Iverson said a few words of generous apology, and then Mr. Ward took occasion to refer to the position of the party in Texas, with a view to show that the State was more in favor of disunion than Mr. Houston supposed.

Washington, Jan. 17

Private letters announced the recent receipt of the first shipment of the old Company silver medals, which have been for a long time in arrears and set.

The Committee on Ways and Means met on Saturday and considered the condition of the National Treasury; its deficiencies and the best mode of replenishing it. The deficiency by the 1st of July, it is believed, will be \$30,000,000.

Lord Napier has officially requested the British government to confirm or refuse the statement made in a London letter to the Boston Daily Advertiser respecting his partisan relations here.

At a meeting on Saturday, of the Committee of Ways and Means, Secretary Cobb presented a report showing that more than \$18,000,000 of treasury notes fall due before the 1st of July, which there are no means available to meet. Mr. Phelps said he was not prepared to bring forward any plan to supply the deficiencies in the revenue; but will do so on Thursday, to which day the Committee adjourned.

The Democratic members of the Senate held a caucus on Saturday for the discussion of the President's recommendation relative to Cuba, and Mr. Seward's bill providing that \$30,000,000 be placed at the disposal of the President to facilitate negotiations for its purchase. The discussion was very learned and animated, and the views of the speakers widely diverse. No definite conclusion was arrived at, though it is understood that the recommendations of the President were generally favored, and it is believed that Mr. Seward's bill will pass the Senate.

Orders have been issued from the War Department similar to those which were sent to Kansas, pending the former troubles, viz: to equip the 4th or 5th companies of troops now there as a posse comitatus to enforce the laws during the present disturbances in that territory.

The Washington correspondence of the Evening Post says a proposition is on foot to amend the bill entitled "a modification of the revenue laws" with a view to repealing the fishing bounties. It is understood that Speaker Orr will admit the motion.

The pretender tried to crown a fashionable lady's bonnet.

From New Mexico, St. Louis, Jan. 17. The New Mexico mail, with dates to the 27th ult., reached Independence yesterday. The mail was packed on mules most of the way, in consequence of bad roads.

The New Mexico legislature had elected Augustus Demerle, public printer, vice S. M. Yost.

Nothing had been heard from the missing Neosho mail party. Gov. Reicher, in his special message, says that the armistice with the Navajoes amounts to nothing as it does not provide for the surrender of the murderer of Major Brooks' servant, nor payment for him. The Superintendent of Indian Affairs, and commander of the militia department say that they will consent to no peace upon the terms of the armistice, but will require the return of all private and public property taken during the war, and the establishment of a line running east, beyond which the Indians shall neither plant nor graze their stock.

Senator Douglas has accepted an invitation to a public dinner at Baltimore, at which there is to be a representation from every county in Maryland.

He has agreed to visit Harrisburg on a like invitation after the adjournment of Congress. It is said that similar invitations have reached him from all the Northern and several of the Southern States. Reasoning a priori, if each State had a Douglas, each State would be Democratic. Look at Illinois.—Cleveland Plaindealer.

Robert Southey, in a chapter on "Marriage," delivers himself as follows:

"You may be cheerful and contented in celibacy, but I do not think he ever can be happy; it is an unnatural state, and the best feelings of nature are never called into action. The risks of marriage are far greater on the woman's side. Women have no little power of choice, that is, perhaps, fair to say they are less likely to choose well than we are; but I am persuaded that they are more frequently deceived in the attachments which they form, and their opinions concerning men are much less accurate than men's opinions of their sex. Now, if a lady were to reproach me for having said this, I should reply that it is only another mode of saying, there are more good wives in the world than there are good husbands, which I verily believe. I know nothing which a good and sensible man is to certain to find, if he looks for it, as a good wife."

Quit your single life, Oh bachelor, and look out for yourself a good wife, if you don't get one it will be your own fault, for there are plenty of good young ladies that will "tie" with you, and it is your own fault if you and your life-partner are not happy.

Mr. R. G. Carmichael furnishes the Cincinnati Gazette with the following method of preventing smut in wheat: It has been successfully tried by farmers in England and Ireland. Dissolve half a pound of sulphate of copper in three quarts of boiling water. After the mixture has cooled, sprinkle it over two bushels of wheat, stirring it up in a heap, turning it occasionally for an hour, when it will be ready for sowing.

Should wet weather or any other cause prevent its being sown immediately, spread it thinly on a dry floor, giving it an occasional turning, and it will not suffer injury for weeks.

Where this system has been carefully carried out, it has been found effective in preventing smut in wheat. Of course no man should sow smutty wheat, but even smutty wheat will produce grain perfectly free from smut if it be carefully dressed as above. The reason that sulphate of copper produces this result, is, that smut is a fungus, which, when the stalks are broken, attaches itself to the ends of the wheat, and in many cases kills the wheat and grows in its place. The solution kills the fungus, but is not powerful enough to hurt the wheat. Care should be taken to prevent any animal eating grain dressed with this preparation, as it is poisonous.—[North-Western Prairie Farmer.]

Occupation of Non-Productive A Public Not Found in Esop.

A traveler once started on a journey, taking with him a saddle and bridle. He had not proceeded far when he was overtaken by a horse, who expressed himself highly gratified to find some one traveling in the same direction. The horse was pleased with the engaging manners and the unlimited knowledge of his companion, and listened with delight to explanations of things which he had always considered as inexplicable phenomena. The traveler proceeded to flatter him; spoke of his majestic gait; showed him the gaudy decorations of the bridle; gave it to him as a present, and proceeded to show him how to wear it. The horse returned many thanks, and desired to know how he might be serviceable to so kind a friend; but the traveler protested that he desired no other compensation than the pleasure afforded by the act itself, and that he would at all times be happy to bestow a favor upon one of so noble a nature.

Shortly afterwards the traveler complained of fatigue, and begged his companion to carry the saddle a short distance. The horse willingly assented, and when he found that it fitted his back so exactly as to create no inconvenience, he insisted on carrying it the remainder of the journey. They had not proceeded a great distance, when the traveler simulated lameness, and declared that it would be impossible for him to walk much further without rest. The horse, unwilling to lose time, and still more unwilling to leave his companion behind, offered to carry him a short distance. The traveler

or another while, upon persuasion, dismounted himself in the saddle, and galloped up the reins in his hand, and expressed a conviction that his business would soon cease.

The first thing that awakened the suspicion of the horse was the silence of his rider, who returned no answer to his inquiries, and at last unceremoniously plucked the reins when he put down his head to nip a tempting tuft of grass. Deeply vexed at such treatment, he peremptorily ordered the traveler to dismount, and was answered by the application of a whip and a pair of spurs. A desperate struggle ensued, which resulted in the triumph of the man; and the horse, completely subdued, suffered himself to be taken into a field and harnessed to a plow. As he was about commencing his heavy and monotonous labor, he turned to his master, and said, "Oh, fool that I was, to listen to thy deceitful voice!" "Yes," replied the latter, "thou art certainly a fool, but I shall make thee a very useful fool."

MORAL.—When Idleness first conceived the idea of thriving on the fruits of Industry, it assumed the disguise of a benefactor. It proffered its services to labor; promised to make its duties more agreeable; flattered the pride of its votaries; by seeming to place them above the common drudgery of menial life. Gradually it induced them to encumber themselves with laws, which placed them in its power. Then it plead weakness, and procured the passage of special acts to fortify it against the uprising of popular justice. And last of all, having by fraud and treachery obtained the control of government, it refused to relinquish its ill-gotten power, and threatened to maintain its ascendancy by force. In overthrowing the usurper, we shall have these disadvantages to contend with—we are encumbered with unjust laws, and treacherous rulers; while it, armed with whip and spurs, is mounted on our backs. But if we are driven to extremity, we can snap in twain the bridle-reins, burst asunder the saddle girth, and cast the tyrant to the ground.

SKOON SKINS!

We will pay the following prices for Cases for Furs: Raccoon skins, 25 @ 60c; Mink, 25 @ 100; Opusom, 25 @ 10; Gray Fox, 25 @ 10; Wolf, 25 @ 10; Otter, 25 @ 10. Bring furs along to J. W. Porter & Co. Jan. 21st '99.—18-3w

Land for Sale!

I offer for sale one hundred and sixty acres of choice prairie land, being the North-west quarter of section twenty five in Township fourteen North Range Six East, in Moultrie Co. This is undisputable. Terms: \$10 per acre, Cash. J. W. PORTER, Agent. Jan. 21st '99.—40 (printer's fee, 6c)

Administrators Notice.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that on the 3d Monday in March next, I shall attend before the Probate court of Moultrie county, at Sullivan, Illinois, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all the claims against the Estate of Joseph Sedwick, late of said county, dec'd, when and where all claimants are notified and requested to attend and present their claims in writing against said estate for adjustment. All persons indebted to said estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay. THOMAS DALTON, Adm'r. Jan. 21st 1899.—18-3w

Public Notice

I will apply to the County Court of Moultrie county, Illinois, in Probate session, of the March term A. D. 1899, for leave to resign my office as Executor of the last will and testament of W. B. Duffield, late deceased of said county, at which time and place all persons interested in said application are requested to attend and show cause, if any they have, why said application should not be granted. JOHN A. FARNSWORTH, Exr. Jan. 21st 1899.—18-3w

WILL give 10 cts per dozen for EGGS, and 10 cts per pair for BUTTER, in Goods. A. N. Searles

PLOWS. F. P. Hoke & Bro. Take pleasure in announcing to the public and everybody else, that they now keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order, the most improved quality of plows, of every description, and at prices to suit the greatest lovers of money.

WAGONS. A splendid lot of the latest, and most approved style, on hands, and made to order.

BLACKSMITHING. Of all kinds done up exactly in the right way, and at reasonable prices as at any other shop.

DON'T GO HOME WITHOUT. Come to town, many times, and out coming to see me before you.

GOODS. which I shall sell strictly for cash, or saleable produce. I have determined to sell no more goods on credit.

THE DAILY TIMES. Published every morning, (except Monday) at 110 Dearborn Street Chicago, Ill.

THE WEEKLY TIMES. Containing all the reading matter of the Daily, is published every Thursday Morning.

PROSPECTUS OF THE Sunday Herald. We offer the following liberal terms to the subscribers of the "Sunday Herald," which will be issued regularly every Sunday Morning.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI. We offer the following liberal terms to the subscribers of the "Sunday Herald," which will be issued regularly every Sunday Morning.

Good Advice FREE OF CHARGE. All persons indebted to me are requested to "look over," as the money must come if you cannot pay immediately, come and see me, and let me know when you can pay; and give your note, as I want all my old accounts closed up.

On the first day of February I expect to sue every man who is indebted to me at that time. That's so!

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY. Just received and for sale low for cash, a superior lot of shoes.

SHOES. call and examine for yourself as we will charge you nothing for showing.

DISSOLUTION. The Copartnership heretofore existing between J. E. EDEN AND THE CREDITORS. IS THIS DAY DESOLVED.

I WILL continue the Goods business in the Old Stand, and "GO IT ALONE" Exclusively for CASH, AND MERCHANTABLE PRODUCE.

SO if you want to buy Goods SURPRISINGLY CHEAP, BRING ON YOUR Wheat, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Feathers, and MONEY!

AND buy Goods Cheaper than they have ever sold in the West.

FAMILY GROCERY AND OYSTER SALOON!

I take this method of informing my old friends and the public generally, that I am still on hand at the old stand, ready to wait on the people.

My Eating Room is now well fitted up adjoining the saloon, in a neat and comfortable manner to accommodate customers.

OYSTERS served up in the most delicious way, and at all hours. Call and try a dish.

THE PRAIRIE FARMER. DEVOTED TO AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, MECHANICS, EDUCATION, AND GENERAL NEWS.

One copy per annum, \$2 00. Three copies, \$5 00. Six, \$10 00. Ten, \$15 00.

POSTAGE—Free in Cook county; 25 cents per quarter, in advance at the Office where received, within the State of Illinois; 50 cents per quarter, in advance to any other part of the United States.

EMERY & CO. No. 204 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

DR. MANN'S AGUE BALSAM! UNRIVALLED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE.

Why? Because, since the first appearance of the rich prairies and fertile valleys of the West it has been the great study of all Physicians to produce a perfect cure for ague, fever, and all bilious diseases, so thoroughly prevalent and so fearfully fatal in their results.

MESSRS. S. K. MANN & CO.,—GENTS: Having had occasion to use some of your Ague Balsam in my family, I find it the most prompt and efficient remedial agent for the certain cure of ague ever used.

MESSRS. S. K. MANN & CO.,—GENTS: Your Ague Balsam is the only remedy that seems to meet the wants of the people of this locality.

DR. MANN & CO., GALLON OFFICE—GENTS: Your Ague Balsam with people's own remedy, in this part of the country, for the cure of ague and fever.

WESTERN VALLEY FIRE AND MARINE Insurance Company OF CHICAGO ILL.

OFFICES: G. W. YERBY, President. G. B. ARMSTRONG, Secretary. S. M. ELLIOTT, Jr., REFERENCES.

This Company was organized on the 2nd March, 1857, and is prepared to take, against Loss by Fire, on all kinds of Insurable Property, at usual rates.

NEW GROCERY, North Side Pub. Square, Sullivan Ill.

W. LEE. Has opened one of the largest stores of Family Groceries ever opened in Sullivan, consisting in part of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Molasses, Rice, Fish, Salt, Cheese, Crackers, Vinegar, Soap, Soda, &c.

FANCY CANDIES, CHEWING TOBACCO, and everything else usually kept in such an establishment.

WINE & LIQUORS, which he will sell in quantities to suit customers.

All kind of Job work done at this office at very low prices for CASH!

WOOD & CO. No. 204 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

Godey's Lady's Book IN THE ASCENDANT. Great Literary and Pictorial Year.

1200 Pages of Reading Matter, 24 pages of Music, 18 colored steel plates, containing at least 50 figures, 14 steel engravings, 720 wood engravings, 780 articles by the best authors of America.

THE ONLY LADY'S BOOK IN AMERICA. THE CHEAPEST MAGAZINE. Useful, Ornamental and Instructive.

THE NEW MAGAZINE, THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY! Literature, Art & Politics.

The aim of the Magazine will be first: In Literature, to leave no province unrepresented, so that while each number will contain articles of an abstract and permanent value, it will also be found that the healthy appetite of the mind for entertainment in its various forms of Narrative, Wit and Humor will not go uncareed for.

Second: In the term Art, it is intended to include the whole domain of aesthetics, and they hope gradually to make their critical department true and fearless representative of Art, in all its various branches, without any regard to prejudice, whether personal or national, or to private considerations of what kind soever.

Third: In Politics, the ATLANTIC will be the organ of no party or clique but will honestly endeavor to be the exponent of what its conductors believe to be the American Idea.

As an earnest of the material at their command, they submit the following list of literary persons interested in their enterprise: wishing it, however, to be distinctly understood, that they shall hope for support from every kind of ability which directs the avenue of our columns, and in the remuneration of which they shall be guided purely by their sense of intrinsic merit.

Wm. H. Prescott, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry Longfellow, Rev. F. H. Hedge, D. D., Nathaniel Hawthorne, John G. Whittier, Oliver Wendell Holmes, James E. Lowell, J. L. Thompson, Motley, George M. Curtis, Herman Melville, Prof. G. C. Felton, Prof. F. J. Child, E. P. Whipple, Edmond Quincy, Author of "Wensley," I. T. Trowbridge, Author of "Neighbor Jackwood," etc.

Wm. H. Prescott, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry Longfellow, Rev. F. H. Hedge, D. D., Nathaniel Hawthorne, John G. Whittier, Oliver Wendell Holmes, James E. Lowell, J. L. Thompson, Motley, George M. Curtis, Herman Melville, Prof. G. C. Felton, Prof. F. J. Child, E. P. Whipple, Edmond Quincy, Author of "Wensley," I. T. Trowbridge, Author of "Neighbor Jackwood," etc.

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The Ladies Home MAGAZINE. For 1859. VOL. VIII. No. 1.

In announcing the volumes of the HOME MAGAZINE for 1859, the publishers cannot but refer to the significant fact, that, while nearly every other literary periodical in the country has ground to a halt, under the depressing influence of the times, the HOME MAGAZINE has increased its circulation beyond any previous year.

Our magazine will continue under the same editorial supervision as before and its pages continue to be largely supplied from the editors' pens.

A MOTHER'S DEPARTMENT, A BOY'S AND GIRL'S TREASURY, A HINTS FOR HOUSEWIVES, A HEALTH DEPARTMENT, THE TOILETTE AND WORK-TABLE, AN EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

The admirers of Miss Townsend will be pleased to learn that she will commence, in the January number, a new novel, entitled "WAIT AND SEE."

Terms:—One copy for one year, \$2. Two copies for one year, \$3. Four copies for one year, \$5.

Home Magazine and Godey's Lady's Book, one year, \$3 50. Home Magazine and Harper's Magazine, one year, \$3 50.

The January number of the Home Magazine will be ready, as a Specimen, on the first of December.

Should I get an insurance policy? I should, as a Life-Saving I shall I can.

Gen. Dearborn, of Boston. It is no more than the duty of a man to provide the daily bread for his family while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death.

McClintock's Commercial Dictionary. A Standard Reference.

Has a Brother IN LAUREL. Among the bequests in the Will of the late Hon. Abbott Lawrence, of Boston, was a Life Insurance for the sole benefit of his wife, for \$40,000, which probably, had been insuring for many years, showing the estimation placed upon the subject of Life Insurance and its security.

Dissolution. The partnership heretofore existing between Europe & Ambrose Hendricks is now dissolved by mutual consent.

Wm. H. Prescott, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Henry Longfellow, Rev. F. H. Hedge, D. D., Nathaniel Hawthorne, John G. Whittier, Oliver Wendell Holmes, James E. Lowell, J. L. Thompson, Motley, George M. Curtis, Herman Melville, Prof. G. C. Felton, Prof. F. J. Child, E. P. Whipple, Edmond Quincy, Author of "Wensley," I. T. Trowbridge, Author of "Neighbor Jackwood," etc.

PHUN COLUMN

When from my room I came to bed, To spend the hours of slumber...

Uncle Mat and all his crew, Ate Horse-beef at Waterloo...

"You'll come to want, I'm afraid," said an old lady to a fast young gentleman...

THE TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE.—"A splendid triumph of science!" said Mr. Muggins to his wife...

"Once, ven I was courtin' my Catharine, I was gone to mine field to hoe mine potatoes..."

A lady at sea, in a gale of wind being full of apprehension, cried out, among other petty exclamations...

An Irish dragoon on hearing that his mother had been married since he quitted Ireland, exclaimed, "Murder! I hope she won't have a son-older than me..."

"Won't you take half of this poor apple?" said a pretty damsel to a swain. No, I thank you; I would prefer a better half...

Good Gracious!

YOU DIDN'T KNOW THAT! Well, we do, nevertheless, THAT we have bought the Drug store formerly owned by M. H. Head & Co...

WE have a splendid stock of pure Patent Medicines, warranted. WE have a pure article of Wines, Castor Oil, Turpentine, Hair Oil, Cologne, Perfumery, &c.

WE have all kinds of Soaps, shaving cream, Hair, Blacking, Shaving and Clothes Brushes. In fact we have a lot of notions, all cheap.

OYSTERS, FRESH and COVE. COOKED up in milk, or water, so as to suit the customer. WAGGONER & COLLIGAN.

LIVERY STABLE. Take pleasure in announcing to the public that they have opened a large LIVERY STABLE at the old stand of Thomason and George...

Notice. Is hereby given that I have appointed A. L. Kellar and C. L. Roane as a board of examiners, to examine teachers as to their qualifications, to teach.

Sullivan Express, FOR 1859.

We have just completed arrangements, which will enable us to give our readers—in this county—the proceedings of our State Legislature, as well as those of Congress...

TERMS. Single Subscription, \$1.50. Clubs of Ten, and over, \$1.25. payable within three months from the date of the subscription.

PREMIUMS. We will give "Sears' New and Complete History of the Bible"—a book of 700 pages, beautifully illustrated—to the person sending us a Club of Twenty-five yearly subscribers.

Family Groceries. GOLDEN SYRUP, Robotte Molasses, COFFEE, SUGAR, Tea, Rice, Ground Ginger, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, All Spice, Soda, &c. &c.

WOOD. The partnership heretofore existing between George & Ambrose Hendricks is now dissolved by mutual consent.

CABINET SHOP.

Peter Smith. Takes pleasure in announcing to his old friends, patrons, and the public generally,

THAT HE STILL continues the CABINET MAKING BUSINESS at the Old Stand, North East side of the Public Square.

Where they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of Parlor Chamber and Kitchen furniture, on short notice and at very LOW PRICES.

COFFINS! All sizes and qualities kept constantly on hand, and made to order on application. Coffins made at my shop, will be delivered, and attended to at funerals, free of charge.

Terms, TO SUIT THE TIMES. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for furniture.

They hope by selling furniture at lowest prices and close attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage.

LET 'ER RIP OR GRIND! New Saw & Corn Grist Mill, Three-quarters of a mile South-east of Sullivan.

I take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Moultrie and adjoining counties, that I have just put in successful operation a number one SAW MILL, and in connection with it, a first rate Corn sheller and Grist Mill.

TERMS. I will shell and grind corn for one-sixth. I hope by close attention to business, and living square up to my word, to merit and receive a liberal patronage.

Money Wanted! ALL persons indebted to me either by Note, or Book account, will find them in the hands of proper officers for collection, if not paid immediately...

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY. Just received and for sale low for cash, a superior lot of SHOES.

Dissolution. The partnership heretofore existing between George & Ambrose Hendricks is now dissolved by mutual consent.

Douglas or Buchanan THE PEOPLE DID DECIDE!

A. N. SMYSER. Presenting to my numerous friends in Moultrie county, my liberal and increasing patronage...

FALL & WINTER STAPLE & FANCY GOODS, as has ever at any time, been offered in this market. My stock comprises all the staple commodities usually kept in a carefully selected lot of CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS!

Boots & shoes, hats and caps, in abundance; Fancy Dress goods of the latest styles, a few elegant Shawls & Cloaks, FOR THE LADIES!

Varities, and Notions, Knives & paints, brandies and wines, for medicinal, & Sacramental purposes.

I shall continue to sell at usual low for cash, or on time, to prompt men, at fair prices. Country produce wanted in exchange for goods.

Grand Premium Depot. ZWECK & CO'S SADDLE SHOP!

Having associated together in the Saddle & Harness-making business, they are now ready to fill all orders in their line, in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

READY-MADE! Plain Harness, Plain Harness, Plain Harness, Plain Harness, &c.

Boots & Shoes. ALL WORK WARRANTED! They will pay the highest market price, in cash or trade, for green and dry HIDES, Sheep Pelts, &c. &c.

WE ARE DETERMINED TO SELL OFF OUR present stock of goods very, very cheap FOR CASH!

WE ARE DETERMINED TO COLLECT who is due us, and pay our debts; so come along one and all, pay your bills, and get your money.

NEW CASH STORE.

H. F. Vadakin. New Brick, West Side of Square. I am now receiving my Fall Stock of goods, which were purchased at greatly reduced prices...

Choice Prime Goods, and to sell at such low prices as to induce CASH BUYERS.

to trade with ME. I intend to confine myself, as closely as possible, to the CASH SYSTEM; and as I shall sell goods so much below the current prices, persons having money to pay for goods will find it much to their interest to buy of me.

My stock consists, in part, of Brown and Bleached Domestic Prints, Lawns, Challis, Fine Laces, Trimmings, Heavy Goods, &c. &c. Groceries, Stew-ware, Hardware, Boots & Shoes, &c. &c.

STORES. To which I invite your attention as to quality and prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

Fresh Arrival of GROCERIES at A. GEORGE & CO'S, North Side of Public Square.

CONSISTING in part, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Salt, Fish, Rice, Starch, Candles, Soda, Ginger, Spice, Pepper, &c.

CHEWING TOBACCO. Smoking tobacco, Vinegar, Soap, Pickles, white Lead, wash Tubs, wood Buckets, Shot, Lead, Powder and caps.

Rare Bargains. WE ARE DETERMINED TO SELL OFF OUR present stock of goods very, very cheap FOR CASH!

WE ARE DETERMINED TO COLLECT who is due us, and pay our debts; so come along one and all, pay your bills, and get your money.

A. B. KELLAR, PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.

Respectfully tender their professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity. Being well provided with surgical instruments, they are prepared to attend to any operations in a Surgical way...

L. JENNINGS & CO. DEALERS IN GRAIN, FLOUR, SALT, LUMBER, LIME &c. All goods consigned to our care, will meet with prompt attention.

J. T. Duffield, M. D. Under lasting obligations to the citizens of Moultrie, Shelby and Coles counties, and especially to those of Whitley Creek and Upper Otaw, for their very liberal patronage...

A. B. LEE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will practice in the courts of Moultrie, Coles, Shelby, and Macon counties. Prompt and diligent attention given to the collection of debts, paying taxes, redeeming lands sold for taxes...

George W. Kenney, BARBER & HAIRDRESSER. (West side Public Square.) Work done on hair terms, and to suit every kind of customers. Therefore, be decent! N. B. No shaving on Sundays after 10 A. M.

"NOW" I will be in Sullivan on the 1st day of January next, to see if I can't collect the debts of Hayden & Lloyd, and J. J. & W. L. Hayden, by law, if not otherwise. The Notes and Accounts are at P. B. Knight's. A little attention will save cost.

Blacksmithing! I am still engaged at Blacksmithing, at the old stand formerly occupied by A. Moyer, and am prepared to do all kinds of work, usually done in county towns.

NOTICE! To Our Customers! We have sold out our stock of goods, and are now settling up our business. All those indebted to us will do us a favor by calling on us and settling the same...

THE SULLIVAN EXPRESS. IS ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

Terms of Subscription. One year in advance, \$1.00. Within six months, 2.00. At the end of the year, 2.50.

Rate of Advertising. One square (10 lines) one insertion, \$1.00. Each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. One square three months, \$3.00. One square six months, \$5.00. One square twelve months, \$8.00. One column twelve months, \$10.00. Business cards, less than a square, one year, 50 cents. No advertisement considered or charged for by the year, unless a special contract is made to that effect.