

The Sullivan Express.

AN INDEPENDENT JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE BEST INTEREST OF MOULTRIE COUNTY.

J. H. Waggoner,

"THE UNION MUST BE PRESERVED."

Editor & Proprietor.

VOL. III.

SULLIVAN, ILL., THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1860.

NO. 25.

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HOW BEN PURTLE GOT HIS WIFE.

A WESTERN STORY.

The very climax of ugliness was Ben Purtle. He was red haired, and each hair stood as if it cherished the supremest contempt for his neighbor. His face was as freckled as the most bespotted turkey egg. His nose supported at the bridge a large lump, while the end turned viciously to one side. His mouth had every shape but a pretty shape. His form was as uncouth as his face was ugly. The very climax of ugliness was Ben Purtle. What was more still, Ben had a handsome, bouncing blooming wife—such as can only be grown upon a country farm.

"How the deuce," said I to Ben one day, "did you ever get such a wife, you uncouth, misshapen quintessence of monstrosity?"

Ben was not at all offended by the impertinence of my question, and forthwith began to solve the mystery thus:

"Well, now, gals what's sensible ain't cotched by none of your purty and bifalutin airs. I've seen that tried more'n once. You know Kate were allers considerable the purtiest gal in these parts, and all the young fellers in the naborhood used to try to cotch her. Well, I used to go over to old Sammy's, jist to kinder look on, you know, and cast sheep's eyes at Kate. But mercy sakes! I had no more tho't that I could get Kate than a Jerusalem cricket could hide on the hair that wasn't on old Sammy's bald head—no sirc. But still I couldn't help going, an' my heart would kinder flutter, and my eyes would burn all over, whenever I'd go to talk with Katy. And one day when Kate sorter made fun of me like, it almost killed me sure; I went home with something like a rock jostling about in my breast, and I vowed I'd hang myself with the first plow-line I found."

"Did you hang yourself?"
"No; daddy blazed out to me for not taking old Ball to the pasture in the morning, and scared me so that I forgot it."

"Go on," said I, seeing Ben pause with apparent regret that he had not executed his vow.

"Well, soon on Sunday morning—I reckon it was a year after that hanging scrape—I got up and scraped my face with daddy's old razor, and put on my new copperas britches, and a new linsy coat mammy had died with with sassafras bark, and went over to uncle Sammy's. Now I'd got to loving Kate like all creation, but I never cheaped to anybody about my feelings. But I knowed I was on the right side of the old folks."

"Well, now, ain't it queer," continued Ben, "how a feller will feel sometimes? Something seemed to say as I went along, 'Ben Purtle, this is a great day for you,' and then my heart fluttered and jumped like a jay bird in a trap. And when I got there and seed Kate with her new checked home-spun frock on, I rilly thought I should take the blind staggers anyhow."

Ben paused again to brush the fog from his eyes, and then continued:

"Well, I found the order of the day was to go muscadine hunting. Jim Sharp, and his two sisters, and Jim Bowles was ther. I'd knowed a long time that Sharp was right after Kate, and I hated him worse than a hog hates to find the way out of a water patch, but I didn't let on. Sharp had on white britches and fine shoes, and broadcloth coat, but everybody know-

ed he wasn't worth a red cent. He walked with Kate, and you ought to have seen the airs he put on. It was 'Miss Kate' this and 'Miss Kate' that and all such nonsense. After a while we came to a slough, whar we had to cross on a log, and I'd a notion to pitch the sassy good-for-nothing into the water."

"Why didn't you?" I asked.

"Stop, never mind," said Ben, giving me a nudge. "Providence done all that up brown. Nothing must do but Joe Sharp must lead Miss Kate across fist. He jumped on the log in high glee and took Kate's hand, and they put off. Just as they got half way across, a tarnation big bull frog jumped off into the water—you know they holler—'Snakes!' screamed the fool, and knocked Kate off up to her waists in the nasty, black, muddy water. And what d'ye think he done? Why, run backwards and foreds, a holierin' fur a pole to help Kate out of the water. Kate looked at me, and I couldn't stand it no longer. Curchuck I lit ten feet from the bank at the first jump, and I had Kate out of thar in no time. And d'ye think the scamp didn't come up after we'd got out, and said, 'Ar you hurt, Miss Kate?'"

"My dander was up. I couldn't stand it; I catched him by the seat of his white britches and his coat collar, and gin a toss. Maybe he didn't go clean under when he hit the water. I didn't see him out. Me and Kate put for the house. When we started off, Kate said:

"Ben, just let me hold on to your arm, I kinder feel sorter weak."

"Gepeat jiminy! I felt so queer when she tuck hold. I tried to say something nice, but my drotted mouth wouldn't go off, no how. But I felt as strong as an elephant, and helped Kate along. Bimby, Kate said: 'Ben, that Joe Sharp's a good-for-nothing, sneakin', cowardly nobody; if ever he puts his head inside of our house again, I'll souse him with dish-water, sure.'"

"I tried to say something again, but hang the luck, I couldn't say nothing, but squeezed her hand, and sighed like a cranky bellud."

We'd got clean out of sight of the others. Kate says:

"Ben, I feel that you are my protector, and I believe daddy's right when he says your'e worth all the rest of the boys in the naborhood."

"Ben Purtle," says I, "this is a great day for you," and I made a tremendous effort to get my mouth off again, and out it popped sure enough."

"Kate," says I, trembling all over, "I love you to distraction, and no mistake. I've loved you long and hard. My hearts been almost broken for years, and say now right up and down, whether you're goin' to have me or not?"

"Kate hung down her head, and didn't say nothin', but I felt encouraged, for she kinder sighed. Says I, 'If your'e gwine to hev me, say so, and if you don't want to say so, just squeeze my hand.'"

"Well, she squeezed my hand right off. Lorry, how I did feel! I felt like a stream of warm water or sassafras tea, sweetened with molasses, was running through my bones—and I just catched her in my arms and kissed her, and she never tried the first time to get loose."

Ben was so overcome with this narration of courtship, that a pause for breath was necessary.

"How long after that," said I, "before you were married?"

"Old Sammy was mighty proud, and so was the old woman, about the

thing, and we married next fall after the muscadine scrape."

"Do you think your wife loves you yet?" I asked.

"Why lordy, yes. She thinks I'm the purtiest and best feller in the world. I tell you air, it's no use talking; bifalutin airs and quality dressing, and cologne, and such things, ain't gwine to go down with sensible gals, sure."

High-Handed Outrage.

The New Orleans Bulletin expresses the unanimous sentiment of the southwest, and the feeling of many other sections of the country, in the following article:

According to a letter from Vera Cruz, the Miramon faction in Mexico is determined upon pushing the government of this country to the wall; carrying its audacity, insolence, and oppression beyond the limits of human endurance. According to the authority referred to, Miramon, on hearing of the capture of the two steamers without colors, by our naval officers, directed his lieutenants to confiscate the property of all American citizens, and to drive them from the country! Of course, if they refuse to go, he will murder them in cold blood, as he has perpetrated similar acts before. He wants the glory of going to war with the United States. A capital joke, that! But we fear that Mr. Miramon will not be thus flattered and honored. We know of no government which would give him any right to declare war against this country, or to perpetrate acts by which we could recognize such a state, but he may very easily, and he has, it is most probable, has already done it, conduct so that the United States will be under the necessity of demanding his arrest from the Mexican government, and in case that government should report inability to make such arrest, and to punish him for the murders he has committed upon American citizens, of undertaking his arrest and punishment itself. Nothing could show more completely the utterly demented state to which this faction has sunk in Mexico, than this high-handed outrage of confiscating the property of American citizens and ordering them from the country, as if it were the government which we have recognized, and as if a was existed between the two countries by the legal representatives of both! An outlawed and usurping faction carrying its stupid and bloody vengeance to the extent of making war upon peaceable foreigners, confiscating their property and driving them away, when their government is at peace with the government of the country in which they live! It is neither more nor less than the acts of roaming banditti, and we trust will be so treated by our government. For every drop of American blood shed by this bandit and his horde, and every dollar of property of which American citizens may there be robbed, let the banditti be held to a rigid, prompt, impartial, and just accountability by the representatives of the people of the United States. Let the administration not shirk and shuffle in this business. If it has any pluck or firmness, or any just appreciation of the dignity of this country, or the rights of its citizens abroad, or a proper regard for the honor of our flag ruthlessly assaulted by vessels without colors, let it show that it is equal to the emergency, and take the proper steps to vindicate alike the national flag and protect the rights of the country and the persons and property of its citizens when both are outrageously assailed. There is not a man in the country with a soul in his bosom, that will condemn it for assuming an

attitude of firmness, and evincing a determination to protect the rights and honor of the country in this emergency. This question is one that rises quite out of sight of mere party politics. It touches the sense of justice and honor of every American citizen. If the administration shall shuffle and shirk, and attempt to play hide and seek in this business, and endeavor to avoid responsibility through a cloud of words and fuss, without action, it will be justly entitled to the reprobation of the country, and we greatly mistake the temper of the times, if it do not receive what it will in that case deserve. Judging by the past, we are somewhat apprehensive that the administration will not be found equal to this emergency; but we will not prejudge it. Let its acts speak for it; but let it not shuffle upon any irresponsible organization or private citizen what it should itself do, or devolve upon such the responsibility that it should itself assume.

FALLING IN LOVE.—When a man at the age for falling in love—that is, from fifteen to seventy-five—has met at a ball or theatre a woman who pleases him, he carries away at the bottom of his heart a little stock of pleasure which it takes more than one day to exhaust. For a week or longer he is haunted by tender afterthoughts; he looks on all nature with a more kindly eye and a vague sweetness of love seems to linger about even the most indifferent objects. Thus long-drawn state of lazy satisfaction is the paradise of dreamers; those who enjoy it most are the shy and pining souls who need a month to digest the perfume of a rose and float effortless down the current of sweet yet sad anticipation. In the enchanted mirror of memory they gaze at an image which smiles back at them, and closing their eyes at the harsh light of reality they tell themselves undisturbed into dreams of pleasure. But in a few days the image we have hidden so jealously at the bottom of our hearts, all clear and well defined, begins to change, it becomes broken, indistinct, shapeless, and the imagination loads it with capricious features. Very soon it is as misty and indefinite as the angler's shadow dimly seen afar off through the morning fog. A secret instinct warns us that it is disappearing, and we seek in vain to hold it as Ulysses in the Shades sought to clasp in his arms the impalpable shapes of his former friends. At last it dies out altogether unless some lucky meeting once more brings to our eyes the original of which we have lost the copy.—M. About.

SINGULAR PRESENTIMENT.—A letter from Ransom, Mich., of March 12 says:

The Rev. J. J. Andrige, of this place last week took a load of grain to mill, and was detained until late in the night being eight miles from home and also with two of his children. He was importuned to stay all night but he informed them that it was continually impressing on his mind that he must go home, and he did so notwithstanding the urging of his children to the contrary. He arrived at home about one o'clock at night and just in time to save his house from being burned up and probably his wife and children with it. His family were all asleep and his wife when awakened felt that smarting of the throat which precedes suffocation. The fire was caused by a firebrand falling on the floor which had burned a large hole in it.

A jolly affair took place the other day in this State—a young lady married a man named Jolly.

It is not much difference whether a man takes a punch on his head or a punch in his stomach, for the result will be a stagger.

The question discussed in some of the Missouri papers, whether raising hemp is a good business. A much better business than being raised by it.

SULLIVAN EXPRESS.

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Sullivan Ill. Sept. 17, 1857. 14c

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J. R. Edem, POLITICAL EDITOR.

SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS.

Thursday, April 19, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1860,

HON. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

The Republican party seem to be amusing themselves hugely in commenting upon the feuds and divisions, as they are pleased to say, in the ranks of the old Democratic party. Now, we venture to assert that the Democrats are not so much divided to-day as is the Republican party—taking into consideration the strength of principles that make up the soul and body of the two parties. Upon all vital interests of public policy—except, alone, that of slavery in the territories—the Democratic party is a unit. This question of territorial policy is the cardinal doctrine of the Republican party, and thrust upon us by them, and it can only have the effect of creating a momentary panic that must subside whenever it becomes necessary for us to unite against the common enemy. That necessity is now at hand. In the meeting of the Charleston convention this nigger-bred issue will have to be, and will be, treated just as it deserves, by the great conservative party in convention assembled; and, without heeding even its existence, we will unite upon a candidate for the chief magistracy of the nation, who will be able to treat this offspring of Republicanism with the contempt that its origin entitles it to—whose object will be, as the object of the Democratic party always has been, to secure such legislation as may best promote the interests of the white population, whose President he will be—leaving the interests of the colored population to the consideration of the Brown Republicans, whose especial and self-constituted duty it has ever been to look after, regardless of the interests of those whose representatives formed our constitution and laws.

We will make no issue with them upon this subject, we as a matter of taste and similarity of habits, prefer the white race, while their tastes and time-serving habits, lead them in the other direction. We venture the prediction, that after our convention shall have nominated a candidate for the presidency, and the attention of our Republican friends shall, in that event, be called upon to cast about for a candidate for the same place—and consequently their attention called to their own divisions—they will find that it will cost them more negotiating, time and political trading to effect their object, than it did us with all our fearful divisions, of which they have ceased not, day nor night, to admonish us. We wait the result with the least possible fears.

Here It Is Again.

Every spring, as surely as the sea rolls round, we have something to say to some unfeeling individuals, who are in the habit of visiting the grave-yard to pluck and otherwise disfigure the evergreens placed there as a memorial of respect and affection to our deceased relatives and friends. Some persons have again so far forgotten themselves, their neighbors, and especially their duty to the memory of departed spirits, as to reach forth their puny hands, and in the face of Heaven, and surrounded by the sacredness and solemnity of the grave, act the part of thieves and robbers! It is a painful task to us to have to speak of these things in this manner; but it is vital on their part, we feel justified in doing so. We hope, however, that it is only the work of children, or thoughtless grown-up people. Be good, and don't disturb those graves—never again!

Read the old advertisements.

Magazines.

GODEY.—The May number of this most popular Lady's Book has just been received, and is full as usual of the most interesting matter for the ladies. No one who is a subscriber to this most valuable Book can fail to fully appreciate its merits.

PETERSON.—We have received the May number of Peterson's Magazine. This is certainly rising as fast in the estimation of the ladies as any other Magazine now published in America. The proprietors seem determined to make it the best two-dollar Magazine published. It has a large circulation in this country, which is still rapidly increasing.

HOME.—The Home Magazine, for May, lies on our table. With what infinite delight and satisfaction, its numerous readers in this vicinity peruse its interesting, and soul-elevating pages. Long may it flourish, and its present proprietors live to gladden the hearts of its thousands of readers in our enlightened country.

Our town was again visited with another humbug this week, in the form of a one-horse concert—considered by many to be a worse humbug than that Windsor Nigger Show. "Poor, poor me!"

NEWSPAPER LAW.—The House bill authorizing publishers to print on their papers the date when subscriptions expire, was so amended yesterday in the Senate as to provide that there shall be no word or communication printed on the same after its publication, or upon the cover or wrapper thereof, nor any writing nor mark upon it, not upon the cover or wrapper thereof, except the name, the date when the subscription expires, and the address of the person to whom it is to be sent. An amendment was also added providing that all laws declaring that postage, at the rate of one cent each, shall be charged on all drop letters, or letters placed in any post-office, not for transmission, but for delivery only, be repealed, so far as applies to drop letters delivered within the limits of any city or town, by carriers under the authority of the Post-office Department, on which letters the rate of postage imposed for the support of the carrier system in such city or town shall be collected, and no more.

—[States and Union.

Douglas Column.

The following named States have either held State Conventions, and instructed for Douglas for President, or are most positively known to be for him for president, and their delegates will so vote at the Charleston Convention.

We give the electoral vote, and not the vote of the alternates, which must be the same, under instructions:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Maine—Douglas, | 3 |
| New Hampshire—Douglas, | 3 |
| Vermont—Douglas, | 5 |
| Rhode Island—Douglas, | 4 |
| Massachusetts—Douglas, | 13 |
| Connecticut—Douglas, | 16 |
| New York—Douglas, | 35 |
| Ohio—Douglas, | 23 |
| Michigan—Douglas, | 6 |
| Indiana—Douglas, | 11 |
| Illinois—Douglas, | 18 |
| Iowa—Douglas, | 5 |
| Wisconsin—Douglas, | 5 |
| Minnesota—Douglas, | 4 |
| Maryland—Douglas, | 8 |
| New Jersey—Douglas, | 7 |
| Tennessee—Douglas, | 12 |
| Pennsylvania (one-half of the vote) | 13 |
| Georgia (one-half of the vote) | 4 |
| Total, | 186 |

Total electoral vote, 303
Douglas vote on second ballot, 186
Douglas majority on second ballot, 69
Douglas elect of a two-third vote on second ballot 14 votes.

Thirteen of the above named States have declared Douglas their first, last and only choice, which will give him, on the first ballot, at the very lowest calculation, not counting the scattering votes which he will receive from other States, one hundred and twenty-two; then on the second ballot he will receive one hundred and thirty-six votes, and on the third ballot he will receive the nomination. —Sunday Herald.

See the new advertisements.

Arrival of the California Overland Express.

St. Joseph, Mo., April. The first messenger on the Central Overland Pony Express, arrived here at 4 p. m. yesterday, with California dates to April 3rd and Carson Valley to the 4th. It came through in ten days to a minute, leaving San Francisco at 4 p. m. April 3d.

San Francisco, March 31. The legislature is occupied considering the San Francisco bull-head bill. The contest is exciting, proportionate to the vast interest involved. The result is doubtful.

The state capital seems permanently located at Sacramento. \$100,000 have been appropriated for the commencement of a capital building, which is to cost, when completed, \$500,000.

The Japanese steam corvette Codrington has been in dry dock at Mare Island navy yard, and put in complete order, free of charge.

The United States steamer Powhattan, Captain Pearson, bearing the flag of officer of Tattall, arrived on the 27th from Japan, via Honolulu. She brings the Japanese embassy, consisting of two principal ambassadors, princes of highest rank among the nobility of the empire, and two associates, who are nobles of nearly equal rank.

By the Powhattan, advices from Japan are received to the 15th of February.

The government of Japan had commenced stamping Mexican dollars, making them legal currency in that country. This obviates one of the principal difficulties in prosecuting trade with foreigners.

The Powhattan arrived at Honolulu March 5th, and remained there till the 18th. There is but little general news.

The news from the Washoe mines is about as heretofore reported. Emigration thither is increasing.

The pony express starts for San Francisco at 4 p. m. to-day. At half past three, eighty letters were received for transmission, which will probably be doubtful by the time the express reaches Carson Valley.

The steamer Brother Jonathan arrived this morning with Oregon dates to the 26th ult.; Washington 26th, and British Columbia 30th.

The bark Glimpse, with a cargo valued at \$28,000, was wrecked near Victoria on the 15th of March. The vessel was insured for \$10,000, and the cargo for \$10,000.

San Juan island was in joint occupancy by the American and British troops.

It was estimated that 3,000 white men and 2,000 Chinamen were engaged in mining at Fraser river.

Mining accounts are encouraging, and new diggings have been discovered in various places.

The news from Oregon and Washington territory is quite unimportant.

Carson City, April, 4, 7 p. m.—The excitement in regard to the gold and silver mine in this region is unabated. Hundreds are pouring in from all parts of California. Scarcely a company who are prospecting have failed in striking rich ore where they anticipated to find it. The mineral region extends for a hundred miles in every direction, and rich discoveries have been made over 100 miles up the Humboldt. The Spanish claims, situated where the mines were first opened, were yielding \$2,000. Ground is changing hands at from \$20 to \$200 per foot. The Mono lake and Walker river country is rich in minerals, and hundreds are prospecting that region, generally with good success.

Ore is now being shipped to San Francisco for smelting from five different companies; other companies are making arrangements to ship their ore as soon as animals can be procured. The ore sent yields from 2,000 to 5,000 dollars per ton. Discoveries of gold bearing quartz are being made every day. Machinery of every description is on its way here for the purpose of crushing, smelting, etc. Town property is different localities range high, many fire proof buildings

are under construction. The population is increasing very fast, and it is thought that in two months the population will be 50,000. Society is very bad, no laws for the collection of debts or the punishment of criminals, murders and fights are of daily occurrence.

Freights from California are very high, twenty-five to thirty cents per pound. Flour is now selling at \$40 per hundred pounds. Lumber is worth \$300 per M. at some places in the mines and other things are selling in proportion.

Douglas Victorious!

Eleven out of Eighteen Delegates Voted for the LITTLE GIANT!

Resolution to Insult for Dickinson Voted Down.

We learn from Jefferson City that there was no instruction of delegates as to whom they should vote for at the Charleston Convention. A resolution was proposed declaring a preference for Dickinson, but was withdrawn. Then followed a resolution instructing the delegates to vote only for such as stood square on the platform adopted. This resolution the Convention by an overwhelming majority refused to entertain.

We are assured, and can state positively, that eleven out of the eighteen delegates are friends of Douglas. This statement will not be denied by any person who is well informed as to the views of the delegates.

We congratulate the Democracy of the State on the issue of this Convention. To-day we have no time for further comments. —St. Louis Herald.

General News Items.

Detroit, April 13

The Detroit and Milwaukee railroad has passed into the hands of a receiver on a foreclosure of its third and fourth mortgages. C. J. Bridges esq., managing director of the Great Western railway has been appointed receiver by the court.

New York, April 14

The steamship Adriatic sailed at noon for Southampton and Havre, with over 200 passengers. The kangaroo sailed for Liverpool by Queens town, with 133 passengers. The Bavaria also sailed for Southampton and Hamburg, with a good complement of passengers, and New Orleans mails of the 9th and 10th and telegrams of the 13th. The Adriatic took out upwards of \$600,000 in specie. The steamer Empire City brings Havana advices of the 9th.

Vincennes Ind., April 14

The examination of Jas. Reynolds, the agent of Adams, express company who was arrested last week on suspicion of being implicated in the recent robbery of their office in this city was concluded this morning and resulted in his honorable acquittal. No definite clue to the robbery has yet been discovered.

Columbus, April 14

The Central Ohio railroad is again running regular order to Bellair, and will run on regular time on and after Monday, the 16th.

Gone up!—Prentice, of the Louisville Journal, thinks the Republican party has out-run its race. He says:

Our neighbor of the Democrat predicts that the name 'republican' will be dropped. Yes the thing will be dropped along with the name. If it is not dropped it will be cast down with annihilating force. The Republican party, for all national aims and purposes, is to-day as dead as a door nail. Its present activity is galvanic rather than vital. The seeds of dissolution are ripe within it.

We had a very severe thunder storm one night this week, which did considerable damage in some parts of the county—unroofing and blowing down several dwellings.

The Heenan and Sayres prize fight came off last Monday.

The Charleston convention meets next Monday, 23d.

Why is a tale-bearer like a brick-layer? Because he raises stories.

What mechanic may be expected to cut his all-ether? The boot and shoe-maker—for he is over lasting.

Our Foremothers.

Some good natured wag, zealous for the honor of womanhood, has given utterance to the following tribute to his ancestry, on the female side.—It is well done, and well worth reading:

We hear enough about our forefathers. They were nice old fellows, no doubt. Good to work, eat or fight. Very well. But where are their companions, their 'chums,' who, as their helpmates, urged them along? Who worked and delved for our forefathers, brushed up their old clothes, and patched their breeches? Who nursed our forefathers when sick—sang Yankee Doodle to the babies—who trained up their boys? Our foremothers.

Who landed at James river, and came over in the Mayflower, and established the other early settlements? Were there any women among them? One would think not. Our Yankee neighbors make a powerful talk about our pilgrim Fathers, who quailed upon Plymouth; and there is a great ado made over it every time they wish to get up a little enthusiasm on liberty, and refresh themselves with crowing over freedom; and the chivalry of Virginia are not a whit behind them, when they take a notion to vaunt themselves upon the glory and greatness of the old Dominion; and our staid Pennsylvania Quakers, too, like to plume themselves slyly upon the merits and doings of William Penn, and his associates; but with all the blarney so plentifully distributed on all sides, what do we hear or gather about our foremothers? Didn't they land on a rock, too? Didn't they encounter perils and hardships? And, after all, didn't they, with their kind hearts, sustain the flagging spirits of their male companions?

Who ushered us into the world—our foremothers? Bah! No, indeed, it was our forefathers. Who nursed George Washington, Anthony Wayne, Ben Franklin, Israel Putnam; and a host of other worthies whose names will live forever, and taught them to be men and patriots? Didn't our foremothers? And who gives them the credit they deserve? Nobody.

We have our monument commemorating, and our speeches, our songs, our toasts, and our public dinners, celebrating the wonderful deeds of our forefathers, but where are those in honor of our foremothers? We had better be getting them ready. We talk ourselves hoarse, and write ourselves round shouldered, while boiling over with enthusiasm at the nice things our forefathers did; and yet nothing is said about our foremothers, to whom many a virtuous act and brave deed may be ascribed, such as any hero would be proud to own.

We wish not to detract. All hail to the noble old men, our forefathers, say we. May the glory of their deeds never be less; but the good book tells us to "render unto Caesar," etc., and we wish to speak a word in season for women, generally and especially, for our noble and self-sacrificing foremothers, lest time and the one-sided page of history shall blot them forever from our memories.

COLORS OF FLOWERS PROMOTED BY CHARCOAL.—A French amateur, in the Paris Horticultural Review, states: "About a year ago, I made a bargain for a rosebush of magnificent growth and full of buds. I waited for them to bloom, and I expected roses worthy of such a noble plant and of the praise bestowed upon it by the vendor. At length, when it bloomed, all my hopes were blasted. The flowers were of a faded color, and I discovered that I had only a middling multiflora rose-colored enough. I, therefore, resolved to sacrifice it to some experiments which I had in view. My attention had been captivated with the effects of charcoal, as stated in some English publications. I then covered the earth (in the pot in which my rosebush was) about half an inch deep with pulverized charcoal. Some days after I was astonished to see the roses which bloomed of as fine a lively rose color as I could wish. I determined to repeat the experiment; and, therefore, when the rosebush had done flowering, I took off the charcoal and put fresh earth on the pot. You may conceive that I waited for the next Spring impatiently to see the result of this experiment. When it bloomed, the roses were, as at first—pale and discolored; but by applying the charcoal as before they soon resumed their rosy red color. I tried the powdered charcoal likewise in large quantities upon my peonies, and found that both the white and violet flowers were equally sensible to its action. It always gave great vigor to the red or violet colors of the flowers, and the white peonies became variegated with red or violet tints. The violet (color) became covered with irregular spots of a bluish or almost black tint. Many persons who admired them thought that they were new varieties from seed. Yellow flowers are, as I have proved, insensible to the influence of the charcoal."

Abolitionism is fast falling into contempt, as a silly delusion, an impracticable chimera. Old England is already repenting of the error she committed in emancipating her 800,000 West India slaves.—The Times, her great newspaper organ, confessed it in terms of bitter reproach and indignant sarcasm; and warns our own South against similar folly. New England will ere long see the folly of which she is guilty in warring upon an institution to which she is indebted for all her prosperity—the vile hypocrisy and glaring inconsistency of denouncing slavery as a sin, and yet pocketing a large share of the profit resulting from it. Abolitionism and Salem witchcraft will after a while be classed in the same category, as New England's follies, as outbursts of fanaticism to which the New England States are subject at intervals.—Mac. Eagle.

The other morning, just after dinner, about the time the people were going to bed, a small boy, about thirty years old, only daughter of an old maid, with three orphan children, who live opposite the Post-office, on the same side of the way, (they don't live there now,) were alarmed by hearing a dumb man crying, "Murder," and looking out they saw a blind man peeping into a window, where a no-legged man was beating his wife, when a no-legged man ran in, and kicked the dog through the side of the house, slightly killing two dead pigs that the hen hatched a day or two after that. The old man started off for the doctor, who had gone to Taylor's, at Tyne Bridge end, to see if the gutta-percha "stethoscope," three thirds of a mile long, would enable him to sound all his patients without leaving his fireside!

A gentleman who has been passing a week or two at one of the large hotels in New York, says there seems to be a mania among the lady boarders to come to breakfast and tea table with a book in their hands but they are never seen to open it. Our friend was told by a gentleman that he had seen a lady bring the same book to the table for two weeks; and, an opportunity one day offering, his curiosity was excited to see what book could be so much interest; on opening the volume, to his surprise he found that not one of the leaves had been cut! We hear that the same affection is obtaining in some of the hotels in our city. [Mo. Democrat.]

We publish the call next week for a Democratic county Convention.

Notice.

To all whom it may concern.—Whereas the undersigned did execute two promissory notes, made payable to Aaron George and Lee Yarbrough, dated August 22nd 1859, the amount of each note being for two hundred and twenty-two dollars and eighty cents; one of them made due four months after date. The note first due is paid off, and the other is the property of Aaron George, who has given me notice not to pay either of said notes to any person but said George. Now, therefore, the public is hereby notified that said notes are not the property of any person but said George, and the money will be paid to no other person but him.—The said Lee Yarbrough having possession of said notes. All persons dealing with said Yarbrough are notified not to purchase of him, or coming through him, said notes.

WILLIS LEE.

This 16th day of April A. D. 1860.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
 By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of the circuit court of Monroe county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of the school commissioner of Monroe county, and against Simon A. Goodwin, I have levied upon the following described land to wit: nw sec 1 T 14 N R 6 E Lot 1 of nw sec 5 T 14 N R 6 E 80 Acres sw qr sec 1 T 14 N R 6 E 160 Acres, Lots 12 and 13 sec 16 T 15 N R 6 E 120, Lots 67 and 68 sec 16 T 15 N R 6 E 120 Acres and Lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 sec 15 T 16 N R 6 E, 360 acres; as the property of the said Simon A. Goodwin which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan county, State of Mo. on the 18th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, to cash in hand, the said execution.

JOSEPH THOMASON, Sheriff.

April 18th.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of A. N. Surber, and against Jos. H. Evans, James H. Evans Jr., and James H. Evans Sr., I have levied upon the following described lands, to-wit: Sixteen acres of the south end of the sw. qr. of nw. qr. of sec 22, and 24 acres off the east side of nw. qr. of sec. 22, and the s. 1/2 of the e. 1/2 of the sw. qr. of the ne. qr. of sec 25, all in T 14 N R. 4 East, of 3d P. M., as the property of the said James H. Evans Sr., which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
March 1st. by W. Menefee, dep.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of Clark & Dater assignees of Wm. B. Duffield & S. Clark, and against Wm. P. Corbin, I have levied upon the following described real estate to-wit:— 16 feet of the west part of lot 7, block 8, in the town of Sullivan, as the property of the said W. P. Corbin, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
by J. W. Kendall, dep.
April 12th. 24 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of Lemuel T. Dazey, and against Jacob Black, Elizabeth D. Black & Nancy E. Dazey, I have levied upon the following described land, to-wit: Se. qr. of nw. qr. of sec 2 T 13 N R. 4 E, as the property of the said D. Black, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 5th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
April 12. by B. B. Haydon, dep.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of James A. Hilsabeck, and Charles D. Lufkin, Dudley C. Smith and Judson A. Roundy, and against Lafayette Bond and Hiram Cox, I have levied upon the following described land to-wit: S. 1/2 of lot one of sec 31 T 13 R 6 and ne. 1/4 of sec 32 T 13 R 6 and se. 1/4 of sec 32 T 13 R 6, as the property of the said Lafayette Bond, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 12th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
Apr. 19. by J. W. Kendall, dep.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of Nicholas Selby, and against James M. Dejarrette, I have levied upon the following described land to-wit: Sw. sec 25 T 15 R 4 East, 40 acres, as the property of the said James M. Dejarrette, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 26th day of April A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason, sheriff.
April 5th. 23 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of N. Minor, and against Elisha Dunick, I have levied upon the following described land to-wit: sw. qr. of sec 26 T 14 N R. 4 E, 10 acres, as the property of the said Elisha Dunick, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 10th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
April 19th. 25 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of William N. Lewis assignee of A. B. Hostetter, and against Milton Reed, I have levied upon the following described land to-wit: The undivided half of the S. W. qr. of S. E. qr. S. 28 T 13 N R. 5 E, 20 acres; as the property of the said Milton Reed, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 10th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason, Sheriff.
April 19th, A. D. 1860.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of William L. Ward for the use of B. A. Cornwell and against William Sparks & Jno Y. Hitt, I have levied upon the following described land, to-wit: Sw. qr. ne. qr. sec 20 T 14 N R. 4 East, 40 acres, as the property of the said Wm. Sparks, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
March 1st 1860. 22 (\$4)

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Bank of the Commonwealth, and against Thomas Wiley, I have levied upon the following described land, to-wit: W. 1/2 sw. qr. sec 1 T 13 R. 6, 80 acres, w. 1/2 ne. qr. sec 12 T 13 R. 6, 80 acres, w. 1/2 qr. sec 12 T 13 R. 6, 160 acres, nw. 1/4 sec 13 T 13 R. 6, 40 acres, and sw. 1/4 sec 11 T 13 R. 6, 40 acres, as the property of the said Thomas Wiley, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
March 1st 1860. 22 (\$3).

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of 2 executions to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of George W. Ragg & P. B. Knight for the use of Robert Street & Co., and against John A. Warren & Irvin Johnson, I have levied upon the following described land to-wit: Se. qr. of sec 25 T 15 R. 6, and the sw. 1/4 of sec 25 T 14 R. 5 East, as the property of the said John A. Warren, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said executions.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
by J. W. Kendall, dep.
March 1st 1860. 22 (\$4).

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of John J. Bristow, and against Elisha E. Waggoner, I have levied upon the following described land, to-wit: Lots 1 and 2, in block 10, in the town of Sullivan, as the property of the said Elisha E. Waggoner, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 5th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason, sheriff.
by B. B. Haydon dep.
April 12th. 24 3w

Administrator's SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
By virtue of a decree of the Moultrie county court at the February term 1858, I will offer for sale at the court house door in the town of Sullivan, in Moultrie county, Illinois, on the 12th day of May A. D. 1860, on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser or purchasers giving note and personal security and a mortgage on the lands sold, to secure the purchase money, the following lands of which Thomas D. Carpenter, dec'd, late of said county, to-wit: Nw. qr. sw. qr. sec 11 township 14 N R 5 East, to pay the debts of said deceased.
EZER D. CLEVELAND, Adm'r
Jan. 19th 1860.—13-6

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of Sumner Clark surviving partner of Clark & Duffield, and against W. P. Corbin, I have levied upon the following described real estate, to-wit: south half of lots 3 & 4 block 8 in the town of Sullivan, as the property of the said W. P. Corbin, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason, sheriff.
by J. W. Kendall, dep.
April 12th. 24 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of the Circuit court of Moultrie county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Charles D. Lufkin and Dudley C. Smith, and against Benjamin Wallace, I have levied upon the following described land to-wit: sw. 1/4 sec 13 T 12 R 5, as the property of the said Benjamin Wallace, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan, in said state, on the 12th day of May A. D. 1860.
Joseph Thomason, sheriff.
by J. W. Kendall, dep.
April 19th.

JOHN BAUM, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Sullivan and vicinity, that he has permanently located himself on the North-west corner of the Public Square (in the house formerly occupied as a Drug Store by Dr. Head) where he will be pleased to see the Public call and examine his stock of
WATCHES & JEWELRY, which will be sold to suit the times. His stock consists of English & Detached Levers all of which he will warrant for one year. The stock of Jewelry consists of Ladies Sets Coral, Ladies Sleeve-buttons, Modest Camos, Florantine; also Silver Thumbless.
He has a good assortment of Gentlemen's Jewelry consisting of Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, and Watch Guards and Keys.
I have also a good assortment of Thirty Hours and Eight-Day
CLOCKS which I can sell for from \$4.50 to \$6.00, all of which I will give a written warranty, to keep good time and strike true, for one year. Where the Clock will not go as I warrant, I will refund the money and take back the clock.
Watches & Jewelry Repaired on short notice, and all work warranted.
JOHN BAUM
Sullivan, Ill., Dec. 15 1859.—8-y

Probate Notice.
Estate of Daniel Pea, deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Daniel Pea, late of the county of Moultrie and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Moultrie county, at the court house in Sullivan, at the regular term on the 3d Monday in May next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having them adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
B. S. JENNINGS, Adm'r.
March 19th 1860. 21 6w.

TAX SALE NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that at a sale of lands for taxes, in the county of Moultrie in the state of Illinois, held at the court house on the 14th day of June A. D. 1858, I became the purchaser of the following tracts, to-wit: Se. 1/4 of sw. 1/4 of sec 36 T 14 R. 4, 40 acres, and s. 1/4 of sec 36 T 14 R. 4, 80 acres, by paying the taxes thereon for the year 1857. Now, if the said lands are not redeemed before the 14th of June 1860, then I will be entitled to a deed to the same.
LARKIN BECK.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of Benj. B. Everette, and against Grant Vinsonhaler, I have levied upon the following described land to-wit: Nw. qr. of sw. qr. of sec 36 T 14 N R. 5 E, 40 acres, as the property of the said Grant Vinsonhaler, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 10th day of May A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
April 19th. 25 3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Moultrie county, in the state of Illinois, in favor of James Huffman, and against Henry Bailey, I have levied upon the following described lands, to-wit: N. 1/2 sw. qr. sec 17 T 15 R 5 E, and sw. qr. of nw. qr. of sec 17 T 15 R 5 East, as the property of the said Henry Bailey, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said state, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomason sheriff.
by J. W. Kendall, dep.
March 1st 1860. 22 \$4.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.
Notice is hereby given, that we will sell to the highest bidder, at the court house in Sullivan, upon a credit of nine months, the following described Real Estate, lying and being situate in the county of Moultrie and State of Illinois, to-wit: The e. 1/2 nw. 1/4 of the sw. 1/4 sec. 13, the nw. 1/4 of the ne. 1/4, and the se. 1/4 ne. 1/4 sec 23, the w. 1/2 nw. 1/4 sec 26, the undivided 1/2 of the ne. 1/4 of the ne. 1/4 sec 14, and the undivided 1/2 of the w. 1/4 of the nw. 1/4 of sec 24, all in T. 13 N. R. 6 E. Said Real Estate will be sold on Saturday the 7th day of April, A. D. 1860, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. Deeds will be made on the day of sale. The purchasers will be required to give bond with approved security, and a mortgage on the premises, to secure the payment of the purchase money.
JOHN A. FREELAND, } Adm'r
John D. Foy, }
of John D. Foy, deceased.

REVOLUTION IN BUSINESS. CASH STORE.
SOUTH-EAST COR. SQUARE.
at Smyser's old stand.

H. F. VADAKIN.
Intending to commence the year 1860, by abolishing the credit system. I will now commence selling

FOR CASH ONLY,

our entire stock of Fall & Winter
GOODS AT
Greatly Reduced
PRICES,
Thereby **SAVING** From
20 TO 25
PER CENT.

On goods immediately wanted.— I invite all who wish to save money to give me a call.
H. F. VADAKIN.

N. B. THOSE indebted by Note or Account are notified to come forward and settle up, as longer indulgence will not be given—I need money and must have it.
[Dec 29 '59.] H. F. V.

Family Groceries:
GOLDEN SYRUP, Reboiled Molasses, COFFEE, SUGAR
Tea, Rice, Ground Ginger, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, All Spice Soda &c. &c.: Just received and for Sale as cheap as the CHEAPEST and as good as the BEST. at VADAKIN'S 45—tf

CASH STORE! SPRING GOODS!

We are just receiving and opening our Spring Stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, etc.
The best selected stock we have ever brought to this city, including nearly everything usually kept in the country.
We adhere strictly to the Cash System, giving equal advantages to all persons. With us the poor man's

DOLLAR

will buy as many goods as the rich man's; and by selling for Cash only or for

PRODUCE AT CASH

prices we can afford to sell at one **HALF THE PROFITS** we would be compelled to have if we were selling on time.
Please call and examine our stock and prices.
RUTHERFORD & Co.
North West Cor. Public Square.

Pay Your Taxes!!

DISSOLUTION!
The Copartnership heretofore existing between
J. E. EDEN AND THE CREDIT SYSTEM

IS THIS DAY DESOLVED.
HIS result was brought about by the failure of the Credit System. That failing, the whole Firm come very near, if not quite, "going under."

I WILL continue the Goods business at the Old Stand, and
"GO IT ALONE"
Exclusively for
CASH, AND MERCHANTABLE

PRODUCE.
SO if you want to buy Goods **SURPRISINGLY CHEAP,**

BRING ON YOUR Wheat, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Feathers, and

MONEY;
AND buy Goods Cheaper than they have ever sold in the West.
J. E. EDEN
Jan. 14th '60.—(not-y)

SMYSER
New Building S. E. Cor. Pub. Square.

I am happy to announce to my numerous customers of former times that I am now in receipt of

NEW GOODS!

Having weighed carefully the **'CREDIT SYSTEM'** and found it always wanting—paying neither buyer or seller—I have determined to so change my manner of selling goods so as to sell the large and well assorted stock, which I am now receiving from the East, at much

LOWER RATES

than formerly, for Cash, or any merchantable country produce that will bear transportation.
A Short Credit
will be extended to those who have heretofore been prompt in the payment of their bills. By this course I am satisfied that I can sell goods at as low rates as any other house in Central Illinois.

(DEAFENING APPLAUSE!)

I have a full and well selected stock of Staple and fancy dry goods of every description. Ladies dress goods of entirely new and elegant styles. A large stock of Bonnets, bonnet ribbon, American and French Flowers of the

LATEST STYLES,

direct from New York. Some very elegant styles Shaker Hoods, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

CLOTHING!

Hardware & Queensware, Children's Baskets & other notions, paper, pens, ink, &c. &c. Many articles not included in the above class. You may profit by calling before buying elsewhere.
Unusual Inducements offered to cash buyers.
A. N. SMYSER.
Sullivan, March 28, 1860. (Sno22y)

HOWARD ASSOCIATION.
PHILADELPHIA.
A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with
Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.
The Howard Association, in view of the awful destruction of human life caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give medical advice gratis to all who apply by letter with a description of their condition (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in cases of extreme poverty, to furnish medicine free of charge. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association in their Annual Report, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism, or Self abuse, Disease of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year. An admirable Report on Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self abuse, and other diseases of the sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope), free of charge, on receipt of two stamps for postage. Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of Sexual disease, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 south ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
By order of the Directors, EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President. GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.

Bryant & Stratton's Consolidated Chicago Commercial College
(Link in the National Chain)

LOCATED AT Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit and St. Louis. Scholarship good the entire chain of eight Colleges. Consolidation of "Bryant & Stratton's Mercantile College" and "Bell's Commercial College," now conducted as one Institution which is the recipient of an extraordinary and unprecedented patronage.
Larmon Block, corner Clark and Washington Streets, Chicago.
H. B. STRATTON, D. V. BELL, H. D. STRATTON, Principals and Proprietors.
By this consolidation the collegiate course of this Institution is greatly enlarged and with the improvements which the business experience of the Principals enables them constantly to introduce for the benefit of their students, it is made greatly superior in all respects.

First Premiums Awarded to This College
At the late United States Fair, in Chicago, for Best Business Penmanship and for Best Book-keeping.
Departments of Bookkeeping and Accounts.
Organized and conducted upon the Counting Room system, the Halls of study being fitted up with appropriate Counters, Desks, &c., as in Real Business, and the student at once introduced to the practical workings and routine of business as conducted in Banks, Counting-Rooms, Railroad Offices, etc.

COMMERCIAL LAW.
By special arrangement with the Law School of the University of Chicago, the sessions of which are held in our College rooms, our Students are privileged to attend all the lectures in this department, and to receive instruction in this important branch of the course, from the able accomplished and learned Professors of the School; and it affords as much gratification to be enabled to offer them this extraordinary and superior advantage.
"SPENCERIAN" PENMANSHIP
This famous system—the best known to the world, is our standard.

PROF. WOOD'S HAIR RESTORETIVE. UNRIVALLED IN MARKET, WITH IMMENSE HOME AND EUROPEAN DEMAND.

IF YOUR HAIR IS GRAY, IF YOUR HAIR IS THIN, OR IF YOU ARE BALD, IT WILL RESTORE IT.
IF YOU HAVE DANDRUFF, IF YOU HAVE SCALD HEAD, IF YOU HAVE NERVOUS HEADACHE, IT WILL CURE THEM.
TO PRESERVE THE COLOR, TO PREVENT ITS FALLING, TO MAKE THE HAIR GLOSSY, USE WOOD'S HAIR RESTORETIVE.
BOLD BY O. J. WOOD & CO. 714 MARKET STREET, ST. LOUIS MO. PATENT MEDICINE DEALERS, AND DRUGGISTS, IN CITY AND COUNTRY.

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IS ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.
J. H. WAGGONER, PROPRIETOR.
Terms of Subscription.
Single copy, one year, \$1 50
Clubs of Ten, 12 50
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In advance in all cases—If not, \$1 50 will be charged within the year, or \$2 00 at the end of the year.
No subscription received for a shorter time than six months; and no paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

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All Advertisements ordered to be inserted without specifying the number of insertions, will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

JOB WORK DONE, CHEAP FOR CASH!

GRAND
Premium Depot.
ZWECK & CO'S
SADDLE SHOP!
(East side Public Square.)

SULLIVAN - ILLINOIS.
HAVING associated together in the Saddle & Harness-making business, they are now ready to fill all orders in their line, in the best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

We have on hand a good assortment of well selected stock, and articles
READY-MADE!

Plain Harness,
Fancy Harness,
Buggy Harness,
Lines & Bridles,
& Martingales,
Whips & halters,
BOOTS & SHOES,
of all kinds, constantly on hand, and all that is commonly kept in this line. They hope, by constant attention to business, to deserve and receive a continuance of public patronage.

JOB WORK

done with neatness and dispatch.
Prices to suit the times, and
ALL WORK WARRANTED!
They will pay the highest market price, in cash or trade, for green and dry HIDES, Sheep Pelts, &c. &c.
By selling your Hides &c to Zweck & Co. you will keep the money in the country, as they get them tanned at home.
Lewis Zweck & Co.
Dec. 10th 1858. 12 y.

CASH STORE!
SPRING GOODS!

We are just receiving and opening our Spring Stock of Dry Goods, Clothing,
Boots & Shoes,
Groceries,
Hardware,
Queensware, etc.
The best selected stock we have ever brought to this city, including nearly everything usually kept in the country.
We adhere strictly the CASH SYSTEM, giving equal advantages to all persons. With us the poor man's

WILL

buy as many goods as the rich man's; and by selling for Cash only or for

PRODUCE
CASH

prices we can afford to sell at one **HALF THE PROFITS** we would be compelled to have if we were selling on time.
Please call and examine our stock and prices.

RUTHERFORD & Co.
North West Cor. Public Square.

We want that you promised to bring to pay us for your

FAMILY GROCERY AND OYSTER SALOON!

I take this method of informing my old friends and the public generally, that I am still on hand at the old stand, ready to wait on the people. I am constantly receiving all articles usually found in such establishments, consisting partly as follows:
Nuts, candies, raisins, figs, cakes, crackers, cheeses, pickles, dried herring, rope, brushes, pencils, pens, blacking, brooms, pepper-sauce, oysters, cardines, perfumeries, hair oils, note paper, envelopes, lard oil, combs, pocket knives, razors, soaps, violin strings and notions generally.

—ALSO—
GROCERIES,
which I propose to sell as cheap as any other house in town; consisting of
Sugar, Coffee,
Molasses, Starch,
Spices, Soda,
Cinnamon, Pepper,
Ginger, Salt,
Soap, Tobacco,
Fine Cigars, Mackerel,
And White Fish.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods.
J. R. McCURE.
My Eating Room
is now well fitted up adjoining the saloon, in a neat and comfortable manner to accommodate customers.
OYSTERS served up in the most delicious way, and at all hours. Call and try a dish.
J. R. Mc.
Sept 17th 1858 11y.

MILLINERY
BY MRS. RAWSON
SULLIVAN ILLINOIS

CABINET
SHOP.
PETER SMITH

Takes pleasure in announcing to his old friends, patrons, and the public generally,

THAT HE
STILL continues the **CABINET** MAKING BUSINESS at the Old Stand,

North East side of the Public Square,
Where they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of Parlor Chamber and Kitchen furniture,
on short notice and at very LOW PRICES.

COFFINS!

All sizes and qualities kept constantly on hand, and made to order on application. Coffins made at my shop, will be delivered, and attended to at funerals, free of charge.

Terms,
TO SUIT THE TIMES.
All kinds of produce taken in exchange for furniture.

They hope by selling furniture at lowest prices and close attention to business, to merit a liberal patronage.

March 5th '58. no. 26. ly.

WANTED!

5,000 BUSHELS OF CORN, for which I will pay the highest market price in goods at cash prices; also, will take corn on old debts. So bring it right along!

J. E. EDEN.
Sullivan, March 15. 20th.

Queensware, Glassware, Nails, Coffin Yarn, Batting, Wall paper, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.
RUTHERFORD & CO.
June 17th 1859. 903712y.

The Sons of Malta and the President.

On Friday the delegates of the Sons of Malta, from various states in the Union who have been in Convention at Washington visited the president of the United States, and were introduced to him. Soon after entering the East Room, the President appeared and the members were presented by Mr. Carter a delegate from Cincinnati Ohio. The president made the following reply to Mr. Carter's address:

"Gentlemen of the Convention of the Sons of Malta; I feel deeply grateful for the honor you have done me in making this visit, coming as you do from every section of the Union. I do not know much about the Order but from your representation of it I have no doubt of its charitable objects and its patriotism. In your praise-worthy object of charity are told that Faith, Hope and Charity are the links that bind us together in social union. Faith and hope may pass away but Charity endures forever. I do not feel that there is any danger of the dissolution of the Union by the oppression of one portion of our country upon another for should that period unhappily arrive the people, who made it will preserve it.

Again allow me to cordially thank you for this visit and I would be most happy to take each one of you by the hand as citizens, representatives of the Sons of Malta from all quarters of the Union."

The delegates were then individually introduced to him by District Attorney Guild and C. W. Boteler.

STENOGRAPHY ACQUIRED IN FIFTEEN MINUTES.—Any person desirous of learning short hand in an incredibly short space of time, can do so by procuring Cray's Stenographic Chart. His system is abbreviated to less than one eighth of the common writing, and is practiced by more reporters than any other system now in use. After acquiring that all that is necessary in order to report a speech or sermon, is practice. Price of Chart with full instructions, only one dollar; ten copies for five dollars one hundred copies for twenty-five dollars. Perfect satisfaction is guaranteed or money returned. Address James E. Quinlan Agent, Monticello, Sullivan county, N. Y.
Any newspaper giving the above with this paragraph, one insertion among the reading matter, will be entitled to a copy.

"So, your little boy goes to school, does he?"
"Of course he does."
"And does he learn anything?"
"You'd better believe it!"
"Can he write already?"
"He writes like a lawyer."
"You don't say so!"
"Yes—so that nobody can read it."

A Smart Boy.—An Irish boy striving hard to get a place denied that he was Irish. "I don't know what you mean by not being an Irishman said the gentleman who was about to hire him, "but this I know that you were born in Ireland." "Och, your honor, if that's all," said the boy, "small blame that. Suppose your cat had kittens in the oven, would they be leaves of bread?" It is unnecessary to say that the boy got the place.

The Lawyer and the Doctor.
Colonel Stone, a practicing lawyer and Dr. Mason a practicing physician were rival candidates for the Senate and were stumping the district together. Dr. Mason was a warm advocate for law reform, and in arguing its necessity he referred to a certain case in which his competitor had been non-suited upon some technicality.

"Now said Dr. Mason, "we need to have the law reformed, or Colonel Stone is incompetent to bring a suit correctly, he can take either horn of the dilemma."

Colonel Stone replied:
"Fellow-citizens the doctor has the advantage of me. When I make a mistake in my profession, he has only to go to the records of the court, and find it and publish it to the world but when he makes a mistake in his profession, he buries it six feet under ground!"

"How do you and your wife get along?" "O, rather badly; she gives it to me now every time I dare to speak and I'd thank her not to."

Gentlemen," said a tavern-keeper to his guests, at midnight, "I do not know whether you've talked enough or not, but as for myself, I am going to shut up."

Why is a man poking a wood fire like a rumseller? Because he stirs the brand he punches

A man who had been married twice to ladies both named Catherine advised his friends against taking dupli Kates.

From the St. Louis Herald.
One Day in the Library and Operating Room. of Dr. McDowell

April 2, 1860, at ten o'clock, by invitation, we repaired to the college, and found the Doctor amusing himself with the violin in playing some old-fashioned, soul-stirring tunes of olden times. In a few minutes came an Irish patient with necrosis of the bones of the foot. He was given chloroform and the diseased bone extracted. In a short time a German came with fistula in ano, and was operated on and discharged.

At 8 o'clock came a frail, nervous lady, an American, from Illinois, with cancer of the breast, and the Doctor, with kind and soothing words, seated her on the operating chair, and the deadly disease was removed in a few minutes. Next came a Scotchman, from Illinois, with varicose veins, and the vessel was soon tied and the patient disposed of. Eleven o'clock came, and a robust, fine looking English woman came, with a large rose cancer in her bosom. She was given chloroform and the tumor removed, and now, at 3 o'clock, all are safe and doing well.

Such is the daily labor of Dr. McDowell, not probably to the same extent, but he operates every day with unequalled success. He is now fifty-four years of age, and is as firm in constitution as any man. His nerves are strong with the vigor of youth, and his hand was never seen to tremble or his head or heart falter in an operation. May God spare him for his usefulness here and take care of him hereafter. **AMICUS.**

A Woman Joining the Sons of Malta.

The disappearance of the man named Curtis from Zanesville, Ohio, supposed to have been spirited away by the Sons of Malta for exposing their secrets is explained. His wife publishes a statement in which she says that her husband left town because he was angry and mortified at her having imposed herself upon the Sons of Malta, dressed in man's clothes and been partially initiated. Mrs. Curtis gives an amusing account of her experiences among the Sons. She and a neighbor, Mrs. Smith, having a womanly curiosity to explore the secrets which their husbands would not tell them, bribed one of the Sons to introduce them as men for initiation. They put on their husbands' clothes and went to the lodge room. They did not go through all the ceremonies. Mrs. Curtis got only as far as being tossed in a blanket. She describes the conclusion of her adventure as follows:
"When the conductor said, 'Can you swim, Sir? I said 'Yes! 'Can you swim in fourteen feet of water? I said 'Yes! the deeper the better! Well take off your coat and try yourself. Now when he said 'take off your coat, that scared me because I put on a loose sack on purpose for reasons you will see yourself. However, I thought a moment and then said, 'No, Sir; never heed the coat—I can swim as well with, as without it! Very well said the conductor, 'your peril will be upon your own head. Now hold up your right hand, Sir!—take this life-preserver and—Here he gave me a push and I went over backwards, and as soon as I landed I went up again flying—then down and up in the same way, until I thought all my brains were flying out of the top of my head, then everything swam round and round until I did not know anything at all, for I had fainted. The next place I found myself in was the ante-chamber, or rather, just being led into the ante-chamber by two men and I was first conscious that I must have been sitting in a bath tub with my clothes on. I think the cool air brought me to my senses. The two men looked very scared and sorry. I looked about for Mrs. Smith and Joe, but they had gone as soon as they heard the noise of initiating me. I asked one of the men if Mr. Curtis was in the lodge. The man said he was—I said I should like to see him a minute. The man went into the lodge room, and presently out came my beautiful husband, all muffled up—I just whispered a word or two in his ear and maybe he didn't pull off his gown and hood in short order, and walk home with me. He left me that night in anger and mortification, and I have not seen him since. But then he had no need to be angry, because he has always known that I have been in favor of 'women's rights,' and have always held that women are as capable as men. But when it comes to the Sons of Malta, I think the 'women's rights' a failure; they cannot do it."

MANUFACTURED BY
DONALD KENNEDY,
No. 120 Warren Street, Roxbury, Mass.
PRICE \$1.00. For sale by every Druggist in the United States and British Provinces. In Sullivan, by Elder, Vadakin, Perryman, and other merchants and Druggists.

STOVES
—AND—
TINWARE.

All those wishing to buy stoves for cash would do well to give me a call before looking elsewhere. I have a large lot of the very best stoves in use. Consisting of—

The Charter Oak,
The Elevated Oven,
The Pride of the East,
The Comet Air-Tight,
The Empire State;

and, in short, all kinds of Heating and Parlor stoves. All kinds of Tinware, Japanese ware, plain tinware of all kinds, cast wash-boilers, cast teakittles. Extra stove trimmings constantly on hand. Repairing and Job work done on short notice. I will take feathers, and old copper and brass, in exchange for tinware.
Shop on north-west corner of the Public Square.

C. A. CARTER.
I WOULD say to those knowing themselves indebted to me by note or account, that they will save cost by calling and settling them. I must have money.
C. A. C.
Feb. 2d 1860. 14 6m.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Cook county, in the State of Illinois, in favor of Henry H. Honoree and against Albert G. Snyder, I have levied upon the following described land, to-wit: See sec 24 T 14 R 5, 40 acres, as the property of the said Albert G. Snyder, which I shall offer at public sale at the court house door in Sullivan in said State, on the 26th day of April A. D. 1860, between the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.
Joseph Thomson, Sheriff.

Why are ripe potatoes in the ground like thieves? Because they ought to be taken up.

Patent Medicines.
THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

DR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOR, From the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a burning sore mouth. One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of bile.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst cancer in the stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of erysipelas.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

Fifteen to twenty bottles will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most severe case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of dyspepsia. I know from the experience of thousands that it has been caused by cancer in the stomach.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure sick headache.

One to two bottles are warranted to regulate a costive state of the bowels.

One to two bottles will regulate all derangement of the kidneys.

Four to six bottles have cured the worst cases of dropsy.

One to three have cured the worst cases of piles: a relief is always experienced; what a mercy to get relief in such an excruciating disease!

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

No change of diet ever necessary; eat the best you can get and enough of it.

The **MEDICAL DISCOVERY** is admirably adapted to the western country where **FEVER AND AGUE,**

DYSENTERY,

BILIOUS COLIC,

BILIOUS FEVER,

LIVER DERANGEMENTS,

are so prevalent in their respective seasons.

The great cause of the prevalence of these diseases is that many have secreted in their system some

Putrid and Fatal Humor

which is the source of all diseases, and many a young man and woman in the

BLOOM OF LIFE

are wasting away whose faded cheeks and sunken eyes warn their friends of a speedy dissolution through the effects of some

Acrid Humor

preying upon the vitals, and many thousands die annually from the effects of these humors, who, if they but purify their blood with a few bottles of Medical Discovery would live to a ripe old age.

Another great cause of diseases is

Costiveness;

for this the Discovery is an infallible remedy, its action on the

Liver, Kidneys and Bowels

is all that you could desire.

For Scrofulous Ulcers

you will follow the directions in pamphlet around the bottle.

For Ulcerated Sore Legs

you will find full directions in the pamphlet.

Directions For Use.—Adults, one table spoonful per day; children over ten years, five drops; children from five to ten years, ten drops. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.

MANUFACTURED BY
DONALD KENNEDY,
No. 120 Warren Street, Roxbury, Mass.

PRICE \$1.00. For sale by every Druggist in the United States and British Provinces. In Sullivan, by Elder, Vadakin, Perryman, and other merchants and Druggists.

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—AND—
TINWARE.

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Joseph Thomson, Sheriff.

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Patent Medicines.
VICTORIOUS OVER PAIN.

BRAGG'S ARCTIC LINIMENT.
Agony or ease!—Sickness or health!—Life or death! These are the questions involved in the adoption or rejection of this specific by the martyrs to external diseases and injuries. Having received the endorsement of the distinguished savan, the late Dr. KANE, and its efficacy tested during two awful winters in the regions of eternal ice, it is now coming into general use in every section of the civilized globe, and its marvellous cures are everywhere exciting astonishment.

THE AFFLICTED REJOICE.
HUNDREDS and THOUSANDS have tested its virtues, and are rejoicing in freedom from long lingering PAIN and DISEASE, which other remedies had failed to cure. Have you Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Ear-ache or Tooth-ache—Are you afflicted with Old Sores—Suffering from Bruises, Strains, Corns, Sore Eyes, Piles?
THE ARCTIC LINIMENT will afford you instant relief.
Everybody is liable to

BURNS AND SCALDS.

For these dreadful accidents the ARCTIC LINIMENT should be kept on hand, for it affords cure and immediate relief, often saving from death. Every steamboat and railroad train should keep it. Who that has heard the shrieks of anguish uttered by the scalded and maimed victims of explosions and collisions, does not feel that some means of relieving that torture should always be accessible? Such does exist in this balmy pain controlling agent. It is

THE MOTHER'S COMPANION.

It cures Cakes in the Breast, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, Pimples, &c. Ladies who prize a pure skin, void of pimples, blotches, scurf and all discolored and excrescences, should attack these trespassers on beauty's domain as soon as they appear with the Arctic Liniment. It is excellent for the Hair, giving it a healthy glossy appearance. It is

Good for Man and Beast.

It is a sovereign remedy for the various diseases with which horses are afflicted, curing the most alarming cases of Rickets, Sprains, Strains, Wounds, Scratches, swellings, spavins, Ring-bone, Big-head, Poll-evil &c. No farmer, livery stable keeper, or any person owning valuable horses, should be without this valuable remedy.
For sale by all respectable druggists & dealers. Prices of the Liniment, 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 a bottle. A one-dollar bottle contains as much Liniment as eight 25 cent bottles.

Extraordinary Announcement.

Every purchaser of a dollar bottle of the ARCTIC LINIMENT receives, at Dr. Bragg's expense, the UNITED STATES JOURNAL, of New York, for one year. The Journal is a large illustrated paper—each number containing sixteen pages, beautifully printed on clear white paper, and filled with original matter from the most brilliant writers of the country. Cerificates of subscription and full particulars of the novel and philanthropic enterprise, of which this offer forms a part, will accompany each bottle.

AN AGENT WANTED in every town and village.

BRAGG & BURROWS, St. Louis, Mo. New York Office, No. 371, Broadway. Communications should always be addressed to St. Louis. For sale in Sullivan at VADAKIN'S, Elder's Perryman's, and all our Dealers.

WE DO NOT

HESITATE TO ASSERT

WHAT ALL ARE BY RESULTS,

Compelled to Admit,

Viz: That in Dr. Mann's Ague Balsam we have a perfectly triumphant remedy for chills fever and ague and all diseases arising from a diseased or inactive condition of the liver.

Indeed it will never fail, and the one who fails to use it at once will deeply regret the neglect. Reader you will never again shake or have fever that season if you take it as per directions, and continue until the system is perfectly restored; if this be done there will be no one who will suffer long from chills, fever and ague.

Bucyrus, Ohio, Feb. 25th 1858
Dr. MANN & Co., Gallon, Ohio—Gents: We are at a loss to find language sufficient to portray to the public the great esteem in which your Celebrated Ague Balsam is held in this community. The fact is it never fails to cure ague in its worst forms, and we can sell nothing else.

Yours, &c.
HOLBERT & TAYLOR, Druggists, Corinth, Miss., Oct. 20th 1857.

Messrs. S. K. MANN & Co.—Gents: Having procured a supply of your Ague Balsam, and testing it thoroughly in many severe cases of long standing, where all the popular remedies of the day had failed, I found in all cases your Balsam effected a safe and speedy cure. It is just the medicine we want here in the south. Respectfully Yours,
JOSEPH BUCHANAN, Druggist, Gallon, May 9th 1858.

Messrs. S. K. MANN & Co.
Gentlemen:—I would say for the benefit of those suffering with chills fever and ague, that I can confidently recommend your Ague Balsam to do what it is recommended to do, having used it myself, and in my family also; have known it used in many other cases, where it has universally proved effectual; leaving the patient soundly cured. I give this for the benefit of all whom it may concern.

Gallon, O., May, 1858. R. F. MATTHEW.
St. Louis, Sept. 10th 1858.

Messrs. S. K. MANN & Co.
Gents:—After using several other preparations for fever and ague, and only getting partial relief, for the disease soon returned again, we took two bottles of your Ague Balsam, and I have had neither chill nor fever since I took first dose. I believe it to be the only thing that will never fail, and hence I recommend it to others.

Yours Truly,
J. G. WALKER.
Alexandria, Mo., June, 1858.

Messrs. S. K. MANN & Co.
Gentlemen:—Please send us 4 doz. of your Ague Balsam. It gives the best satisfaction of any ague preparation we have had in our place. The fact is, it never fails when properly taken. Respectfully Yours,
MOOR & SONS.

S. K. MANN & Co., Proprietors, Gallon, Ohio. O. J. WOOD & Co., St. Louis, Mo., sole wholesale agents for all the western States and Territories, and sold by all good druggists. In Sullivan, by Elder, Vadakin, Perryman, and other merchants and druggists here.

Garden seeds of all kinds, for sale low, at the Printing Office! Call early.