

The Sullivan Express.

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTEREST OF MOULTRIE COUNTY.

J. H. WAGGONER, Editor & Proprietor.

VOL. II.

SULLIVAN, ILL., FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1859.

NO. 46.

BUSINESS CARDS.

TAKE NOTICE!!
THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Moultrie and adjoining counties, that he is still in the Marble Business; and prepared to furnish all kinds, shapes, or fashions of MONUMENTS AND SLABS on short notice, and a little cheaper than they can be got from any body else in the West. Remember I am constantly canvassing the country, and will sell you work and bring it to you. Don't be imposed on by others, for I will give you a call soon. Work done at Shelbyville Ill. May '59.-35ly REUBEN ADKINS.

STRATTON & HUBBARD,
WHOLESALE GROCERIES & DRY GOODS,
CARPETS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
STRAW GOODS &c.
Decatur Ill. 5tf.

A. B. LEE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND AGENT FOR THE
Illinois Mutual Fire Insurance Company,
Sullivan Illinois,
Will practice in the courts of Moultrie, Coles, Shelby, and Macon counties. Prompt and diligent attention given to the collection of debts, paying taxes, redeeming lands sold for taxes &c. Office—In the north-west corner of the Court House, where he may be consulted at all times, when not otherwise professionally engaged. December 10th 1858.—12 y.

C. G. BURROUGHS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
School, Miscellaneous and
BLANK BOOKS,
WALL PAPER,
Window Shades, fancy Articles &c.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Cash paid for Rags.
New School Books.

DR. A. BIRCH,
Thankful for former patronage.—Respectfully continues to tender his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity.
He is prepared to practice in all the departments of the profession. Office on the West side of the public square, one door North of P. B. Knight & Co's Store.
Sullivan Sept. 17, 1857. 1 tf.

J. H. FOREMAN,
PLAIN PAINTER
AND PAPER HANGER
SULLIVAN—ILLINOIS;
Work done with neatness and dispatch.
v2no38m3.

B. B. EVERETT,
Physician and Surgeon.
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and surrounding country.
Office one door west of Walker's dwelling, where he may always be found, except when absent on professional business.
11th Nov. 8. 5tf

E. HUNT,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.
Mr. H. would respectfully announce to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that he has opened a Shop in Dr. Hitt & Keller's office, west side public square, where he is prepared to do any kind of work in his line, in a fashionable and workman-like manner.
Sullivan Ill. Oct. 16th 1858 4 tf.

J. R. EDEN, J. MEKKER,
EDEN & MEKKER,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
Having formed a partnership will attend to all professional business entrusted to them. Particular attention will be given to the collection of claims.
Office next door East of Perryman's store, where one of the firm will always be found.
Sullivan Ill. Sept. 17, 1857. 1 tf.

Moultrie Lodge, No. 151,
A. F. & A. M.
Meets regularly at their hall in Sullivan on the Monday evening of each week, commencing each full moon. Transient brothers fraternal welcome. J. W. R. MORGAN W. M. J. B. KNIGHT Sec'y.
Moultrie Lodge, No. 155,
I. O. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday Evening in their Hall, near Walker's Store. Transient Brothers invited to attend.
P. B. KNIGHT, N. G. B. B. HAYDON, Sec'y

SULLIVAN EXPRESS.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.
J. H. WAGGONER, Editor & Proprietor.
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Each subsequent " 50

OUR CHRISTIAN TEACHER.

BY SYLVANUS COBB, JR.

Sweet, pure-hearted Cora Clark! I can see her now as she looked twenty years ago, mild, beautiful and lovely—so good and so true. She did not belong to our church, for the leaders thereof had never asked her, and she shrank from intruding herself. Yet she was regular in her attendance upon public worship, occupying her humble place in a far corner of the house, praying all alone by herself, and often weeping when other eyes were dry. She had no mother, for her mother had died of a broken heart many years before—had died as die those who go down to the grave in sackcloth and ashes—had died beneath the weight of a great wrong. And she had no father—a father's love she had never known—a father's memory she had never cherished. A dark veil was drawn over even the father's name, and she never spoke it, save in her prayers to God, when she asked the Almighty One to have mercy on the man who had killed her mother!

Cora lived with a maiden aunt, in a little cot by the brookside, away from the village, where she performed her daily duties as best she could. It was an humble dwelling—very humble—but the light of her presence made it cheerful—aye, even glorious. Her aged aunt dwelt in the sunlight of her love, as basks the yellow, ripening grain in the warmth of Heaven's bright orb; and all who deigned to rest beneath the lowly roof felt the power of her peace-giving presence.

We had a new minister come to preach for us, and we liked him so well that we settled him. His name Alfred Broome. He had but recently graduated, and was in the opening bloom of his manhood. He was a warm, zealous preacher, possessing a quick, powerful intellect, and had received a thorough education. And, moreover, he was a fair looking youth such as most people called handsome. However, we who cared most for the moral, social and intellectual qualities believed him to be good and true, and we gave him our sympathy and support. Our church increased rapidly in numbers after he came, old and young coming up to the table of the Lord. Mr. and Mrs. Eberleigh, with their daughter Helen, came, and Mrs. Straightly, with her two daughters, Cleopatra and Minerva, came also.

The young minister very soon noticed the mild, modest, fair-faced maiden who sat in the far-off step who watched him so eagerly while he preached, and whose eyes so often overflowed with warm tears when his theme was of love, of blessing, and of Heaven. He noticed her from the pulpit, but so pressing and persistent were the attentions of the more forward and influential ones, that some time had elapsed ere he had an opportunity to speak with her. When he had learned where she lived he resolved to call upon her. He considered it a duty. And he did so. He called, and he spent an hour of rare interest in the company of the pure-minded girl; and from her sweet speech he

gained new strength of faith in the value of true religion. During the next week he called at the humble cot again, and this time he spoke more free, for he had learned somewhat of Cora's deep feeling, and he knew where to find her sympathies. He spoke, and he listened, and when he went away he felt in his heart that he had found a jewel of Christian grace and purity. It needed no language of the tongue to tell him what he had discovered in the lowly cot. A language more powerful than that had whispered to his soul, and the impression took a place even by the side of his very faith. And as the summer waned, and the grain grew yellow in the fields, Alfred Broome wandered often by the brook-side, and rested beneath the shadow of the humble cot. He could not help it—a power mightier than his own will drew him thither—and it was blessed power.

But there were mutterings in the village. These visits of the youthful pastor were known—he had never thought of concealing them—and great was the wonderment thereat. Could it be possible that the parson had thought of loving Cora Clark? It must be so, for such was the only honorable construction they could put upon his visits. It must be so! Mercy! what a state of things was this! Mrs. Straightly was horror-struck. She could not believe it—she would not. She told Cleopatra and Minerva that the thing was too absurd. He could not have gazed upon her two fair daughters, with their rank and station—their refinement and taste—and then gone off and made love to a poor cast away. Poo! ridiculous!—And Cleopatra and Minerva—they, too, said 'twas ridiculous. And Mr. and Mrs. Eberleigh—they would not believe it. If the young minister had really thought of falling in love, could he have passed by their own daughter Helen to seek such an one as Cora Clark? Could he have been blind to their rank, and unmindful of the wealth which they could give with the hand of their child? And many others were equally positive and emphatic in their feelings and observations. In short, it was looked upon as a scandalous affair, and a committee was appointed to confer and advise with their experienced minister upon the subject. And in addition to this committee, the members of which were not backward in the performance of their duties, many of those interested labored on their own account. Mr. and Mrs. Eberleigh, and sister Straightly, with the not-so-old sisters, Cleopatra and Minerva, together with a host more, some of whom were wealthy, and all of whom considered themselves influential—all waited upon him, and labored with him zealously.

Alfred Broome was young, and he had the good of all his people at heart, and we cannot wonder that he was influenced, by all this.

And such was the tone and purport of much that the minister heard from the "leading members," who ruled the church, and to a great extent supported the church, that it could not but have its influence. He feared to break up his society, so he listened to these counsels. He ceased his wanderings by the brook side—ceased his visits to the humble cot. But he was not happy—not so happy as before. He now found that the gentle power of Cora's smile and voice had wrought much upon his heart; and her sweet presence was with him always when he was alone, seeming to chide him for the part he had acted.

Still Cora Clark was punctual in her attendance upon the services of the Sabbath, and those who noticed her particularly when her veil was raised saw that she was pale and sad. She did not watch the minister as had been her wont in former times, but sat oftener with her head bowed, tho' the warm tears welled up as before. Alas! poor Cora was very unhappy. She had never known what it was to love with such a love before. But she did not blame Alfred Broome. O, no;—she had loved him—still loved him as something better and higher than herself—loved him with reverence and awe, and prayed for him continually. She knew her own sad fate of inherited shame, and she knew that he must know it, too.

But Cora was not without sources of joy and blessedness. She had work to do, and she did it, as we shall see. In our town lived a man named Moses Munson. He had passed the age of three-score, and his head was white as snow. He had once been a member in good standing of our church, and was one of the best and kindest of men. His wife died, and in a few short years thereafter he laid his three children by her side. And then he took to drink, and became very low and very miserable; and those of his brethren who had influence in the church turned coldly from him, and he was expelled. And poor Moses sank lower and lower, until finally men said there was no good in him, and no hope for him. His white head was bent low in sin and shame, and his tottering steps were toward the grave.

But when the night was gathering about him, and his last hold upon human sympathy seemed breaking, Cora—sweet Cora Clark—came unto him. She urged him; she blessed him; she loved him; and with her arms about his neck, and her sunny head upon his bosom, she wept for him. Then upon her knees she prayed for him—prayed until he, sobbing like a little child, sank down likewise. She took him to her own house, for she had resolved to save him; nor did she let him go forth until she was fully assured that she could trust him. Then she went with him to the old mill, where he had governed the machinery in years ago, and, upon her earnest entreaties, the owner gave him work—and gave it gladly, too, for in all the country around there was not a better millwright than was Moses Munson. And the employer had no reason to be sorry for the step he had taken, for the old man was true and faithful. And sometimes Cora came to the mill, and saw Moses chain up the great logs for the saw, or pour out the golden grain for the grinding; and when she came, she brought sunshine with her, and left joy and blessing when she had gone.

By and by Moses Munson appeared at church—appeared well clothed, with the stamp of true manhood once more upon his face, and the tone of health and strength in his erect form and confident carriage. At the close of the services some of his old friends gathered about him; and among the rest came the young minister to extend to him a warm greeting. They were overjoyed to see him, and the clergyman said they had reason to bless God for such a result.

"Ah," cried old Moses, with a moistening eye and trembling lip, "God may have been at the bottom of the work, but he sent one of his angels to do it—a pure and blessed angel it was! O, if you pray, pray for sweet Cora Clark! She it was who led me up. She it was who picked me from the mire. O, bless her! And—God—

bless her, too! The old man could say no more, for his heart was full, and he was forced to turn away to wipe the streaming tears from his face. And Alfred Broome—he was forced to turn away, too; for he cared not to expose the face whereon he felt that mighty emotions were being manifested. He went to his home, and shut himself up in his chamber. He pondered upon what he had heard, and upon what he had known, and he prayed that he might have wisdom and strength to guide and support him. And on the following day he wandered by the brook-side again; and once more rested beneath the roof of that lowly cot. He drew sweet Cora, pale and trembling, to his side, and he talked with her a long time—talked with her until the shadows had grown long and merged into the shades of evening; and finally, with both her hands in his, he asked her if she would love him, and live for him, and be his companion always.

She would have told him of the clouds that enshrouded the memory of her birth might grow dark over his own pathway in the future. She commenced to tell him this.

But he stopped her. He would not listen. He had taken counsel of his own soul, and, before his God, in the light of faith and truth, he asked her to be his; and he said that he would love her always—that he could love her the more for the pang she had suffered a lifetime.

What could Cora say? "Take counsel, as I have done, of thine own soul and heart," said the minister. And Cora made answer by resting her fair brow upon his bosom—never trying to release the hand he held—and bursting into tears. During that week Alfred Broome sent a letter to the Committee of his society, in which he tendered his resignation as their pastor; and when they called upon him for the reason of so strange a step, he informed them that he had resolved to make Cora Clark his wife. The wondrous news spread rapidly, and many were the arguments used to persuade the young minister from his chosen course. But he had only one answer for them all: "I have found one pearl of great price, and I will sell all that I have to buy it; and the blessed treasure shall not depart from me." And when it was found that he was not to be moved from his purpose, a meeting of the society was called; and such a meeting for business was never before known in our place, for the matter had been freely discussed, and all were anxious. The question was upon accepting the resignation of the pastor. A very few spoke in favor of it; but by far the most were opposed to it. Many who had been opposed to his marrying the poor girl, now confessed they were governed more by the fear of what others would think than by any particular feeling of their own. When the vote was taken three men arose in the affirmative. And then, when the negative was put, the people started up in a solid mass. Mr. Broome did not leave us. However, Mr. and Mrs. Eberleigh, with their daughter, Helen, did leave; and six good families came in to fill their place. So did Mrs. Straightly, with Cleopatra and Minerva, leave; and in their stead came to our fold a score of true-hearted women, who understood the stand of noble, unselfish devotion which our young pastor had taken. And when the solemn of Thanksgiving came, sweet Cora Clark be-

came the wife of our minister; and from that time forth the Christian graces grew in our church. The poor, low-born, despised girl became our teacher. She taught by example—taught by her daily deeds of love and charity—taught by her kindness and gentleness—taught by her deep, abiding faith in the natural goodness of her fellows. Her husband did not love her alone. Ah, no; she opened up rich mines of love in hearts all about her, and many, many were the people who called her blessed.

To the Benevolent in General and Friends of Deaf Mutes in Particular.
Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, JACKSONVILLE, ILL., Aug. 1, 1859.

You are hereby informed that the ensuing term of this Institution will commence on Wednesday, the 8th of October. It is essential that all expecting to enjoy the advantages of the Institution should be here promptly on that day, as the classes will then be organized and commence the studies of another year. Pupils arriving late must labor under such great disadvantages, that our custom has been to decline receiving them until the opening of another year. You are respectfully requested to take especial notice of the above and govern yourselves accordingly. Pupils whose residence is in Illinois are furnished with books, board, washing, lights and fuel, free of charge. The parents or friends of the pupil are expected to provide the clothing and pay the traveling expenses. In all cases, however, where the parents are unable to furnish these, or the mutes is without parents and unable to furnish them, the legislature has made it the duty of the judge of the county court of the county where the mute resides, to certify the same to the principal of the Institution, who is then authorized by law to clothe them. The proper age for the admission of pupils is ten years. The parent who keeps the mute child out of school after the age of eleven or twelve years, does a great wrong, which he can never repay. The provisions made by the legislature and carried out by board of trustees, for the benefit of the unfortunate mute, are highly creditable to our great and flourishing State, and it is hoped that more, who are entitled to the advantages of the Institution, will not fail to avail themselves of them. All persons knowing the residence of deaf mutes in the State, are requested to write concerning them to the undersigned. Yours, very respectfully, P. G. GUNN, Principal. Illinois papers please copy.

Republican Movement in Kentucky.
During the closing days of the late canvass in Kentucky, an attempt was made by a few Republicans in Cincinnati—using Cassius M. Clay as an instrument—to start what was called a Republican movement in that State. Mr. Clay is a notorious character, and is always ready to engage his services in any cause; if he can be of any advantage to the Abolition Republican party. He went to work in his own county of Campbell, to organize the Republicans. An entire ticket for State officers was made out; and a Republican ran for Congress in the tenth district. It will be remembered that Mr. Clay made a speech just before the election—a speech that delighted all Republicans in general, and the editors of Republican papers in this city, in particular. One of these, after stating the "points" made by the orator, and publishing some of his "eloquent passages," was weak enough to predict that in 1860 the Republicans would have an electoral ticket in Kentucky, and that it would give the Democracy trouble. Now, it happens that figures of the election are more important than any predictions beforehand. From the returns it appears that, for governor, Cassius M. Clay got one vote! This shows what is thought of this great apostle of Republicanism in Kentucky. His candidate for Congress, Mr. Whitman, received twelve votes. We think Kentucky is safe.—Chicago Times.



JOSEPH H. VAGNONER, Editor & Publisher.

SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

Friday, August 19, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1860.

Hon. S. A. Douglas.

TO OUR READERS.

We are authorized to announce the name of Col. J. W. R. Morgan as a candidate for the office of Treasurer and Assessor, at the ensuing November election.

Black Republican Corruption Fund.

We see from the Marshall Illinois Springfield Register, that the Republican State Central Committee, which issues its commands to the brethren throughout the State from the committee rooms at Chicago, have issued a secret circular, calling on all the faithful throughout the State, to contribute of their worldly goods, to the treasury of black Republicanism, which now gapes wide open, in the Garden City, ready to swallow up the coveted treasure.

As we are daily incurring expenses in printing and other matters connected with the approaching campaign, we feel constrained to ask of you the collection and remittance to our Treasurer at Chicago, of an amount assessed to your county.

And then they wind up by saying: "In conclusion we beg of you a prompt attention to the above, making, however, as little stir, and giving the matter as little publicity as may be compatible with the accomplishment of the object designed."

Respectfully Yours, N. B. Judd, Chairman.

S. L. Baker, Treasurer.

Jesse W. Fell, Cor. Secretary.

This circular is published in full, by the Register, and copious extracts are taken therefrom by the Illinoisan, and disclose the fact that the leaders design using money for the purpose of contaminating and corrupting the elective franchise, so that they will line their own pockets at the expense of the honest masses of the party.

There can be no doubt of the authenticity of this precious document. It was furnished the Illinoisan by the gentleman to whom it was forwarded, and the Register received it from a correspondent; and they are both similar in every respect.

We have also been informed that a circular of similar import was sent to

one of the leaders of the party here in this county. We have our information from a gentleman of unimpeachable veracity, who is not, and never was, a member of the Republican party, but who happened to be present when the document was received and opened. It was sent here by W. W. Craddock, esq., of Charleston, the member to the Legislature from this district; and he stated the fact that the amount assessed to this county by the meeting spoken of in the circular, was \$162,00, and, also, that he (Craddock) had pledged himself as surety for the payment of the money. Accompanying the circular sent here was a letter from Mr. Craddock urging the leading Republicans in this county to make arrangements for the payment of the money; and also letting them know that they had a much larger sum, amounting to several hundred dollars, to raise for the same purpose, in Coles county.

Now, we appeal to the honest men of the Republican party, who expect to derive neither office nor money from party machinery, if this does not show a state of facts disgraceful to the leaders of the party in Illinois, and of dangerous import to our republican institutions? When the day comes, that a great party can scatter money in the face of the people, for the purpose of polluting the ballot-box, without driving honest men from its ranks, it will not be long until some other mode will be found to decide questions beside elections by the people.

In order to be effective and respected, the ballot box must be kept pure. The voice of the people, in the choice of agents to make and execute laws, must not be obstructed by fraud!

The Republicans of Montrie county can now see what manner of men they have assisted to elevate to office. Instead of attending to the interests of the people, their Representative has put in his time, with a set of political jugglers, in devising means and raising money to operate on the Presidential election of 1860!

He has pledged them for \$102, as their part of the fund to be used in that campaign, and generously gone their security for that amount. Whether they will let their security suffer or not, we leave for him and them to determine among themselves. It may be that a portion of the people of Montrie county are ready to advance money to the blue-bellied Abolitionists, of Chicago, to aid them in forwarding the political prospects of N. B. Judd, and others of like ilk. We shall see!

Big Show Coming!

Yes, that's so, and no mistake! Davis & Crosby's unrivalled troupe of performers will be here on Monday, the 29th of August! As it has the reputation of being one of the best Circuses now travelling, let everybody be in town that day. Shows are getting to be like angels' visits, therefore don't miss this rare treat. It's much better than to spend your money for whiskey, or for a new deck of cards every day, or tobacco, or many other things we could mention.

Gen. Shields, of Minnesota, was present and made a speech at the Democratic convention in Rice county, in that State, on the 30th of July. After congratulating the Democracy upon the harmony which prevails in their ranks, and upon the prospect of victory, he said:

"I have something good to tell you, but it's a secret—and I don't want the Republicans to know it. I think I'll give it to you if you promise to keep it to yourselves. The people of these United States have made up their minds to make Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, the next President; and what is more, two-thirds of the people of Minnesota will vote for him, and when they do, they will vote for a Green Mountain boy with a heart almost as big as Jackson's. This is my secret, and if you communicate it to the Republicans, I will never tell you another."

Beautiful shower yesterday evening.

The Douglas Democracy.

A political excitement is beginning to rise all over the country, our readers are doubtless anxious to know something of the popular feeling toward our well-tried Senator, Stephen A. Douglas. The following from the New York Times, we think fully expresses that feeling:

"When the telegraph informed us last fall that Senator Douglas had carried the State of Illinois against the allied forces of the Republicans and the Administration, I addressed a letter to the 'Times' claiming the victory as a national one, establishing the principle of popular sovereignty as in union with the popular will, and in harmony with the Democratic ideas that vitalize our political institutions. I claimed also that the struggle upon the plains of Illinois clearly foreshadowed and defined the nature of the approaching Presidential canvass, as one involving the future peace of the States, by deciding finally whether or not the question of slavery should be localized, and its agitation removed from the sphere of our general elections. It was clear that, if the views I expressed were correct, the candidate of the Democratic party would of necessity have to represent the principle of popular sovereignty as the sheet-anchor of hope and safety for the Union, by means of which it would ride securely upon the troubled waves of agitation, and bid defiance to the storms of mistaken fanaticism and the fickle winds of party doctrine. My letter provoked a reply, and occasioned a brief controversy. In that reply the principle of popular sovereignty was derided, the importance of the Illinois election canvass underrated, and the claims of Senator Douglas set aside as puerile and illusive. Time, however, has been steadily at work, and the bearings of the Illinois campaign upon the political future of the country can now be properly estimated and understood. In the Northern States we behold the gratifying spectacle of a universal and consolidated Douglas Democracy, occupying the middle ground of prudence and safety, and opposing a firm resistance to the assaults of radical extremes; while in the South, day by day records new concessions to the conservative spirit of the Northern Democracy, which indicate a peaceful and decisive revolution in the current of Southern feelings. The expectations of the most enthusiastic friends of Mr. Douglas are more than fulfilled. They have found in him a man of balanced judgment and unflinching courage, who has led the van of popular opinion with admirable tenacity of purpose and precision of system; who has written no unwise letters, made no political mistakes, and compromised neither his party for himself by unpardonable faults of judgement. If the result of the canvass in Illinois demonstrated the vitality of the principle of popular sovereignty, the present position of parties demonstrates the strength of the leader who had the wisdom to undertake and courage to execute great political designs, and who is now on the eve of accomplishing results, the value of which can hardly be properly set forth by the contemporary historian. And it is with something more than a common satisfaction that we discern in the political horizon the signs of a new dawn, fraught with life and liberty and peace to our beloved country. C. E. H.

A Salt Lake letter to the New York Times, says, that "the westward immigration increases daily. New comers seem glad to halt and recruit themselves and their animals in this valley, after their long journey. The class of immigrants is of a high order, and Michigan, up to this time, sends by far the largest number, although Illinois and Iowa are well represented."

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the time of selling the lands belonging to the Estate of Poor & Duffield, has been changed to Saturday, the 1st day of October next.

—O, reader, excuse the advertisements—they pay, but you—Oh!

The Feeling in Michigan.

From an increasing list of subscribers to the "Times" in various sections of Michigan, we have inferred that the kind of politics we advocate is increasingly acceptable to the people of that State. We have been favored, too, within the last few weeks, with numerous private letters from some of its most prominent citizens, members of the Democratic party, which have brought to us many cheering words—words of individual encouragement, and hope for the future. There is no divided sentiment among the masses of the Michigan Democracy; they are all for the old doctrines of the party, and not a man among them but will oppose, with all his might, any attempt to incorporate a denial of any one of those doctrines into the platform of the party. They agree with us, that the principle of popular sovereignty—the complete right of the people of the territories to manage their own affairs in their own way—must be again affirmed; it must not be dropped, but it must be announced over again, in such clear and emphatic phrase, as that the whole American people will not fail to recognize and comprehend it. We must win a glorious victory in 1860; and this can be done only by the force of principle. This, the Democracy of Michigan, as of all the other States, understand; and their action will be fashioned accordingly. Their press speaks out, in most instances, in the right tone. We have now before us several able and influential Democratic papers of that State,—all of which are on the right track, but one of which—the Democratic Expounder, printed at Marshall—speaks of Senator Douglas as the

"man who has boldly stood by the covenants of the Constitution and the Union; by the true intent and meaning of the platform at Cincinnati, a man who has had the physical and moral courage to face the combined powers of executive dictation and Congressional despotism, and the hosts of politicians and demagogues who stoop and fawn at the seat of power, and who regardless of self and self-interest has represented, and represents to-day, more than any other man, the great living principle of freedom, the great sentiment of national and individual liberty and union, and the true idea of popular rights, and who from the proximity of his age to that of the active, governing mass of American citizens, and for other causes, is best fitted by nature, by habit, by association and by natural sympathy, to represent their views, impulses, wishes, sentiments and feelings."

This is only a sample of hundreds of extracts that might be made; a great many papers of the State, especially those in the interior, the county organs, hold similar language. A letter, received by the last mail, from a distinguished gentleman of Michigan, has this declaration: "The masses are all for Douglas, and if he is the nominee at Charleston, I am confident that Michigan will again be a Democratic State." The opinion strongly prevails that, with Douglas for the Presidency, we could carry the entire West, and redeem the lost Democratic State of the East.—[Chicago Times.

Personal—Politics South.

Within a few days past, several southern gentlemen, eminent for their abilities and sound political principles, have been in this city; among these, was Col. Pryor, a distinguished Tennessee editor. There have been Democratic politicians here from Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Texas, and from what we could gather from them—and they conversed freely on the subject of the next Presidency—we are satisfied that the South, if it can be said to be a unit for anybody, is a unit for Douglas. It is admitted that the recent elections there have settled the question as to platform,—the slave-ecides are used up. The triumphant principle is non-intervention; and once again reconciled to the principle, as they were in 1854 and 1856, the South cannot consistently make any objection to its acknowledged expounder and successful champion. Things are working South; at the North they are right already.—[Chicago Times.

COMMUNICATION.

Mr. Editor: Having some time since offered a few thoughts upon dietetics, and threatened to annoy you with some additional suggestions, I shall now endeavor to execute that threat, or, at least, to redeem my promise. Your readers will remember what was then read concerning the importance and necessity of properly regulating our regimen, and common sense, (that best of all philosophers,) plainly intimates that attention to our diet is even more essential to our happiness than is attention to our apparel,—the latter being intended to protect the former to maintain and strengthen our bodies. But, as we do not propose to discuss the respective provinces of food and raiment at this time, we will proceed to give directions for making bread suitable to the natural wants of the economy.—Almost to the time when the memory and records of man runneth not back, there have been two kinds of bread, viz: leavened and unleavened; and the use or preparation of either depended upon the haste with which the meal or repeat was to be made ready. Thus we see that the Feast of the Passover was instituted and commanded to be observed throughout the Jewish polity, with unleavened bread, the Israelites being too much pressed for time to allow of their preparing leavened bread. Unleavened bread was considered as more holy than leavened, but for what special reason we cannot discern, unless it was intended to be expressive of purity of heart and holiness of life. Leavened bread, however, was more generally used in ancient days, (and is to this day,) than the unleavened; it being both cheaper as regards time and material, as it may be kept for some time without its nutritive properties being impaired. Of the leavened bread there are two kinds mostly now in use, made of flour, viz: hop and salt yeast bread, for the making of which we now give the rules:

First, hop yeast bread. If the sots or yeast be dry, put about 2 oz of sots to one pint of warm water, and when fully dissolved add warm water well thickened with flour, half gallon; then make into a good consistence with flour, and set it in a warm place till it rises; then work over with more flour; let this again rise, then work once more, then put into pans for baking, and after it rises, bake.—This makes a good, sweet, wholesome bread that will keep for several days. For directions how to make yeast, consult some book on cooking, Mrs. Hale's, Miss Leslie's, or some other standard work. Salt yeast bread is made by adding to one pint of milk-warm water a teaspoonful of salt and one of sugar, to which, after stirring well, add enough flour to thicken; and after fermentation takes place, make into a sponge with flour, and put to bake, giving it time to rise after putting in the stove or oven.

The space we designed occupying will not permit us to give rules for baking the various kinds of unleavened bread that are in use, but let it suffice to state that the simpler the process and the fewer the changes to which the crude material is subjected, the better and more wholesome it is. Bread is always better when thoroughly baked, and should never be eaten in a semi-raw state. We would say, in concluding this article, that more bread made from corn meal should be used than is, if we desire better digestion. There are more tonic particles contained in the meal than flour, and hence the chills may be cured by the use of corn meal taken in a raw, or uncooked state, for which we here give the recipe:

Six hours before the time for the chill take two tablespoonfuls of raw corn meal in water, and repeat every two hours until chill time.

Receipt.—Pulv. maize, 1 1/2 oz. aqua fontana, 8 oz. Mix. Dose, two ounces every two hours, beginning six hours before the chill.

As we propose, some other time, to offer a few thoughts about other articles of diet, we will, for the present, desist. BARDEN LEUNG.

"The New York Weekly." See advertisement in another column, of this best of weeklies, and send in your names without delay.

The body of the Prince Windelgratz, who fell at the battle of Solferino, and which, it will be remembered, was discovered by the French in the midst of a heap of slain, and handed over to the Austrians, was brought to Prague on the 17th ult., and deposited in the garrison church. On the next day a grand religious ceremony was held, during which the body was blessed, when it was conveyed to the horse-gate of the town in the midst of a splendid military procession, and thence to the family vault at Techan.

DAVIS & CROSBY'S GREAT FRENCH & AMERICAN CIRCUS IS COMING! LARGEST ACROBATIC CORPS, Ever combined in ONE COMPANY!

Recognized and embellished for the travelling season of 1859, with new and costly trappings, new Horses, new Performers, Parap., &c.; &c. O. J. DAVIS Manager.

W. B. CARROLL, Esq., Artistic Director DAN RHODES, Business Agent, O. H. FARNSWORTH, Treasurer.

The principal features of this model company constitute a full and efficient corps of Equestrians, Acrobats, Hercules and Dramatists, called from the Stars of both Europe and America. Among these are the following celebrities:—

Mr. W. B. Carroll, the best general performer and six horse rider in the world. Madame Carroll, the Queen of Equestriennes. Mademoiselle Marie, the ne plus ultra of all female equestriennes, the beautiful rider and danseuse. Mademoiselle Antoinette, the invisible wire performer will ascend a wire 300 feet in length on the outside of the canvas, previous to the afternoon performance. Monsieur J. Worland, the great Equestrian and the most astonishing leaper and vaulter in the world.

Signor Wolfington, the Herculean Equilibrist and stilt performer. Mr. W. Armstrong, the accomplished Equestrian and Juggler. Master Charlie Carrol, the wonder of the age.

Mr. W. B. Carroll, with Charlie and Willie, in the classic sports of the Arena.

TWO GREAT CLOWNS!

Buck Gardner, the Southern Jester, comic delineator and Double Somerset man. Geo. Knapp, the universal favorite, and Farmer's Almanac of fun. Will exhibit at SULLIVAN, on MONDAY, August 29th. Admission, Box, 50 cents. Children under ten years, 25 cents. Doors open at 2 & 7 o'clock p. m. At Lovington, Saturday, Aug. 27th. At Shelbyville, Tuesday, " 30th.

AMBROTYPES!

Only One Dollar!

E. H. HAWLEY, Artist, at the Car, (South side of the Public Square,) would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Sullivan and vicinity, that he will remain in town for a short time, and would be pleased to exhibit his specimens and stock to all who will favor him with a call. Come and try me, and if I can't suit, No Charge made.

Double plate Ambrotypes invariably put up. Also Melanotypes, and pictures on leather. A large assortment of cases, all sizes and qualities, kept constantly on hand. I would call attention to the fact, that all my pictures are taken by a large combined side and sky light. Children taken in three seconds. Pictures taken as well in cloudy as clear weather. Dress.—Dark clothes are preferable. "Best be the art that can immortalize! The art that baffles Time's tyrannic claim To quench it!" Full instructions given in the art on the most reasonable terms.

Probate Notice.

Estate of John B. Henderson, dec'd. The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of John B. Henderson, late of the county of Montrie, and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Montrie county, at the court house in Sullivan, at the regular term, on the third Monday in October next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend, for the purpose of having them adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. JOSHUA RONEY, Administrator. Dated this 16th day of August, A. D. 1859.—vol2n46w6tyt.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Beware!

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber gave his note, for the amount of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, to Warren Farrow, on or about the 24th of March last, and due about the 1st of September, for which I have not got value received. The object of this notice is to caution all persons not to buy said note, as I will not pay it. JOHN N. CAMPBELL. August 10th 1859.—notdws.

CAMPMEETING.

There will be a Campmeeting at the Camp-ground, five miles west of Town, commencing September 8th. Elder Crane, and several other Ministers are expected. The friends of Campmeetings are cordially invited to attend. W. H. McVey.

Now is the Time to Subscribe.

THE New York Weekly.

A Handsome Quarto Publication, BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. It is now Universally Acknowledged to be THE BEST STORY PAPER IN THE WORLD.

REGULAR CONTRIBUTORS

will be found the names of some of the BEST MALE AND FEMALE WRITERS IN THE UNITED STATES!

Such writers as

JUSTIN JONES, (HARRY HAZEL),
 AUGUSTINE J. H. DUGANNE,
 WILLIAM EARLE BINDER,
 HARRY HAZLETON, JAMES REYNOLDS,
 FRANCIS S. SMITH,
 MRS. MARY J. HOLMES,
 HELEN FOREST GRAVES,
 MARY C. VAUGHAN,
 MARGARET VEENE, ANNA RAYMOND,
 E. D. MAYVILLE.

Write for it regularly, while a score of others well-known writers occasionally contribute to its columns.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY has now engaged a force of talent that cannot be rivaled by any establishment in the world!

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

Never before has any new candidate for public favor in the Literary World received such flattering notices from the Press. From all quarters, our editorial brethren have cheered us on by speaking of our enterprise in a manner to stimulate our vanity, and to excite the envy of our rivals.

GENERAL CHARACTER OF THE NEW YORK WEEKLY.

The WEEKLY is designed more especially as a FIRST-CLASS STORY PAPER, in which we intend to give our readers a succession of the BEST STORIES EVER PUBLISHED IN THE UNITED STATES! The aim and object of these productions will be to inculcate useful knowledge under the pleasing guise of fiction, or to teach great moral lessons through the same means. We shall never publish a word or line, the tendency of which is to injure the morals or taste of the reader. Every issue of the NEW YORK WEEKLY will contain short Sketches of Life and Manners, Notions of Travel and Adventure, Short Stories, General Summary of Events, Humorous Gleanings, Poetry, Editorials, &c., &c.

As specimens of our serials, we would point to

A. J. H. DUGANNE'S GREAT STORY,
GARIBOLDI,
 THE HERO OF ITALY!
 HARRY HAZEL'S
 EXCITING INDIAN ROMANCE,
THE MUTE SPY!
 FRANCIS S. SMITH'S
 INTENSE ENTERTAINING DOMESTIC STORY,
MAGGIE,
 THE CHILD OF CHARITY!
 While, as specimens of our standing departments, we point with pride to

OUR BALLADS OF THE BIBLE, admitted by all to be the most chastely written and beautiful scriptural poems ever produced.

OUR KNOWLEDGE BOX, in which is weekly contained a number of paragraphs of the greatest importance to house-keepers and others.

OUR PLEASANT PARAGRAPHS an interesting MESSANGE, ranging from grave to gay, from lively to severe.

OUR LADIES' COLUMN, prepared especially for the ladies by one of the most brilliant lady writers of the present day.

OUR MIRTHFUL MORSELS,
 OUR ITEMS OF INTEREST,
 &c., &c., &c., &c.

In a word, its Editors will use their best endeavors to get up just such a paper as will eventually find its way to every fireside in the land—that shall be a welcome visitor wherever it goes—equally popular in the workshop and the office—at the fireside of the farmer, or in the counting-room of the merchant—a paper that parents can, with safety, place in the hands of their children without note or comment, feeling certain that its influence will be to stimulate their minds to the pursuit of knowledge, or lead them to labor vice and wrong.

CIRCULATION & PROSPECTS.

The *New York Weekly* has gone up to a circulation which places it second in point of circulation in the list of publications of the day. There is but one weekly publication in the world having a larger circulation than the *Weekly*. The indications are, at present, that the circulation of the *Weekly* will soon reach half a million. Where the newsmen were taking tens, they are now taking hundreds of copies. This is the general effect among the five thousand News Agents who are now regularly selling the *New York Weekly*, while from nearly every Post Office in the country, we are daily getting subscriptions and orders for specimens.

How and Where to Get the "Weekly."

Wherever there is a News Agent, get the paper from him. By so doing you do not run the risk of losing your money through the Post Office, or having to pay for what you will never get. If the paper you are buying from the Agent stops, you do not lose advance subscriptions, sent to a place where you have no means of looking after it. We trust the day is not far distant when every town, large enough to sustain a Post Office, will have its News Agency.

OUR TERMS:

The price of the *NEW YORK WEEKLY* is four cents, but where Agents, have to pay extra freight or

postage, a higher price is necessarily charged. When sent by mail the price will invariably be \$2.00 a year, in advance. Subscriptions taken for three months. Two copies will be sent for one year for \$3, four copies for \$6, eight copies for \$12. Postmasters and others who get up clubs of ten, and send us \$15 at one time, will be entitled to an extra copy for their trouble. The bills of all solvent banks taken at par for subscriptions. Canada subscribers must send twenty-five cents extra with every subscription, to pre-pay the American postage. All letters and communications, in relation to the Editorial or Business Departments of the *New York Weekly* must be addressed to

STREET & SMITH,
 EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,
 22, Beekman Street, New York.

Patent Medicines.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
 UNRIVALLED IN MARKET,
 WITH IMMENSE HOME AND EUROPEAN DEMAND.

IF YOUR HAIR IS GRAY, IF YOUR HAIR IS THIN, OR, IF YOU ARE BALD, IT WILL RESTORE IT.

IF YOU HAVE DANDRUFF,
 IF YOU HAVE SCALD HEAD,
 IF YOU HAVE NERVOUS HEADACHE,
 IT WILL CURE THEM.

TO PRESERVE THE COLOR, TO PREVENT ITS FALLING, TO MAKE THE HAIR GLOSSY, USE WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

SOLD BY O. J. WOOD & CO.
 114 MARKET STREET, ST. LOUIS MO.
 PATENT MEDICINE DEALERS, AND DRUGGISTS, IN CITY AND COUNTRY.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

DR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOR, From the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth. One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of bile.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of erysipelas.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

Fifteen to twenty bottles will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure scaly rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of dyspepsia. I know from the experience of thousands that it has been caused by canker in the stomach.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure sick headache.

One to two bottles are warranted to regulate a costive state of the bowels.

One to two bottles will regulate all derangement of the kidneys.

Four to six bottles have cured the worst cases of dropsy.

One to three have cured the worst cases of piles: a relief is always experienced; what a mercy to get relief in such an excruciating disease! A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

No change of diet ever necessary; eat the best you can get and enough of it.

THE MEDICAL DISCOVERY is admirably adapted to the western country where FEVER AND AGUE, DYSENTERY, BILIOUS COLIC, BILIOUS FEVER, LIVER DERANGEMENTS, are so prevalent in their respective seasons.

The great cause of the prevalence of these diseases is that many have secreted in their system some

Putrid and Fatal Humor which is the source of all diseases, and many a young man and woman in the

BLOOM OF LIFE are wasting away whose faded cheeks and sunken eyes warn their friends of a speedy dissolution through the effects of some

Acrid Humor preying upon the vitals, and many thousands die annually from the effects of these humors, who, if they but purify their blood with a few bottles of Medical Discovery would live to a ripe old age.

Another great cause of diseases is

Costiveness; for this the Discovery is an infallible remedy, its action on the

Liver, Kidneys and Bowels is all that you could desire.

For Scrofulous Ulcers you will follow the directions in pamphlet around the bottle.

For Ulcerated Sore Legs you will find full directions in the pamphlet.

Directions For Use—Adults, one table spoonful per day; children over ten years, dessert spoonful; children from five to eight years, tea spoonful. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.

MANUFACTURED BY
DONALD KENNEDY,
 No. 120 Warren Street, Roxbury, Mass.
 PRICE \$1.00. For sale by every Druggist in the United States and British Provinces. In Sullivan, by Elder, Vadakin, Perryman, and other merchants and Druggists.

—Plenty of New fine goods for sale cheap at RRRHERFORD & Co's.

Patent Medicines.

WE DO NOT HESITATE TO ASSERT WHAT ALL ARE BY RESULTS.

Compelled to Admit,

Viz. That in Dr. Mann's Ague Balsam we have a perfectly triumphant remedy for chills fever and ague and all diseases arising from a diseased or inactive condition of the liver.

Indeed it will never fail, and the one who falls to use it at once will deeply regret the neglect. Reader you will never again shake or have fever that season if you take it as per directions, and continue until the system is perfectly rested; if this be done there will be no one who will suffer long from chills, fever and ague.

Bucrus, Ohio, Feb. 25th 1858

Dr. Mann & Co., Gallon, Ohio—Gents: We are at a loss to find language sufficient to portray to the public the great esteem in which your Celebrated Ague Balsam is held in this community. The fact is it never fails to cure ague in its worst forms, and we can sell nothing else.

Yours, &c.,

HOLOBERT & TAYLOR, Druggists,
 Corinth, Miss., Oct. 20th 1857.

Messrs. S. K. MANN & Co.—Gents: Having procured a supply of your Ague Balsam, and testing it thoroughly in many severe cases of long standing, where all the popular remedies of the day had failed, I found in all cases your Balsam effected a safe and speedy cure. It is just the medicine we want here in the south.

Respectfully Yours,
 JOSEPH BUCHANAN, Druggist,
 Gallon, May 9th 1858.

Messrs. S. K. MANN & Co.
 Gentlemen:—I would say for the benefit of those suffering with chills fever and ague, that I can confidently recommend your Ague Balsam to do what it is recommended to do, having used it myself, and in my family also; have known it used in many other cases, where it has universally proved effectual; leaving the patient soundly cured. I give this for the benefit of all whom it may concern.

B. F. MATHIAS,
 Gallon, O., May, 1856. St. Louis, Sept. 10th 1858.

Messrs. S. K. MANN & Co.
 Gents:—After using several other preparations for fever and ague, and only getting partial relief, for the disease soon returned again on me, I took two two bottles of yours Balsam, and I have had neither chill nor fever since I took first dose. I believe it to be the only thing that will never fail, and hence I recommend it to others.

Yours Truly,
 J. G. WILSON,
 Alexandria, Mo., June, 1858.

Messrs. S. K. Mann & Co.
 Gentlemen:—Please send us 4 doz. of your Ague Balsam. It gives the best satisfaction of any ague preparation we have had in our place. The fact is, it never fails when properly taken.

Respectfully Yours,
 MOOR & SCOTT,
 S. K. MANN & Co, Proprietors, Gallon, Ohio.

O. J. WOOD & Co., St. Louis, Mo., sole wholesale agents for all the western States and Territories, and sold by all good druggists.

In Sullivan, by Elder, Vadakin, Perryman, and other merchants and druggists here.

C. B. STEELE,
 ATTORNEY AT LAW.
 SULLIVAN, ::::: ILLINOIS.
 OFFICE, on west side of square.—23ly

VICTORIOUS OVER PAIN BRAGG'S ARCTIC LINIMENT.

Agony or ease!—Sickness or health!—Life or death! These are the questions involved in the adoption or rejection of this specific by the martyrs to external diseases and injuries. Having received the endorsement of the distinguished SAVAN, the late Dr. KANE, and its efficacy tested during two awful Winters in the regions of eternal ice, it is now coming into general use in every section of the civilized globe, and its marvelous cures are everywhere exciting astonishment.

THE AFFLICTED REJOICE.

HUNDREDS and THOUSANDS have tested its virtues, and are rejoicing in freedom from long lingering PAIN and DISEASE, which other remedies had failed to cure. Here you Broachitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Ear-ache or Tooth-ache—Are you afflicted with Old Sores—Suffering from Bruises, Strains, Corns, Sore Eyes, Piles?

THE ARCTIC LINIMENT will afford you instant relief.

Everybody is liable to

BURNS AND SCALDS.

For these dreadful accidents the ARCTIC LINIMENT should be kept on hand, for it affords sure and immediate relief, often saving from death. Every school and railroad train should keep it. Who that has heard the shrieks of anguish uttered by the sea and dried victims of explosions and collisions, does not feel that some means of relieving their torture should always be accessible? Such does exist in this balmy pain controlling agent. It is

The MOTHER'S COMPANION.

It cures Cakes in the Breast, Sore Nipples, sore Lips, Pimples, &c. Ladies who prize a pure skin, void of pimples, blotches, scurf and all discolorations and excrescences, should attack these trespassers on beauty's domain as soon as they appear with the Arctic Liniment. It is excellent for the Hair, giving it a healthy glossy appearance. It is

Good for Man and Beast.

It is a sovereign remedy for the various diseases with which horses are afflicted, curing the most alarming cases of Bruises, Sprains, Strains, Wounds, Swellings, swellings, Spavin, Ring-bone, Big-head, Poll-evil, &c. No farmer, livery stable keeper, or any person owning valuable Horses, should be without this valuable remedy.

For sale by all respectable druggists & dealers. Prices of the Liniment, 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 a bottle. A one-dollar bottle contains as much Liniment as eight 25 cent bottles.

Extraordinary Announcement.

Every purchaser of a dollar bottle of the ARCTIC LINIMENT receives, as Dr. Bragg's expense, the UNITED STATES JOURNAL, of New York, for one year. The Journal is a large illustrated paper—each number containing sixteen pages, beautifully printed on clear white paper, and filled with original matter from the most brilliant writers of the country. Certificate of subscription and full particulars of the novel and philanthropic enterprise, of which this offer forms a part, will accompany each bottle.

AN AGENT WANTED IN EVERY TOWN AND VILLAGE.

BRAGG & BURROWS, 57, 59, 61, 63, New York Office, No. 271, Broadway.

Communications should always be addressed to St. Louis.

For sale in Sullivan at VADAKIN, Elder's, Perryman's, and all our Dealers.

Trustee's Sale of Lands.

WHEREAS, Ebenezer Noyes and Ann Maria his wife, by their Deed, dated 14th February 1858, and recorded in Book K, pages 290, 291, and 292 of Records of Moultrie county Illinois, did convey to the undersigned Trustee the following described Real Estate, situate in said county and State, to-wit: The N E q^r of Section 21, Township 13 North, Range 6 East, containing 160 acres; also the S E q^r of Section 16, in same Township and Range, containing 160 acres; also the E q^r of the N E q^r of Section 27, in said Township and Range, containing 80 acres; also the E q^r of the N W q^r of Section 21, containing 40 acres; also the S W q^r of the N W q^r of said Section 21, containing 40 acres; also part of the S W q^r of the N E q^r of Section 16, containing 13 acres; also the N W q^r of the S E q^r of Section 16, containing 40 acres; also the N W q^r of the S W q^r of Section 21, containing 40 acres. The last five of the above described parcels of land are situate in Township Thirteen (13) North, Range Six (6) East.

Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a note of said Noyes, for five thousand five hundred (\$5,500) dollars, payable three months after date, (which note is more fully described in said Trust Deed), and whereas said note has become due and payable according to its terms and has not been paid, now, at the request of the holder of said note, and under the authority and in pursuance of the directions and terms of said Deed of Trust, the undersigned Trustee will proceed to sell the above described Real Estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the Court House Door, in the Town of Sullivan, in the county of Moultrie, State of Illinois, for cash, on Saturday the 20th day of August 1859, and between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and five o'clock P. M. of that day, for the purpose of paying said note and interest, and the costs of said trust.

HENRY TIRRELL,
 TRUSTEE.
 July 29th A. D. 1859. [no4314.]

Executor's Sale of REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree of the Moultrie County court, rendered at the July term A. D. 1859, we will sell at public vendue at the court house door in Sullivan, Moultrie county, Illinois, on the 1st day of October A. D. 1859, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described Real Estate, of which William E. Duffield died seized, to-wit:

Twenty acres, part of the nw 1/4 sec 25 T 13 N R 5 E P. M., the nw 1/4 sec 25 T 14 N R 5 E P. M., the north part of sec 8, 23 acres, and 1/4 nw 1/4 sec 16, 23 acres, all in T 13 N R 6 E P. M., and nw 1/4 sec 16, 1/4 nw 1/4 sec 17, part se q^r sw q^r sec 15, (eight and one-half acres) lot nine sec 16, sixty-five acres, lot 10 in sec 16, 40 acres, lot 11 in sec 16, 40 acres, se q^r sec 17, 1/4 of ne q^r sec 17, and nw q^r of sec 9, all in T 14 N R 6 E 3d P. M., and 10 acres s part of ne q^r of nw q^r of sec 9 T 13 N R 6 E 3d P. M., 44 acres part of (the Furnace tract) sec 16 T 14 N R 6 E P. M., and the undivided one-half of the ne q^r of ne q^r sec 26 T 13 N R 6 E 3d P. M., and lots 3 & 4, in block No. 20, in the town of Sullivan, and lot No 4 in blk No 21; in the town of Sullivan, and all of block No 3, in Patterson's Addition to the town of Sullivan, situate in Moultrie county, Illinois. Said lands will be sold on a credit of nine months, for the purpose of paying the debts of said decedent, the purchaser giving bond and security, and a mortgage on the property, to secure the payment of the purchase money. Deeds will be made on the day of sale.

JOHN A. FREELAND & CATHERINE TAYLOR, Ex'r & Ex'trix of the Estate of W. B. Duffield, dec'd.
 July 25th A. D. 1859. no 34 w6.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Joshua W. Huges, Thomas Davis & John C. Bramwell, and against Henry Y. Keller I have levied upon the following described land, to-wit: the e 1/2 of lots No. 1 & 2 of the ne 1/4 sec 1, and the ne 1/4 of the se 1/4 of sec 1, all in town 14 N R 5 E of the 3d P. M., as the property of the said Henry Y. Keller which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 20th day of August A. D. 1859, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

JOSEPH THOMASON, Sheriff
 July 29, '59.—43—3—Sweet-water

Retiring!

Having concluded to quit the Goods business I am desirous of disposing of my entire stock of goods, at wholesale prices, or EVEN LESS than first cost for CASH. Now is the time to get cheap goods. This is no humbug; come and see for yourselves. J. E. EDEN.
 Jan. 14th '59. (no 1)

CASH BUYERS

WANT TO BUY YOUR GOODS AT VADAKIN'S, where you will find a large and well selected stock of

ALL KINDS

Of goods for the season, and at greatly REDUCED PRICES.

We raise our banner high above, "And a just CASH SYSTEM cry; "Fair Price," the motto that we love, "Which 'time sales' don't imply.

WE have just received direct from Philadelphia and the Eastern cities, a large lot of

DRY GOODS

which we've purchased for Cash, and will be sold for a small advance on

COST FOR CASH

or merchantable Produce. Among our stock will be found a large lot of small figured Prints, the

LATEST STYLE,

Domestic / Ticking / Tweeds
 Janes, &c. &c.

GREENS

Hardware & Queensware
 Hardware & Queensware
 Hardware & Queensware

WITH a great variety of articles too tedious to mention, to the attention of Cash men and Close buyers are invited.

H. E. VADAKIN,
 West side square, in new Brick.
 No. dec. 31 '57

JOB work done with neatness and dispatch, at the Express office.

DISSOLUTION!

The Copartnership heretofore existing between

J. E. EDEN AND THE CREDIT SYSTEM

IS THIS DAY DESOLVED.

THIS result was brought about by the failure of the Credit System. That failing, the whole Firm come very near, if not quite, "going under."

I WILL continue the Goods business, at the Old Stand, and

"GO IT ALONE"

Exclusively for

CASH,

AND MERCHANTABLE

PRODUCE.

SO if you want to buy Goods

SURPRISINGLY

BRING ON YOUR

Wheat, Flour,
 Bacon, Lard,
 Butter, Eggs,
 Feathers, and

MONEY!

And buy Goods Cheaper than they have ever sold in the West.

J. E. EDEN
 Jan. 14th '59. (no 1)

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree of the Moultrie County court, rendered at the July term, A. D. 1859, I will sell at public vendue at the Court House door, in Sullivan, Moultrie county, Illinois, on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1859, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described Real Estate, of which John D. Poor, died seized, to-wit: The east half of sw q^r of the nw q^r of sec 13, and the nw q^r of the se q^r of the ne q^r of the ne q^r of sec 28, and the undivided one half of the ne q^r of the ne q^r of section 26, and the undivided one half of the w 1/2 of the nw q^r of sec. 24, and the undivided one half of the w 1/2 of the nw q^r of sec. 24, all in T 13 N R 6 E P. M. Lying and being situated in the county of Moultrie and State of Illinois, said lands will be sold on a credit of nine months, for the purpose of paying debts of said decedent. The purchaser giving bond and security (and a mortgage on the property to secure the payment of the purchase money. Deeds will be made on the day of sale.

George Purvis & John A. Freeland, Adm'rs of the estate of John D. Poor, deceased.
 July 25th, no 49 67.

Probate Notice.

Estate of G. R. Cunningham, dec'd. The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of G. R. Cunningham, late of the county of Moultrie and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Moultrie county, at the court house in Sullivan, at the regular term, on the 3d Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend, for the purpose of having them adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JAMES FOSTER, Adm'r.
 June 20th 1859. 38 6w

Probate Notice.

Estate of Solomon Penwell, deceased. The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Solomon Penwell, late of the county of Moultrie and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Moultrie county, at the court house in Sullivan, at the regular term, on the 3d Monday in August next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend, for the purpose of having them adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

TOBIAS RHODES, Adm'r.
 June 20th 1859. 38 6w

Legal Advertisements.

James Cunningham, Jr., Adm'r. of James Cunningham, sr., vs. Catherine Wells, Howell Wells, Hannah Wells, and the other unknown heirs of Elizabeth Wells, dec'd. Mary Tarpin, Russell Cunningham, Henry C. Cunningham, Martha Jane Matheny, Henderson B. Matheny, Sarah Ann Cunningham, Fernelia Cunningham, Guardian, and her wards, Crawford Cunningham, Samuel Cunningham, Columbus Cunningham, minors, and Alfred Cunningham, Owen Cunningham, Mary Ann Cunningham, Guardian, and her wards, James Randolph Cunningham and Amanda Lucretia Cunningham, minors, F. M. Capen, William Rachael Minerva Austin, William Austin, Jane Cox, Christopher Cox and Frederick W. Maddux.

Notice to pay Debts of said Estate to the undersigned, on the 1st of September Term of the Moultrie county court, A. D. 1859.

Edition to Sell Lands to pay Debts of said Estate.

AFFIDAVIT having been filed in the office of the clerk of the Moultrie county court, showing that Catherine Wells, Howell Wells, and Hannah Wells are non-residents of the State of Illinois, and that there are other Heirs of Elizabeth Wells, dec'd, all of whom are unknown, except said Hannah. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to you, the said Catherine Wells, Howell Wells, Hannah Wells, and the unknown Heirs of Elizabeth Wells, dec'd, that a Petition has been filed in the Moultrie county court, in the above entitled cause, that a summons has been issued thereon, returnable to the September Term, A. D. 1859, of the Moultrie county court, to be held at the court-house in Sullivan, Moultrie county, Illinois, on the third Monday in the month of September next, that said Petition prays for an order of said court to sell the following described Real Estate (or so much thereof as may be necessary) lying and being situate in the county of Moultrie, to-wit: The North-east quarter of the South-east quarter of Section number thirty, in Township number fifteen North, of Range five East of the third Principal Meridian for the purpose of paying the debts of said James Cunningham, sr., deceased, and that unless you then and there appear, and answer to said Petition, the same will be taken for confessed against you, and a decree will be entered accordingly.

CHARLES L. ROANE, Clerk,
 Moultrie county court.
 August 15th 1859. 46 5w cmt.

All kind of Job work done at this office at very low prices for CASH!

WIT AND WISDOM.

ORIGINAL AND UNPUBLISHED.

The use of ardent spirits is an unmitigated curse upon our people. It undermines our health, our abilities of action, and our prosperity, and plants the most productive seeds of crimes. For all this it renders no adequate return, nor any, except the delusive satisfaction of temporary excitement, to be followed by a corresponding depression of the vital forces.

Tell me, ye winged winds, that round my pathway roar, do ye know some quiet spot where hoops are worn no more? Some lone and silent dell, where women can walk three abreast, along the village pavel. The loud winds hissed around my face, and, snickering, whispered, "Nary place."

At a baptizing in Virginia, the parson, dipping an old negro convert, dropped him. The darkey floundered out, puffing and blowing eat down on a stump, and remarked, "Some gentman's nigger get killed by dis foolishness yet."

"Say, Pomp, you nigger, where you get dat new hat?"

"Why, at de shop, ob course."

"What is de price ob such an article as dat?"

"I don't know, nigger—I don't know; de shopkeeper wasn't dar!"

A punster says, "My name is Summer-set. I am a miserable bachelor. I cannot marry; for how could I hope to prevail on any young lady possessed of the slightest notions of delicacy, to turn a Summer-set?"

"Why in the world do you plant boiled potatoes, Mr. O'Flaherty?"

"Shure, yer honor, I'm goin' to thry the experimint of raising thim already biled for me own aiting."

One gentleman said to another, at a low-in-the-neck-dressed party, "Did you ever see such a glorious sight before?" "No," said he, "never, since I was weaned."

The Press—Pulpit—and Petticoat—the three ruling powers of the world. The first spreads knowledge, the second morals, and the last spreads—

Woman—The morning star of infancy; the day star of manhood; the evening star of age. Bless such stars, may they shine on us until we are sky high.

Who was the greatest chicken buther, according to Shakespeare? King Claudius, in "Hamlet," who did "murder most foul."

"Do you snore, Betsy?" said Mrs. Slap to her new servant. "Don't know marm; I niver laid awake to disriver."

Toast.—"Hoops and the Equator—Crimoline and Equinoctial-line, God bless 'em! The one encircles the earth, the other the heavens."

The water cure is neither new nor wonderful. It is as old as the deluge, which, we think, killed more than it cured.

"Thunderation, Mister," said a long Yankee to the elephant's keeper, "what animal is that ere, with a tail at both ends?"

Could young men marry when they first get the relish for calico, half the hereditary diseases of mankind would vanish.

Sambo says, "Why am my be-lubed Dinah like de cloth dey make in Lowell? Coase she's an unbleached she-ting."

A western editor says of a friend, "He has weak points, but telling the truth is not one of them."

To make a handsome profit on boarders, furnish them with strong butter and weak tea.

Pretty excuse for a Wife-beater.—The treasure which we value most we hide.

Some Christians pray on their knees Sunday, and on their neighbors the rest of the week.

An Iowa editor says, "We don't brag of our babies; but they are the most uncommon sure crop."

The hoop question, like many others, has two sides to it.

Old bachelors—buffoons for girls!

CASH STORES!

NEW GOODS!

Silks, Barazines, Debases, Prints, Lawns, Gingham, Challes, Brilliantes, Checks, Cambrics, Jacksonetts, Muslins, Flannels, Tickings, Janes, Summer Goods, Cottonades, Satinette, Casimera, Tweeds, Linens, Drillings, Cravats, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Bonnets &c.

All of which we purchased at the lowest Cash prices, and will sell the same for Cash or Produce as Cheap as can be bought in the STATE.

Doing exclusively a cash business, thereby losing nothing by bad debts, we feel confident that we can afford to sell for less profits than those doing a credit business.

Call and see

RUTHERFORD & CO.,
N. W. Cor. Pub. Square.

Boots & Shoes.

The Finest, Cheapest, and Best assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Morocco, Kids, Enameled and fancy Bootes, Buskins, Jenny Lind Gaiters, Slippers & Calf Shoes—men's & boys' Boots, Shoes, Pumps, Slips &c.

RUTHERFORD & CO.

CLOTHING.

Cloth, Cassimer, Tweed, Luster, Satin & Linen, Coats, Doeskin, Satinett, Lustrs, Linen, Drilling and Summer Pants, Satin, Lastering, Silk & Summer Vests.

GROCERIES.

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Tea, Tobacco, Candles, Soap, Starch, Spices, &c. &c., as cheap as can be bought anywhere.

RUTHERFORD & Co.

HARDWARE,
Queensware, Glassware, Nails, Cotton Yarn, Bating, Wall paper, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

RUTHERFORD & CO.
June 17th 1859. 7037v2y.

WAR!

STILL PROGRESSING!

I HAVE just opened a complete stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which I will actually sell for cash, or good country produce, at prices that must be satisfactory to the most careful buyers.

I have now on hand a well-selected stock of

Fancy and Duster Prints and Gingham! Lawns, Lavella and Barege, Silks, Challe, Robes, and Organdies, Fine Shawls, White Goods brown & bleached Domestic, Cottonades, Drills, Denims and Shirtings for men and boys' wear. Hats of all styles—Ladies' Bloomer Hats, and silk & straw Bonnets, Boots and arneties Shoes

all and assort ment

Green rics, Flour, fine oil, ware, Cat- & o- A large stock of Queensware, Saddles and Harness.

Believing that a quick penny is better than a s-l-o-w shilling, I will sell for Cash, at the fairest possible prices.

Thankful for a very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I hope, by close attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

A. N. SMYSER.

I HAVE lot of Janes, Tweed, Flannel, Satinette, &c. manufactured at Charleston, Ill. to exchange for CLEAN WOOL

I HAVE my thousand Brick for sale low.

June 17th 1859. 7037v1y.

DON'T

Come to town, at any time, without coming to see me before you GO

home, for I am sure I can make it profitable to you, by selling you goods at just what they cost me in the city, by wholesale. You may think that I just say this to induce you to trade with me, but such is not the case. If you wish to be convinced, try me when you come, and I will be sure to send you

HOME

with more goods for less money, than you can buy anywhere else—city stores not excepted.

WITHOUT

detaining you longer, I would say, that the reason I sell so cheap, is, because I want to close out my entire stock, and settle up, and get money to buy another stock of

Goods,

which I shall sell strictly for cash, or saleable produce. I have determined to sell no more goods on credit!

JOHN FERREYMAN.
Sept 24th 1858 2ly.

MILLINERY

BY MRS. RAWSON
SULLIVAN ILLINOIS
FAMILY GROCERY
AND OYSTER
SALOON!

I take this method of informing my old friends and the public generally, that I am still on hand at the old stand, ready to wait on the people. I am constantly receiving all articles usually found in such establishments, consisting partly as follows:

Nuts, candies, raisins, figs, cakes, crackers, cheese, pickles, dried herring, rope, brushes, pencils, pens, blacking, brooms, pepper-sauce, oysters, sardines, perfrumeries, hair oils, note paper, envelopes, lard oil, combs, pocket knives, razors, soaps, violin strings and notions generally.

—ALSO—
GROCERIES,

which I propose to sell as cheap as any other house in town: consisting of Sugar, Coffee, Starch, Molasses, Soda, Spices, Cinnamon, Pepper, Salt, Ginger, Tobacco, Soap, Fine Cigars, Mackerel, And White Fish.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

J. R. McCLURE.
My Eating Room is now well fitted up adjoining the saloon, in a neat and comfortable manner to accommodate customers.

OYSTERS served up in the most delicious way, and at all hours. Call and try a dish.

J. R. Mc.
Sept 17th 1858 1 ly.

D. PIFER & BRO.
CARRIAGE
MANUFACTURERS

WOULD respectfully inform the public that they have on hand Carriages, Rock-aways, Phaetons, Slide seats, and all kinds of light work kept in their line. They employ none but the very best of workmen, and feel confident that they can please all who may favor them with their patronage, in regard to CHEAPNESS, DURABILITY and FINISH.

Terms to suit customers. Call and see.

REPAIRING
Buggies and Carriages of all kinds done on short notice, for CASH ONLY.

Call Work Warranted.
D. PIFER & BRO.
Sullivan Ill. April 6th 1859. 7037v2y.

GRAND

Premium Depot
ZWECK & CO'S
SADDLE SHOP!
(East side Public Square.)
SULLIVAN ILLINOIS.

HAVING associated together in the Saddle & Harness-making business, they are now ready to fill all orders in their line, in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

We have on hand a good assortment of well selected stock, and articles

READY-MADE!

Plain Harness, Plain Harness, Plain Harness, & Fancy Harness, Fancy Harness, Buggy Harness, lines & bridles, lines & bridles, Whips & halters, & Martingales, & Martingales,

BOOTS & SHOES,

of all kinds, constantly on hand, and all that is commonly kept in this line. They hope, by constant attention to business, to deserve and receive a continuance of public patronage.

JOB WORK

done with neatness and dispatch. Prices to suit the times, and

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

They will pay the highest market price, in cash or trade, for green and dry HIDES, Sheep Pelts, &c. &c.

By selling your Hides &c to Zweck & Co. you will keep the money in the country, as they get them tanned at home.

LEWIS ZWECK & Co.
Dec. 10th 1858. 12 y.

CABINET SHOP.

Peter Smith

Takes pleasure in announcing to his old friends, patrons, and the public generally,

THAT HE

STILL continues the CABINET MAKING BUSINESS at the Old Stand,

North East side of the Public Square,

Where they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of Parlor Chamber and Kitchen furniture,

on short notice and at very LOW PRICES.

COFFINS!

All sizes and qualities kept constantly on hand, and made to order on application. Coffins made at my shop, will be delivered, and attended to at funerals, free of charge.

Terms,

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for furniture.

They hope by selling furniture at lowest prices and close attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage.

Plenty of New fine goods for sale cheap at

DRUG STORE!

WEST SIDE PUB. SQUARE
SULLIVAN ILL.

Having purchased the Drug Store of J. Y. Hitt

WOULD announce to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that I keep constantly on hand, a **LARGE STOCK** of the very best

DRUGS,
MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PURE LIQUORS, WINE & PAINT, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, & a large assortment of

Patent Medicines,

In fact everything usually kept in a Drug Store.

I have also a lot of

A No. 1

Chewing Tobacco, & Havana Cigars.

A. L. KELLAR.
Feb. 4, '59.—2 y.

PLOWS.

F. P. Hoke & Bro.

Take pleasure in announcing to the public and everybody else, that they now keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order, the most improved quality of plows, of every description, and at prices to suit the greatest lovers of money. Every one had better buy a plow, and if it dont work well, return it and get your money.

WAGONS.

A splendid lot of the latest, and most approved style, on hands, and made to order.

BLCKSMITHING,

Of all kinds done up exactly in the right way, and at as reasonable prices as at any other shop.

Shop one door east of the Post-office.
March 11 '58 27f.

Fresh Arrival
of
GROCERIES
at
A. GEORGE & CO'S,
North Side of Public Square

CONSISTING in part, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Teas, Salt, Fish, Rice, Starch, Candles, Sodo, Ginger, Spice, Pepper, fine

CHEWING TOBACCO,

Smoking tobacco, Vinegar, Soaps, Pickles, white Lead, wash Tubs, wood Buckets, Shot, Lead, Powder and caps;

CANDLES,

Matches, fine Cigars, Sardines, Pepper-sauce, gum Camphor, Dates, a good article of black Ink, smoke-Pipes, Prunes, Currents &c. &c.

Last of all, but not less, Brandies, wines, Gin, Rum, Poster and whiskey, by retail, or by the barrel, to suit customers.

AARON GEORGE & CO.
Sullivan Ill., Oct. 1st, 1858. 2ly.

NEW GROCERY,
North Side Pub. Square, Sullivan Ill.

W. LEE

Has opened one of the largest stocks of Family Groceries ever offered in Sullivan, consisting in part, of Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Molasses, Rice, Fish, Salt, Cheese, Crackers, Vinegar, Soaps, Soda, Sardines,

PEPPER,
Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Hair Oils, Essences, Perfumery, Nuts, Lead, Shot, Powder, Gun-caps, Cigars, Fine

FANCY CANDIES,

CHEWING TOBACCO,

and everything else usually kept in such an establishment.

HE ALSO keeps constantly on hand a large stock of the very best

WINE & LIQUORS,

which he will sell in quantities to suit customers.

W. LEE.
Sullivan Ill., Oct. 1 1858.—2 y.

Kiln Opened, &
60,000 First Rate Brick for sale, 2 1/2 miles south-east of Sullivan. Terms E. Z. J. A. UNDERWOOD,
July 22d 1859. no 43f.

THE SULLIVAN EXPRESS

IS ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.

J. H. WAGGONER, PROPRIETOR.

Terms of Subscription.

Single Copy, one year, \$1 00
Clubs of Ten, 10 00
Clubs of Twenty, 20 00
In advance in all cases—If not, \$1 00 will be charged within the year, or \$2 00 at the end of the year.

No subscription received for a shorter time than six months, and the paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Rates of Advertising.

Ten Lines or Less,
1 week... \$1 00 2 months... \$3 00
2 weeks... 1 50 3 months... 4 00
3 weeks... 1 75 6 months... 6 00
1 month... 2 00 1 year... 10 00

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1 month... \$5 00 6 months... \$10 00
3 months... 7 00 1 year... 15 00

Half Column,
1 month... \$8 00 6 months... \$15 00
3 months... 10 00 1 year... 25 00

One Column,
1 month... \$12 00 6 months... \$25 00
3 months... 17 00 1 year... 40 00

Business cards, less than a square, one year, 5 00

All Advertisements ordered to be inserted without specifying the number of insertions, will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

O. ANDRUS, JEWELER.

Just from New York, will establish himself permanently in this place, and asks the patronage of the public. He has confidence that he will please all. Call and try him.—West side Public square in VADAKIN'S STORE.

O. ANDRUS & Co.
N.B.—All work warranted 12 months, at Eastern prices.
Jan. 14th '59.—17-t oo

L. JENNINGS & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
GRAIN, FLOUR, SALT, LUMBER, LIME &c

All goods consigned to our care, will meet with prompt attention.
Windsor Ill. Oct. 1st 1858. 2y.

E. E. WAGGONER, M. D.,
0001107
SULLIVAN ILLINOIS

No charge for services that are not successful.

THE DAILY TIMES.

Published every morning, (except Mandy) at 110 Dearborn Street Chicago, Ill.

SHEAHAN & PRICE,
Publishers and Proprietors.

JAMES W. SHEAHAN..... WILLIAM PRICE.
TERMS—\$4.00 per annum, in advance.—10 cents per week.

THE WEEKLY TIMES.

Containing all the reading matter of the Daily, is published every Thursday Morning.

TERMS—Single subscribers, per annum, in advance, \$1.50; Clubs of ten or upwards, \$10.

A. L. KELLAR,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Sullivan Illinois.

Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity.—Being well provided with surgical instruments, he is prepared to attend to any operation in a surgical way, and promptly attend to all calls by day or night, requiring the assistance of natures handmaid. Office on the west side of the public square, two doors north of Knight & Co's store.
Feb. 4, '59. 20ly

THE PRAIRIE FARMER.
DEVOTED TO
AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, MECHANICS, EDUCATION, HOME INTERESTS, GENERAL NEWS, MARKETS, &c.

Published Weekly, in a neat octavo form of sixteen pages, with an Index at the end of each volume (six months)

TERMS IN ADVANCE.

One copy, per annum, . . . \$2 00
Three copies, " . . . 5 00
Six " " . . . 10 00
Ten " (and one the getter up of the club) . . . 15 00

POSTAGE—Free in Cook county; 2 1/2 cents per quarter, in advance of the Office where received, within the State of Illinois; 6 1/2 cents per quarter, in advance to any other part of the United States.

EMERY & CO.,
No. 204 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.

Horseshoeing!

Done up Brown—not exactly by Brown—but by George W. Walker, who can't be beat shoeing a horse for neatness and durability. Bring your horses along and have them shod. We work not exactly on the "Square," but just west, at A. Meeker's old stand.

BROWN & WALKER.
June 24, '59.—48-2m

Family Groceries:
GOLDEN STAR, Reboiled Molasses, Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Rice, Ground Ginger, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, All Spices Sodo &c. &c. Just received and for sale as cheap as the CHEAPEST and as good as the best. at VADAKIN'S