





# Horner Terms Drops In Wheat Farmer Warning

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 2—Judge Henry Horner, Democratic nominee, took the present drop in wheat to its lowest point in over 80 years as his text in a talk to voters of Calumet City, a suburb of Chicago, in which he urged the farmers to vote the Democratic ticket as the surest means of getting back to a prosperous footing.

"I notice that in spite of the Republican assurances that all will be well if only President Hoover is re-elected, wheat has fallen to the lowest level in the 83 year history of the Chicago wheat pit," Judge Horner said. "The Republican campaign of fear, instead of frightening the voters into supporting the President, seems to be scaring the stock and commodity markets to death and further accentuating the depression.

"It is time that the farmer realized the direct connection between political policies and his pocket-book. Under the operation of what President Hoover calls 'the noble experiment' of prohibition, wheat prices have declined steadily from an average of \$2.18 cents a bushel in 1919 to the present disastrous level. Prohibition deprived the farmer of a market for 80 million bushels of grain a year, and at the same time deprived the government of excise revenue of not less than three quarters of a billion dollars annually and so forced an increase in the taxes the farmer pays.

"Governor Roosevelt has made the straightforward pledge that immediately upon his election he will with the assistance of the Democratic congress, legalize the manufacture of beer in those states that desire it, and thus at one stroke restore that lost market to the farmer, raise the price of wheat, and lower the tax burden.

"On the other hand, the Republican platform is vague and evasive on the prohibition issue and the national candidates are equally so. President Hoover classifies as half wet-half dry, while Mr. Curtis his running mate, is politically dry to the last bone. There can be no hope of immediate action from that quarter.

"Farmers who desire to see high farm prices and lower taxes should support the Democratic ticket."

## BOULDER DAM NOT OF THE TYPE MOST NEEDED IN ILLINOIS

Urbana, Ill., Oct. 31—Illinois can boast of nothing like the stupendous Hoover Dam on the Colorado River, but there are other types of dams which are far more important to this state, it is pointed out by E. W. Lehmann, head of the department of agricultural engineering, College of Agriculture, University of Illinois.

There are some 14 million acres of Illinois land subject to gully washing, and two different types of dams can be used to halt losses of valuable soil from such land, he explained.

One type is made of material which will allow the water to seep through the dam but which at the same time collects the sediment and trash carried by the water. The other type is the non-porous, or water-tight, dam.

"Dams which allow the water to seep through may be made of brush or woven wire and are located so that the water carrying trash or silt will deposit it back of the dam and gradually fill up the gully.

"Soil saving dams are not built to obstruct the flow of water, but to control it. An important point to keep in mind in constructing a porous dam, therefore, is to keep the center of the dam low enough so that there is a satisfactory outlet for the water to flow through without cutting around the ends of the dam. In a brush dam the brush is woven between strong stakes or posts which are driven into the ground with lower stakes at the center of the gully and higher ones at the sides, making a V-shaped dam.

"Non-porous, or water-tight, dams usually are constructed of earth or concrete. Such dams must be built strong enough to hold the water back of them and at the same time must provide a satisfactory outlet to carry the water without its washing over or around the dam and undermining it.

"Earth dams are provided with a tile line extending under the dam and up above it so that the water may flow through this line after it reaches a certain level. Such dams sometimes are called 'chimney' dams. The tile must be large enough to carry the water flowing through the gully. The water accumulates back of the dam, thus allowing the sediment to settle out before the water flows through the tile. The gully will gradually fill up, making it necessary to build the dam to a greater height and extend the height of the tile."

# Pictures Tell Judge Horner's Stand; Artist Captures Spirit of 'New Deal'

## 'New Kind of Candidate' Inspires Novel Way to Present Issues of the Campaign in Illinois.

Program of Lower Taxes, Help for Farmer, Square Deal for All Pictured.



**SO THAT HE WHO RUNS MAY SEE!**—The four drawings reproduced here illustrate dramatically both Judge Horner's character and his program for a greater Illinois as Governor. He is the democratic candidate for Governor of Illinois.

"A New Deal for All" is the promise of Judge Horner illustrated by No. 1.

No. 2 shows Judge Horner fulfilling one of his chief aims—to unite in bonds of friendship the farmer and city dweller that they may progress together.

In No. 3 the artist has pictured Judge Horner's brilliant career as Probate Judge for eighteen years—years spent in faithfully protecting and helping countless widows and orphans, particularly those of the soldiers who fell in battle.

"Make Them Secure" is the caption of No. 4. Judge Horner has declared that under him all the power of the State government will be used in the effort to make the Illinois farmer and his family secure and prosperous, as he realizes that upon the farmer's security depends the prosperity of Illinois.

## Forecast Shows Roosevelt Will Carry 45 States

Washington, Nov. 4—The following table showing the indicated pluralities by states in the November Presidential election was computed by Fabian Franklin and published in a recent issue of the New York Times. The computation is based upon the percentages of the Republican shift from the 1928 presidential vote as related to the Literary Digest Poll of more than 2,000,000 votes in the issues of October 22.

This computation indicates that Franklin D. Roosevelt will carry every state in the Union except three—Delaware, Maine and Vermont, which have only a total of 11 electoral votes—giving Governor Roosevelt a plurality of 520 electoral votes. The table follows:

State	1928 Vote (in Thousands)	Per Cent Republican Shift	Indicated Plurality in 1932
Alabama	121	128	43
Arizona	52	38	39
Arkansas	78	119	20
California	1,162	614	52
Colorado	254	133	33
Connecticut	297	252	15
Delaware	69	37	21
Florida	144	102	42
Georgia	99	130	58
Idaho	100	53	41
Illinois	1,769	1,314	39
Indiana	848	563	32
Iowa	624	379	41
Kansas	514	193	36
Kentucky	558	381	29
Louisiana	51	165	37
Maine	180	81	24
Maryland	301	224	38
Mass.	776	793	12
Michigan	965	397	44
Minnesota	561	396	42
Mississippi	27	125	48
Missouri	834	663	37
Montana	113	79	38
Nebraska	346	198	44
Nevada	18	14	51
N. H.	115	81	25
New Jersey	926	617	33
New Mexico	70	43	39
New York	2,193	2,090	25
N. Carolina	349	287	28
N. Dakota	131	107	49
Ohio	1,628	864	37
Oklahoma	394	219	42
Oregon	205	109	51
Pennsylvania	2,055	1,068	42
Rhode Island	118	119	21
S. Carolina	3	63	29
S. Dakota	158	103	44
Tennessee	195	167	32
Texas	367	341	56
Utah	95	81	42
Vermont	90	44	22
Virginia	165	140	35
Washington	386	157	50
W. Virginia	376	264	31
Wisconsin	544	450	50
Wyoming	53	29	35

**912 MILES NEW PAVING 1932**

Springfield, Oct. 28—The state and county highway system of Illinois was extended 69.61 miles during the week that ended Oct. 19, Frank T. Sheets, chief highway engineer, announced today.

A tabulation of construction reports from the ten districts of the state revealed that during the week the pavement completed totaled 38.04 miles and that 31.57 miles were graveled. State bond issue routes were extended 26.08 miles and 42.53 miles of county roads were completed during the week.

The number of men employed on the state bond issue routes alone increased to 5,976 during the week.

The week's construction brought the total of the work completed in 1932 up to 1,322.13 miles of improved roads. Of this 912.02 miles were paved and 410.11 miles were graveled or macadamized, including 1.53 miles of temporary gravel on the bond issue system.

During the year up to Oct. 19, the county roads financed primarily from motor fuel tax allotments and state-aid funds, have added 635.87 miles. The state bond issue system has been extended 636.26 miles.

## WOODROW WILSON ON TRUE AMERICANISM

We established an independent nation in order that men might enjoy a new kind of happiness and a new kind of dignity,—that kind which a man has when he respects every other man's and woman's individuality as he respects his own; where he is not willing to draw distinctions between classes; where he is not willing to shut the door of privilege in the face of any one. The dignity of your organization is measured by the dignity of the traditions which you are organized to maintain. Therefore, the American Revolution is worth remembering, because it is one of the few struggles in the history of the world which was entirely devoted to the establishment of human liberty.

We cut links with the past in that struggle, which we hope will never be forged again. We cut the links that bound us to every system of privilege that had existed, and anybody who stands for privilege of any exclusive sort forfeits the title of Americanism. It is a stern doctrine, it is a doctrine at which some people wince, particularly those who think that the distinction will be drawn in their favor.

But it is the only standard of gentility in America, that all men and women are equally genteel who are equally devoted to the interests of mankind. This is our only patent of nobility.—Address delivered to D. A. R. in 1913.

**BIG CARP WAS 12 YEARS OLD SAYS U. OF I.**

Some scales from the big 27-lb. carp recently taken from Wyman Lake were sent to the proper department of the U. of I. for examination. The fish professors after carefully examining these scales have notified local officials that the fish was 12 years of age.

**DR. E. C. THURMAN**  
— DENTIST —  
Offices over Meeker's Candy Kitchen.  
Hours: 8 a. m. to 12 p. m. to 5 p. m.  
Evening by appointment.  
Phone 40

**Montana Hereford CALVES**  
strictly choice breeding direct from range to feeder at the right price.  
**SULLIVAN GRAIN CO.**  
SULLIVAN, ILLINOIS

**CHANDLER U. [Chance] POLAND**  
Republican Candidate for  
**Circuit Clerk**  
YOUR SUPPORT AND VOTE WILL BE APPRECIATED  
Election  
Tues. Nov. 8

**Clothes for the Needy**

Women volunteers sewing for the needy under direction of the Red Cross produced 296,000 garments last year, and will produce millions of garments in the winter of 1932-33. These will be from the millions of yards of cotton cloth distributed by the national Red Cross from the 500,000 bales of cotton turned over to the organization by Congress. Cloth was sent to all chapters requesting it, and later it was proposed to send some simple ready-made garments, including trousers, overalls, underwear, stockings and sox.

The mind believes what the eye perceives.

**6 6 6**  
LIQUID — TABLETS — SALVE  
Checks Colds first day, Headaches or Neuralgia in 30 minutes, Mal-aria in 3 days.  
**666 SALVE For HEAD COLDS**  
Most Speedy Remedies Known.

**DONALD M. BUTLER**  
DENTIST  
Hours 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.  
Closed Thursday Afternoon  
Phone 129 Sullivan, Ill.

**Special Prices On Permanent Waves**  
FOR NOVEMBER  
WE OFFER THREE KINDS  
**\$3.50 - \$4.50 - \$5.50**  
There is none better than the \$5.50 wave.  
Phone for appointment  
**STRICKLAN**  
Beauty Parlor  
PHONE 360  
3 blocks North of Meeker Corner.

## LION'S CLUB ADDRESSED BY PAUL K. BRYANT

The Lovington Lion's club was addressed by Paul K. Bryant, of Sullivan, Tuesday, following a dinner at the club rooms in the village hall. J. A. Alexander, president, presided at the meeting and introduced the speaker.

Mr. Bryant, who is now in business at Sullivan, is a graduate of United States Naval Academy at Annapolis and a commissioned officer of the United States Navy. For a time he was stationed in the Hawaiian Islands and he used his experiences in these islands as a basis for his talk to the club. Of especial interest was his description of the leper colony located in the Islands. Through a special privilege he was permitted to visit the colony and secure first hand information.

The club dinner was served by the Ladies' aid of the Christian church. — Lovington Reporter.

## MRS. CRIST HOSTESS TO N. Q. Q. CLUB

The N. Q. Q. club met Thursday afternoon, October 27th with Mrs. W. H. Crist at her home east of this city. Those present were: Mrs. W. I. Martin and daughter Verna, Mrs. Lowe Burwell, Miss Mary Daugherty, Mrs. J. Mosby, Mrs. Lem Warner and sister Mrs. Duckworth, Mrs. Joe Wood, Mrs. Oscar Piper, Mrs. Grace Dolan, Mrs. T. J. McIntire, Mrs. Tom Osborne, Mrs. Walter Jenkins, Mrs. Elmer Leeds, Mrs. Walter Daily, Mrs. Earl Crist, Mrs. Emmet Fleming.

A pot luck dinner was served at the noon hour.

W. A. (Billy) Crist of Hope-dale, Illinois surprised his parents by arriving home on the day of the party.

## CARD OF THANKS

We desire to express our sincere thanks and appreciation for the kindness and assistance given us when our beloved daughter was so suddenly called. We especially thank for the many beautiful floral tributes.

Respectfully,  
Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Dennis

**STOP USING SODA! BAD FOR STOMACH**

Much soda disturbs digestion. For sour stomach and gas, Adler-ika is far better. One dose will rid you of bowel poisons which cause gas and bad sleep. Sam B. Hall, Druggist. Adv.

**REFINED SERVICE**

McMullin's service is one of true refinement—not refinement that is fixed or pretentious, rather it is a sensing of special needs to which our years of experience has brought just the right touch.

**L. W. McMullin**  
Funeral Home  
PHONE 85 SULLIVAN, ILL.

**Vote For Ivan D. [Cotton] Wood**  
for  
**CIRCUIT CLERK**  
You'll find his name in the Democratic column.  
ELECTION TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8TH  
Your vote and support will be appreciated

**Vote For Francis W. Purvis**  
REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR  
**States Attorney**  
Your vote and support will be appreciated.  
ELECTION TUESDAY, NOV. 8, 1932

### Roosevelt's View Of a Big Job

(Condensed from The New York Times Magazine.)

The first impression produced by the Democratic candidate for the Presidency is that of the fortunate man who is doing what he most likes to do, a man who enjoys his present office, is eagerly on his way to one he will like better, and in all circumstances maintains a "smilin' through" philosophy and a singular zest for the adventure of life.

His gusto is most impressive. In Albany you see him stimulated by the stir and movement, the light and spotlight, of the public tournament. He enjoys attacking the problems of administration. He relishes the stratagems and surprises of the election fight. Above all he loves the crowding contacts with all sorts of people. His first interest, he says, is in the theory and practice of government; his second is in people. When he speaks of "humanizing government," he means bringing the two more closely together. If called upon to move in, he would "humanize the White House," too.

Stodgy and heavily Victorian in outward aspect, the Executive Mansion of New York State under the present regime is probably the most informal official residence in the country. It is a house full of life and laughter. The Governor's ready laugh rings out from nearly any room, the members of the family have a lot of fun among themselves; even the visitors are cheerful. The Governor's study is immediately to the left of the front door and he is not only visible but apparently accessible to any one who enters.

The day I was there was an off day. The Governor took advantage of the lull to catch up with his correspondence, dispose of accumulated routine business of the State and map out a series of speeches. In the afternoon there were hearings on the cases of two prisoners condemned to death in Sing Sing; a two-hour conference with representatives of railway workers' unions; the daily press conference.

All the motion and commotion, the flow of people and talk, naturally revolved around Governor Roosevelt. He moved from room to room, everywhere interrupted, but always unhurried, unworried, good-humored, interested in everything and everybody, thoroughly enjoying himself; in his element. When I left, some time after 11, he was still untired and smiling, starting to draft a radio speech.

To an onlooker, the "off day" seemed unorganized and overcrowded. At the end, however, you saw that Governor Roosevelt in his casual way had tossed off a vast volume of work and exerted his well-known charm on a considerable number of people. The railway union men, for example. At first they sat in a stiff circle, reserved and quiet. In no time they were in a close huddle, all smoking and shooting questions and answers as fast as they could. The charm is interest, real and inexhaustible.

Roosevelt likes to know something about everything. He is a great "skimmer" of books, he says; books on history, biography, economics; as a hobby, books on naval affairs; as a diversion, detective stories and children's books. He admires the encyclopedia, the versatile mind. To him the four most interesting men in American history are those most distinguished for their many-sidedness, men of sufficient range and curiosity, as he put it, to take in the whole sweep of civilization. They are Jefferson, Franklin, Count Rumford, that early New England genius, scientist, sociologist and political philosopher who spent most of his time illuminating the courts of Europe, and Theodore Roosevelt.

There is a close parallel between those personalities and his own conception of presidential qualifications. "The objective, as I see it, he says, "is to put at the head of the nation some one whose interests are not special but general, some one who can understand and treat with the country as a whole. For as much as anything it needs to be re-affirmed at this juncture that the United States is one organic entity, that no interest, no class, no section, is either separate or supreme above the interests of all. What we need is a common mind, and, even more, common sense to realize that if we are not acting for the interest of the whole country we are acting against the interests of every section."

Perhaps this is Governor Roosevelt's answer to the charge that he is trying to be all things to all sections, conservative in the East, radical in the West; he simply denies that there are sections in that sense. He classifies himself as a liberal.

"Let's put it this way," he explained. "Every few years, say every half generation, the general problems of civilization change in such a way that new difficulties of adjustment are presented to gov-

ernment. The liberal recognizes the need of new machinery but works to control the processes of change.

"Or say that civilization is a tree which, as it grows, continually produces rot and dead wood. The radical says: 'Cut it down.' The conservative says: 'Don't touch it.' The liberal compromises: 'Let's prune, so that we lose neither the old trunk nor the new branches.'"

In this credo of the liberal is nothing new but rather the echo of something very old, the voice of the country gentleman in politics. When Roosevelt speaks of understanding the country as a whole, he is identifying himself with those who have settled this continent and who now, across the plains, are bewildered to see it passing out of their control.

Roosevelt goes back to the soil for his solutions. He believes in decentralizing of industry, sees the loss of balance between the country and the town. His farm relief proposals include a sharp reduction in rural taxes and reforestation of marginal lands, a national program based on what he has accomplished in New York. The main remedy, however, is simply the extension of the benefits of the tariff to the growers of the great export crops—wheat, cotton, etc.—"temporarily," he qualifies, and "on that part of the crop consumed in this country."

Governor Roosevelt believes that tariff is a foreign policy. He proposes to call at once an international conference to discuss export and import duties. "The entire question is now reduced to such absurdity," he says, "that all nations are ready for a new deal. They all know, even while they keep on adding new spikes to the wall, that there can be no world recovery without a flow of world trade. Trade is exchange; you can't argue away that fact. We'll have to go back to some form of reciprocal barter, and we'll have to do it soon."

The way of the liberal is the middle way, the way of compromise. Compromise is the essential tool of the fine art of politics. "To accomplish anything worth while," Governor Roosevelt once wrote, "it is necessary to compromise between the ideal and the practical." He himself is an adroit politician.

The way of the campaigner is the way of attack, and Governor Roosevelt is a good campaigner, friendly, vigorous, sharp to seize every advantage of the offensive, and to hold it. He may be expected to give a good show of fight wherever he goes and to find all the weak places in the enemy position. When all is said, the Loch-invar who rides out of the East will ride on his personality, on his zest and gusto and confidence.

—Anne O'Hare McCormick.

#### CERTAINLY

Be sure you're right—then accuse your husband.

When Mr. Keedick reached home one evening he was confronted by a very angry wife. He had scarcely got inside the door and hung his hat on the hall-rack before she blurted out:

"You've got a new typist!" "Why, yes," replied Keedick. "How by all that's wonderful did you find it out?"

"Oh, I am up to your goings on, I can tell you. You got your new typist yesterday."

"I did. Who told you?" "Well, if you must know, it was Mrs. Gaskett. Her husband told her. You needn't think you can keep things from me."

"I have no desire to, dear." "Don't 'dear' me. Your typist is only about eighteen years old."

"As nearly as I can judge of ages, I should say that was about right."

"And has melting brown eyes," Mrs. Keedick went on indignantly. "Possibly; but I haven't noticed them doing any melting."

"Oh, no! Of course not. With a soft voice and charming manner."

"You are nearly right." "Nearly right! I know I'm quite right!" exclaimed the jealous woman.

"Now, I want you to tell me the name of the forward creature."

"You want the name of my typist?"

"Yes, I do." "What for?" "Never mind what for. I want your typist's name."

"It is John Henry Simpson." —Exchange.

George: "Doesn't it madden you when a girl takes so much time to get ready to go to dinner with you?"

Eddie: "It certainly does. For the longer she takes, the hungrier she gets." —Pathfinder.

¶ A man will forgive and forget almost any negligence around the house except letting the salt shaker get empty.

¶ After you've lost money there is nothing so irritating as to hear of somebody who's made a lot.

¶ Even if you don't get anywhere it's a satisfaction to know you did your best.

¶ Men really have the best of it, and the women know it.

### The Proposed Amendment of Section 2, Article XIV, of the Constitution of the State of Illinois:

This amendment makes it easier to amend the Constitution of this State in this: It permits amendments to not more than three articles of the Constitution, instead of one, as at present, to be proposed at the same session of the General Assembly and submitted to the People for adoption or rejection, at the next general election of members of the General Assembly:

<input type="checkbox"/>	YES	For the proposed amendment to Section 2 of Article XIV of the Constitution.
<input type="checkbox"/>	NO	

#### AMENDMENT TO GENERAL BANKING ACT

Shall an Act to amend Section 11 of "An Act to revise the law with relation to banks and banking," approved June 23, 1919, as amended, which in substance authorizes the receivers of closed banks after a hearing before a circuit court or judge and with the approval of such court or judge to borrow money and to pledge the assets of such banks as security therefor, be adopted?		<input type="checkbox"/>	YES
		<input type="checkbox"/>	NO

# SPECI

Below is a specimen of the Official Ballot to be voted at the elec

## DEMOCRATIC PARTY

## REPUBLICAN PARTY

For President of the United States: **FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT** Hyde Park, N. Y.

For Vice President of the United States: **JOHN N. GARNER** Uvalde, Texas.

For United States Senator: **WILLIAM H. DIETERICH** Beardstown.

For Governor: **HENRY HORNER** 1226 Madison Park, Chicago.

For Lieutenant Governor: **THOMAS F. DONOVAN** Joliet.

For Secretary of State: **EDWARD J. HUGHES** 3339 Fulton Blv., Chicago.

For Auditor of Public Accounts: **EDWARD J. BARRETT** 2538 W. 66th St., Chicago.

For State Treasurer: **JOHN C. MARTIN** Salem.

For Attorney General: **OTTO KERNER** 1031 Ashland Ave., River Forest.

For Trustees of the University of Illinois: **DR. KARL A. MEYER** 1828 W. Harrison St., Chicago.

**MRS. NELLIE V. FREEMAN** Mattoon.

**O. M. KARRAKER** Harrisburg.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court: **ADAM F. BLOCH** 8445 Luella Ave., Chicago.

For Representative in Congress State at Large: **WALTER NESBIT** Belleville.

**MARTIN A. BRENNAN** Bloomington.

For Clerk of the Appellate Court Third District: **ROY A. JOHNSTON** Taylorville.

For Representative in Congress: Nineteenth District: **D. C. DOBBINS** Champaign.

For Members of the General Assembly: Twenty-fourth District. For State Senator: **W. E. C. CLIFFORD** Champaign.

For Representatives: Vote for One, Two or Three: **THOMPSON J. ANDERSON** Monticello.

.....

For Circuit Clerk: **IVAN D. WOOD** Sullivan.

For States Attorney: **ROBERT W. MARTIN** Sullivan.

For Coroner: **L. W. McMULLIN** Sullivan.

For Surveyor: **GUY LITTLE** Sullivan.

For President of the United States: **HERBERT HOOVER** Leland Stanford University, Calif.

For Vice President of the United States: **CHARLES CURTIS** Topeka, Kansas.

For United States Senator: **OTIS F. GLENN** Murphysboro.

For Governor: **LEN SMALL** Kankakee.

For Lieutenant Governor: **FRED E. STERLING** Rockford.

For Secretary of State: **WILLIAM J. STRATTON** Ingleside.

For Auditor of Public Accounts: **HARRY G. WRIGHT** DeKalb.

For State Treasurer: **C. WAYLAND BROOKS** 1641 Fargo Ave., Chicago.

For Attorney General: **JOHN E. NORTHUP** 161 N. Menard Ave., Chicago.

For Trustees of the University of Illinois: **WILLIAM L. NOBLE** 1560 Asbury Ave., Evanston.

**EMMA B. RHEA** Assumption.

**WILLIAM H. WHEAT** Rantoul.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court: **CHARLES W. VAIL** 6400 Normal Blvd., Chicago.

For Representative in Congress State at Large: **RICHARD YATES** Springfield.

**JULIUS KLEIN** 445 Barry Ave., Chicago.

For Clerk of the Appellate Court Third District: **WILLIAM E. COLE** Hillsboro.

For Representative in Congress: Nineteenth District: **CHARLES ADKINS** Decatur.

For Members of the General Assembly: Twenty-fourth District. For State Senator: **HENRY M. DUNLAP** Savoy.

For Representatives: Vote for One, Two or Three: **ROGER F. LITTLE** Champaign.

**WILLIAM Z. BLACK** Champaign.

.....

For Circuit Clerk: **CHANDLER POLAND** Levington.

For States Attorney: **FRANCIS W. PURVIS** Sullivan.

For Coroner: **ROYAL W. STONE** Gays.

For Surveyor: **JOHN MOODY** Bethany.











# VOTER'S BALLOT

Election to be held Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1932 in the several precincts of Moultrie County, Illinois  
Paul L. Chipps, County Clerk

**SOCIALIST PARTY**



**SOCIALIST-LABOR PARTY**



**PROHIBITION PARTY**



**COMMUNIST PARTY**

**INDEPENDENT**

For President of the United States:  
**ORMAN THOMAS**  
36 E. 18th St., New York, N. Y.

For Vice President of the United States:  
**MES H. MAURER**  
Reading, Pa.

For United States Senator:  
**CHARLES POGORELEC**  
8 S. Ridgeway Ave., Chicago.

For Governor:  
**JOY E. BURT**  
822 Mulligan Ave., Chicago.

For Lieutenant Governor:  
**MEYER HALUSHKA**  
4937 N. Troy St., Chicago.

For Secretary of State:  
**DOLPH DREIFUSS**  
16 N. Cicero Ave., Niles Center.

For Auditor of Public Accounts:  
**WAR A. ANDERSON**  
3239 Potomac Ave., Chicago.

For State Treasurer:  
**MORRIS FRANKLIN**  
1443 S. Tripp Ave., Chicago.

For Attorney General:  
**WILLIAM FOSTER**  
1453 Longwood Dr., Chicago.

For Trustees of the University of Illinois:  
**ABCOB SIEGEL**  
2440 N. Kedzie Ave., Chicago.

**THEL WATSON SENIOR**  
436 Franklin Blvd., Chicago.

**LORENCE C. HANSON**  
6149 Drexel Blvd., Chicago.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court:  
**J. M. MCGUIRE**  
5527 Kimbark Ave., Chicago.

For Representative in Congress State at Large:  
**HYMAN SCHNEID**  
5558 Jackson Blvd., Chicago.

**GEORGE KOOP**  
4023 N. Leamington, Chicago.

For Clerk of the Appellate Court Third District:

For Representative in Congress: Nineteenth District:

Members of the General Assembly: Twenty-fourth District. For State Senator:

For Representatives: Vote for One, Two or Three

For Circuit Clerk

For States Attorney

For Coroner

For Surveyor

For President of the United States:  
**VERNE L. REYNOLDS**  
Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y.

For Vice President of the United States:  
**JOHN W. AIKEN**  
Chelsea, Mass.

For United States Senator:  
**G. A. JENNING**  
East St. Louis.

For Governor:  
**J. E. PROCUM**  
2149 Fremont St., Chicago.

For Lieutenant Governor:  
**FRANK SCHNUR**  
4432 Malden St., Chicago.

For Secretary of State:  
**JULIUS HELFER, JR.**  
6711 N. Campbell Ave., Chicago.

For Auditor of Public Accounts:  
**A. H. OTTO BENEZE**  
Alton.

For State Treasurer:  
**H. R. BLOEMSMA**  
East St. Louis.

For Attorney General:  
**JAS. S. O'ROURKE**  
Zeigler.

For Trustees of the University of Illinois:  
**MARY SLARCEVIC**  
Peoria.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court:

For Representative in Congress State at Large:  
**W. F. ALEXANDER**  
East St. Louis.

**CLIFTON CRAWFORD**  
Rockford.

For Clerk of the Appellate Court Third District:

For Representative in Congress: Nineteenth District:

For Members of the General Assembly: Twenty-fourth District. For State Senator:

For Representatives: Vote for One, Two or Three

For Circuit Clerk

For States Attorney

For Coroner

For Surveyor

For President of the United States:  
**WILLIAM DAVID UPSHAW**  
Atlanta, Ga.

For Vice President of the United States:  
**FRANK STEWART REGAN**  
Rockford, Ill.

For United States Senator:

For Governor:

For Lieutenant Governor:

For Secretary of State:

For Auditor of Public Accounts:

For State Treasurer:

For Attorney General:

For Trustees of the University of Illinois:

For Clerk of the Supreme Court:

For Representative in Congress State at Large:

For Clerk of the Appellate Court Third District:

For Representative in Congress: Nineteenth District:

For Members of the General Assembly: Twenty-fourth District. For State Senator:

For Representatives: Vote for One, Two or Three

For Circuit Clerk

For States Attorney

For Coroner

For Surveyor

For President of the United States:  
**WILLIAM Z. FOSTER**  
1038 Anderson Ave. New York, N. Y.

For Vice President of the United States:  
**JAMES W. FORD**  
Ensley, Ala.

For United States Senator:  
**WILLIAM E. BROWDER**  
1400 Sherwood Ter., Chicago.

For Governor:  
**LEONDIES McDONALD**  
6531 Everhart St., Chicago.

For Lieutenant Governor:  
**ARTHUR HERCHY**  
Springfield.

For Secretary of State:  
**FREDERICK E. STOHR**  
Casey.

For Auditor of Public Accounts:  
**LYDIA BENNETT**  
1654 W. 67th St., Chicago.

For State Treasurer:  
**SAMUEL T. HAMMERSMARK**  
2019 W. Division St., Chicago.

For Attorney General:  
**JOHN RUDIN**  
2913 75th Ct., Elmwood Park.

For Trustees of the University of Illinois:

For Clerk of the Supreme Court:

For Representative in Congress State at Large:  
**LESLIE RAYMOND HURT**  
2432 Linden Pl., Chicago.

**ANTHONY PSZCZOLKOWSKI**  
1301 N. Artesian Ave., Chicago.

For Clerk of the Appellate Court Third District:

For Representative in Congress: Nineteenth District:

For Members of the General Assembly: Twenty-fourth District. For State Senator:

For Representative: Vote for One, Two or Three

For Circuit Clerk

For States Attorney

For Coroner

For Surveyor

For United States Senator:  
**WILLIAM J. BAKER**  
2415 W. Congress St., Chicago.

For Governor:  
**W. W. O'BRIEN**  
6832 Clyde Ave., Chicago.

For Representative in Congress State at Large:  
**PASQUALE IOVINO**  
1507 W. Harrison St., Chicago.





