

The Sullivan Express

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTEREST OF MO. STATE COUNTY.

J. H. & I. V. Wagoner,

"THE UNION MUST BE PRESERVED."

Editors & Publishers.

VOL. II.

SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1859.

NO. 25.

BUSINESS CARDS.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
No. 10 WALL STREET.
W. B. PORTER, AGENT
AT SULLIVAN, ILL.
Feb. 12, '58-22-ly

STRATTON & HUBBARD,
WHOLESALE GROCERIES & DRY GOODS,
CARPETS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
STRAW GOODS &c.
Decatur Ill. 5th.

G. C. BURBANKS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
School, Miscellaneous and
BLANK BOOKS,
WALL PAPER,
Window Shades, fancy Articles &c.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Cash paid for Rags.
New School Books.

DR. A. BIRCH,
Thankful for former patronage.—
Respectfully continues to tender his
professional services to the citizens of
Sullivan and vicinity.
He is prepared to practice in all the
departments of the profession. Office
on the West side of the public square,
one door North of P. B. Knight &
Co's Store.
Sullivan Sept. 17, 1857. 1 ct

J. E. EDEN, J. MEEKER,
EDEN & MEEKER,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
Having formed a partnership will
attend to all professional business en-
trusted to them. Particular attention
will be given to the collection of
claims.
Office next door East of Berryman's
store, where one of the firm will al-
ways be found.
Sullivan Ill. Sept. 17, 1857. 1 ct.

E. HUNT,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.
Mr. H. would respectfully announce to the
citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that he
has opened a Shop in Dr. Hitt & Kellar's office,
west side public square, where he is prepared
to do any kind of work in his line, in a dis-
tinctive and workman-like manner.
Sullivan Ill. Oct. 10th 1858 4 ct.

D. B. EVERETT,
Physician and Surgeon.
Respectfully tenders his professional ser-
vices to the citizens of Sullivan and surround-
ing country.
Office one door west of Walker's dwelling
where he may always be found, except when
absent on professional business.
Sullivan, Ill.

J. T. Duffield, M. D.,
Under lasting obligations to the citizens
of Shelby, Shelby and Coles counties,
and especially to those of Whiteley's
Creek and Upper Creek, for their very liberal
patronage bestowed on him since his location
at Whiteley's Creek, and hopes, by a steady
and conscientious course in the practice of Medi-
cine, to merit their continued confidence.
March 5th 1858. 26 ly.

A. B. LEE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Sullivan
Will practice in the courts of Sullivan, Coles,
Shelby, and Mason counties. Prompt and dili-
gent attention given to the collection of debts,
paying taxes, redeeming lands and for tax-
ation.
Office—in the north-west corner of the Court
House, where he may be consulted at all times,
when not otherwise professionally engaged.
December 10th 1858 24 ly.

Masonic Lodge, No. 181
A. F. & M.
Meets regularly at their hall in Sullivan on
the Monday evening of each week at 7 o'clock
and full moon. Transient brothers are
welcome. J. W. B. MORGAN W. M.
J. B. BRIDGE Secy.

Masonic Lodge, No. 188
L. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday Evening in their Hall
over Yaden's Store. Transient Brothers are
welcome.
W. W. TAYLOR, Secy. A. BRIDGE, W. M.
Sullivan Division No. 20
SONS OF TEMPERANCE.
This organization meets regularly on
Saturday Night of each week at
their Hall. Transient Brothers and
Sisters are invited to attend.
K. T. MCKENZIE, R. S.

SULLIVAN EXPRESS.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.
J. H. & I. V. WAGONER,
EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.

TERMS:
1.50, Invariably in Advance!

FAREWELL.

BY GEORGE F. MORRIS.
Fare thee well—we part forever!
All regrets are now in vain!
Fate decrees that we must sever,
Ne'er to meet on earth again.
Other skies will bend above thee,
Other hearts may seek thy shine
But no other e'er will love thee
With the constancy of mine.
Yet farewell—we part forever!
All regrets are now in vain!
Fate decrees that we must sever,
Ne'er to meet on earth again.
Fare thee well!

Like the shadow on the dial,
Lingers still our parting kiss!
Life has no severer trial,
Death no pang to equal this.
All the world is now before thee,
Every clime to roam at will,
But within the land that bore thee,
One fond heart will love thee still.
Yet farewell—we part forever!
All regrets are now in vain!
Fate decrees that we must sever,
Ne'er to meet on earth again.
Fare thee well!

Parting with a Child.

A painful case, and a rather curious
one, has been decided in one of our
district courts. It was a conflict be-
tween parents for the possession of a
child, a little boy two and a half years
old, which the mother said was illeg-
ally kept from her by a certain citizen
and his wife.
On trial, it appeared that this citi-
zen was the father of the child, which
had been handed over to him by the
mother, when it was a trouble and a
disgrace to her. He had excepted it
and was doing for it all a father could
do for a lawful child, besides which,
he loved it and petted it fondly. This
gentleman's wife, with a magnanimity
quite rare in such cases, (knowing, as
she did, all about the child), had adop-
ted it also, and loved it as if it were
her own. On trial, the father was not
able to prove that the mother had given
the child to him for good and all.
On Monday, the judge decided the
case, which was that the child must
be delivered over to its mother. With
the order of court, and accompanied
by the mother, a deputy sheriff went
to the residence of the father to get
the child, and pass it over to its moth-
er. He describes the scene created
by his visit, as the most touching and
depressing thing he ever saw. The
adopted mother, turning pale as death,
tried to put him off upon different pre-
texts, and to delay the separation as
long as possible. Taking the child up
stairs to wash and dress him, she lock-
ed him up, and told the deputy he
could not have him until her husband
came home.
When the husband arrived, the dep-
uty politely explained his business,
and was politely treated. The gentle-
man went up stairs, and after a while
came down with his wife and child.
The little fellow was nicely dressed,
and his adopted mother brought down
with him a whole array of the distin-
guished little clothes and ruffles, &c., be-
sides a number of toys which had been
purchased for the pet at Christmas.
All these she laid on the floor at his
feet, without saying a word—too proud
to display either affection or grief be-
fore the hated mother of the pet! Yes,
showing symptoms of the most intense
suppressed agony. The father acted
as became a man, under such circum-
stances, allowing the child to go
quietly and without fuss. The
mother took the little one in her arms,
the deputy gathered up the clothing
and toys, and they left. The door
closed quietly behind them, and the
more than real mother was forever
deprived of the dearest object of her
affections.—[N. O. D.]

An old lady taking a letter to
friend and requesting her to read it
said, "I can't read a jining hand."
The neighbor read a few lines and
then stopped a moment, as the writ-
ing was somewhat illegible.
"Ah!" said the lady, "it must be
from my son Tom—he always scrib-
bled."

SPEECH OF

MR. S. A. DODD,

ON THE ADMISSION OF OREGON.

At Washington, on Saturday night
last the citizens of Oregon now in the
city, celebrated the admission of their
state into the Union, with a display of
distinguished members of Congress for
their exertions in bringing this result
about, by a grand serenade. Among
others they paid their respects to Sen-
ator Douglas, who was called on
and made the following speech, which
was received with the wildest enthu-
siasm by the large crowd in attendance.
Mr. Douglas said:

Gentlemen, most heartily do I join
with you in your congratulations on
the occasion which has brought you
here to-night. Another State has been
admitted into this glorious confeder-
acy.—I confess that it is grateful to my
feelings to be thus remembered, altho'
I have ceased to be connected with
the Territorial Committee of Con-
gress, in the celebration of the admis-
sion of Oregon into the Union.

For many years I took a peculiar in-
terest in the territory of Oregon. She
is a bright exemplification of the great
principle of popular sovereignty. Sit-
tled at a time when the laws of the
United States had not extended over her,
the hardy pioneers of progress, seated
in the valley of Willamette, and
other smaller valleys, assemble togeth-
er, and formed for themselves a gov-
ernment as perfect and complete as
any ever framed for other territories.
For years they governed themselves
well, created their legislative, their judi-
cial, and their executive departments,
and administered the government in
all its branches with fidelity and en-
ergy, enacting such laws as were well
adapted to the wants of the people, and
executing them faithfully and promptly.
Oregon thus showed herself cap-
able of self-government before she
had the protection of the United States.

In 1848 I had the honor of reporting
the bill organizing the Territory of Or-
egon, and, after ten years of her terri-
torial period, I have seen her admitted
into the Union as one of the States. In
Oregon all has been peace and quiet.
There has been no rebellion, no ris-
ing, and no necessity for the employ-
ment of the military to force her peo-
ple to obey the laws of the land.
[True, and applause.] Oregon, there-
fore, stands forth with a proud histori-
y. Well has she earned the honor
which she has now achieved, of being
the equal in the confederacy of other
States. I shall receive her Senators
upon the floor of Congress with heart-
felt welcome when they present them-
selves during the coming week, and
shall raise my voice in congratulations
as sincere as theirs on this glorious
consummation.

I am glad to see the States num-
ber on the Pacific coast. I wish to see
an grand a power on the Pacific as we
have on the Atlantic, and both held to-
gether and bound together by the great
Mississippi valley. This continent
must become one ocean-bound repub-
lic. [Good good, and cheers] and the
principle of self-government and of
State rights shall be fairly carried out
in the future, our confederacy will ex-
tend over the whole continent and ad-
jacent islands. All we have to do is to
preserve clearly and distinctly those
principles on which our government
was founded, maintaining self-govern-
ment in the territories, preserving the
constitution inviolate, and allowing every
State to form and regulate its do-
mestic institutions to suit itself, with-
out interference from any power on
earth. [Cheers.]

We must repudiate and reject that
fatal heresy, lately proclaimed, that the
government cannot endure as our fathers
made it, divided into free and slave
States. Let the principles of popular
sovereignty, State rights, and the fed-
eral constitution be carried out in good
faith, and this confederacy will extend
over the whole continent, and endure
forever, each State having just such
institutions and local regulations as it
desires, even if no two of them are pre-
cisely alike. Oregon is another exam-
plification of this principle. The ad-
mission of a few States under circum-
stances so suspicious, and with a history
of just our citizens are so proud
of a just object of congratulation, and
I renew my thanks to you for some-
thing on this interesting occasion, by
giving me the privilege of mingling my
recognition with yours. [Nice cheer
for Douglas.]

A Fact Learned.

In answer to our question in last
number, whether any of our readers
had learned a single important new
fact by personal experiment, O. M.
Culver, of Cedar county, Iowa, writes
that by experience and observation
he has learned that "those farmers who
have turned their attention to raising
stock mostly last year and the two pre-
vious years have succeeded much bet-
ter than those who have depended up-
on raising grain."

We have a word of caution to give
right here. It is true the past few years
raising wheat has been very unprofit-
able, and induced extended culture.
The last season corn has been a more
profitable crop, and the above name-
correspondent says, there will not be
as much wheat sown as former years,
"but the corn planted will out-
strip the natives." So from all parts
of this State we hear tidings that indi-
cate a large breadth of land will be
planted in corn the coming spring.

We also hear that the profit of making
pork and beef is going to induce in-
creased attention to stock raising.
Now we submit it is not wise to rush
headlong into corn culture, neglecting
other branches of husbandry; and, to
a certain extent, equally rash to buy
up all the stock that can be obtained
because beef is high. We have few-
er fears, however, of material loss from
increased attention to stock raising.
It involves the culture of grains, grasses
and roots, and furnishes the stimu-
lants as well as stimulants for their cul-
ture. An old shrewd farmer, friend of
ours gave us a lesson, when we were a
boy, we shall never forget; sheep were
low and plenty, and wool was unmar-
ketable at any price. Farmers who
owned large flocks were selling off or
slaughtering, with a view to go into
cattle raising and dairying, which had
been profitable for a series of years.

Our farmer friend, who had been large-
ly engaged in the dairy business, sold
his cows at high figures together with
his dairy apparatus, and commenced
purchasing sheep and wool—all of the
latter that he could find, and as many
sheep as he could well keep on his
farm. Meeting him one day, he inquired
after sheep and wool—if we knew
where he could buy any. We gave
him such information as we possessed
and then asked, "But Mr. —
what are you buying sheep for?—and
wool? Both are low, and every-
body is going out of the business."

"Aye, Charlie, that is the very reason
you and I should go into the busi-
ness,—the very reason. Don't you see
I have more than the market price for
my cows, &c., more than they will
really be worth to any man, because
every body is going to dairying, and
the price of dairy products will com-
mend. I buy sheep and wool very cheap
hold the wool until it rises, as it cer-
tainly will, for every body is going out
of wool growing, and the advance will
pay a big interest on the money invest-
ed. My sheep will increase, and give
me a margin for the market, which will
be high, because every body is not go-
ing to dairying. Don't you see
it is just the time for you and me to go
into the sheep and wool business, and
when every body goes into dairying,
will be the time for us to go out. He
sold the truth too, and the result pro-
ved his shrewdness. He got rich by
just such a policy. The lesson to be
learned from the foregoing is appar-
ent.—[Cheers.]

An old sailor, at the theater, saw
that his neighbor that dancing girl
wore their dresses at half past ten.
—Is it muddy? Umph-hu.

SILENT INFLUENCES.

A BASKET of apples stands in one
corner of the room. They have been
there a week. On opening the door
an odor as delicious as it was tantaliz-
ing greeted us, and we wanted to
devour at once the whole basketful.
But on sober second thought we saw
our incapacity for such a feat, the re-
sults of the mad impulse, and the re-
sults which would follow. So the
basket of apples is untouched, and
continues to send out to our nostrils
the same delicious effluvia, now
gratefully enjoyed.

On the top is a large handsome
Baldwin, having a stout, knotted
stem with a half dozen dry leaves
clinging to it and contrasting prettily
with the apple's red yellow coat.
Fair and round; it is a fine apple.
It pleases the eye as much as it will
by and by, please some palate.

There they are, those apples, they
do nothing. But their mere exist-
ence makes all things around them
delightful. Every body who comes
near feels the influence and en-
joys it. They bless, positively, the
sight and smell. Through these sen-
sations, they affect pleasantly the mind
and the body, though they are silent,
motionless, tumbled into a basket in
a corner of the room.

So the good exhale an influence.
They may be silent, but their power,
though intangible, is pervading, and
it cannot be suppressed. It will dis-
fuse itself, comforting, enlightening,
reproving, through time and eternity.
Quiet, good souls! live on in your
life of exhalant, diffusive beauty, no
think yourselves purposeless. Reck-
on, not yourselves ciphers in social
life, in civil affairs, or in the might
resources of the world. You are the
pillars of stability, on which the
rest. A loveliness, irresistibly charm-
ing, surrounds the pure and good
on approaching them, we feel as if
entering a higher sphere; the tumult
of dissipation subsides, dissatisfaction
is forgotten, peace fills the heart—
we are elevated and purified. The
positive power of righteousness perva-
des the air around; so that it were
hyperbole to say, ten righteous men
could save a city of vice. You will
not ask how they can save it, if you
will come from those foul streets into
this room and inhale the aroma of
these apples.

As mere objects have such effect,
how great must be the effect of liv-
ing, acting, spiritual beings, animat-
ed by earnest feelings, affected by
strong motives to specific purposes.
Nothing is small, nothing is insignif-
icant. But necessarily, though in-
noticed, the moral and the spiritual
are constantly modifying and form-
ing mind and body, business and en-
joyment. The basket of apples is
hint. The physical is a type, the fig-
ures projected by which are realized
in the moral phenomena of society.
The types are recognized by the un-
perceived senses, the conditions they
symbolize are wrought out by the in-
evitable action of eternal principle
moving the heart and the hand.

Leave silent influences at their
posts. Their station is an important
one. Like the basket of apples, they
affect all around them. —[The
Baldwin as a fine apple.]
—Young Peapod fell in love yes-
terday. "Sure he fell like a tree
and a half of new people thought
ing down a rainbow, pressed with
butter at forty-two cents a pound.

From Prairie Farmer.

WE are to have an early spring,
that is, if the storm continues about it;
at any rate, whether or no, time will
soon be here to set about in real earnest
the work of the garden. It is
here; the work has already begun,
the spade is brightening, the hotbeds
at work, and other fore-runners of hu-
manity. Could we induce a few more
to do a little gardening, the coming
season, or is it no use talking? won't
they be convinced of the profit and
pleasure combined in having a well-
kept garden? Must the field work
of the farmer still come close up to his
dwelling? must the pigs still wallow
and the fowls still cultivate what lit-
tle garden there is? If so, there is
no hope for that homestead. Now is
the time to begin, and first of all, with
one of these, any farmer may raise en-
ough and to spare of cabbage, cauliflow-
er (one of the finest of vegeta-
bles,) tomatoes, egg-plant, peppers
and lettuce for his own family. One
or two lights, say six feet square, is a
very useful size for the purpose of a
farmer, or those who raise only for a
moderate family. Only see how lit-
tle he has had to buy. Generally he
has had a garden enough, which may be
used to make the box, which may be
eighteen inches at the back, by six
twelve inches at the front, making the
sides to slope to correspond. It is
Let him select a dry sheltered spot
of ground, facing south or south-east
and set the frame on the ground, dig
out one foot of soil and place on the
outside of the box to keep in the heat.
Select good manure, slightly ferment-
ed, and fill up this frame.
Let it stand a day or two, and when
the heat is well up, tread it down as
firmly as possible; it may then have
more manure put in, so that when
pressed down close it leaves nine in-
ches of space, put in six inches of
good soil, but down again for a day
or two; then rake and press the soil
and sow with seed. After manage-
ment consists of giving air when sun-
ny, or the heat rising too rapidly; wa-
tering when necessary; turning out
the plants if sown too thick, and as the
plants gain strength towards planting
time, from 1st to 15th of May, grad-
ually inuring the plants to a full ex-
posure, the lights being kept off. A
other thing, too, just at this time,
can be done. It is to open the water
course, so that when the drainage
comes in they flow off, after the seed
is sown in the garden it may pass off
without doing us much damage.
Reckoning in dollars and cents, there
is no part of a farmer's domain will
pay so high a percentage as will his
garden, if properly managed. It is
not to afford more luxuries, but what
should be in every well supplied
household, necessities of life.

Mrs. Jenkins complained in the
evening that her dinner had had
eaten. "No, I can't see it," said
"Principally," said Jenkins, "it was
not a hot turkey." "I was wrong,"
he got a glass of water in his face.
"I was wrong," said Jenkins, "it was
not a hot turkey." "I was wrong,"
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Express

WAGNER BROTHERS
 EDITORS & PUBLISHERS
 SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS
 Friday, March 18, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1860,
Hon. S. A. Douglas
 TO OUR READERS:
 We Club, only, with such publications as we can recommend.
 The Express and Godey's Lady's Book can be had for \$3.25.
 We will furnish the Express, and the ATLANTIC MONTHLY, for \$3. per year. The Express, and the PRAIRIE FARMER, for \$2.25 per annum. The Express, and the NORTH-WESTERN PRAIRIE FARMER, for \$2 a year.
 Call at our office and see specimens.
ROUNDS & LANGDON
 ARE OUR ONLY
 AUTHORIZED AGENTS,
 TO RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS, ADVERTISING, &c. &c.
 In Chicago, Ill.

Religious.
 Rev. Joel Knight will preach on the first and third Sabbath in each month, at the Presbyterian Church, at 11 o'clock A. M.
 Rev. Wm. H. McVey will preach at the above place next Sabbath, (the 18th inst.) at 3 o'clock P. M., and subsequently every two weeks.
 Preaching every Sunday, at 11 o'clock, at the Christian church.

Quarterly Meeting.
 Our Methodist friends commence a Quarterly Meeting on Saturday—tomorrow—at the Presbyterian Church, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Chinese Molasses.
 We have been trying for the last three months to ascertain the number of gallons of Chinese molasses made in this county last year, with but partial success, for there are quite a number of farmers in the county who have made molasses, but have neglected to report to us the number of gallons. We suppose from the best information we have, that about one-half the crop—not more—has been reported, which totals up the very clever quantity of 1147 gallons.
 We have no doubt there was quite enough raised in this county last year, to have made three or four thousand gallons, but owing to the exceeding wetness of the fall, and the difficulty of obtaining mills in this season, a great deal of it spoiled.

Circuit Court.
 Circuit Court comes on next Monday, and we hope to see quite a number of our delinquent subscribers, as well as others indebted to this office, "down on that day." Don't fail to call in and settle that little amount you owe the printers. If you have no money, we will content ourselves, for a while, with your notes. Now, the business of this office is bound to be settled up immediately, and the sooner you respond to this call, the better it will be for all concerned.

We have no apology to offer our readers for not issuing any paper last week, further than to refer them to a notice of the death of a sorrower, which may be seen in another column. The type setters—two brothers and a sister—were almost constantly at his bedside. We trust such an apology is sufficient.

Early Times Ahead.
 Within the last few days the grass has started to grow beautifully, and farmers generally are rejoicing in the hope of an early spring. They say that sheep can almost subsist on the young grass already, and will need very little if any other feed this spring. The early coming of grass will relieve many of our farmers. We have some hope now that "hard times" are about over in these parts. Everything begins to look up.

Speaking of the next President, the New York Sun, an independent paper, after a long and able opinion, denate Douglass, in connection with the mandate for that office as follows:
 Judging by present popular feeling in the northern States, there is but one man that the Democracy can certainly and triumphantly elect; and that is Douglas, of Illinois. The politicians may make as many arrangements and combinations as they please, but the people are as thoroughly for Douglas now as they were for old "Rough and Ready" in 1848.

Taylor's first victories in the Mexican war made an impression upon the popular mind, which all the brilliant events of Scott's campaign could not efface, though old Zachary was doomed, in the later stages of the war, to comparative inactivity.
 It is so with Douglas. His fearless independence, at an important crisis in the nation's history, saved the country from the civil war, and by his bold and untiring zeal, he arrested the progress of sectional agitators and secured a triumph in Illinois which the whole country hailed as a new guarantee of the perpetuity of the Union. The fact is fixed in the people's mind. The principle upon which Douglas fought his battles is so simple, that everybody understands it. His Palo Alto in Washington, and his Buena Vista in Illinois are the pride of those who admire courage and idolize success. He may be taboed by the politicians, but having become a popular favorite, he cannot be killed off by political intrigue.

Horrible Massacre of a Missionary Family.
 The Rev. Mr. Chfman, a Methodist Missionary who has been preaching to the Indians of Oregon since 1838, was murdered with his family not long since, under singular and appalling circumstances. The Smallpox having broken out among the savages, while the missionary's family were not attacked, the former thought that the pestilence had been introduced by the whites with the intention of exterminating the red race. Acting upon this horrible suspicion, their next step was revenge. A bold chief was selected for the deed, who stole into the chamber of the sleeping family, and buried his tomahawk in the brain of the missionary and of his wife, and then other Indians rushed in, and helpless children, male and female employees are butchered, the house razed to the ground, fences destroyed and every vestige of a once happy home disappeared. The facts of the case have been laid before the Senate in a communication from the War Department.

Jim Moody Again.
 We have on our table the first and second Nos. of the Lexington Weekly Globe, published at Lexington Ill., by J. D. MOODY, formerly of about a half dozen other papers. The Globe presents a neat typographical appearance, as is generally the case with Jim's papers. We wish him success in this new field, and hope it may prove a rich one.

That Book.
 Just look at it! Don't it look like there was something solid and firm in it? Well, there is. That is the Atlantic Monthly for March, one of the best monthlies ever published, and is worth double the price of subscription, to any lover of substantial reading. You can get it alone for \$3, or it and the Express for \$3.25.

Another Book.
 Here's Godey's Lady's Book, for April; and it does heat all, how Godey makes every succeeding number worth more than the one before it. Every lady should have it. Only \$3 a year. Clubs of three \$9 each.
 We are under obligations to Hon. S. S. MARSHALL, for important public documents.
 It is generally understood that the prospect for peaches in this part of the country is rather slim. It is supposed there will be an abundance of apples.
 Congress has adjourned, and left undone a vast amount of important business. It is thought that the President will call extra session, soon.

Schemes of Italian Empire.
 The Italian question vexed as it is, susceptible of a very simple explanation. Northern Italy, which has been divided into two parts—that which was subject to the Empire, and which was independent, and that which was independent. Both sections have had variable limits. Piedmont, or rather Savoy, has always been free. Milan has always been subject to the "Caesars," Venice, Padua, Verona, and Genoa have oscillated between freedom and subjection for centuries.

When the French republicans of the last century foolishly undertook to propagate democracy in Italy, they were attracted to it, firstly, by the aspirations of the best Italians for freedom; next, by the hereditary tendencies of the French toward Italian empire; and, lastly, by the predominance of France's natural foe—Austria—in Northern Italy. Hence the glorious campaigns of Bonaparte; and the conquest of Sardinia, the expulsion of the Austrians, the humiliation of Rome, and the establishment of the Murats at Naples. The intelligent reader need not be reminded that of all the results achieved by the genius of Bonaparte not a trace now remains. Piedmont is free; Milan is Austrian; the legations are garrisoned by Austrians; the Pope is independent; Naples is ruled by Bourbons.

Since 1815, when the map of Italy was arranged according to its present limits, there have been several movements tending toward an Italian unification. In the most famous of these, Louis Napoleon's brother lost his life, and the present Emperor of France barely escaped whole. He was indebted to the courage and sagacity of his mother for his rescue from an Austrian dungeon, which would probably have held him for life. Since that memorable movement, the Italian struggle of 1848 has been the only insurrection worthy of historical note. That affair might have been fatal to the despots but for the folly of the republican leaders. Initiated by the Pope himself, it was ardently embraced by the best Italians throughout Italy. At Naples the Bourbon obtained a respite by promising a constitution, which, of course, he never granted. At Rome, a republic was declared; and the Pope, who, poor man, soon found that he could not ride the storm he had aroused, was prematurely despoiled of his temporal authority. In the legations, at Lucca, and in Tuscany, concessions were made to pacify the public, and, as usual, the people were cheated. Piedmont took the lead in the north. The King, Charles Albert, aspired to be King of Italy; and for a time he fought the battle of liberty with as much skill as enthusiasm. Venice rose; the pure patriotism of Marin reminded the spectator of the noblest episodes in Sismondi's Italian Republics. But brilliant and sweeping as the movement was, it was evanescent as the flicker of a dying lamp. The Piedmontese were overthrown as soon as the Austrians recovered from the shock of the first onslaught. The people of Naples, Tuscany, and the legations, were securely handcuffed at the first symptom of reaction. Venice was quietly smothered. A French legion enabled the Pope, to assert his sway over the senseless inebriates and maniacs who fancied they were establishing a Roman republic. And so things fell back into their former state.

Eleven years have elapsed since then. The generation which fought in 1848 are now *hors d'action*, as the French say. The young men whom Piccolomini and Ristori have aroused know nothing of the cost of revolutionary movements, and are eager to meet "the tyrant" at the cannon's mouth. Naples, Rome, Milan, Venice, and Genoa teem with possible revolutionists.

The present King of Sardinia and his Prime Minister, Count Cavour, are men of inordinate ambition. The King's desire is evidently to be crowned King of Italy. To achieve this end he only needs to expel the Austrians from Northern Italy; for, if France were willing, Tuscany, Rome and Naples would obviously be well pleased to transfer their allegiance to Victor Emmanuel. To secure the silent, if not the active, sympathy of France has, therefore, been the first aim of the Sardinian Court. This object has been attained. We know nothing of the details of the bargain as yet. But it can easily be imagined that the Prince Napoleon does not marry the Princess Clotilde "pour ses beaux yeux"—she is a child of sixteen years, not very good-looking, and not in any way remarkable for intelligence or attractions; he is a man of nearly fifty, and enervated by a life of indolence. It must be inferred that high inducements have been held out by the King of Sardinia to the Prince; what those inducements were is a matter of conjecture. It will, however, be borne in mind that Sardinia is under the Salic law, which prevents females succeeding to the throne; that Victor Emmanuel has no son who could succeed him; and that nothing prevents him appointing the husband of his daughter heir to his throne.
 To our mind it seems quite probable that the present development in Italy has been long foreseen and deliberately studied by the Emperor of the French. The military occupation of

Italy by the French enables him to dispose at his will of that important section of Italy. By granting aid to Victor Emmanuel, in the shape of troops and munitions of war, he can naturally put him in the way of expelling the Austrians from Northern Italy. As to Naples, that will follow as a matter of course, and with the hearty consent of all civilized nations. And if Victor Emmanuel has agreed to adopt Prince Napoleon as his son and heir, it is almost certain that the establishment of the Kingdom of Italy is not far distant, and that many who read these lines will live to see the cousin of the Emperor of the French ruling undisturbedly over a kingdom equal in population to England, and surpassing any other portion of the world in natural resources.—Harper's Weekly.

Story of the Girl who was Burned to Death in Cincinnati.

HER SECOND BURIAL.
 We never read a story more sad than that of Josephine Ellison. A few months ago she was a beautiful, lovely girl, the pet of an honorable family in a Missouri village. A wretch seduced her, and persuaded her to clope with him to Cincinnati, where he soon deserted her. After vainly seeking other modes of life, she entered a house of sin. But her soul revolted at the Memphis darkness of such a life. She was too disconsolate to please her visitors, too cheerless to make friends with her heartless companions. At length, last week, she unburthened her heart to one of the inmates of the house, who sympathized with her. By her advice she resolve to return to her deserted home, bow for repentance before her outraged parents, and atone by a life of merit for months of shame. An omnibus driver was directed to call for her, and her trunk left at the office. That night the house took fire from a heater in the cellar. All the inmates escaped but one. In the morning took from the ruins the charred body of Josephine Ellison. Just as she was being borne away, an omnibus was driven up, with her neatly lettered trunk on board—but the passenger had taken another journey. Josephine was buried in the city lot. An itinerant minister performed the services. Four professed followers of that Jesus who said to the weeping Magdalen, "Woman, thy sins are forgiven thee," were asked to do it, but refused. They felt, "I am holier than thou."

The night after the burial the police caught three men coming from the grave-yard, carrying a heavy bag and pursued them. They dropped the bag and run. On being taken to the Mayor, it was found to contain the blackened remains of the lost parish; to whom even death repose was denied. The resurrectionists were arrested.

Several of the frail sisters of the unfortunate girl, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, to bury the poor girl a second time, the Rev. G. E. Flanders of the First Universalist church, in a true Christian spirit offered to preach the funeral service, which took place at that edifice, on Plum street. Although no public notice had been given of the event, the church was nearly full before the appointed time and when the hour arrived it was difficult to obtain a seat. The company as may be supposed was miscellaneous and singular in its character—composed of true Christian men and women, idlers, gamblers, courtesans, gentlemen, prodigals and philanthropists, all deeply impressed with the occasion. To judge of the cortege by a hurried glance, a stranger might have thought it a fashionable wedding, perhaps, as he perceived carriage after carriage drive up and deliver their elegantly dressed inmates in front of the edifice. Observation, however, discovered by the sad faces and sorrowing eyes that it was no occasion of joy.
 The Rev. Mr. Flanders' sermon was eloquent and touching, from its simple truthfulness, and sank into every heart. God, he said, was all love; that he had destined every human creature for Heaven, and none had reason to despair. He alluded to the antecedents of the poor girl, and to the miserable life she must have led since her false had brought innumerable afflictions to her soul. As he spoke, many pious wept, and we saw strong men bend their heads to hide the starting tears, while the poor women, to whom his words were alive with truth, sobbed like children. We have rarely witnessed a more impressive scene. All appeared to be held in sympathy, and the erring daughters of shame to be recreated for the time; and to have repented of their sins. Their hearts were purified, doubled in that hour, and the tablets of their souls washed clean with atoning grief. Also if some good angel could have held them in this mood, and spoken in a voice not to be disobeyed: "Go back no more!" Those women, doomed

to a life of misery and reckless safety, were a spectacle of study, as their ears rang through their delicately gloved and richly jeweled fingers, and their hearts heaved with the first and sacred emotion they had known for months, perhaps for years. Some of them were all at once, and their cheeks blushed with rouge, and some looked sin steeped and hardened, but the most of them were plainly attired and their features bore the expression that sorrow ever yields. A number were young and very handsome, and he who had been ignorant of their profession would not have dreamed of their frailty.—The coffin, of solid rosewood with silver mountings, was exposed near the altar, and the undertaker removed the lid; that those wished might gaze upon the dead. Many of the vulgarly curious rushed forward, but the lozettes moved not. They only wept the more, and in a few moments followed the corpse silently and with new gasping tears. The coffin was placed in a splendid hearse, and as the inanimate clay of another Marie du Pleasis moved forward to its second tomb the crowd stared for a minute and separated. The sexton closed the doors of the church. The sun looked down brightly upon the cortege, and even upon the coffin of the poor girl—betrayed, burned, dead, buried and exhumed—and the funeral of the poor lozette was over.

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Amendment to the School Law.
 The amendments of the School law, which were passed in the House are stated to be as follows:

The bill as it passed provides for the distribution of the School fund among the districts, half on schedules and half in proportion to the number of children over five and under twenty-one years of age; the election of three Directors to hold office for three years each after the first election; provides for the formation of Union Schools, and the transfer of pupils from one district to another; the election of Directors is held on the first Monday in September instead of the first Monday in October; provides that no person may vote to levy taxes for any purpose, unless he shall have lived in the district thirty days previous to said election, and be a tax-payer; the Directors may levy taxes without a vote of the people for the purpose of raising money to continue schools for the term of six months, when the public funds are not sufficient, and for fuel, furniture and repairs of school houses, and purchasing the necessary books, etc., but no tax for purchasing grounds or building school houses shall be levied without a vote of the people; and that no person residing on the L. C. R. R. Company's lands may vote on levying a tax unless he shall first list lands for taxation; and no tax to exceed two per centum shall be levied on for any purpose.

DIED.

ON THE MORNING OF THE 9TH INST. ISAAC V. WAGGONER, IN THE THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR OF HIS AGE.

The deceased was one of the proprietors of this paper, and for several years has held the office of Treasurer and Assessor in this county. His character as an officer, and as a private citizen, has always been upright and honorable. He leaves a wife and nine children, a mother and several other brothers and sisters, besides a large number of other relatives and friends, to mourn his early death.

Death of Postmaster General Brown.
 WASHINGTON, March 8.

The Postmaster General died this morning at half past nine. A quarter of an hour previous he was conscious, and took leave of his family. Last night the President had a final interview and was afflicted to tears.
 During his occasional delirium, the Postmaster General called for the bill, evidently alluding to the defeated one having reference to his department. His death occasioned the utmost sorrow among all classes of the community.—[Telegraphic dispatch.]

St. Louis, March 15.

The loss of the *Neosho* and *Albuquerque* mail is confirmed by the arrival here of Mr. Hall, conductor, who makes affidavit to the effect that when about a day's march behind Lieut. Deale's party they were attacked by forty Comanches, badly wounded and taken prisoners. The mail was destroyed. Hall escaped from the Indians in February, and after enduring severe hardships, he reached the settlements in safety.

The other side of this paper is dated "March 11th" and should read "March 10th."
 See advertisement of Wood's Hair Restorative, in another column. It is the only article of the kind that will do what it says it will.

Washington, March 14.
 The administration have been informed that the commanders of the American, English and French war vessels before Vera Cruz, would act in concert to protect the lives of foreigners should it become necessary under the attack of Miramon.
 Mr. Buchanan declared to a senator last evening that he had determined to call an extra session of Congress, and would issue his proclamation within ten days. The time will be determined upon on Tuesday in the cabinet, but it will not be earlier than the 1st of August.
 The War department has received advices from Col. Johnson at Salt Lake. He represents the army as healthy, and the Mormons as very civil.
 Letters have also been received from Gen. Canby. The report that the Mormons would not submit to the civil authorities is untrue.
 Gen. Shields has been ill some days past.
 The Navy department will soon order the fitting out of vessels to relieve others at foreign stations.

Governor Wise on Religion.

The following beautiful passages are from a private letter from Gov. Wise, and were first published in the *Columbus (Ga.) Times*.
 There is a strange sympathy mingling in human affairs between strangers to each other's persons. Your letter reads to me as from an old time friend, with whom I have long been familiar and more than confidential. Has the chastening of suffering done it? All what a power there is in suffering! How bright, how beautiful, how solacing the divine idea that there couldn't be atonement without suffering! We can't pray to God without an image before our eyes—mental eyes. We may reject image worship—it is sensual. But still the spirit as well as sense requires, demands an image. What is it? An old man in the clouds? A spirit? What like? flame? Good? vapor? No! no!—Revelation, blessed by God, reveals the image of our God—the only spirit we can worship in spirit and in truth in the form of man crowned with thorns—nailed in the hands and feet and pierced in the side—a sufferer—pain-stricken, bleeding sufferer. Suffering is part of the God! I take it then as a part of the Divinity which sits within me and then I set my nerves to bearing all, and quilliform and electricity can't ease pain, like that worship of suffering. Is this awful madness? Christianity run mad? Is it not rather "what is Gilead?" Did you ever apply suffering as a balm to suffering? It is good—it is good to say "Weary and worn life!" Suffer on, hear on, then, your old disorder, watch at the bedside of your child, and take on every care and labor. Every suffering is a precious gift from Heaven, if you will but recognize the angels—take them in, and treat them as scan them close. Sit down in solemn, sacred communion with them, and you will feel your heart burn within you, and you will raise up and be strong!

How this sweet philosophy burns from every writhing pore! It escapes me often so to sweat out the agony of this mortal strife. The sweetest perfumes that ever went up from earth's garden to Heaven, went up from sweet Gethsemane! Oh! how terrible! Not that agony—it was of the earth, earthy—but that swiftness of Divine Love and Justice in the mingling drops of humanity's tear and perspiration. I bear this humble testimony to the sublimest internal evidence that contradicts sense and selfishness and proves we are immortal and may be divine.
 What has this letter run to? I set down to write politics, full of worldly, and it may be wicked, thought, and here am I, a poor, unprofessing, sick and sore sinner, pouring out some drops of piety. They came and exuded of themselves, touched by your sympathy in suffering—blessed be suffering.

Miscellaneous Enigmas.

I am composed of thirty letters. My 15, 2, 9, 19, 14 is the name of a river in British America. My 3, 3, 5, 13, 10 is a day in the U. S. My 1, 2, 23, 29, 27, 28 is an island in one of the middle States. My 4, 13, 21, 17, 24 is a term applied to small animals. My 30, 7, 23, 10 is a useful compound. My 23, 5, 17, 18, 26, 10 is a town in Connecticut. My 20, 23, 21, 22, 7, 10 is what all like to eat. My 10, 5, 25 is frequently used to show the time of day. My 12, 17, 28, 6 is a nice little fellow. My 11, 20, 4, 2 is a very pretty fellow. My 12, 17, 30 is the right kind of man by his maker. The Sunbury, Pa. Enquirer.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of John W. Perigo, Edward B. Bulkeley and George L. Bekley, and against Preston B. Knight, Joel Knight and John A. Freeland, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Pt. of nw q sec 24 T 13 N R 4 E - 10 acres, pt sw sec 24 T 13 N R 4 E - 20 acres, pt w 1/2 sw sec 13 T 13 N R 5 E - 20 acres, as the property of the said John A. Freeland, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason, s. m. c. by B. B. Haydon dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Thornon F. Rogers, Coleman F. Rogers & John Daws, and against Preston B. Knight, Joel Knight & John A. Freeland, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Ne q sw q sec 1 T 14 N R 5 E - 10 acres, & w 1/2 sw q sec 19 T 13 N R 6 E - 20 acres, as the property of the said John A. Freeland, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason, s. m. c. by B. B. Haydon, dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Enoch Walker, adm'r of James A. Clinton, dec'd, and against James A. Allison and Jacob Black, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: nw q sw q sec 1 T 13 N R 4 E, and sw q sw q sec 36 T 14 N R 4 E, subject to a mortgage in the hands of David Patterson, as the property of the said Jacob Black, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason, s. m. c. by B. B. Haydon, dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Shelby county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Lee H. Keller, Cunningham & Co., and against Ichabod Dodson, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Pt. nw q sw q sec 15 T 13 N R 6 E - 25 acres, as the property of the said Ichabod Dodson, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason, s. m. c. by B. B. Haydon, dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

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Joseph Thomason, s. m. c. by B. B. Haydon, dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Samuel W. Sears, John P. A. Raince & Samuel R. Platt, and against Preston B. Knight, John A. Freeland and Joel Knight, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: N 1/2 sec 24 T 13 N R 4 E, 40 acres, n 1/2 sec 23 T 14 N R 4 E, 80 acres, w 1/2 sec 36 T 14 N R 4 E, 40 acres, w 1/2 sec 34 T 14 N R 5 E, 80 acres, for the taxes and costs assessed and due thereon for the year 1856, and that the time of redemption on the same will expire on the 15th day of July A. D. 1859.

Joseph E. Eden. Feb. 10th '59. -22-3

Tax Sale Notice.

Notice is hereby given that at a sale of lands for State & county taxes, held at the door of the court house in Moultrie county Illinois, on the 13th day of July A. D. 1857, I became the purchaser of the following real estate, to-wit: The s 1/2 sec 25 T 14 N R 4 E, 40 acres, n 1/2 sec 23 T 14 N R 4 E, 80 acres, w 1/2 sec 36 T 14 N R 4 E, 40 acres, w 1/2 sec 34 T 14 N R 5 E, 80 acres, for the taxes and costs assessed and due thereon for the year A. D. 1856; and that the time of redemption on the same will expire on the 15th day of July A. D. 1859.

Joseph E. Eden. March 4th 1859. 24 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution, to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the state of Illinois, in favor of John W. Perigo, Edward B. Bulkeley and George L. Bekley, and against Preston B. Knight, Joel Knight and John A. Freeland, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: E 1/2 sec 31 township 14 N R 4 E, as the property of the said John A. Freeland which I shall offer at public sale at the Court house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859 between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason s. m. c. By B. B. Haydon dep'y March 12th '59. -25-3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the state of Illinois, in favor of Edward T. Sinkler and against James Peniwell & Kendall B. Peniwell I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: 45 acres off of south end of E 1/2 of a w q of sec. 8 town. 14 N R 5 E, as the property of the said James Peniwell which I shall offer at public sale at the Court-house door in Sullivan in said State on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859 between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason, s. m. c. By B. B. Haydon, dep. March 12th '59. -25-3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois in favor of Philo C. Moon, Ezra J. Sterling, Henry F. Clark & Ira Stansberry and against Preston B. Knight, John A. Freeland & Joel Knight, I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: E 1/2 w q sec 12 T 14 N R 5 E, 80 acres, as the property of the said John A. Freeland which I shall offer at public sale at the Court-house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859 between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason, S. M. C. By B. B. HAYDON, dep'y March 12th '59. -25 3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Moses B. Hazettine, William A. McFarland, James C. Richardson & William W. Thompson; and against Preston B. Knight, Joel Knight & John A. Freeland I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: Lot 1 nw q sec 31 T 14 N R 4 E, 77 and thirty-eight one-hundredths acres, as the property of the said John A. Freeland which I shall offer at public sale at the Court-house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason, S. M. C. By B. B. HAYDON, dep'y March 12th '59. -25 3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of Samuel W. Sears, John P. A. Raince & Samuel R. Platt, and against Preston B. Knight, John A. Freeland and Joel Knight, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: N 1/2 sec 24 T 13 N R 4 E, 40 acres, n 1/2 sec 23 T 14 N R 4 E, 80 acres, w 1/2 sec 36 T 14 N R 4 E, 40 acres, w 1/2 sec 34 T 14 N R 5 E, 80 acres, for the taxes and costs assessed and due thereon for the year 1856, and that the time of redemption on the same will expire on the 15th day of July A. D. 1859.

Joseph Thomason s. m. c. by B. B. Haydon dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Andrew Cochran, Adm'r of William Chapman, dec'd, and against William Taylor & John D. Peniwell, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to-wit: W 1/2 sec 24 T 15 N R 5 E, W 1/2 sw q sec 25 T 15 N R 5 E, nw nw sec 15 T 18 N R 5 E, as the property of the said John D. Peniwell, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason s. m. c. by B. B. Haydon dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

500 DRY & GREEN HIDES

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Published every morning, (except Monday) at 110 Dearborn Street Chicago, Ill. SHEAHAN & PRICE, Publishers and Proprietors. Terms: - \$6.00 per annum, in advance. - 12¢ cents per week. THE WEEKLY TIMES. Containing all the reading matter of the Daily, is published every Thursday Morning. Terms: - Single subscribers, per annum, in advance, \$1.50. Clubs of ten or upwards, \$10.00.

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GOLDEN SYRUP, Reboiled Molasses, COFFEE, SUGAR, Tea, Rice, Ground Ginger, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, All Spice Soda &c. &c.: Just received and for Sale as cheap as the CHEAPEST and as good as the BEST. at VADAKIN'S 45-47

SEEDS, SEEDS!

FIELD, GARDEN, AND FLOWER SEEDS! WE are now fully supplied with one of the largest and most complete stocks of Garden, Flower and Field seeds ever offered to the Western public. Our stock has been made up with much care from the best seed gardens of America & Europe. A large share are home-grown seeds, being grown under our own inspection, and which we can recommend as true to name and of the best quality. Among our assortment of seeds may be found over 100 Varieties of Flower seeds; 300 do. of Garden seeds; Hungarian Grass Seed; Chinese Sugar-cane and Imphee seed, &c. &c. From a long acquaintance with the trade we feel confident no one can offer better inducements to those desiring seeds. Those who design to emigrate to Kansas and Pike's Peak would do well to take with them a box of fresh Garden seeds. We also keep constantly on hand a full assortment of IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES suited to the Field, Garden, Orchard & Household. We are fully prepared to supply the trade on the most liberal terms. Full catalogue furnished gratis on application; if by mail inclose a stamp. Address H. B. EMERY & Co., 204 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill. Feb'y 18th 1859 No. 23 3m.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Joseph M. Williamson for the use of McGraw and against Alfred Thayer, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate to-wit: Lot one in Block two in Green & Taylor's Addition to the town of Lovington, as the property of the said Alfred Thayer, which I shall offer at public sale, at the court house door in Sullivan, in said State, on the 26th day of March A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

JOSEPH THOMASON, S. M. C. Feb. 25th 1859. 23 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Shelby county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Love & Kearney and against Lewis C. Dodson & Ichabod Dodson I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: Pt s w q. n w q. sec. 15 town. 13 N R 6 E. 30 acres, as the property of the said Ichabod Dodson which I shall offer at public sale at the Court-house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason S. M. C. By B. B. Haydon, dep'y March 12th '59. -25 3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Shelby county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Lewis C. Dodson, for the use of Lee H. Keller, and against Ichabod Dodson I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: Pt. s w q. n w q. sec 15 town. 13 N R 6 E. 10 acres, as the property of the said Ichabod Dodson which I shall offer at public sale at the Court-house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

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Joseph Thomason S. M. C. By B. B. Haydon dep'y March 12th '59. -25 3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Charles W. Nabb assignee of A. L. Keller, and against Timothy C. Wood, I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: Pt. s w q. n w q. sec 12 T 13 N R 5 east. 5 acres, s e q. sec 15 town. 14 N R 5 E. 40 acres, s e q. sec 19 town. 13 N R 6 E. 30 acres, as the property of the said Timothy C. Wood which I shall offer at public sale at the Court-house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 2d day of April A. D. 1859 between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

Joseph Thomason S. M. C. By B. B. Haydon, dep'y. March 12th 1859. 25 3w

CASH BUYERS

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. We have your goods at VADAKIN'S, where you will find a large and well selected stock of ALL KINDS. We raise our banner high above, and a just CASH SYSTEM cry; "Fair Price," the motto that we love, "Which time sales" don't imply.

ALL KINDS

Of goods for the season, and at greatly REDUCED PRICES. We have just received, direct from Philadelphia and the Eastern cities, a large lot of DRY GOODS which we've purchased for CASH, and will be sold for a small advance on COST FOR CASH.

DRY GOODS

or merchantable Produce. Among our stock will be found a large lot of small figured Prints, the LATEST STYLE, Domestic Ticking Tweeds James, &c. &c. GROCERIES Hardware Hardware Hardware Queensware Queensware Queensware Queensware

WITH a great variety of articles

too tedious to mention, to which the attention of Cash men and Close buyers are invited. H. F. VADAKIN. No. dec. 31 '57

DISSOLUTION!

The Copartnership heretofore existing between J. E. EDEN AND THE CREDIT SYSTEM IS THIS DAY DESOLVED. THIS result was brought about by the failure of the Credit System. That failing, the whole Firm come very near, I regret to say, "going under."

I WILL continue the Goods business at the Old Stand, and "GO IT ALONE" Exclusively for CASH, AND MERCHANTABLE PRODUCE.

SO if you want to buy Goods SURELY YOU CAN BUY THEM AT BROADWAY BUTTER, ON HAND, Wheat, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Feathers, and NO MONEY! NO AND buy Goods Cheaper than they have ever sold in the West. J. E. EDEN Jan. 14th '59. - (no2) - y

Legal Advertisements.

Probate Notice!

John Hightail deceased. The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of John Hightail late of the county of Moultrie and State of Illinois, dec'd, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Moultrie county, at the court house in Sullivan, at the regular term, on the first Monday in May next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend, for the purpose of having them adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 22d day of February A. D. 1859. WILLIAM RIGHELL, Adm'r.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Isaac W. Ehrman & Robert Green and against Alfred Thayer, I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: the w 1/2 lot one n e q sec 3 T. 15 N R 5 E. 40 acres, as the property of the said Alfred Thayer which I shall offer at public sale at the Court house door in Sullivan, in said State on the 26th day of March A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

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By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county in the State of Illinois, in favor of Julius A. Boylan & Co and against Alfred Thayer I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit: The E 1/2 of two n e q sec 3 town. 15 N R 5 east. 40 acres, also part of a e q sec 29 T 15 N R 5 east. 4 acres, as the property of the said Alfred Thayer which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 26th day of March A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

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THE GREAT WONDER

Of the Nineteenth Century. PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. Says the St. Louis (Mo.) Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence sustains its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guarantees of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press; BATH, MAINE, Jan. 20, 1858. Professor O. J. Wood & Co. GENTLEMEN: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite gray, probably one third white; my whiskers were of the same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. My hair is now as black as the day or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife, at the age of fifty-two, has used it with same effect. The above notice I deem due to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use, as by direction, will not have occasion to contradict my statements. I am a citizen of this city, and a resident here for the last fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any one you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am, truly, yours, A. A. GARDNER, WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Professor Wood - Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854. I was induced to make a trial of your preparation, and found it to answer me in every respect. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON. The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Briggs, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church and Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved. WE DIER. Brookfield, Jan. 12, 1858. Professor Wood - Dear Sir: Having made trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say, that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff, and a constant tendency to itching with which I have been troubled from my childhood; and has also restored my hair, which was becoming gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit. Yours truly, J. K. BRIGGS. The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds 3 pints, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, and retails more in proportion than the medium. O. J. WOOD & CO. Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York (in this city, at the Rail-Road Establishment, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. Apply to Dr. KELLER, SULLIVAN, [23, 24

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In **Apparatus** for the hot wind, and the south the cool; the westerly the most healthy; and the easterly the most unhealthy; and the most the most salubrious; it is summer with the coldest winds when it is winter at home; the barometer is considered to rise before bad weather, and to fall before good; the swan and black and the eagle white; the male lays eggs and has a duck's bill; the kangaroo (an animal between the deer and the squirrel) has five claws on its fore paws, three talons on his hind legs, like a bird, and yet it hops on its tail; There is a bird (melphaga) which has a broom in its mouth instead of a tongue; a fish, one half belonging to the genus rana, and the other that of squamulae. The god is found in the rivers and the perch in the sea; the valleys are cold and the mountain-tops warm; the nettle is a lofty tree, and the poplar a dwarfish shrub; the pearls are of wood, with the stalks at the broad end; the cherry grows with the stone outside; the fields are fenced with mahogany; the humblest house is fitted up with cedar, and the myrtle plants are burnt for fuel; the trees are without fruit, the flowers without scent, and the birds without song. Such is the land of Australia.

You ought to get Married.

For why? 'Cause the nights are getting cold, and you are growing old; and long keeping we are told, spoils things manifold.

Unless 'tis religion and whiskey! You'd have something to cheer you—a loving wife near you; the ghosts would fear you, and small fox endear you—

Provided you get them close by!

You ought to **GET MARRIED.** For why?

Single life has no bliss—and if wedded you find right or left, hit or miss, your wife and her sister, and may be her cousin so shy.

You ought to get married—for why? Married men all grow fat—they know what's what when they wear a good hat, and eschew strong drink at that. So get married by all means I say.

Look at it again mister Ex, you've looked without your specks; for your wife you would vex, by kissing three of her sex. Your wife, her sister, her cousin—what, kiss a fourth of a dozen! don't that would make her mad, and she'd be back to her dad, and then you'd feel bad—so you would. So one's enough at a time I say!

A love-sick swain, in describing a kiss, says it is a draught which passes through the system like a bucket of water through a basket of eggs. Wonderful!

A lover had been offered a kiss if he would prove his assertion that locomotives are accustomed to chew tobacco, as well as to smoke out of their pipes:

"Observe the sound
As the crank comes round,"
He archly said:
"Is's choo—choo—choo,
To go ahead,
And choo—choo—chew
To back'er."

A slightly 'intoxicated' gentleman got on the cars of O. & M. R.R. a few days ago to go—somewhere.

The conductor coming around, gentleman hands him a dollar bill, not telling him where he wanted to go.

"Where are you going?" asked the conductor.

"To (his) hall, I reckon."

"Well," (handing him sixty cents in change) "you get off at Sandoval, then!"

WHAT I HAVE NEVER KNOWN.—I have never known a poor man to obtain a premium at a fair, where there was a rich man to compete with him.

I have never known a naturally dishonest man to become morally honest by becoming a church member.

I have never known a poor man to be respected because he was poor.

I have never known a merchant to continue his conversation with a poor man when a rich man entered his store.

I have never known a white-haired, hazy-eyed old man to be a heavy conversant with a poor man after an election.

A young man just 10 years old eloped with his step-mother from Bloomington, Ill., last week. "He was about his father's business."

To change enemies to friends, treat them with kindness. To change friends to enemies, treat them with liquor.

The cry of "Westward, Ho!" is fast filling our territories with rakes.

Everybody is complaining of a cold, and a head which feels like a bumble-bee's nest.

FAMILY GROCERY AND OYSTER SALOON!

I take this method of informing my old friends and the public generally, that I am still on hand at the old stand, ready to wait on the people. I am constantly receiving all articles usually found in such establishments, consisting partly as follows:

Nuts, candles, raisins, figs, cakes, crackers, cheese, pickles, dried herring, rope, brushes, pencils, pens, blacking, brooms, pepper sauce, oysters, sardines, perfumery, hair oils, note paper, envelopes, lard oil, combs, pocket knives, razors, soaps, violin strings and notions generally.

ALSO GROCERIES, which I propose to sell as cheap as any other house in town; consisting of

Sugar,	Coffee,
Molasses,	Starch,
Spices,	Soda,
Cinnamon,	Pepper,
Ginger,	Ginger,
Soap,	Tobacco,
Fine Cigars,	Mickrel,
And White,	Fish.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods. J. R. McCLURE.

My Eating Room is now well fitted up adjoining the saloon, in a neat and comfortable manner to accommodate customers.

OYSTERS served up in the most delicious way, and at all hours. Call and try a dish. J. R. McCLURE.

Sept 17th 1858. 1 ly.

DRUG STORE!

WEST SIDE PUB. SQUARE SULLIVAN ILL.

HAVING purchased the Drug Store of J. Y. Hitt

WOULD announce to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that I keep constantly on hand, a

LARGE STOCK of the very best

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PURE WINE & LIQUORS, PAINT OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, & a large assortment of

Patent Medicines, IN fact everything usually kept in a Drug Store. I have, also, a lot of

A No. 1 Chewing Tobacco, & Havana Cigars. A. L. KELLAR.

Feb. 4 '59.—20-y

O. ANDRUS, JEWELER.

Just from New York, will establish himself permanently in this place, and asks the patronage of the public. He has confidence that he will please all. Call and try him.—West side, Public square in VADAKIN'S STORE.

O. ANDRUS & Co. N.B.—All work warranted 12 months, at Eastern prices. Jan. 14th '59.—17-600

Samuel A. Hoover.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL JOBBER

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS. MATTOON, ILLINOIS.

Superior inducements offered to country buyers, at low prices for cash or country produce.

A good stock always on hand. Country merchants, wishing to re-credit stocks, without the expense of a trip to St. Louis or elsewhere, will find it to their advantage to call at my establishment before purchasing.

Mr. Saml. Hoover is behind the counter, and will be pleased to see his old friends and fellow citizens of MOULTRIE.

Store on Great Western Avenue in Mr. O. P. Harris' new brick building. Reply to SAM'L A. HOOVER. Feb. 11 1858. 21 3mos.

HIDES! HIDES!

I want all the hides, green or dry that can be brought to me, for which I will pay the best prices in goods or money. A. N. SMYSER. Feb. 18. 1858.

NEW GROCERY, FRESH ARRIVAL OF GOODS, North Side Pub. Square, Sullivan Ill.

W. LEE

Has opened one of the largest stocks of Family Groceries ever offered in Sullivan, consisting in part of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Molasses, Rice, Fish, Salt, Cheese, Crackers, Vinegar, Soap, Beans, Sardines.

CHEWING TOBACCO, Peppor, Spice, Ginger, Nutmeg, Cloves, Cinnamon, Hair Oils, Essences, Perfumery, Nuts, Cracker, Cheese, Pickles, Dried Herring, Rope, Brushes, Pencils, Pens, Blacking, Brooms, Pepper Sauce, Oysters, Sardines, Perfumery, Hair Oils, Note Paper, Envelops, Lard Oil, Combs, Pocket Knives, Razors, Soaps, Violin Strings and notions generally.

FANCY CANDIES, Lead, Shot, Powder, Gun-caps, Cigars, Fine

CHEWING TOBACCO, and everything else usually kept in such an establishment.

HE ALSO keeps constantly on hand a large stock of the very best

WINE & LIQUORS, which he will sell in quantities to suit customers.

W. LEE. Sullivan, Ill., Oct. 8 1858. 3-4

PLOWS.

F. P. Hoke & Bro.

Take pleasure in announcing to the public and everybody else, that they now keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order, the most improved quality of plows, of every description; and at prices to suit the greatest lovers of money. Every one had better buy a plow, and if it don't work well, return it and get your money.

WAGONS.

A splendid lot of the latest, and most approved style, on hands, and made to order.

BLACKSMITHING Of all kinds done up exactly in the right way, and at as reasonable prices as at any other shop. Shop one door east of the Post-office. March 11 '58 27th.

DON'T GO HOME WITHOUT

with more goods for less money, than you can buy anywhere else—city stores not excepted.

WITHOUT detaining you longer, I would say, that the reason I sell so cheap is, because I want to close out my entire stock, and settle up, and get money to buy another stock of

Goods, which I shall sell strictly for cash, or saleable produce, at prices determined to sell no more goods on credit!

OH! PERRYMAN. Sept 24th 1858. 21

SAY WE WANT WOOD on subscription, KEEP YOUR FEET DRY.

Just received and for sale low for cash, is superior lot of

SHOES, call and examine for yourselves as we will charge you nothing for showing goods.

J. E. KERR.

LET 'ER RIP OR GRIND!

New Saw & Corn Grist Mill, Three-quarters of a mile South-east of Sullivan.

I take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Moultrie and adjoining counties, that I have just put in successful operation a number one

SAW MILL, and in connection with it, a first rate Corn sheller and Grist Mill. The

GRIST MILL will be run on Wednesdays and Fridays, and if necessary, a greater part of the week will be given to it, for I am determined that no one, who comes to mill on these days, shall go home without his grinding. The Saw will be run all the time, when the Grist Mill is not in operation.

TERMS, I will saw for one-half the lumber, or for twenty-five cents per hundred where the logs are furnished. I will shell and grind corn for one-sixth.

I have by close attention to business, and living square up to my word, to merit and receive a liberal patronage.—Bring on Your Corn & Logs.

N.B. My corn sheller has not yet been received, but will be on hands in a very few days.

JONATHAN PATTERSON, Sr. December 17th 1858. 13—5m

Fresh Arrival of Groceries

GROCERIES at **A. GEORGE & CO'S.** North Side of Public Square

CONSISTING in part, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Salt, Fish, Rice, Starch, Cakes, Soda, Ginger, Spice, Peppor, and

CHEWING TOBACCO, Smoking tobacco, Vinegar, Soaps, Pickles, white Lead, wash Tubs, wood Buckets, Shot, Lead, Powder and caps.

CANDIES, Matches, fine Cigars, Sardines, Pepper-sauce, Gun-Camper, &c. a good article of black ink, ink-bottle, Pen-cases, Quills, &c. &c. Last of all, but not least, Brandy, Wines, Gin, Rum, Porter and Whiskey, by retail, or by the barrel, to suit customers.

AARON GEORGE & CO. Sullivan Ill., Oct. 1st, 1858. 25

CABINET SHOP.

Peter Smith

Takes pleasure in announcing to his old friends, patrons, and the public generally,

THAT HE STILL continues the CABINET MAKING BUSINESS at the Old Stand,

North East side of the Public Square, Where they are prepared to manufacture

all kinds of Parlor Chamber and Kitchen furniture, on short notice and at very LOW PRICES.

COFFINS!

All sizes and qualities kept constantly on hand, and made to order on application. Coffins made at my shop, will be delivered, and attended to at unerals, free of charge.

Terms, TO SUIT THE TIMES. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for furniture.

They hope by selling furniture at lowest prices and close attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage.

March 24th '58. 2nd 2d. 1v.

LET 'ER RIP OR GRIND!

New Saw & Corn Grist Mill, Three-quarters of a mile South-east of Sullivan.

I take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Moultrie and adjoining counties, that I have just put in successful operation a number one

SAW MILL, and in connection with it, a first rate Corn sheller and Grist Mill. The

GRIST MILL will be run on Wednesdays and Fridays, and if necessary, a greater part of the week will be given to it, for I am determined that no one, who comes to mill on these days, shall go home without his grinding. The Saw will be run all the time, when the Grist Mill is not in operation.

TERMS, I will saw for one-half the lumber, or for twenty-five cents per hundred where the logs are furnished. I will shell and grind corn for one-sixth.

I have by close attention to business, and living square up to my word, to merit and receive a liberal patronage.—Bring on Your Corn & Logs.

N.B. My corn sheller has not yet been received, but will be on hands in a very few days.

JONATHAN PATTERSON, Sr. December 17th 1858. 13—5m

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GRAND Premium Depot.

ZWECK & CO'S SADDLE SHOP!

(East side, Public Square.)

SULLIVAN ILLINOIS.

HAVING associated together in the Saddle, & Harness-making business, they are now ready to fill all orders in their line, in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

We have on hand a good assortment of well selected stock, and articles

READY-MADE!

Plain Harness, Plain Harness, Plain Harness, Fancy Harness, Buggy Harness, Buggy Harness, Lines & bridles, Lines & bridles, Whips & halters, & Martingales, & Martingales, Whips & halters.

BOOTS & SHOES.

of all kinds, constantly on hand, and all that is commonly kept in this line. They hope, by constant attention to business, to deserve and receive a continuance of public patronage.

JOB WORK done with neatness and dispatch. Prices to suit the times, and

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

They will pay the highest market price, in cash or trade, for green and dry HIDES, Sheep Pelts, &c. &c.

By selling your Hides &c. to Zweck & Co. you will keep the money in the country, as they get them turned at home.

Lewis Zweck & Co. Dec. 10th 1858. 19 y.

Douglas or Lincoln

THE PEOPLE

DID DECIDE!

A. N. SMYSER.

Presenting to my numerous customers throughout Moultrie county, my hearty thanks for their liberal and increasing patronage, I will say that in view of the favorable prospects of an enlarged fall and winter trade, I have purchased, and am now receiving, as large and well assorted stock of

FALL & WINTER STAPLE & FANCY GOODS, as has ever, at any time, been offered in this market. My stock comprises all the staple commodities usually kept, to which is added a carefully selected lot of

CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS!

Boots & shoes, hats and caps, in abundance; Fancy Dress goods, of the latest styles, a few elegant Shawls & Cloaks, FOR THE LADIES! Varieties, and Notions, Nails & putty, Brandy and wine, for Medicinal & Sacramental purposes.

I shall continue to sell, as usual, for cash, or on time, to prompt men, at fair prices. Country produce wanted in exchange for goods. The attention of ALL is respectfully invited.

A. N. SMYSER Sullivan Ill. Oct. 1, '58. 2ly.

THE PRAIRIE FARMER.

DEVOTED TO AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, MECHANICS, EDUCATION, HOME INTERESTS, GENERAL NEWS, MARKETS, &c., Published Weekly, in a neat octavo form of sixteen pages, with an Index at the end of each volume (six months.)

TERMS IN ADVANCE.

One copy, per annum,	\$2 00
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Ten " (and one the getter up of the club)	15 00

POSTAGE—Free in Cook county; 34 cents per quarter, in advance of the Office where received, within the State of Illinois; 65 cents per quarter, in advance to any other part of the United States.

EMERY & CO., No. 204 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.

THE SULLIVAN EXPRESS.

IS ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

JOSEPH H. WAGGONER, PUBLISHER. ISAAC V. WAGGONER, EDITOR.

Terms of Subscription.

One year in advance,	\$1.00
Within six months,	2.00
At the end of the year,	2.50

No subscription received for a shorter time than six months; and no paper discontinued until all arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Rates of Advertising.

One square (10 lines) one insertion,	\$1.00
Each subsequent insertion,	.75
One square three months,	2.00
One square six months,	3.00
Half a column six months,	2.00
One column six months,	3.00
Half a column twelve months,	3.50
One column twelve months,	4.00

Business cards less than a square, one year, 1.00

No advertisement considered or charged for by the year, unless a special contract is made to that effect.

Advertisements ordered to be inserted without specifying the number of insertions, will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

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Amending candidates for office, \$1.00 in advance, in all cases.

Advertisements charged: none, long yearly, if desired, \$1.00 per year.

Sunday Herald.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

We offer the following liberal terms to the subscribers of the "Sunday Herald," which will be issued regularly every Sunday morning, in quarto form, and will contain full columns of matter from the regular daily issue:

One copy one year,	\$2.00
One copy six months,	1.00
Five copies one year,	7.00
Five copies six months,	3.50
One year,	1.00

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J. JENNINGS & CO.

GRAIN, FLOUR, SALT, LARD, &c. All goods delivered to our store, will have with prompt attention.

Wholesale, Oct. 1st 1858. 4ly.

A. L. KELLAR, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Sullivan, Illinois.

Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity.—Being well provided with surgical instruments, he is prepared to attend to any operations in a surgical way, and promptly attend to all calls by day or night, requiring the assistance of a native handmaid.—Office on the west side of the public square, two doors north of Knight & Co's store. Feb. 4, '59. 20ly

E. E. WAGGONER, M. D., SURGEON & OCULIST, SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

C. B. STEELE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS. Office, on west side of square.—23ly

George W. Kenney, BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER, (West side Public Square.) SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

Work done on easy terms, and to suit any kind of customers. Therefore, be decent! N. B. No shaving on Sundays after 10. a. m. Dec. 10th 1858. 12 y.

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